THE LOWELL LEDGER.

PUBLIC LIBRARY

Ryerson Public Library

VOL. XIX — LOWELL, MICHIGAN, AUG. 17, 1911 — No. 9

..FUTURE SUCCESS..

May depend on having a LITTLE CAPITAL. Isn't it about time you began to lay aside a part of your earnings as a . opportunity may come along most any time, and 'tis said that "opportunity never k ocks twice."

$1.00 opens the account, and by making small deposits regularly, and when aided by our *4 per cent* interest, you will soon amass a neat sum.

CITY STATE BANK

LOWELL - MIGHIGAN

A. W. WEEKES, President.
R. VANDYKE, Vice-Pres., T. A. MURPHY, Cashier,
W. T. CONDON, 2d V.-P. R. W. SLAYTON, Asst.

Don't Forget That "Vacation Time Is Kodak Time"

Nothing will give quite so much pleasure, when in the years to come you are recounting the incidents of your various summer outings, as to be able to show pictures of the different localities where those incidents occurred. If you take a Kodak with you on your outing you may make of your vacation an "illustrated story" and a joy forever

Come in and see us before you start.

A. D. Oliver, Optometrist

How do people acquire property and gain independence ?

By saving in a small way to accumulate capital for investing and re-investing.

Large profits are often made from timely investments. You cannot tell when an opportunity for making a profitable investment will present itself.

A growing savings account in this bank will provide for such an emergency. It will give you a borrowing power equal to the capital which you save.

We want you to consider this a personal invitation to call and open an account here. Many of our large deposits began with a dollar.

LOWELL STATE BANK, LOWELL

CHAS. McCARTY, Pres.; E. L. BENNETT, TOM L. DOYLE, Vice-Presidents
D. G. MANGE, Cashier, A. J. NASH, Asst. Cashier.

U. B. WILLIAMS

WHAT home should be without one, or, in fact, several, for they complete the furnishings for every room, be it parlor, bedroom or kitchen. There are two things required of a clock: First, that it be ornamental—that is of small importance if it does not keep time. We guarantee every clock we sell to keep perfect time, for, if it does not, it is no clock.

U. B. Williams

THE JEWELER

"Williams' prices make it expensive for you to buy elsewhere."

OH MY, WHAT A ROW

Lowell-Hastings Ball Game Stirred up a Rumpus.

The Lowell-Hastings game was a mixture of good base ball, kicking and at one time fighting. Hastings started off with three hits in the first inning. These mixed with two errors netted three runs. Collar tightened up after this inning and pitched shut out ball the balance of the game. Until Lowell had the score tied everything was lovely. When the visitors saw they had a ball game on their hands they began to kick on every decision.

In the sixth Michaels was thrown out at first. He never kicked, but Kynett thought it it was up to him to clean house on the umpire. In a moment the field was full of spectators. A general mix-up followed. No one was hurt and Kynett was taken up town, afterward released and finished out the game. It was predicted by some that it would hurt the game here but several wanted to pay again when they went out and it is safe to say that another game between the two teams would fill the the grounds.

Shivel on short and Hemingway on first were the stars of the game.

Shuter, Holliday and Hemingway all got clean three base hits.

Score, Hastings 3, Lowell 6. Batteries, Collar & Shivel, Kynett & Robliski.

HARVEST PICNIC

Annual Event at Saranac August 23 Promises Good Time

The annual harvest picnic will be held at Saranac, Wednesday, August 23 and promises to be a large affair judging by the printed program which includes:

Band concert, boys' shoe race, shot put, automobile parade with prizes for best decorated auto, $5 and $2, and $3 for the most comically decorated auto.

Basket picnic dinner, band concert, speaking, ball game, Saranac vs. Lowell.

Then follows a program of sports with prizes, all concluding with balloon ascension at 6 p. m. and band concert at 8.

Mr. Hooker Rises to Remark

Brother Johnson— Are you quite sure as to the weight and date on the tag found on that fish which was spoken of in your last issue. The date on the tag I do not question but the fish was rather light weight considering the age and it is my impression that your scales were a little off or the tags must have got changed.

But we pass to notice that as I was rambling around the town recently I was invited into the new home of Editor Johnson and had the pleasure of being escorted through it from garret to cellar and to fully describe it would require a column, hence I will say that from my standpoint as to construction, finish, convenience and comfort it equals any home in Lowell and is heated and lighted with the most modern appliances

J. S. HOOKER.

Death of Mrs. Lodeema Shear Flory

Mrs. Lodema Flory, daughter of D. O Shear, died Tuesday at her home in Grand Rapids after an illness of 8 months, aged 51 years. Funeral services will be held at the home of the father in Lowell today (Thursday) at 2 p. m Rev. W. D. Ogg officiating, burial in Wright cemetery.

Mrs. Flory is survived by her husband and father, one daughter, step-daughter, three sisters, Mrs. Melvina Hogan of Grand Rapids and Mrs. Anna McCall and Mrs. Ora Washburn of Lowell, and a brother, U B. Shear of Petoskey. The mother, Mrs. D. O. Shear, preceded the daughter to the Better Land only last June.

Davis-Kinyon

A very quiet wedding was solemnized August 14 at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Kinyon when their daughter Katherine A. was united in marriage to Elmer E. Davis of Alto. The ceremony was performed by Rev. R. M. Scott, pastor of the Berean Baptist church of Grand Rapids. The ring ceremony was used.

The house was prettily decorated with vines and cut flowers. The bride's shower boquet was presented by her uncle, Willis Kinyon of South Bend.

The bride and groom left for a short trip and will be at home in Alto after September 15.

Big stock of straight and extension ladders at Ford's.

THEY'RE AFTER US

Deliquent Subscriptions Must be Paid up at Once.

The Post Office Department is prodding up the country publishers to make them clean up their subscription lists. Last week THE LEDGER had to pay penny postage on twenty-four village papers in order to deliver them.

This was a joke—and the joke was on us. All right; but we've been counting up and find there are 160 people who are more than a year in arrears on subscription and you know mighty well we can't pay penny postage for all that crowd every week. No, when Uncle Sam says "Come Down," it's off the fence for us.

Now we're sending statements to all these people and we want them to jolly up and plank down the chink to keep us out of trouble and themselves in a rattling good local paper—"Don't it?"

And mark you, this don't mean the fellows whose address labels ends with 11 or 12 or more.

Come on now fellows. You've had a good service. Run in with the needful, so we wont have to cut your name off our blooming list.

Yours truly for keeps,
F. M. JOHNSON.

Marks Gets in the Game.

Along with the other business men of Lowell Marks Ruben has been an interested fan during the base ball season. Whether the team was winning or losing Marks has been a booster. It struck him that it was unfair to let the team do all the entertaining so he interested J. H. Payne and M. N. Henry and these three, assisted by several of the other fans around town, supplied the needful for the team and management at Hotel Waverly last night. Nothing was left undone to make the evening enjoyable. The banquet was a credit both to the gentlemen promoting it and to the hotel serving it.

The team and management appreciate fully the pleasant evening afforded them and wish to thank Messrs. Ruben, Payne, Henry and others interested for this expression on their part.

E. T.

Play ball! Steal a sack or make a home run and take a sack with you. (a sack of Pansy Blossom flour). It's great on the home plate. tf

Fred Ford Gone to Buenos Aires

THE LEDGER begins its travels today to this address: "Fred J. Ford, 677 Calle Belgrano, Buenos Aires, South America, care J. W. Keogh," making the fourth foreign country where this paper has subscribers, the others are Canada, where each paper requires a penny stamp, and Italy and England to which country the Ford address papers must be prepaid with two cent postage.

Mr. Ford is returning to South America in the interests of the International Harvester company and expects to be gone about eight months.

Keene Harvest Festival

The Keene Grange will hold their annual Harvest festival at the Grange Hall, Friday evening, August 18. Ice cream, pop corn, lemonade and all kinds of candy will be sold from booths. There will be a short, interesting program. Everyone will please consider this a very cordial invitation.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Regular services next Sunday and preaching by the pastor.

We are preparing for a church home-coming service early in September.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.

There will be services at St. Mary's church Sunday, August 20, at 10 o'clock.

ANNUAL TRAVEL MAGAZINE

"Water Way Tales" Published By D. & C. Line, Sent to You Free.

The latest contribution to the literature of travel is the 250 page book issued by the D & C. line. It contains three interesting stories and is beautifully illustrated with fine halftones of scenes along the D. & C. Coast Line to Mackinac. Sent anywhere upon receipt of ten cents to prepay postage.

Address: D. & C. NAVIGATION Co., 6 Wayne St., Detroit.

Farm for Sale

223 acres, sections 19 and 30, Keene township. H. W. Powell, Ionia. tf

IN OLD ENGLAND

Lowell Lady Writes of Events in the Mother Country

Norwich, England.
July, 1911.

Thinking my visit to the old country might be of interest to some of my neighbors I make this hurried short account of my visit.

I am staying in this old city with much that is old and much that is modern. The stately old cathedral that dates back to 1096, with all the monuments of the great men that are gone, looking down on this old world city.

Coronation day was celebrated here as a general holiday, with a mighty bonfire on one of the surrounding hills. The city was brilliantly illuminated at night. My friends chartered a street car to take us at night to see the illumination—a sight to be remembered. The great show opened June 26 and King George made a stately entry into the city on the 28th. From a window my sister had secured facing the market place I witnessed a sight that will last as long as memory holds her sway. The streets were blocked into the market place and at 11 o'clock 8000 boys and girls marched through pens which had been erected so that there should be no trouble. The boys and girls were arranged separately. The girls wore bonnets made of red, white and blue crinkled paper. The spectacle was grand to look upon. At 12 o'clock out of all the noise and tumult, suddenly up went those 8000 voices singing "Land of Hope and Glory" amid the intense silence of thousands of people who were crowded into every space where one could stand. They sang together as one keeping splendid time. At 12.30 the shout went up "The King comes; he comes." The state carriage halts in the center of the children, who sang the national anthem. At the close amid loud hurrahs up went into the air thousands of small flags carried by the youngsters and the king passed on and then that grand old hymn "Oh, God our Help in Ages Past" and they dispersed. Ambulance men and nurses moved among the great crowds and boy scouts rendered splendid service among the children. Altogether it was most wonderfully organized.

On June 29 we left our home at 9.30 for the show ground outside of the city, a splendid position in the valley of the Yore river. Steam boats, trains, and every cart and trap that could be found were bringing their thousands. The railway company had built a temporary station just outside the show ground for landing passengers and goods. A fine park studded with trees in which was erected the grand stand. Then came miles of shedding for cattle and fowls of every kind. There was also a large working dairy with raised seats for visitors. Here neat, smartly attired young women, were making butter and going through the whole process. We then passed on to view the horses a grand lot. It took quite an hour and a half for them to pass. Thousands of folks were now pouring into the grounds. The sheep are a very fine lot. Everything had been thought of for protection of life. A fire station, fully equipped hospitals with nurses and ambulance men were on the ground; but provisions and refreshments were expensive and scarce.

Very fine section of agricultural implements, steam and oil engines separators and a machine for milking cows, wind and steam pumps, farm carts of every description. A bee section was most interesting, also a forestry section Then we spent some time among the great seed stands. What splendid oats and wheat! Time didn't permit us to see every section. The ground was over 100 acres in extent. On the day I visited 75,000 folks passed into the ground and during the time it was open close upon 200,000 persons visited the show. This large concourse of people were managed with the greatest of ease and splendid order. I hope to return home early in September. With kind regards to yourself and family, I am yours truly,

Mrs. Abner Richmond,
Norwich, England.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Regular service next Sunday. The pastor, Rev. J. R. Wooton will preach in the morning on subject: "The Standards by Which to Measure Life." Evening topic "Fishing."

Official board meeting Tuesday evening, August 22.

Job printing as you want it, when you want it, at The Ledger office

Are you Particular Enough About Drugs

Do you make sure of right quality, or do you do as thousands of others do—just call for an article and take what is handed out, without question?

We like particular customers. It's a pleasure to sell to people who want quality. We buy for particular people and therefore have a stock of the best goods that the market affords. Whether you know drugs or not,

You'll be Protected from Unworthy Goods and Unfair Prices When You Trade With Us

We consider ourselves responsible for the quality of everything we sell, whether drugs or sundries. Anything purchased here not proving satisfactory we desire to make right, either by exchanging or refunding the money.

D. G. LOOK, The Rexall Drug Store

Don't Neglect Your Watch

A watch is a delicate piece of machinery. It calls for less attention than most machinery, but must be cleaned and oiled occasionally to keep perfect time.

With proper care a Waltham Watch will keep perfect time for a lifetime.

It will pay you well to let us clean your watch every 12 or 18 months.

Special prices on Croquet Sets to close out.

R. D. Stocking

A Seasonable Hint

is given in the accompanying cut. Don't postpone until cold weather is upon us and we are driven to death.

Buy Now

and take advantage of summer prices, select quality and prompt attention. Take our advice and when Thanksgiving comes you will have so much more to be thankful for.

Earl Hunter

IF YOU GET IT AT CLARK'S ITS CLEAN

EVAN'S CELEBRATED OWOSSO ICE CREAM

25c per Quart

Clark's Confectionery

IF YOU GET IT AT CLARK'S ITS GOOD

"RAPID" WATER HEATER SHOWING AIR TRAVEL

To the People of Lowell and Vicinity....

We have taken the exclusive agency for *"Rapid" Hot Water and Steam Heating Boilers,* and are in position to give you an estimate of cost for a heating plant installed in your home, store or public building, either in town or in the country.

A "Rapid" will Pay for Itself in Fuel Economy

Heat every room in the house thoroughly in any weather and requires less than half the attention needed by other heating apparatus. Strong, changeable winds will not affect results. No dust, odor or soot carried into other rooms or closets. No injury to furniture or interior decorations. The "RAPID" WILL OUTLAST THE HOUSE. Being made in Grand Rapids, so close at home, quick shipments and prompt service are assured.

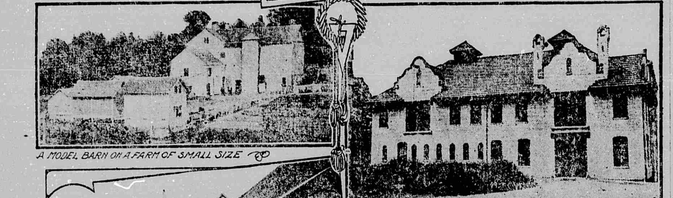
Prices are most favorable in the spring and early fall—why not have your plant installed now ready to use on the first cool day. Phone or call for estimate.

Scott Hardware Co.

MODERN BARNS AND STABLES

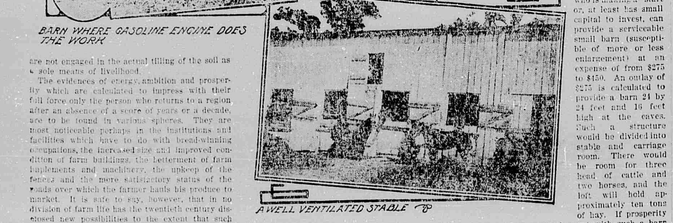
A TRAVELER journeying today through any rural district in the United States and contrasting conditions with what prevailed in the same locality 25 years ago, or even ten years ago, is likely to be astonished by the improvement and development on every hand. There are very few farming communities of which this is not true, and probably in almost the same degree may the evidences of progress be noted in the small towns and villages where the inhabitants though indirectly dependent upon the agricultural industry are not engaged in the actual tilling of the soil as a side means of livelihood.

A MULTI-MILLIONAIRES' BARN

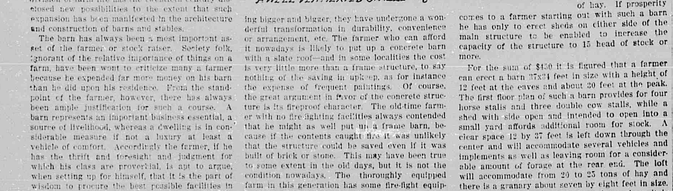


A MODEL BARN OR A FARM OF SMALL SIZE

THE STABLE OF A WELL-TO-DO CITY RESIDENT



BARN WHERE GASOLINE ENGINE DOES THE WORK



A WELL VENTILATED STABLE

The evidences of energy, ambition and prosperity which are calculated to impress with their full force only the person who returns to a region after an absence of a few years or a decade, are to be found in various spheres. They are most noticeable perhaps in the institutions and facilities which have to do with household conveniences, the increased size and improved condition of farm buildings, the betterment of farm implements and machinery, the upkeep of the farmer, and the more substantial status of the roads over which the farmer hauls his produce to market. It is safe to say, however, that in no division of farm life has the advance been more marked than in the twentieth century than in the same direction during the last decade or two. It is safe to say, however, that in no division of farm life has the twentieth century disclosed new possibilities to the extent that such expansion has been manifested in the architecture and construction of barns and stables.

The barn has always been a most important asset of the farmer, or stock raiser. Society folk, ignorant of the relative importance of things on a farm, have been wont to criticize many a farmer because he expended far more money on his barn than he did upon his residence. From the standpoint of the farmer, however, there has always been ample justification for such a course. A barn represents an important business essential, a source of livelihood, whereas a dwelling is in considerable measure if not a luxury at least a vehicle of comfort. Accordingly the farmer, if he has the thrift and foresight and judgment for which his class are proverbial, is apt to argue, when setting up for himself, that it is the part of wisdom to provide the best possible facilities in the form of shelter for his crops and stock, and to bide his time in indulging the longing for a fine house. And, be it added, the average rural housewife, particularly if she was reared on a farm, has readily concurred with her husband's view as to the wisdom of thus attending to business first and pleasure afterward.

Gradually it has come about, however, that in none save the most newly-developed sections of the country is there noticeable that old disparity between the appearance of the usual farm and its accompanying barn. The prosperity that has come to the American farmer in later years has been mainly reasonable. With an opportunity to derive something like his proper share of the profits of his vocation he has squared up things generally around the old homestead. Like as not he has invested in an automobile and a high-priced graphophone or a player-piano, but whether or not he has gone to the limit of luxuries in that direction he is pretty certain to have made the farm home worthy of his family and of his prosperous condition—either enlarging or rebuilding the old house or else putting up a new house that is modern in every respect.

But while these other adjuncts have been catching up with the farm barn it must not be supposed that the barn itself has been standing still in the march of progress, if we may express it that way. It is not so much that the present-day barn or stable is larger than its predecessor of a decade ago—except, of course, in the case of large estates or bonanza farms. On the contrary there seems to be some tendency to reduce the size of such buildings. This tendency, which is not yet by any means universal, is explained by various circumstances. For one thing it has become the fashion to provide various separate storage structures and outbuildings which take care of some of the farm yield for which space had formerly to be provided in the barn. Then, too, the automobiles of the up-to-date farmer of today take up less space than did the various carriages, buggies, light spring and carriage horses of the farmer in proportionately easy circumstances some years ago.

But if country barns have not necessarily been following the example of city skyscrapers in growing bigger and bigger, they have undergone a wonderful transformation in durability, convenience or arrangement, etc. The farmer who can afford it nowadays is likely to put up a concrete barn with a relative importance of things can at the very little more than a frame structure, to say nothing of the saving in upkeep, as for instance the expense of frequent painting. Of course, the great argument in favor of the concrete structure is its fireproof character. The old-time farmer with no fire-fighting facilities always contended that he might as well put up a frame barn, because if the contents caught fire it was unlikely that the structure could be saved even if it was built of brick or stone. This may have been true to some extent in the old days, but it is not the condition nowadays. The thoroughly employed farm in this generation has some fire-fight equipment on the place and facilities for summoning more by rural telephone. The chances are ten to one that in a solid concrete barn, a fire, if the alarm be given in good season, can be localized or at least can be subdued ere it does much damage to the building. Furthermore, with electricity for lighting purposes—a condition which prevails on hundreds of farms where there is water power on the place or a nearby trolley line—there is much less danger of fire in the barn than there was in the old days of barns.

Whereas, the newfangled barn with all its fancy frills is an accomplished fact in many sections of the country, it should be noted that the old-fashioned frame barns—the kind that can be quickly constructed at modest expense—are yet being erected by the hundreds every year in the more recently developed sections and wherever we find ambitious young men launching out as farmers on a small capital. Indeed, many of the city dwellers who are joining the "back to the soil" movement are compelled to pin their faith to this form of structure because it is necessary for them to count the root most carefully. And in some communities we still find, happily, a survival of that good, old-fashioned, neighborly custom of conducting "barn raisings"—the generous scheme of co-operation whereby all men of the countryside devote their time and labor for a day to help the newcomer or the lately-married member of the community put up shelter for forage and stock.

To look at it from the practical side, it may be said that the farmer who is embarking, start or, at least has small capital to invest, can provide a serviceable small barn (susceptible of more or less enlargement at an expense of from $250 to $450. An outlay of $275 is calculated to provide a barn 24 by 24 feet and 16 feet high at the eaves. Such a structure would be divided into stable and carriage room. There would be room for three head of cattle and two horses, and the hay loft will hold approximately ten tons of hay. If prosperity continues with such a barn as the only or first structure on either side of the main structure to be enabled to increase the capacity of the structure to 15 head of stock or more.

For the sum of $450 it is figured that a farmer can erect a barn 32x44 feet in size with a height of 12 feet at the eaves and about 20 feet at the peak. The first floor plan of such a barn provides for four horse stalls and three double cow stalls, while a shed with side open and intended to open into a small yard affords additional room for stock. A clear space 12 by 37 feet is left down through the center and will accommodate several vehicles and implements as well as leaving room for a considerable amount of forage at the rear end. The loft will accommodate from 20 to 25 tons of hay and there is a granary about seven by eight feet in size. When the intention is to feed cattle or sheep it is recommended that the entire left side of the barn be left unsided, affording a shed 32 by 11 feet with feed racks along the inner side, which may be conveniently filled from the center space or from the loft, as desired.

Many farmers all over the country yet have a strong liking for what is known as the bank barn, where the structure is to be erected on the side of a hill. Many objections have been raised against this type of barn, but the experts of the United States department of agriculture declare that the objectionable features can be guarded against in construction. The principal objection always advanced is that a bank barn makes a poor basement stable, which it is claimed by some persons is almost certain to prove dark, damp, and unhealthful. Experts claim, however, that if there be selected a hillside sloping south and ample doors be provided, together with low windows, if at all possible, there will be ample ventilation and abundance of sunshine, whereas the rising land to the north will protect the stabling from the cold. In storing forage in this type of barn the teams can be driven in on the main floor without climbing a steep ascent, and hay and fodder put away on the same floor with a minimum of labor.

The wealthy proprietors of many of the luxurious estates which have been erected in the United States in increasing numbers of late years have erected barns and stables that have in many instances cost thousands of dollars each. As a rule living quarters are provided on the second floor of such a building for the coachman and stable employes.

In the towns and cities there is noticeable an even stronger inclination than in the country districts to erect concrete stables. The approved form of construction and the most thoroughly fireproof is the monolithic or solid concrete or else constructed of concrete blocks, but concrete or stucco on brick is also good and very economical by reason of the fact that old bricks may be used. Finally, there is resort to concrete on metal lath by those who desire the most inexpensive form of concrete construction.

PREPARING FOR GREATEST FAIR

MICHIGAN STATE FAIR THIS YEAR WILL ECLIPSE ANYTHING EVER ATTEMPTED.

TO BE GREATER THAN EVER.

Preparations for Big Event Going Forward on Gigantic Scale—It is 72 Years Since First State Fair Was Held.

"Greater and grander than ever before."

This is the slogan that has been adopted by the Michigan State Fair management for the sixty-second annual exhibition to be held on the magnificent grounds of the Michigan State Agricultural Society at Detroit, September 18 to 27, 1911 and if excellence, diversity, quality and quantity of exhibits, and entertainment features that are new and novel and startling, suited to all tastes and requirements, can bring out the crowds, there will be no doubt about the attendance.

A Permanent Institution.

The Michigan State Fair has become a permanent institution, located on a magnificent site, comprising 186 acres just outside the limits of the beautiful city of Detroit, amply served, watered and lighted, and easily accessible by the superb D. U. R. electric railway system, and by the Grand Trunk steam railroad.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars have been expended on grounds and buildings with a view to permanency, and each year some substantial structure or structures are added to the group as a whole, to meet the growing requirements of a great agricultural, horticultural, educational and industrial exposition, wherein can be displayed the products of the farms and factories of a great state—or of several states.

Last year the society erected, at an expense of $50,000, a building for the display of automobiles and accessories, that is 1,242½ feet. For the coming fair every inch of the 51,000 square feet on the second floor will be occupied by automobile manufacturers with the latest designs of machines, including many 1912 models, while the second floor will be occupied by manufacturers of auto accessories, electrical appliances, etc.

There is every prospect that the coming State Fair will be in every respect, and by far, eclipse any event of like character ever held in Michigan. The great fair of 1910 was the greatest fair in the history of the state. To have the reputation of holding the greatest fair in the United States has been the goal of the management, and President Thomas E. Newton is fully satisfied that this ambition will be reached in 1911.

Judging Cattle at the Michigan State Fair.

A force of men has been at work on the grounds for weeks cleaning, sodding, mowing, trimming the shrubs and trees, and setting out beds of flowers, and by September everything will be in full bloom and the grounds a debtor to the eye and an ideal rest spot for tired visitors.

The 20 per cent increase in premiums offered by the fair management this year to exhibitors in the live stock, agricultural and horticultural departments has very evidently aroused interest, as inquiries for space already greatly exceed any former year.

Has Been Some Changes.

The seventy-two years that have intervened since the first "State Fair" was held have seen the Michigan develop from a wilderness into one of the greatest agricultural and industrial states, as inquiries for space already greatly exceed any former year.

Fair is Agricultural in Foundation and Purpose.

The Michigan State Fair is agricultural in foundation and in its purpose. It should always remain so. This is because it is an invaluable benefit to the farmer. The Detroit Journal in a recent issue said editorially:

"The Fair offers the place where the farmer can display his most nearly developed products. Perhaps a man has spent his life in some special line, and has made a specialty of it. Where shall he make known his success? Where shall it be made profitable to him? At the State Fair. Where shall he compare his success with that of others? Where shall he find whether he is leading or falling behind? Only at the State Fair.

"The agriculturalist sees new machines. They cost him money. Shall he buy? At the State Fair. Where shall he compare his success with that of others? Where shall he find whether he is leading or falling behind? Only at the State Fair.

"The agriculturalist sees new methods. They cost money. Shall he try them? At the State Fair. Where shall he find out the truth? Only at the State Fair.

"The city dweller, the man who has been years when no fair was held, and it has camped in many places, but not until the public spirited citizens of Detroit gave it a permanent home, assumed its debts and provided funds for its sustenance and maintenance was it ever really a success, and this is said with all praise for the men who labored so faithfully these long years against great odds and adverse conditions to make it pay financially. They were not lacking in energy. They were simply confronted with conditions they could not overcome, all of which have been successfully met here.

The first State Fair of Michigan was held at Ann Arbor, October 1, 1858. Twenty head of animals, both cattle and sheep, the proud exhibits of Henry Raymond, a Grosse Ile farmer, and equal number of pounds of butter from a Mr. Tibbits, of Plymouth, constituted the first exhibition of the agricultural and horticultural fair of Michigan in that year. No premium whatever had been made, no offer of the best should be made, and not half a dozen persons in Ann Arbor had heard that such a fair was to be held. There was no fair grounds designated; but on the appointed day the two exhibitors drove thirty miles to have the show, and put in an appearance on a vacant lot, concerned holding the State Fair and soon drew quite a respectable crowd. The good people of the village voted thanks to the exhibitors

A Street Leading to the Grand Stand at the State Fair.

SHE BEGAN WOMAN'S RIGHTS IN POLAND.

The semi-centennial of Pauline Kuczalska has just been celebrated by the women of Poland. It was Pauline Kuczalska who started the woman's rights movement in Poland. As a young girl she taught poor girls at home. Her pupils numbered 120 and she taught them in classes of four and five each. The second step in her work was to found the committee of the third sewing school, which soon outgrew its narrow bounds and became the Society of Woman's Work. This became the Woman's Mutual Aid society.

Shortly after attending the Woman's Right's congress in Paris in 1839 she began to collect in her little drawing room women from all sections of her country. Here she started the Women Land Owners association, the Association of Bookkeepers and several other organizations of women. At the jubilee of the Polish authoress, Orzeszkoda, she organized the first Polish Women's congress. In 1895 she collected 4,000 signatures to a petition for municipal suffrage for women in Polish cities.

Lapp Hunter Gains Fame

Johan Olaffson Turi is the First of His Race to Write a Book.

Johan Olaffson Turi, reindeer watcher, hunter, fisherman, dweller in the wilderness, and poet, is the author of the first book ever written by a Lapp. Turi is also an artist, for he has drawn all the pictures of his people's life, so that men may know them as he knows, and if primitive, they are yet true and faithful to the life. They are only a slender number nowadays, something like 7,000 souls, living in the far north, following their herds of reindeer from the summer to the winter pastures.

When the first snow falls in the long Lapland winter Turi puts on his snowshoes and disappears. The first snow means that the wild creatures come to a farmer starting out with such a barn as has only to erect shoats on either side of the main structure to be enabled to increase the capacity of the structure to 15 head of stock or more.

For the sum of $450 it is figured that a farmer can erect a barn 32x44 feet in size with a height of 12 feet at the eaves and about 20 feet at the peak. The first floor plan of such a barn provides for four horse stalls and three double cow stalls, while a shed with side open and intended to open into a small yard affords additional room for stock. A clear space 12 by 37 feet is left down through the center and will accommodate several vehicles and implements as well as leaving room for a considerable amount of forage at the rear end. The loft will accommodate from 20 to 25 tons of hay and there is a granary about seven by eight feet in size. When the intention is to feed cattle or sheep it is recommended that the entire left side of the barn be left unsided, affording a shed 32 by 11 feet with feed racks along the inner side, which may be conveniently filled from the center space or from the loft, as desired.

Many farmers all over the country yet have a strong liking for what is known as the bank barn, where the structure is to be erected on the side of a hill. Many objections have been raised against this type of barn, but the experts of the United States department of agriculture declare that the objectionable features can be guarded against in construction. The principal objection always advanced is that a bank barn makes a poor basement stable, which it is claimed by some persons is almost certain to prove dark, damp, and unhealthful. Experts claim, however, that if there be selected a hillside sloping south and ample doors be provided, together with low windows, if at all possible, there will be ample ventilation and abundance of sunshine, whereas the rising land to the north will protect the stabling from the cold. In storing forage in this type of barn the teams can be driven in on the main floor without climbing a steep ascent, and hay and fodder put away on the same floor with a minimum of labor.

The wealthy proprietors of many of the luxurious estates which have been erected in the United States in increasing numbers of late years have erected barns and stables that have in many instances cost thousands of dollars each. As a rule living quarters are provided on the second floor of such a building for the coachman and stable employes.

In the towns and cities there is noticeable an even stronger inclination than in the country districts to erect concrete stables. The approved form of construction and the most thoroughly fireproof is the monolithic or solid concrete or else constructed of concrete blocks, but concrete or stucco on brick is also good and very economical by reason of the fact that old bricks may be used. Finally, there is resort to concrete on metal lath by those who desire the most inexpensive form of concrete construction.

EPIGRAMS OF EVE.

Chair-warmers never hear any good of themselves.

In a studio a man model is not always a model man.

Marriage is a matter of either heartstrings or apron-strings.

Most love affairs may be expressed with a question mark and a period.

Those "misunderstood" husbands seek the outside sympathy that scares.

The rich lady-killer marches in like a lion, but goes out like a short lamb.

The fellow on the toboggan of joy does not realize it until he strikes bottom.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Most people die before reaching the age of discretion.

All men are equal—as long as they remain in the bachelor class.

Most men who think they are educated crackers are only gingersnaps.

The man who doesn't acquire wisdom as he grows older bunkoes himself.

A splendid way to get engaged to a young widow is by trying to avoid her.

One-half the world manages to get along by inducing the other half to go short.

AS A RULE.

"What is an income tax, pa?" "A wife, my son."

Serenity.

"The true religious man, amid all the ills of life, keeps a serene forehead and entertains a peaceful heart. This, going out and coming in amid all the trials of the city, the agony of the plague, the horrors of the thirsty tyrants, the fierce democracy abroad, the fiercer ill at home—the saint, the sage of Athens, was still the same. Such a one can endure hardness; can stand alone and be content; a rock amid the waves—lonely, but not moved. Around him the few or many may scream, calumniate, blaspheme. What is all to him but the raving of the unbelieving sea, that solitary, deep-rooted stone?"—Theodore Parker.

Merciless.

"Does this hobble skirt do me justice, Father?"

"Certainly, my dear. Justice without mercy."—Life.

When one has opinions that are currency I let them circulate.

The Bad Effects of CONSTIPATION Impure blood, offensive breath, heavy head, shortness of breath, bilious attacks, fitful sleep, loss of appetite, feverish conditions, all come from one cause—Constipation.

The Good Effects of BEECHAM'S PILLS remedy these conditions because they remove the cause. They start the bowels, work the liver, sweeten the breath, cleanse the blood, tone the stomach, clear the head, improve the appetite and bring restful sleep.

The oldest and best corrective medicine before the public is Beecham's Pills.

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

A Knight of the Modern Maccabees is an important and useful citizen in every community

Because

he safeguards his wife and children by providing ample PROTECTION against future distress and poverty.

No community having Poor-houses, Orphan Asylums or other Charitable Institutions can be said to be truly happy or prosperous.

Take a Protection Policy in the K.O.T.M.M. It Is Safe and Cheap

Every kind of Insurance Protection needed by the average man, is furnished by this old fraternal society, organized in 1881, and conducted on a Conservative and Progressive Management.

Benefits Paid - $17,500,000.00
Membership - 103,000

For further information concerning rates and social benefits, inquire of any member, or write to

GEORGE S. LOVELACE, Great Commander, Port Huron, Mich.
A. M. SLAY, Great Record Keeper, Port Huron, Mich.

Special Convention, Sept. 12, Port Huron, Mich.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty. Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Dizziness and Bilious Attacks. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

DAISY FLY KILLER

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

THAT AWFUL BACKACHE

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Morton's Gap, Kentucky.—"I suffered two years with female disorders, my health was very bad and I had a continual backache which was simply awful. I could not stand on my feet long enough to cook a meal's victuals without my back nearly killing me, and I would have such dragging sensations I could hardly bear it. I had soreness in each side, could not stand tight clothing, and was irregular, it was completely run down. On advice I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and am enjoying good health. It is now more than two years and I have not had an ache or pain since. I do all my own work, washing and everything, and never have the backache at all. I think your medicine is grand and I praise it to all my neighbors. If you think my testimony will help others you may publish it."—Mrs. OLLIE WOODALL, Morton's Gap, Kentucky.

Backache is a symptom of organic weakness or derangement. If you have backache you neglect it. To get permanent relief you must reach the root of the trouble. Nothing we know of will do this so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for special advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential, and the advice free.

On Second Washing.

"I've just washed out a suit for my little boy—and now it seems too tight for him."

"He'll fit it all right, if you'll wash the boy."—Meggendorfer Blaetter.

Cruel Disappointment.

Jugend tells this story: "In the lower court of a small town in Saxony William had served faithfully and well as attendant to the presiding judge for many years without ever being received any reward aside from his legal stipend. On the day of adjournment for the season, William visited had retired, the judge, who was also about to leave, asked: 'William, do you smoke?' Seeing a cigar box under the judge's arm, he answered respectfully: 'Yes, your honor.' 'I knew it by the seam of your coat,' said the judge, as he walked out."

To Be a Good Cook.

"To be a good cook means the knowledge of all fruits, herbs, balms and spices; and of all that is healing and sweet in fields and groves, savory in meats; it means carefulness, inventiveness, watchfulness, willingness and resilience of application. It means the economy of your great-grandmothers and the science of modern chemistry; it means management and no wasting; it means English thoroughness, French art and Arabian hospitality; it means the fine, true touch to be perfectly and always ladies (loaf-givers), and you are to see that everybody has something nice to eat."—Ruskin.

SURE.

Man in the Big Hat—I've always made money this way.

Man in Small Hat—Are you a political orator?

Man in Big Hat—No; I'm the leader of a brass band. The musicians always follow the band.

"Do you not forget, Mister Williams," she snapped, with a heavy accent on the "Mister," "that there are plenty of other men?"

Then she arose, utterly ignoring a terrific ripping noise, and strode into the house with the cold, heartless tread of a princess. But as she went she stopped, turned, and looked back at the spot where the rip had been. Then she hesitatingly, but firmly, stepped back to the spot, and, with a sigh, bent down and carefully inspected the damage done. Lucy gives way to tears. The Count takes the blame for the whole affair upon himself, and offers to make it right by having his tailor duplicate himself. Blaze relents to Harry that he has flirted with Daphne, and Mrs. Blazes overhears the talk.

CHAPTER XI.—(Continued.)

"Isn't it a lovely evening?"

Then she began to sink gracefully upon the seat, when an even more ominous ripping sound was heard. Carolyn abandoned her project with due and proper suddenness, while Pigeon mopped his brow, and said, in flustered tones that he tried to make sound matter-of-course:

"I thought earlier today that we might have some rain."

He lifted his foot to rest it carelessly upon the bench, not caring to try to sit down any more, but with the movement came a terrific rip as though something had torn loose forever.

He dropped his foot and tried to whistle a popular air.

Carolyn looked the other way and became nervous.

"I can't do a thing with my hair tonight," she observed, lifting her arms to pat it into shape.

Her arms dropped to her sides, soldierwise.

"I think," Pigeon said, desperately, "that the evening is the most pleasant time of the day."

He sat down, in spite of the ripping that still continued.

"Won't you be seated?" he asked politely.

Carolyn slowly, carefully allowed herself to sit beside him, and to her evident relief there was no further sound of ripping.

"Isn't it lovely?" Pigeon said, "how lonesome a fellow gets at this time of the evening, if he is all alone?"

"Now, don't get sentimental," Carolyn said, tapping him playfully on the shoulder.

Nervously with her movement there was a sudden, short rip. She drew back in confusion.

"Why, what's the matter?" Carolyn said, tapping him playfully on the shoulder.

Nervously with her movement there was a sudden, short rip. She drew back in confusion.

"Now, don't get sentimental," Carolyn said, tapping him playfully on the shoulder.

Nervously with her movement there was a sudden, short rip. She drew back in confusion.

"Why, what's the matter?"

"Isn't it a lovely Evening?"

"It's a gam good thing I happened along," Blazes observed.

"A what, friend?" Medders inquired curiously.

"A gam good thing—doesn't count, you know when you cuss backwards.

"Verily," Medders said, "there be times when a man could cuss sideways."

"Well," Blazes said, turning again to Count von Fitz, "it's a lucky thing for you there was nothing in the report that you were with my wife today. I'm a jealous man. I'm desperate when I'm roused."

"Don't rouse!" the Count begged.

"Once," the General said, "I caught a man flirting with her. What did I do?"

"Did you do?" the Count asked, weakly.

"They buried his hat," the General said. "Just his hat! Just—his—hat!"

"Buried his hat!" the Count echoed. Mentally he wondered if it had been a yellow hat with red poppies.

"Thou art a man of wrath, General," Medders said. "Once I grew angry at a man—in my youthful days."

"And what did you do to him, mad sir?" asked the Count, laughing, while the Count listened nervously.

"In those days," Medders said, "I was vain of my strength and given to yielding to my angry passions. I went unto this man, and I seized him by the throat."

Before the Count could dodge, Medders held him as though in a vise.

"And I said unto him: 'Thou condemned wretch, dost thou not know it is unwise so to conduct thyself in our midst?' And I smote him thus, and I shook him thus"—illustrating upon the helpless Count—"and then I said unto him that if he offended me again I should smite him full sore."

"Please," begged the Count, "please don'd remember anything else!"

"I beg thy pardon," Medders said, contritely. "I did forget myself."

"Come in out of the night air, gentlemen," suggested Harry, who came to the door just then. The trio, smiling over the unexplained way in which Medders had shaken the Count, started in, when a messenger boy arrived.

He carried a large hat box. The Count tried to intercept him, but Harry was as anxious as the Count to get that hat.

She turned it out quick enough," Harry murmured to himself, paying the boy the seventy-five dollars that was called for on delivery. When the boy had left, Harry chanced to look at the address and read:

"Count Herman von Fitz. Why, this hat isn't for me, after all."

"No," the Count said. "I ordered it, but it isn't for me."

Medders turned and said:

"Is there some mistake, Harry?"

Harry looked at the Count, but that gentleman was pretty well satisfied with the situation and made no move to correct matters.

"No, there isn't any mistake," Harry said.

"Did I understand aright," Medders asked, "that there are paying seventy-five dollars for that hat?"

"I did—without taking chloroform, too," Harry ruefully acknowledged.

"Some hats are worth that much," the Count remarked.

"Sure!" boomed the General. "My wife often spends more than that for a hat."

"Is it for thy sister, Harry?" Medders asked, casually.

"I don't know if it will fit her," Harry answered, non-committally.

"Wouldst thee let us see it?" Medders asked. "Truly, a hat worth that much must be a wonderful thing."

Here the Count nervously interposed, afraid that the General would become aroused if he saw the hat.

"No, no. Der night air spilt spoil it!"

From the house came the lank form of Socrates Primmer. In his hand he carried the hatbox which all day he had been endeavoring to open in the presence of Lucy.

"What is the trouble?" he asked.

"No trouble at all—until you came," Harry replied, drily.

"Harry has simply been doing what I have often done," General Blazes explained "He has bought a hat."

Primmer glanced at the hat box Harry held, and then looked at his own.

"This then, is for his wife?" he inquired, sadly.

"What!" the General said, misunderstanding Primmer. "Another man buy a hat for my wife? How dare you?"

Primmer shrank away from him.

"Nay," Medders soothed. "The hat Harry has is for his sister, Carolyn."

"No," Harry corrected him, fearing another complication. "The fact is, I was going to give the hat to Lucy—with your permission, Mr. Medders. But I didn't like to ask your permission before all the others here."

"Bully for you, Harry!" the General beamed. "You couldn't do a finer thing."

"Thee hast?" Medders asked. "What is it, Socrates?"

"A hat," Primmer announced.

Harry leaped to a conclusion. Instantly he coupled Primmer with the mysterious man who had bought the duplicate hat at Mlle. Daphne's.

"Let's see it," he said.

He opened Primmer's hat box, and one glance was enough to confirm his suspicion. He dropped the lid quickly, took the box from Primmer's unresisting hold, and said:

"I'll take your hat to Lucy. She'll be—"

"No. I shall present it to her myself," Primmer declared, taking the box from Harry.

"All right," Harry said. "Don't let any one purchase that hat by seeing it until it gets to the one for whom it is intended. And neither will I with mine. You won't let any one see it?"

"Surely not," Primmer agreed.

"All right. That's a sacred compact. Let's all go in now."

And as he ushered them into the house Harry said things to himself because of his foolishness in paying seventy-five dollars for a hat when the duplicate was in the house all the time.

"And," he growled, "I've still got one coming from Daphne!"

"What did thee say?" Medders asked, as they went into the reception room.

"I was saying that I hoped no one was coming this evening to break up our quiet little party."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

CHAPTER XII.

Mrs. Blazes opened her window silently, and lowered to the ground a rope that was fearfully and wonderfully made. She had used everything and anything, from pillow slips to the cords of the portieres. She had enough rope to let her out of a six-story building, instead of from a window a scant twelve feet from the ground. The end of the rope she tied to a table near the window. Then she looked down anxiously.

"It is dangerous," she sighed.

The Count wandered into view. He was crowing weary of waiting for the hat. At sight of the rope he brightened up.

"Jump out, dear," he suggested.

"Silly!" she said; "I've got to climb down. Steady the rope."

He took hold of the lower end and straightened the rope against the building.

"But how in the world am I to climb down?" she demanded.

"Led yourself out slow, and den slide for life," he told her.

Their argument grew more intense. She was afraid to trust herself to the frail means of reaching the earth, and he was insistent that she should come down at once. In the midst of their talk the front door opened. Mrs. Blazes heard the sound and darted back from the window, taking the rope in with her so swiftly that she left the Count standing with his hands in the air.

Amos Medders came slowly down the steps, looking intently at the Count, whom he could not recognize in the dark. The Count had not hailed him coming and could not understand why Mrs. Blazes had pulled the rope in so suddenly.

Count von Fitz was dumbfounded when he was seized in a grip of iron and the cold tones of Medders came:

"What are thee doing, scoundrel?"

General Blazes came up the walk at that instant. He had his hat in his hand and was still laboring under excitement. When he saw Medders struggling with the Count he leaped into the fray and separated them.

"What's happening?" he asked.

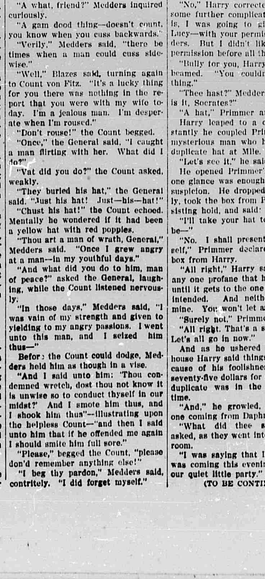
"Well, I am surprised," Medders said. "I thought this foolish little man here was a burglar."

"What foolish little man?" Blazes asked.

"This one they call a Count—this tutor. I thought he was trying to sneak into thy house."

"Wouldn't be surprised if he was," Blazes asserted, vehemently. "Isn't your daughter in there? Isn't Harry's sister in there? These Counts will do anything to capture a girl with money.

"It ties not so!" Count von Fitz sputtered, rubbing his neck.



"Isn't It a Lovely Evening?"

"It's a gam good thing I happened along," Blazes observed.

"A what, friend?" Medders inquired curiously.

"A gam good thing—doesn't count, you know when you cuss backwards.

"Verily," Medders said, "there be times when a man could cuss sideways."

"Well," Blazes said, turning again to Count von Fitz, "it's a lucky thing for you there was nothing in the report that you were with my wife today. I'm a jealous man. I'm desperate when I'm roused."

"Don't rouse!" the Count begged.

"Once," the General said, "I caught a man flirting with her. What did I do?"

"Did you do?" the Count asked, weakly.

"They buried his hat," the General said. "Just his hat! Just—his—hat!"

"Buried his hat!" the Count echoed. Mentally he wondered if it had been a yellow hat with red poppies.

"Thou art a man of wrath, General," Medders said. "Once I grew angry at a man—in my youthful days."

"And what did you do to him, mad sir?" asked the Count, laughing, while the Count listened nervously.

"In those days," Medders said, "I was vain of my strength and given to yielding to my angry passions. I went unto this man, and I seized him by the throat."

Before the Count could dodge, Medders held him as though in a vise.

"And I said unto him: 'Thou condemned wretch, dost thou not know it is unwise so to conduct thyself in our midst?' And I smote him thus, and I shook him thus"—illustrating upon the helpless Count—"and then I said unto him that if he offended me again I should smite him full sore."

"Please," begged the Count, "please don'd remember anything else!"

"I beg thy pardon," Medders said, contritely. "I did forget myself."

JEREMIAH CAST INTO PRISON

Sunday School Lesson for Aug. 20, 1911

Specially Arranged for This Paper

LESSON TEXT.—Jeremiah 37.
MEMORY VERSE, 15.
GOLDEN TEXT.—"Blessed are ye, when men shall revile you, and persecute you, and say all manner of evil against you falsely, for my sake."—Matt. 5:11.

TIME of this lesson was B. C. 588-586, 18 years after our last lesson during the last siege of Jerusalem by Nebuchadnezzar, from the 9th to the 11th year of Zedekiah's reign.

PLACE—Jerusalem, surrounded by the besieging armies of the Chaldeans, and suffering from famine and pestilence (Jer. 37:21).

Jeremiah had prophesied nearly 40 years (since 627) and was a prematurely old man.

Zedekiah was the last king of Judah, reigning 11 years.

Nebuchadnezzar, 18th and 19th year of his reign.

Jehoiakim reigned six years after he had burned the roll of Jeremiah's prophecies, which, like the fabled phoenix rose anew and fresh from the ashes. He was slain in 597.

The first blow of the threatened doom of Judah had fallen during the fourth year of his reign, the last tolling of the bell of judgment which should have summoned the very dead to sin to awake. But they gave no heed.

Jehoiachin, his son, ascended the throne, a bad, weak boy, utterly unfitted to cope with the situation. His reign lasted only three months. Upon Jehoiachin descended the full force of the divine vengeance incurred by previous generations. He was scarcely on the throne when the Chaldean forces, which had been ravaging Judea, were joined by Nebuchadnezzar himself, and closed around Jerusalem, and Jehoiachin surrendered at discretion. The arm of Babylon raised to strike his father fell on him, and fulfilled the prophecy against Jehoiakim. "He shall have none to sit upon the throne of David." Jehoiachin was kept a prisoner in Babylon for 37 years and was then released. Ezekiel was carried away with him, and the great-grandfather of Mordecai, Queen Esther's cousin.

This was the second blow of divine judgment, the beginning of the second captivity, when 10,000 people were carried captive to Babylon. Among them were the king's wives and officers, and 7,000 that were strong and apt for war, and 1,000 craftsmen; and a large part of the 5,400 vessels of gold and silver from the Temple and palaces. The policy of Nebuchadnezzar was to remove out of the way all those who might be able to organize a revolt when he and his army had departed. Such men it would have been dangerous to leave behind. It would seem as if all this would have been sufficient to prevail on the people to repent and be saved.

Zedekiah, the brother of Jehoiakim, was placed upon the throne by Nebuchadnezzar, "a shadow king over a desperate band of men. During the first nine years of his reign the nation, instead of embracing the opportunity of repentance, sinked more deeply into folly. The dregs of the people, left behind in Jerusalem, and this flattering unction to their souls "We have been spared by Jehovah, therefore we are righteous in his sight."

During a brief respite while Nebuchadnezzar left Jerusalem free while he fought the Egyptians Jeremiah went forth out of Jerusalem to go into the land of Benjamin. His house was at Anathoth in Benjamin, three or four miles north of the city. He apparently to secure his share of the tithes and produce of the Levitical people of the village, and in one of its priests. Knowing that the Chaldeans would return, it was imperative that he should obtain the means of subsistence to take back to the city, so soon to be besieged afresh. Others think it was to secure himself in the possession of an inheritance. There was a natural rush to get out of the city after so long a confinement. Jeremiah went with the others.

When Jeremiah was in the gate of Benjamin, the north gate of the city, that by which any one would go to the country of Benjamin which adjoined Jerusalem, a guard said: "Thou fallest away to the Chaldeans; you are trying to desert to the enemy." His well known prophecies of the destruction of the city, and advice that the people should yield the city to the Chaldeans, gave color to this accusation.

Then said Jeremiah: "False! A lie! I fall not a way to the Chaldeans." He was arrested, beaten, and brought to the princes, the officials of the government, who were wroth with Jeremiah. He had conspired with the rotten flies. He was the strongest and most resolute opponent of their war policy. But for him they would have had it all their own way.

Jeremiah was placed in a dungeon under the prison building. Jerusalem was honey-combed with subterranean cisterns, vaulted or arched overhead, and cabins, vaults, the subterranean, arched spaces of a cistern, containing water.

At last Zedekiah, the king, secretly took him out to inquire: "Is there any word from Jehovah?" Jeremiah replied: "There is." The word was: "Thou shalt be delivered into the hand of the king of Babylon." At Jeremiah's request, and to escape from the guilt of being the murderer of the prophet, Zedekiah had him carried back to the court of the guard, and supplied him with daily bread.

We are not all called to be martyrs, but all are called to have the martyr spirit, to be ready to suffer for the Lord and the coming of his kingdom. There are many martyrs not known in history, but whose names are recorded in heaven.

Persecution is the very opposite of Christianity. Christianity bears burdens, persecution loads them on. Christianity loves, and persecution hates. Yet persecutors are often well-meaning men. Jeremiah's enemies thought they were patriots and he was a traitor. It is easy even for a Christian to persuade himself that he is right and his opponents are so terribly wrong that they must be suppressed by force instead of argument, by worldly weapons instead of truth

A WALKING SKELETON.

Worn Out and Prostrated with Terrible Kidney Trouble.

Mrs. Marga

—FOR—

Fire Insurance

See **Springett & Braisted**

Successors to C. Guy Perry

THE LOWELL LEDGER

Published every Thursday afternoon at Lowell, Michigan.

F. M. JOHNSON, Editor and Prop'r

Citizen's Phones { Office, No. 200, Residence, 239.

NINETEENTH YEAR
Under one management

Subscription by Mail, postpaid:

ONE YEAR	$1.00
SIX MONTHS	50c
THREE MONTHS	25c

Entered at the postoffice at Lowell, Michigan as second class matter.

From Our Point of View

A young Illinois preacher says that he can't marry on his salary of $1000 a year and he figures yearly expenses at $1054, with rent at $360 and groceries at $600 as the principal items. The young man should learn of some of his common people. There must be a whole lot of them who don't pay half of that rent. As for two people—and young married people at that—eating $600 worth of groceries in a year—does he propose to give up preaching and devote all his time to eating. Maybe he expects to live on canary birds tongues and angel food. The masses of the people, with large families too, are necessarily limited to an annual expense far less than that stated as the limit by the young preacher. He would do well to quit soaring in the clouds awhile and settle down to earth among the common herd which he is supposed to lead and teach.

The hired help proposition was no problem to that Wareham, Mass., lady who has just died at the age of 101 years. One servant died after fifty years in the family, another left recently after 35 years service to take charge of her own home and another is still employed there after thirty-five years of faithful service in the home. Doubtless the same qualities that enabled Mrs. Tobey to keep her household workers for a lifetime also explain her long life. Without doubt, if American housekeepers would study the record of the venerable Wareham woman, they would solve the servant girl difficulty and add years to their own lives, to say nothing of contributing immeasureably to the peace and happiness of the household. Of course, there are bad servants as well as bad mistresses, but the lesson in this incident should not be lost.

The President will not strengthen his chances for re-election by vetoing the Arizona-New Mexico statehood bill on account of the constitutional provision for the recall of judges. That judges are human and liable to err has many times been proven. In a government of the people, for the people and by the people, there is or should be no higher power than the people except God himself; and any officer from president down to constable who attempts to thwart the public will, should be removed by that voice which has been fitly called "The voice of God." This country has had government by millionaires, bosses, boodlers, trusts and the United States senate, about long enough; and when the people get ready to administer their own affairs, neither Mr. Taft nor any other mortal will find it safe to block the way.

Complaint is made that Lowell ladies are compelled to ride to the Grand Trunk station with bus-loads of drunken men. Instances are given where one lady has been obliged to ride with a load of men using vile and profane language. In the name of decency The Ledger protests against a continuance of this monstrous condition. As long as our people want the booze business continued we must take care of the boozers; but there is no sense, decency or justice in compelling our ladies to herd up with that sort of folks. A separate conveyance for ladies and sober men is what is needed. Our bus people can not get wise a minute too soon.

God pity the home from which the wife and mother are everlastingly gadding about from place to place and from pillar to post. Home, for some people, seems to be a place to stay in when no one else will tolerate them. An occasional trip is good, friendly visits are all right and neighborly calls are fine; but the woman who does not think home and family are first and best had better have a house-cleaning in her heart. For Heaven's sake, woman, stay at home a day or two and see how it seems.

The privy vaults and stables about the village should be cleaned up at once as the hot weather has aggravated the nuisance and the menace to the public health is serious. The stench from many of these places at night is an abomination that no one should permit or endure. The health officers and council will take the matter in hand and those having such places will do well to see that they are put in the best possible condition at once.

Business people are not tumbling over each other to employ young men who "can drink or can let it alone." From railroads down to peanut stands, they are looking for boys who make a specialty of leaving beer and whisky strictly alone.

A good way to be rid of a customer forever is to get angry because he buys an article of a competitor. Such actions are invariably resented by self-respecting people.

Left Over from Last Week

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Jacokes and four children of Fremont were guests for a week of the former's parents, Rev. and Mrs. Jacokes. They report the town as progressing highly under local option and the law a complete success.

The case of Frank L. Keech vs. F. B. McKay & Co., involving a horse deal, was tried before Justice Andrews and a jury of six Monday, S. P. Hicks representing the plaintiff and R. M. Shivel the defendant. The jury returned a verdict of no cause for action.

Mrs T. E. Graber and son Clarendon, of Cleveland, Ohio, have been spending a week with Mrs. G's mother, Mrs. C. C. Winegar, and other relatives here. They returned home by the way of Lansing and took Miss Mildred Hunt who visited here for two weeks.

We called on M. M. Perry at his home Tuesday and found him sitting on the porch and feeling quite cheerful. His weak leg hasn't much "go" in it yet but otherwise the Squire is looking much better than when we saw him last. He threatens to return our call soon if his "horses" do not play out.

A Sunday school picnic excursion from the Coldbrook street Christian Reformed church, Grand Rapids, numbering about 250 people, enjoyed the day at Island park yesterday. The Ledger acknowledges a call from the following merry girls: Irene Goudzwaard, Jennie Keukelaar, Irene Sytsma, Marie Goulooze, Nellie Wieland.

SEELEY CORNERS

The Ladies Aid society was well attended at Mrs. Wooding's. 56 ate supper there. The next meeting will be with Mrs. Levi Burras Sept. 13.

Miss Mildred Hesche visited relatives at Ravenna from Tuesday till Thursday last week.

Clyde Grandly of Ill. is visiting his mother and sister Mrs. Geo. Stevens. Mr. Stevens has a brother here also from the same place.

Mrs. O. Reynolds visited her daughter, Mrs. I. J. Tidd of East Lowell Saturday and Sunday.

The Sunday school picnic in Mr. Stevens' Grove Friday was enjoyed by all young and old.

VERGENNES CENTER.

The Ladies Aid society will meet with Mrs. Mary Kerr Thursday August 24.

Mrs. Minnie Lucas and little daughter Nancy of Lake View, came Friday to visit their cousin Mrs. L. P. McLean.

L. P. McLean returned Saturday from Buffalo where he has spent the last five weeks.

Mrs. Kerr and daughter visited Mrs. Carl Bierl Sunday.

Mrs. J. L. Fenton of Arizona spent several days last week with Mrs. M. B. McPherson.

Mrs. Amelia Hodges and son Lew of Grand Rapids, Mrs. Belle Hodges, Mrs. Clara Coons and Clint Hodges of Lowell spent Saturday afternoon with Mrs. Orren Sayles.

Ora Vandensen and little niece, Alva Fairchilds visited Anna Anderson one day last week.

Mrs. L. P. McLean visited Mrs. Kerr last Wednesday.

LOWELL DIST. NO 5

Miss Fisher and little Dorothy and Marjorie Cronin of Grand Rapids have been spending the past week with the latter's grandparents Mr. and Mrs. VanHaltsma.

Mrs. Cassie Moffit Hiler was through this vicinity Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Needham Jr. visited the former's sister Mrs. Clifton Baker of Boston Sunday.

A much needed and well appreciated move is being made by our road commissioner in the way of erecting the old watering place at the foot of the hill south of Segwun.

McCORDS and WHITNEYVILLE

Mr and Mrs. Chas. Gress and son Carl spent Sunday with the former's brother Claud and family in Grand Rapids.

Fire was discovered Monday afternoon under the Whitneyville church porch. Men and women from Gress and Trasico all turned out and soon had the flames under control. In less than five minutes it would have been too late as the fire was spreading so rapidly.

The Whitneyville school house has just been painted, inside and outside, H. B. Fuller doing the work.

Genevieve Sears entertained her friend Arline Wilson of Caledonia part of last week.

Ruth Dennis of Alto spent Friday and Saturday with Mrs. Louie Douglas. Katharine Bush was also a guest Wednesday.

O. R. Fountain, wife and nephew spent Sunday at Mrs. John Wooding's.

Our mail carrier, Harm Clark, is having his vacation. He and Mrs. Clark spent last week in the city visiting friends.

Preaching services every Sunday evening at 7 30. Sunday school at 11 a. m.

A lawn social will be given by the Ladies Aid society at the home of Bert Douglas Wednesday evening Aug. 23. Ice cream 5cts.

Mrs. Lizzie Campbell and little daughter of Hudsonville visited her mother Mrs. Cox part of last week.

The social which was given at the church Wednesday evening was a success in every way. The program given by the boys was considered one of the best ever given in the church. The address by B. S. Shaw was interesting and instructive and the remarks by Rev. George of Saranac were fine and well received. Proceeds from ice cream were $5 00

C. S. Cook and wife will leave Wednesday for a visit with relatives in Ohio.

Mrs. Ed. Thomas and little Louie Quiggle are ill.

Mrs. Warren Gregory is very ill. Mrs. Charles Druce came from the north Monday and she and a cousin Mrs. Osborne of Lowell, are helping to care for her.

L. Russell and wife of Gratiot are visiting his aunt, Mrs. R. J. Dean.

Visitors at Geo. Linton's Sunday were Mrs. Anna Batey and children of Keene and Mr. and Mrs. John Linton and baby of Alto and Mrs. Rockefellow. Harry Bennett and family came in their auto from their home in Irving and were also Sunday guests.

Mrs. Grinnell of Avondale is visiting her uncle Geo Peel and other relatives

Mrs. Jessie Graham of Lowell spent last Tuesday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Peel. Her niece, Myrna Hutchinson, returned with her for a week's visit.

VERGENNES STATION.

Mrs. Moon of Grand Rapids is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Andrews of Lowell spent Sunday with the family of Dorus Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Converse and son of Gary, Ind., are spending a few weeks with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Church and Mrs. D. Condon.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Davis and family and Mr. and Mrs. Alex Onan and son spent Sunday at the Lowell plant.

Mrs. Chris Blosser has relatives from Chicago visiting them, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Meuller.

Mrs. Carrie Porter has returned from Grand Rapids where she has been since last March.

Miss Hazel Miller attended church Sunday at Parnell and was a guest at Mike McAndrews'.

Miss VanLoten, Jr., of Stanton is visiting her aunt, Mrs. R. B. Davis

Miss Frances Houlihan of Moseley who is sick at Lowell is recovering slowly.

Mr. Mitchell and family are occupying Will Purdy's house. He is working on the railroad section.

Work was begun Monday morning to draw clay on the Purdy hills.

Miss Eva Wiggins kept house for Mrs. Clair Ford while she was absent last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Francisco and two children are at Lake Odessa visiting her aunt.

Mrs Ralph Kinyon and children have been visiting relatives in Grand Rapids and Lillie recently.

George White was given a birthday postal card shower last week Thursday.

E. Ping has moved his household goods to his daughter's at Greenville.

Henry Keech is improving slowly. His sister and his son Charles are still with him.

Moseley has lost its blacksmith shop. Mr. Baird has moved to Lowell.

School begins at Moseley Aug. 28 with Miss Carleton of Sparta as teacher.

Dr. Merrill of Lowell was called to Rudolph Wetenbrock's one day last week.

KEENE CENTER

Harold Bush of Lansing, who has been visiting his cousin Lee Lampkins went home Tuesday accompanied by Lee.

Mesdames Wilkinson and Lynch were guests of Mary Lott and mother last Thursday, near White's bridge.

Mr. Billenger and family of Saranac spent Sunday at Lewis Daller's.

S. D. Marsh and wife of Segwun were guests of their daughter Mrs. Clifton Pant Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Trask and sons spent Sunday with Emery Strong of Easton.

Sunday Judge Davis and family of Ionia, L. C. Hunter's family of Saranac and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Chase of Smyrna came to Ed Trask's and finding the house vacant made themselves at home with their picnic dinner and spent the day.

Last Thursday Mr. and Mrs. Dell Bowen and Mrs. Goodell, their mother, went to their old home in Lyons to spend a week at the home coming.

MORSE LAKE

Mrs. Ed Kiel and family attended the Kinyon reunion at Will Kinyon's last Thursday.

Miss Mary Slater of Grand Rapids spent part of last week at Sam Skelding's.

Mrs. Freyermuth is very ill.

There will be an ice cream social at Wesley Yelter's Friday evening, Aug. 18.

Frank Skelding visited in Grand Rapids last week.

Floyd Heiriggle of Freeport visited at Ed Kiel's Sunday.

BALD AT 35

Kill the Germs; Nourish the Hair Roots and You'll Never Grow Bald.

It's your own fault if you grow bald at 35 as thousands of men do; yes and women are doing. If you have dandruff there's a thousand or more germs already devouring the very life of the hair at its root.

Kill these germs with a 50 cent bottle of Parisian Sage, and stop dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair in two weeks.

It's guaranteed, you know; this delightful and refreshing Parisian Sage that is now sold all over America, and if it doesn't prove better than any other hair tonic you ever used, get your money back. Large bottle 50 cents at M. N. Henry's and druggists everywhere.

PROBATE NOTICE.

State of Michigan, the Probate Court for the County of Kent.

In the Matter of the Estate of Letticia Miles, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that four months from the 7th day of August A. D. 1911, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county on or before the 7th day of December A. D. 1911, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Thursday the 7th day of December A. D. 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated August 7, A. D. 1911.

Harry D. Jewell, Judge of Probate.

PROBATE NOTICE.

State of Michigan, The Probate Court for County of Kent.

In the Matter of the Estate of Levi W. Burras, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that four months from the 8th day of August A. D., 1911, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate office, in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, on or before the 8th day of December, A. D. 1911 and that said claims will be heard by said court on Friday the 8th day of December, A. D. 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated August 8, A. D., 1911.

Harry D. Jewell, Judge of Probate.

WANTS

Some Special Bargains

Good 9-room house, good barn electric lights in both, bath and toilet, good cellar, fine location, 4 blocks from Main street. Price $1,000.

Good 8-room house, 2 lots, electric lights, good cellar, cistern and city water in house. One block from Main street. Price $1350.

First class 7-room house, bath and toilet, fine cellar, large lot 4 blocks from Main street. $1100.

Good 8-room house, electric lights, fine cellar, good well and cistern, 2 large lots, good barn, no better location in Lowell. Price $1600.

We have several other fine homes for sale in Lowell from $800 to $3000. If interested in buying a home call on or write Geo. M. Parker, real estate, Lowell, Mich.

FOR SALE—Single and double buggy two cutters and two sets single harness. Will take good cow in part payment. F. R. Ecker. Phone 48. 6tf

FOR SALE CHEAP—Farm implements of all kinds. Will Bardick.

FOR SALE—Good 6-room house, large lot with fruit. $450 buys it if sold soon. Here is a bargain. Geo. M. Parker at McKay's store, Lowell, Mich. 5tf.

FOR SALE—Farm wagon with platform; second hand buggy, new wagons one and two horse. John Mills wagon shop tf

FOR SALE— new house, enquire of W. H. Peck, Lowell Lumber Co.

FOR SALE at a bargain, good bed, springs and mattress. H. H. Reed. tf

FOR SALE—Seven room house on Main street west of Baptist church Inquire of Mrs. A. J. Saltsman. 9p

HELP WANTED—At the Battle Creek sanitarium. Tray room, dining room and table waiting Ages 18-35 years. Pleasant surroundings and good wages, address Employment Dept., Battle Creek Sanitarium, Battle Creek, Mich.

FARM FOR SALE—Or exchange for house and lot. A. L. Coons. 8tf

The Growth of Our Monuments

from foundation to finish is entrusted only to skilled workmen. That's why ::

Monuments we put up have Grace & Symmetry

We'd like to show you some of our work. It recomends itself. All we have served are delighted, and praise what we do. :: :: ::

Look Over Our Designs They Will Please You.

We have the largest stock of finished Monuments in Michigan to select from.

Lowell Granite & Marble Works. J. H. Hamilton.

BIG - SALE - NOW - ON at COLLAR'S

ALL SUMMER GOODS MUST GO

The "Waldorf" Shirt Waists, the best and finest made, good assortment. To close them out we will sell them as follows:

All $1.00 and $1.25	Waists,	$0.79
" 1.50	"	1.00
" 2.00	"	1.25
" 2.50	"	1.50
" 3.00	"	2.00

LADIES' TAILORED SUITS 1-2 OFF

$10.00 Suits,	$5.00	$8.50 Suits,	$ 4.25
6.50 "	3.25	5.00 "	2.50

1 lot of Belts, 50c and 25c values, go at 15c

Great reduction on all those new and beautiful Wash Dress Goods. Do not miss buying one or two dresses. You can save some cash. A few more Hammocks at a bargain.

E. R. COLLAR

Lowell Markets

Corrected Aug. 16, 1911

Wheat, red, 60 lb	80
Wheat, white, 60lbs	80
Oats, per bu	35
Corn "	70
Rye "	75
Buckw't "	75
Beans,	1 95
Hay, baled, per ton	13 00
Corn and Oats per ton	30 00
Middlings per ton	26 00
Corn Meal per ton	28 00
Bran per ton	25 00
Flour per bbl	4 80
Buckwheat flour per bbl	6 00
Butter per lb	20
Eggs	14
Lard	15
Potatoes, new	@1 50
Timothy	7 00
Clover seed per bu	6 00 8 50
Beef live per cwt	2 00 @ 4 50
Beef dressed per cwt	5 00@7 00
Calves live	6 00@7 00
Veal dressed per cwt	8 00 @9 00
Sheep live	3 00 @ 4 00
Lambs	5 00@ 6 00
Pork live	6 50 @7 00
Pork dressed	8 50 @ 9 00
Fowls live per lb	6
Fowls dressed, per lb	11
Apples, per bbl	1 00

Jacob Dykehouse,

Successor to

McCarty Brothers.

Wholesale Produce Dealers

Beet Pulp
Brick
Blatchford's Calf Meal
Plaster Paris
Hydrated Lime
Stone Lime
Drain Tile
Sewer Pipe
Chimney Tile
Land Plaster
Wood
Clover Seed
Red Top
Orchard Grass
Fertilizer
Rock Portland Cement
Potato Crates
Grape Baskets

Office, 1st door west of McCarty's Old Stand. Phoe 280.

JACOB DYKEHOUSE.

CALL IN...

and look over our new Eating House. If it meets your approval try our

**Regular Meals
Short Order
Cooking and
Lunches**

Open from 5:30 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.

We are here to please you

DICKERSON BROS.

Train Block.

WESTERN CANADA

Now is your opportunity to get in and increase your money with the growth of the country. Monday, May 1st, we sold property to English capitalists amounting to $345,000.00, which means that such investments will net enormously. Come and inspect our large tract of land or write us for information.

CANADA WEST LAND CO.

Saskatoon, Sask.

P. O. BOX 486

Again We Say Subscribe for THIS PAPER

Damascus Finish for all Interior... Varnishing

Damascus Finish is impervious to the action of oils, grease or liquors.

Damascus Finish will not powder when hammered or bruised.

Damascus Finish will not chip if scratched.

Damascus Finish will not turn white from the action of cold or boiling water or steam.

Damascus Finish may be washed and scrubbed like any other surface without injury.

Damascus Finish may be rubbed and polished.

Damascus Finish may be used for any class of interior work, such as floors, stairways, bathrooms, sinks, bar tops, doors and furniture.

Damascus Finish combines the best properties of all other interior varnishes without their defects and limitations

Damascus Finish is of a lighter tone than any similar varnish on the market.

You may give **Damascus Finish** a further practical test by ordering a small quantity for application under the most exacting requirements. By such a test you may 'decide for yourself the truth of our claim that it is the highest grade varnish at a reasonable price.

Sold in Lowell and Alto by

D. G. Look

The Drug and Paint Store.

Grand Trunk Railway System

Detroit Excursion

ACCOUNT

Loyal Order of Moose

Round Trip $4.10

Going dates, August 20 and 21. Also August 23 from Michigan Stations ONLY

Ask for information with complete details, free on request.

National Encampment Grand Army of the Republic

Rochester, N. Y.

(Via Niagara Falls)

Round Trip $15.30

Going dates, Aug. 18, 19, 20, 21

LOW Summer Tourist FARES

To New York, Boston, Maine and Jersey Coast. Quebec, Montreal and Highlands of Ontario.

(Via Niagara Falls)

Daily until September 30th

Improved Train Service

Procure one of the new folders showing Improved Train Service, effective May 7th. For further information apply to

E. A. ANDERSON, Agent.

MICHIGAN STATE FAIR

DETROIT, SEPT. 18-27.

KEEP THESE DATES IN MIND.

Building Good Roads at the Michigan State Fair. This Work is done under the Direction of Experts and is a Great Educational Feature.

When and Where to spend a dollar and get full value for it is a problem that confronts every individual seeking a day or a week of recreation. *Interests You, Don't It? Well then there is a suggestion you can profit by.*

THE PLACE— THE TIME—

MICHIGAN STATE FAIR, AT DETROIT ***September 18th to 27th***

Nine big days with something doing every minute. Gorgeous horse show and magnificent, unrivaled $10,000 Fireworks display and historical spectacle, "Chief Pontiac's Attack on Fort Detroit" at night.

Five days of Grand Circuit Horse Racing, Automobile and Motor Cycle Races, Aeroplanes and Balloons. Immense exhibits of Livestock, Farm Products and Fruit. $85,000.00 in Premiums and Purses.

THE MICHIGAN STATE FAIR

Is the Farmer's Short Course Summer School. It has become a great educational institution and amusement enterprise combined. Nowhere can the farmer and the business man get so much real worth for his money. It's a show for every member of the family. Here one can see the products of the farm, orchard and factory in endless variety, and the very latest development of the inventors' mind portrayed in working machinery.

Here one can see the speed kings of the earth and air in trials for supremacy, and at the same time enjoy the environment of beautiful grounds and all they contain. A day and an evening spent at the State Fair is a day and an evening spent in wonderland.

Ask your ticket agent for information regarding excursion rates and special train service.

Ready for a Fast Heat on the Great Mile Track at the Michigan State Fair. All the Great Drivers and the Fastest Horses in the World will be at the Fair this Year. Turf History will be made at the Grand Circuit Races.

The Largest and the Best---"The Ledger."

THE REASON WHY....

You Should Buy your Lumber at Lowell:

1st. We have got what you want.
2nd. Our lumber is right.
3rd. Our price is right.
4th. We will treat you right.

Very low prices on clear Red Cedar Shingles for a few days.

Full Line of Bee Supplies.

Lowell Lumber Co.

CONNOR'S World's Best ICE CREAM

Cherry Fruit Sat. and Sun.

STRONG'S

The Common People's Grocery

That's what we aim to run. You don't have to pay for fuss and feathers here and nothing for style or show.

You Get Your Money's Worth

in pure and wholesome eatables and table supplies---the best of everything in its season. Good service and courtesy always. We want your patronage and strive to deserve it. Give us a try.

Bangs' Busy Grocery

EXCURSIONS VIA THE PERE MARQUETTE

Sund'y, Aug. 27

—TO—

GRAND RAPIDS

Traiu will leave Lowell 11:02 a. m.

Returning, leave Grand Rapids at 6:15 p. m.

Fare for the round trip - - **50c**

Grand Trunk Railway System

Annual Excursion TO Muskoka Lakes AND Higlands of Ontario August 24, 1911

ROUND TRIP FARES

Muskoka Wharf or Penetang	$5.00
Huntsville	5.50
North Bay	6.00

Tickets good for return until September 7, 1911.

An opportunity is hereby offered to spend your vacation at one of the cool Canadian resorts at very low cost.

Illustrated literature and information regarding train service free on request.

E. A. ANDERSON, Agent.

EXCURSIONS VIA THE PERE MARQUETTE

—ON—

Tues., Aug. 22

—TO—

Agricultural College

Round Trip $1.00

Train will leave Lowell at 7.50 Returning, train will leave the college at 6:15, Lansing at 6.45 The buildings will be open for inspection and guides will be furnished to show visitors about.

H. F. MOELLER, General Passenger Agent.

OUR COUNTRY COUSINS

LOWELL DIST, NO 6

Mrs. P. F. Rosenberg has returned to her home in Kalkaska after visiting her brother A. S. Race the past week.

Carl Walker visited his wife two days this week at the home of her father, James Vipond.

J. Elerick had the misfortune to lose one of his horses last week.

Charles Kinyon of South Bend is here visiting friends and relatives for a few days and attended the Kinyon reunion.

Charlie Leece of South Boston visited his aunt, Mrs. E. L. Kinyon for a few days last week.

Mrs. Bert Hayes went to Grand Rapids Saturday night to spend Sunday with her husband.

Louis and Mary Kinyon have gone to Remus on business, going Monday returning Wednesday.

The fifth annual reunion of the Kinyon families occurred August 10, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kinyon, fifty three being present. A bounteous dinner was served after which all assembled on the lawn where a business meeting was held and then all listened to a program of phonograph music. At five o'clock ice cream and cake were served. The guests departed to meet again next year at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will Burch. Those present from away were Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kinyon and family and Mrs. Maria Kinyon of South Bend, Mr. and Mrs. Ross Kinyon and family of Freeport and Mr. and Mrs. E. Hughson and family of South Boston.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BRANNIN NEWS

No. 33 the 'Western Limited' struck a drove of ten hogs belonging to John Chaterdon killing eight of them near Brannin one day last week.

M. M. Kidd is filling third trick at Brannin.

Miss Ethel Clark and Howard Clark of Waverly, Iowa, Miss Bessie Thomas and Chas. H. Smith were Sunday visitors at Fred Tillyer's.

The movement of trains by 'fones' is in full operation on the Detroit division of the P. M.—except when it rains or anything affects the nervous system of the copper circuit, which is extremely sensetive—then the telegraph comes back.

Orlow Tillyer and Chas Smith attended and furnished music for the Muir-Gillessee wedding near Alaska Wednesday August 2.

Tony Kreiser and Miss Lottie Hazlett, both of Grand Rapids called on Mr. and Mrs. C. Hardy Sunday

Bert VanDyke and wife were callers on Mr. and Mrs. C. Hardy Sunday

Mr. and Mrs. C. Hardy were at their farm near Lowell Saturday.

For Practical Horseshoeing and Blacksmithing see

Baird & Murphy

at John Mills' Old Stand

PARNELL POINTS.

Miss Kathryn Howard gave a lawn social last Wednesday evening at her home in Vergennes. A fine supper was served and the evening was spent with music.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. McCarthy and son Gerald and daughter Veronica left Saturday for a trip north and will remain there this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Corrigan of Minneapolis are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Corrigan.

Mr. and Mrs. John Doyle of Freeport visited Mrs. Catherine Byrnes a couple of days last week.

Mrs. John McCabe is ill.

Frank J. Donovan spent Thursday in Grand Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Malone spent Sunday with Frank A. Byrne and family

Misses Cathleen and Angella Corrigan are visiting relatives in Grand Rapids this week.

Mrs. George Fingleton visited her daughter Mrs. Hunt in Grand Rapids a few days last week.

Miss Florence Malone of Grand Rapids visited relatives here last week.

Misses Jackson of Grand Rapids are visiting Kittie Norton this week.

J. L. Cary and Miss Mary Powers of Grand Rapids visited over Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Cary and family.

The ball game between Smyrna and Grattan Sunday at Grattan Centre was in favor of Smyrna, 8 to 4.

Misses Marguerite McCormick, Louise Kelley, Kathryn McGennis, Fred L. McGennis, Will Malone, John Jakeway and Tom Malone spent Sunday evening at Jas. Abrahan's.

Mr. and Mrs. James J. Abrahan are visiting relatives in Oklahoma

Miss Kathryn Byrne spent Sunday with Miss Kate Loughlin.

Miss Marie Bresnahan returned from Grand Rapids Saturday after spending a week with relatives there.

Mrs. C. J. Ladner visited her sister Mrs. Claude Kortlander in Grand Rapids a few days last week.

Mazie Kennedy is home from Grand Rapids for her vacation.

Mrs. Joseph Gahan was in Lowell one day last week.

SUIT SALE

It will soon be time for school to commence, and every mother is now getting the boy's clothes in shape to go to school. You can make the work much easier and your money go farther if you will come here, for we have made a big reduction on

EVERY BOY'S SUIT

in the store. We are not going to quote all the prices, there are so many kinds, but

Just think of it, a BOY'S GOOD WOOL SUIT, COAT AND PANTS, FOR ONLY **$1.00**

Other Suits up to $8.00 in Knee Pants.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

Also reduced prices on Men's Suits, Hats and Furnishings

The place where your money will buy the best and the most goods.

H. J. TAYLOR'S

EAST LOWELL

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Conklin and two daughters Josephine and Ruth, start Wednesday to attend the Hines reunion held at the home of Mrs. Conklin's brother, Albert Hines.

Mrs. Palmer and children have been visiting her parents at Bellaire.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Godfrey and daughter, Mrs Burton Keller visited at the Keller home in Campbell Tuesday, Mrs. B. Keller remained until Friday.

Mary and Herman Balmer of Grand Rapids were guests at Fred Conklin's last week. Claud went home with them for a week's visit.

Ernest Carter of Lowell called on Roy Hubbel Sunday.

Hazel Rose of Grand Rapids and Alphonso All of Lowell were dinner guests of Mrs. O. Dye Sunday.

Rena and Katie Vanderwall, Mrs. E. Buckland Otto Wisner were in Grand Rapids over Sunday.

Ernest Vanderwall and Geo Mulky have been camping on the river bank

Doris and June Coles returned home from Detroit Saturday evening.

Mrs. Bertha Coles and brother, Axel Fletcher visited in South Boston Sunday.

Mrs Geo. Northway has been entertaining a brother from Lake Odessa.

Mr. and Mrs W. K. Morgan entertained their son Guy, wife and two children of Mt. Pleasant last week.

Mr. Hutchinson of South Boston is moving into the Rose house.

John Rose of Grand Rapids is here to look after his threshing.

H. L. Godfrey, wife and two children of Lowell were callers at the Godfrey home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Gilbert and Senor Gilbert and four children spent last Thursday at Morrison

Mr. and Mrs. F. M Godfrey are rejoicing over the arrival of a little granddaughter born to Mr. and Mrs. Allen Godfrey of Caledonia, August 15. Congratulations.

Thirty Years Together.

Thirty years of association—think of it. How the merit of a good thing stands out in that time—or the worthlessness of a bad one. So there's no guess work in this evidence of Thos. Ariss, Concord, Mich., who writes: "I have used Dr. King's New Discovery for 30 years, and it's the best cough and cold cure I ever used." Once it finds entrance into a home you can't pry it out. Many families have used it forty years. It's the most infallible throat and lung medicine on earth. Unequalled for lagrippe, asthma, hay-fever, croup, quinsy or sore lungs. Price 50c, $1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by all druggists of Lowell.

WEST LOWELL.

Miss Della Dutcher of Grand Rapids spent Friday night with Mrs. Orville Austin.

Miss Maud Simpson of Saranac spent a few days last week with Miss Martha Stinton.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva Rolf called on friends in Lowell Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Mullen visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs William Mullen over Sunday.

Mrs. Orley Rolason is ill.

Mrs. Clyde Mullen and son Donald visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McIntyre last Friday.

Miss Andrews spent a few days last week with Miss Martha Stinton.

James Green spent last Wednesday at Macatawa park.

Attack Like Tigers

In fighting to keep the blood pure the white corpuscles attack disease germs like tigers. But often germs multiply so fast the little fighters are overcome. Then see pimples, boils eczema, salt rheum and sores multiply and strength and appetite fail. This condition demands Electric Bitters to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and to expel poisons from the blood. "They are the best blood purifier" writes C. T. Budahn, of Tracy, Calif., "I have ever found." They make rich, red blood, strong nerves and build up your health. Try them, 50 cents at All Druggists of Lowell.

BOWNE CENTER.

Frank Colson of Grand Rapids visited with John Watts and family last week. Frank and John went fishing while here. See them for results.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Stark of Hastings and two lady friends were guests of George and Josephine Salsbury part of last week.

Little Beatrice Silcox is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Addie McNaughton while Mr. and Mrs. Silcox are at Niagara Falls.

Mrs. Harry Clemens and children of near Clarksville spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents at Bowne.

There were about one hundred people, large and small, viewed the seventh wonder of Bowne, "Lewis Boulard's crossway" Sunday. Some had their picture taken while standing on the peaks of the cave in.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Pardee and daughter of Freeport, Mr. and Mrs. John Porritt of Sleepy Hollow were Sunday visitors at Henry Johnson's.

Edna Morgan is visiting her parents in Allegan. Will return to Bowne this week. Mable Watts is staying with her grandmother, Mrs. Morgan, while Edna is away.

Those that attended the Woodman picnic at Lake Odessa were Mrs. Guy Smith and children and Howard Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Thomas, Mrs. Bell Stark and Andy Weaver. Mr and Mrs. J. S Thomas and Mrs. Bell Stark accompanied Mr. Weaver in his auto. All enjoyed the trip very much.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Eaton, two sons and daughter in law of Lansing spent Saturday and Sunday with Wm. Perkins and wife, returning Sunday evening in their auto. Also Mr and Mrs. George Markley were Sunday guests at Wm. Perkins'.

Sunday visitors at Salsbury's were Henry Nellins and wife and Miss Matie Stone.

Mrs. Lewis Boulard and daughter, Ethel, called on Mrs. E. Brockway Sunday.

Accused of Stealing

E. E. Chamberlin of Clinton, Me., boldly accuses Bucklen's Arnica Salve of stealing—the sting from burns or scalds—the pain from sores of all kinds—the distress from boils or piles. "It robs cuts, corns, bruises sprains and injuries of their terror," he says, "as a healing remedy its equal don't exist." Only 25c at All Druggists of Lowell.

LOWELL DIST. NO. 2.

Mrs. David Kendell and two sons of Grand Rapids spent part of last week at Oliver Simpson's.

Mrs. Eugene Engles and daughter Sarah June spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives at Fruitport and Grand Haven.

Ernst Althaus and family spent Sunday at Godfrey Bierles' at Alton.

Ruby Ernst is visiting friends in Grand Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. Stearns and daughter Blanche, Mr and Mrs. Pell Conrod and daughter Grace of Ada and Luther Sweet of Hastings spent Sunday with Glenn Stearns and family.

Mrs. Ernst Althaus spent Wednesday in Ionia.

Oliver Simpson and family spent Friday with John Simpson's at Saranac.

Mrs J. C. Andrews spent Tuesday in Grand Rapids. Her little grandson, James, came back with her to spend a few weeks.

Ben Andrews attended the Woodmen picnic at Lake Odessa last Thursday.

Maude Simpson of Saranac is visiting her uncle, Oliver Simpson, and family.

Luther Sweet of Hastings is calling on friends in this vicinity.

A King Who Left Home.

set the world to talking, but Paul Mathulka of Buffalo, N. Y. says he always KEEPS AT HOME the King of all Laxatives—Dr. King's New Life Pills—and that they're a blessing to all his family. Cure constipation, headache, indigestion, dyspepsia. Only 25c at All Druggists of Lowell.

BOWNE-LOGAN.

A number of the young people from here spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Overholt at Dutton.

The special meetings at the Brethren church closed Sunday evening.

Messrs and Mesdames R. Whitford and Thomas Kelley made a business trip to Grand Rapids Saturday in their auto.

Elijah Stahl was at Lowell Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Semiah Weaver went to Harlan Tuesday to attend the district meeting of the Brethren church.

Frank Weaver of Pennsylvania is visiting his uncle Stephen Weaver and cousins here.

Mrs. N. Ford and children were guests at the homes of Mrs. Wayne Pardee and Mrs. Edwin Pottruff at Lowell Tuesday.

FALLASBURG

W. I. Burdick and family, who are camping here, spent from Friday until Sunday at their home in Lowell, returning with a party from Grand Rapids, Mrs. Eli Burdick and granddaughter, who will enjoy an outing here for a week with them.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Smith, son Lowell and daughter Elizabeth spent Monday night at their home in Lowell. Mr Smith and children go to Alto Tuesday and all return here at night to continue camp life a while longer.

Miss Mattie Boulard of Lowell spent the latter part of last week and over Sunday with Mrs. Smith in her rural quarters here.

Mrs. Walter Rogers of Lowell and her sister, Mrs. Elsie Richmond of Ohio, visited their aunts, Mesdames Denny and Sherrard Sunday.

L. Pottruff and wife spent Sunday with their sister, Mrs. Arthur Parker, and husband of Lowell.

Miss Lula and her brother Lee Pant of Ronald, Ionia county were guests Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Will Booth.

Miss Ina Alger of Vergennes left for Muskegon Tuesday to visit a cousin and on her return will spend a time in Grand Rapids. She will be absent about ten days.

Miss Mary Faulk of Vergennes accompanied Miss Alger to Muskegon to visit a sister there.

Mr. and Mrs. Marion Weeks of Keene township are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Phelps of Greenville, cousins of the former.

Dell Lee and gentlemen friends of Saranac motored here Sunday.

The Lowell marble works erected the Colvin monument in the cemetery last week, which speaks for itself in every respect and is a great credit to the place.

Mrs. Lynch and the Misses Bowen and Laux of Keene spent last Friday here on the river.

Mr. and Mrs. David Garfield and Peter Peterson of the new plant vicinity and Miss Mina Marr of Belding visited at the home of W. Halsted Saturday and are spending a time with Mrs. Stowell's mother, Mrs. Watson.

Miss Hyning, with her brother's children of Terre Haute, Ind., are visiting the former's sister, Mrs. Elmer Richmond and family.

Leroy Nummer of Boston township went to Muskegon Monday.

Rev. and Mrs. Ogg have the sympathy of this community in the loss of their dear little one. Rev. Ogg has cheered us with his good sermons here many times in days passed and with his wife and little ones are remembered with endearment.

LOWELL CENTER

Jim Sturzie is working for Frank Graham.

Mrs. Frank Graham is entertaining her mother from Irving.

Mrs. J. C. Yates and daughter Ella visited her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Burch of Ada a couple of days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. A Havens entertained her sister and husband from Indiana.

Mr. Havens is suffering with hay fever.

Farmers are busy plowing in this vicinity.

LOWELL LEDGER
F. M. JOHNSON, Publisher.
Entered at the Postoffice at Lowell as Second-Class Matter.
LOWELL - - - MICHIGAN

W. R. BOLTER
(Successor to H. W. Hakes)
UNDERTAKING
ART GOODS and PICTURE FRAMING
Seven years practical experience. All work given prompt attention.
Office Phone, 22-2 R. House Phone. 22-3 R

Harley Maynard
PLUMBING
And all work in connection with City Water System.
Phone 182

DR. J. P. DRAPER, V. S.
Treats all Diseases of Horses and other Domestic Animals
Calls Promptly Attended to Day or Night.
OFFICE and HOSPITAL—In New Fire-Proof Building on Main Street.
BLACKSMITH SHOP and 10c STAND-IN BARN IN CONNECTION.
OFFICE PHONE, 144-2. RES. PHONE, 144-3.

W. O. Merrill, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Specialty: Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office: McCarty Blk, Lowell, Mich.

O. C. McDannell, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN NEGONCE BLK., LOWELL, MICH.

M. C. Greene, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN NEGONCE BLK., LOWELL, MICH.

S. P. Hicks
Loans, Collections, Real Estate and Insurance
Negonce Block. Lowell, Mich.

ALL the reliable patent medicines advertised in this paper are sold by D. G. LOOK, the Lowell Drug and Book man.

Milton M. Perry
Attorney and Counselor at Law
Special attention given to Collections, Conveyancing and sale of Real Estate. Has also qualified and been admitted to practice in the Interior Department and all the bureaus thereto and is ready to prosecute claims for those that may be entitled to pension bounty.
LOWELL, MICH.

DR. E. D. McQUEEN
Veterinary Surgeon.
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Class of 1888. At your service at all times.
Phones—Office, 6; Residence, 135.
Office at Bus Barn, East of Hotel Waverly

LOST AND FOUND

ADVERTISE FOUND ARTICLES.
THE MICHIGAN LAW SAYS IN EFFECT:
A person who finds lost property under circumstances which give him knowledge or means of inquiring as to the true owner, and who appropriates such property to his own use or to the use of another person who is not entitled thereto, without having first made every reasonable effort to find the owner and restore the property to him, is guilty of larceny.—Section 5739—40 of the Compiled Laws of Michigan.

The most effective way of restoring found property to the owner is through The Lowell Ledger.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS
WITH Dr. King's New Discovery
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS PRICE 50c & $1.00. Trial Bottle Free
AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES.
GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

SEEDS
BUCKBEE'S SEEDS SUCCEED!
SPECIAL OFFER:
Made to build New Business. A trial will make you our permanent customer.
Prize Collection Radish, 17 varieties; Lettuce, 12 kinds; Tomatoes, 11 the finest; Turnip, 7 splendid; Onion, 8 best varieties; 10 Spring-flowering Bulbs—65 varieties in all.
GUARANTEED TO PLEASE.
Write to-day; Mention this Paper.
SEND 10 CENTS
to cover postage and packing and receive this valuable collection of Seeds postpaid, together with my big Instructive, Beautiful Seed and Plant Book, tells all about the Best varieties of Seeds, Plants, etc.
H. W. Buckbee, 706 Buckbee Street, Rockford, Ill.

Patronize Lowell Ledger Advertirers

MANUFACTURES OF STATE INCREASE

Gain Shown in All Items in Five-Year Comparison.

MUCH SPENT FOR SALARIES

Value of Products in 1909 Was $685,109,000 to $429,120,000 in 1904, a Growth of $255,989,000, or 60 Per Cent.

Lansing.—A preliminary statement of the general results of the thirteenth United States census of manufactures of the state of Michigan has been issued by Census Director Durand. It includes a summary comparing the figures for 1904 and 1909, by state totals, prepared under the direction of William M. Stuart, chief statistician for manufactures, bureau of the census.

The summary for the state shows increases in all the items of the census of 1909, as compared with that for 1904. These are exhibited, in percentage order, as follows:

Number of salaried officials and clerks, 78 per cent.; capital, 73 per cent.; cost of materials used and value of products, 60 per cent. each; value added by manufacture, 59 per cent.; salaries and wages, 56 per cent.; miscellaneous expenses, 50 per cent.; primary horse power, 36 per cent.; average number of wage earners, 32 per cent., and number of establishments, 23 per cent.

There were 9,159 manufacturing establishments in 1909, and 7,446 in 1904, an increase of 1,713, or 23 per cent.

The capital invested, as reported in 1909, was $583,947,000, a gain of $246,053,000, or 73 per cent. over $337,894,000 in 1904. The average capital per establishment was approximately $64,000 in 1909 and $45,000 in 1904. In this connection it should be stated that in the census schedule the inquiry concerning capital invested calls for the total amount both owned and borrowed and invested in the business, but does not include the value of rented property, plant, or equipment which was employed in the conduct of the manufacturing enterprises.

The cost of materials used was $368,612,000 in 1909, as against $230,081,000 in 1904, an increase of $138,531,000, or 60 per cent. The average cost of materials per establishment was approximately $40,000 in 1909 and $31,000 in 1904. The cost of materials, however, does not include unused materials and supplies bought either for speculation or for use during a subsequent period.

The value of products was $685,109,000 in 1909 and $429,120,000 in 1904, an increase of $255,989,000, or 60 per cent. The average per establishment was approximately $75,000 in 1909 and $58,000 in 1904.

Plan to Build Sample Roads.

Secretary T. M. Sattler of the Michigan Good Roads' association of Jackson states the state highway department has offered to build samples of the different kinds of state reward roads for the delegates at the coming meeting at Lansing, August 31 and September 1 to inspect. While the speakers have not yet been secured, an effort will be made to engage such men as L. W. Page, good roads specialist from the agricultural department at Washington; N. P. Hull, master of the state grange; State Highway Commissioner Ely, ex-State Highway Commissioner Earle, President Brown of the State Automobile association, and a representative of the Detroit Association of Automobile Manufacturers.

A campaign is being planned for the betterment of public highways in Michigan. Competent road builders will be sent into every county, city and village to organize associations to build good roads, asking each merchant to pledge a certain amount for every mile of good road built within ten miles of his store; to secure a similar pledge from every automobile owner and also from rural mail carriers.

Canned Fruits for Convicts.

Peaches and cream, or at any rate peaches, will be one of the tempting delicacies which Landlord Nathan Simpson of the Michigan state prison, will feed his 700 captive guests next winter. The snow may fly and prices may soar but there will be no shrinkage of the prison menu and canned fruits and berries will be the continual gastronomic delights. This epicurean dream will be made possible the last of this month when operations commence in the warden's small canning factory located midway between the kitchen and storeroom. Five thousand large fruit cans have been ordered.

Michigan Corporations.

New companies filing articles of incorporation with the secretary of state are: Pride of St. Clair Creamery company, Capac, $1,000; Anson A. Wolcott Milling company, Mt. Clemens, $10,000; Berrien County Grape association, St. Joseph, $10,000; the Schurrer Amusement company, Detroit, $5,000; stockholders, Louis T. Schurrer, Fred Way, William Galdcake, Harry M. Anderson and Frank A. Kelly; Standard Woolen Mills company (foreign), Des Moines, Ia., and Michigan, $20,000.

Soldiers Leave for Port Huron.

In heavy marching order Company E, Second infantry, and Battery A, field artillery, each boarded its train for Port Huron to attend the annual state encampment of ten days' duration of the Michigan National Guard. None of the excitement or romance of war days characterized their going, Company E boarding its train so early in the morning that only a handful of interested spectators was at the Grand Trunk depot.

Milk Dealers Heavy Losers.

In a bulletin which will be issued within a few days by the Michigan dairy and food department, Commissioner G. M. Dame gives some valuable advice and suggestions on the care of milk in hot weather as follows:

"The abnormal hot weather in the summer of 1911 has already caused the loss of thousands of dollars to the city milk producer and condensery patrons on account of sour milk. In addition the housewife has suffered the loss of milk and the anxiety of infantile diseases from the same source. The milk distributor is likewise a sufferer from the same causes. It is the purpose of this article to point out how these losses might be avoided. The responsibility does not lie with any one class; ignorance and neglect or all combined make these losses possible.

"Let us get down to the fundamental principles as to the causes of sour milk. Sour milk is caused, to be plain, by dirt and warmth.

"In the University of Michigan can be found a sample of milk ten years old which is still sweet. How was this brought about? The milk was absolutely clean. First, the cow's udder and teats were washed clean with a disinfecting solution. Next, the milk pail and milker's hands were likewise treated, also his clothing. The milk was placed in a sterilized glass jar and hermetically sealed and so will keep an indefinite period. How can we explain this? It has been found that sour milk is caused by certain bacteria which are on the cow's hair, on the teats and udder and on the milker's hands and clothes, in the dust in the air, in fact, they cling to all substances. When they fall into the milk they begin to breed and develop lactic acid which sours the milk. The more dirt that gets in the milk the more bacteria gets in. The more bacteria gets in the quicker the milk will sour. It is necessary, however, for milk to be warm. The warmer the milk the quicker bacteria will multiply and the quicker the milk will sour. Kept under 45 degrees milk will not sour as the lactic acid bacteria will not breed. The chemist has found out these facts; how shall we put them to practical use in the dairy?"

Mine Valuations Get Big Increase.

According to unofficial reports, the assessed valuations of northern Michigan mining property will be boosted as a result of the investigation made by Prof. J. R. Finley, who was engaged by the state tax commission to make a valuation of the various properties. It is said that Engineer Finley will recommend that the valuations of the iron mines be increased approximately $100,000,000. They are now assessed at about $25,000,000, and the new figures, it is said, place the value at $125,000,000.

Such an increase in valuation would be greater than ever made before on any one class of property, and in case the engineer boosts the iron mines' value four times, there will be a hard fight and protest before the state tax commission and the state board of equalization.

Mr. Finley, who has been employed by the public utilities commission of New York, was engaged by the tax commission under authority granted by a bill introduced by Senator White at the last session.

It is understood that while he recommends a boost on practically every iron property in the upper peninsula, that he also recommends that in a number of cases the valuations on copper mines be reduced. The coal mines of the state are also to come in for a raise.

There is no question but that the tax commission will follow out the recommendations of Mr. Finley, and if they do this and present the figures to the state board of equalization it means the greatest fight that has ever been held before the board.

Good Roads Men Are Coming.

Secretary M. F. Gray of the Lansing Business Men's association has completed negotiations with Phillip T. Colgrave of Hastings, president of the Michigan State Good Roads association, and has received the assurance that the annual meeting of that organization will be held in Lansing August 31 and September 1.

Several other cities were bidding for the convention, which brings at least 600 people here for two days, but Lansing had the advantage inasmuch as the state highway department is located in Lansing. The convention will be held in representative hall, and some of the best authorities on road building from Ohio, Wisconsin and Indiana will be among the speakers.

The state highway department will give a practical demonstration of road building and maintenance, and much valuable information will be given to the various highway commissioners who are expected to attend the convention. Inasmuch as the Business Men's association was required to guarantee music, programs, etc., it will be necessary to solicit funds among the merchants.

Governor Osborn Welcomed.

Escorted by General Abbey and his staff and the regular army officers in camp, and unattended by a staff of gold lace colonels, Gov. Chase S. Osborn, in whose honor the state camp is named, rode into camp smiling and repeatedly removing his hat to the thunderous cheers that greeted him. This is the first time a governor of Michigan has ever arrived in camp without a personal staff of political militiamen.

There was some mix-up in the place where the governor was to land from the steamer Yantic, of the Michigan naval brigade, and as a result he was over two hours late in getting into camp. In the first place the Yantic arrived off the United States lifesaving station shortly after noon and General Abbey was notified.

He at once ordered the First infantry, under Col. John P. Kirk, the First infantry band and Troop B cavalry, to fall in and start for Port Huron to act as the governor's escort to camp.

UPPER PENINSULA CROPS ARE FINE

NORTHEN SECTION OF STATE SHOWS GOOD AVERAGES ON ALL CROPS.

HESSIAN FLY AND HOT WEATHER AFFECT GRAIN COP.

The Prospect for Peaches in the Fruit Belt is 84 Per Cent, and in the State 75 Per Cent.

The damage by Hessian fly in the southwestern part of the state, extremely hot and dry weather in the central and northern portion causing wheat to shrink by ripening too quickly and injury by smut in some localities, has disappointed many who were positive that the state yield would be 20 bushels per acre. The average estimated yield per acre in the state and southern counties is 18, in the central counties, in the northern counties 15, and in the upper peninsula 20 bushels.

The average estimated yield of rye per acre in the state, southern and central counties, is 14, in the northern counties 13 and in the upper peninsula 22 bushels.

The condition of corn as compared with an average, in the state is 82, in the southern counties 85, in the central and northern counties 79 and in the upper peninsula 92. The condition one year ago was 79 in the state, 77 in the southern counties, 82 in the central counties, 84 in the northern counties and 81 in the upper peninsula.

The estimated average yield of oats in the state is 30, in the southern and central counties 31, in the northern counties 24 and in the upper peninsula 35. The continued dry and hot weather is having a very bad effect on potatoes. The condition of beans, compared with an average per cent in the state and southern counties is 81, in the central counties 80, in the northern counties 82 and in the upper peninsula 84; sugar beets as compared with an average, in the state and central counties is 87, in the southern counties 86, in the northern counties 88 and in the upper peninsula 105.

The drouth, excessive heat, high winds and insects caused a very heavy fall of apples during July and reduced the crop outlook very materially. The prospect for an average crop in the state is 41, in the southern counties 42, in the central counties 28, in the northern counties 40 and in the upper peninsula 71.

The prospect for peaches in the Michigan fruit belt is 84 per cent, and in the state 75. One year ago the prospect was 39 and 49 respectively. The varieties that promise best are, in their order: Elberta, Crawford, Hill's Chili, New Prolific, Gold Drop, Kalamazoo, Barnard and Crosby.

Add $100,000,000 to Value of Iron Mines

It is unofficially reported in Lansing that Engineer Finlay, engaged by the state tax commission to make a new valuation of the mining properties of the state, will recommend in his report that the valuations of the iron mines be boosted approximately $100,000,000. They are now assessed at about $25,000,000, and the new figures places the value at $125,000,000. This is the greatest increase ever made in any one class of property in the state, and is sure to occasion a great fight before the state tax commission and the state board of equalization. The report of Mr. Finlay is expected to be ready before the state board of equalization meets on Aug. 21.

Say Lines Must Buy Safeguards.

It is the intention of the state railroad commission to compel the electric lines of the state to equip dangerous curves and switches with safety devices in order to put a stop to the numerous accidents which have cost many lives during the past few months. Chairman C. L. Glasgow has written to various manufacturers of safety devices and as soon as he receives quotations on the prices he will call a meeting of managers of Michigan electric lines and submit the proposition to them. He says that the roads must take immediate action as soon as a uniform system of protection for curves can be found.

Shoots Wife and Kills Himself.

C. Howard Linabury, formerly justice of the peace and well known in Pontiac, shot his wife and killed himself. Mrs. Linabury received a bullet through the left shoulder, but will recover. The couple have been separated for six months and Linabury had entered suit for divorce.

The individual garbage removal plan advocated by Ann Arbor council has been vetoed by the mayor as expensive and unsanitary, who does not believe the citizens would stick to their task.

Carl S. Moon, a trustee for the defunct American Fuse Co., has been given power by Referee K. E. Wicks, of Grand Rapids, to sell the plant in Muskegon. It is believed that this will be the only way the creditors will realize on the holdings of the company.

A dozen runaway Pere Marquette freight cars dashed down the Island street hill, in Grand Rapids, smashed down a bumper and a couple of poles that stood in the way and came to a halt after breaking in the front of the Worden grocery.

Albine Wesler and Helen Connelly, aged 9 and 10 years, of Allegan, were terribly bitten by a strange dog last Friday and the animal was run down and killed by neighbors. The head was sent to Ann Arbor and they were informed the animal had rabies. The parents of the little ones are distracted. The girl had her arms badly lacerated.

Sherman R. Wilson, coach of the Muskegon high school, and Miss Clarissa Shear were united in marriage last week. Success on the athletic field is said to have played its part in the love affair.

Suit for $10,000 for the death of William T. Shaffer, who was killed in the East avenue crossing wreck at Kalamazoo several weeks ago, has been started in the circuit court against the Michigan Central railroad and the M. U. R. by Frank Shaffer. The latter is a brother of the deceased. Settlements in other cases growing out of the accident have already been made.

Good Chances in Burned Area.

The Northeastern Michigan Development bureau, through its secretary, F. E. Marston, of Bay City, is planning an energetic campaign for the late summer and fall, the effort to be specially directed at reclaiming the district that was burned over in the forest fires of this summer.

So much has been said and written about the land being burned out that the bureau believes it a good policy to exert the utmost effort in the direction of letting the people know that there are fine lands—just as good as ever—to be had in the district. Years ago the now rich and fertile Thumb district was burned over, just like Millersburg, Au Sable and Oscoda and other cities, and in the ruin of the blackened trees and wasted towns there arose what is considered today to be one of the most prosperous sections of Michigan.

The land shows throughout the country will be well patronized this fall, and the state fair at Detroit will have another such an exhibit of products as was presented to thousands last year. This year the exhibits will mean far more; for they will tell a story of just such a land as was burned over this year.

Governor Reviews Troops at Port Huron.

Between 8,000 and 10,000 citizens from various parts of the state witnessed the governor, Gen. Abbey and his staff review the state troops on the Port Huron golf links Sunday afternoon. The crowd was so dense surrounding the links that the soldiers had a hard time to get on the grounds until they fell in single file. The battery pieces and signal corps were unable to reach the grounds at all until some of the citizens in automobiles and on wagons were forced to move off the street.

As Gov. Osborn, attired in a black Prince Albert suit and a silk hat, rode into the field with Gen. Abbey and his staff, he was greeted with prolonged cheers.

After the troops were formed, Gen. Abbey received them and presented them to the governor, and then they were inspected and reviewed.

Want Diaz Again.

Gen. Porfirio Diaz, former president of Mexico, who is stopping at Lucerne, Switzerland, has received many cablegrams from opponents of Francisco I. Madero urging him to return to Mexico and restore order. One message from the Mexican society of New York informs the deposed executive that the society is getting up a huge petition begging him to intervene in the Mexican disorders. The society has re-elected Diaz as president.

Gen. Diaz does not heed these communications and is looking for a villa with the object of remaining here until the end of the season. His health is excellent and he takes short excursions into the surrounding country.

SHIPS COLLIDE IN FOG.

French Mail Boat Sinks at Once in Straits of Gibraltar.

Ninety-three persons lost their lives in a collision between the French mail steamer Emir, bound for Tangier, Morocco, and the British steamer Silvertown. The boats struck in a dense fog. The Emir was cut nearly in two and sank immediately.

Although the Silvertown was almost in a sinking condition herself, small boats were immediately put off and 26 survivors from the Emir were picked up.

Both vessels were running at reduced speed on account of the heavy weather, but the sharp prow of the Silvertown crunched with deadly force through the plates of the French mailer, tearing a wide gash beneath the water line.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Battery A, of Lansing, Capt. Roy C. Vandercook commanding, is the only company at the state encampment equipped with a motor truck.

Mrs. Matilda Snell, of Kalamazoo, wife of a former city officer, has started suit for $25,000 damages against 61 city saloonkeepers, charging them with ruining her husband.

Wholesale grocers predict peas will be 50 to 70 per cent higher this year. One of the largest canneries in the world, at Longmont, Col., said it would be able to fill only 45 per cent of its orders for peas this year.

A big permanent army camp is planned by the government at either Oakland or Mountain Lake Park, Md., on the crest of the Alleghanies. The Baltimore & Ohio railroad will probably be the seller, as it has about 30,000 acres at Oakland.

One thousand tons of copper from the Guggenheim mines in Alaska valued at $300,000 is being loaded on the steamer Protesilaus at Seattle for shipment to Hamburg. This is the first consignment of Alaska copper for Europe.

In the first five days of its existence the postal savings bank in Boston took in $14,500 on 800 accounts. Business on the opening day amounted to $2,200 and has increased steadily each day since. The authorities believe that the bank will soon be receiving more than $5,000 a day.

The peach crop of Connecticut will be so large this year that a special train will be added to the Hartford-New York schedule during the harvesting season to carry the daily output to the New York markets. Hitherto the peach crop of the state has been consumed entirely by the New England markets, but this year's crop will show a large overflow.

Charles Espaugh, a Charlevoix fisherman, jumped from in front of a switch engine in the Pere Marquette yards at Petoskey, directly in the path of another. He was instantly killed.

Holland workmen, hit by the decree of the Christian Reformed church, that no union man can belong to the church, have started an appeal against the decision.

Deputy Sheriff Chas. Thayer, of Kalamazoo, and Daniel Henry ran a half mile foot race, which ended when the deputy thrust into the man's pocket a copy of an injunction obtained by Henry's wife to forbid him molesting her.

Edward Murray has been brought to Port Huron to answer to a charge of deserting his wife and family in Sanilac county, last October. He was arrested in Cheboygan. The wife, who made the complaint, alleges that at Cheboygan he has been living with wife No. 2.

Western railroads are facing a $50,000,000 strike. Thousands of employes are ready to walk out in backing up their demand for better pay and better working conditions. While the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific—Harriman lines—are chiefly affected, the trouble is general throughout the west.

BE AS HAPPY AS YOU CAN

Happiness Means Harmony and Harmony Means Health to All Bodily Functions.

No matter what his vocation or condition in life may be, every one owes it to himself and to the world to form a habit of being just as happy as he can, says Orison Sweet Marden in Success Magazine. Happiness means harmony and harmony means health to all bodily functions; it means efficiency. Faculties give out their best when they are normal. To keep happy is, therefore, the best personal economy and surest investment; it insures the greatest possible output of brain and body.

Much natural ability is rendered inefficient because men and women do not know that discord, whether in fear, worry, selfishness, hatred or jealousy, is a health and happiness killer; an efficiency blighter. Many men waste more vitality and mental energy in a few minutes of hot temper than would be required in the legitimate running of their business for days.

What would we think of a banker who would open his vaults and throw all his money into the street? But when in a fit of anger or rage a man throws open the safety valves of his mind, and flings out his energy, his precious life capital, character capital, we think very little about it.

We can make ourselves happy or miserable, comfortable or uncomfortable according to the emotions which we allow to pass through our minds. Whatever goes through the mind must reappear in the character and physical condition.

Counting the Cost.

The chap who takes unto himself
A temporary honey,
Unless he has a pile of pelf,
Should think of alimony.

Her Awful Secret.

"Yes," said Little Binks, "Miss Paynter is a handsome woman, but sometimes when I look at her she seems to me like a woman who has a terrible secret."

"She has," said Whibley.

"I was sure of it," said Little Binks. "Have you any idea what it is?"

"Yes," said Whibley. 'She's forty-eight years old."—Harper's Weekly.

No Fear.

"I hope the lecturer we are to have on social conditions will not give us any cheap talk."

"Oh, he won't. He's asking two dollars for a ticket."

Even Admitting It.

"Perhaps I know more than you think I do."

"Perhaps you do, but don't flatter yourself that that makes you a highbrow."

Good Liver Remedy Free

When you suffer from any form of indigestion it is always well to take something for the liver, as usually the trouble lies there. If you are bilious, have a bloaty feeling after eating, if you belch, if your skin is yellowish you may be sure it is liver trouble.

What you need is something to stir up the liver, to arouse the gastric juices so that they will aid in the digestion of your food. A very good remedy for this, and one highly recommended by those who have used it, is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which you can obtain of any druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a bottle. But if you have any doubt about its merits, and would prefer to try it first, send your address to Dr. Caldwell and he will promptly send you a free sample bottle.

Thousands of people first learned of this remarkable cure for stomach, liver and bowel troubles through a free sample. Mrs. Frank Lilly of Plainview, Ill., sent for one and it cured her and she is open in saying that she will never take pills or strong cathartics again, as Syrup Pepsin acts so mildly. Mr. W. L. Bryant, the Postmaster at Sardis, Tenn., says he will never be without it again. No sick person can afford to ignore a remedy so highly endorsed as this. It is good for all the family from infancy to old age, because it is mild, free from griping and yet promptly effective. Furthermore, results are absolutely guaranteed or money will be refunded.

Dr. Caldwell does not feel that the purchase of his remedy ends his obligation. He has specialized in stomach, liver and bowel diseases for over forty years and will be pleased to give the reader any advice on the subject free of charge. All are welcome to write him. Whether for the medical advice or the free sample address him Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 402 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

NO EAR FOR MUSIC THEN.

First Roman (while Rome is burning)—Just listen to Nero's playing. Dost appreciate his marvelous technique?

Second Roman—Hardly. I'm in the fire insurance business.

P. A. STARCK, Pres.

No Money in Advance—Satisfaction Guaranteed—Lowest Net Factory Prices—Easiest Terms—A Saving of $100 to $200—From Factory Direct.

FAMOUS STARCK PIANOS

Sent Anywhere in the United States on

30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

WE WILL SEND to any part of the United States a beautiful STARCK PIANO, with handsome silk velour scarf, polished revolving top stool, with brass feet and glass balls, Starck's Complete Piano Instructor, all fully warranted for 25 years, on 30 Days' Free Trial right in your own home, without asking any money in advance, and if you do not find it the handsomest, sweetest-toned and highest grade Piano you have ever seen or heard, and if it is not entirely satisfactory and acceptable to yourself and fully equal to the most famous and highest-priced piano made in all important features, then it may be returned to us, in which event we will stand the freight charges both ways. We trust you and leave you to be "both judge and jury," hence you are to be pleased or there will be no sale, and the trial will not cost you a penny. Isn't that fair? Your banker or any commercial agency will tell you we are able as well as willing to make good on our guarantee and all our promises and agreements, hence you are safe in accepting our proposition.

Send for Our Special Advertising Offer to First Buyers in New Localities and Save All Unnecessary Selling Expenses and Profits.

We will make it easy for you to deal with us, no matter where you are located. We will arrange VERY EASY TERMS to suit your needs. Send for our Beautiful Catalog Today.

STARCK PIANOS are Warranted for 25 Years, but They LAST A LIFETIME

STARCK 88-NOTE SOLOIST PLAYER PIANOS make pianists of us all. Send for Special Player Piano Catalogue if interested.

BARGAINS IN OTHER MAKES and in used and rebuilt pianos at $10, $50, $75, $100 and up. Send for list. Church & Parlor Organs—all styles and prices.

Write us today. Our beautiful literature will interest you. Mention this paper.

P. A. STARCK PIANO CO., Manufacturers
Executive Offices and Warerooms, 210-212 So. Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL. Dept.

D&C THE COAST LINE TO MACKINAC D&C
DETROIT CLEVELAND BUFFALO NIAGARA FALLS
TOLEDO PT. HURON GODERICH ALPENA ST. IGNACE

THE LUXURY OF A LAKE TRIP

Where will you spend your summer vacation? Why not enjoy the charms of our Inland Seas, the most pleasant and economical outing in America?

WHERE YOU CAN GO

All the important ports on the Great Lakes are reached regularly by the excellent service of the D. & C. Lake Lines. The ten large steamers of this fleet are of modern steel construction and have all the qualities of speed, safety and comfort.

Daily service is operated between Detroit and Cleveland, Detroit and Buffalo; four trips weekly between Toledo, Detroit, Mackinac Island and way ports; daily service between Toledo, Cleveland and Put-in-Bay. A Cleveland to Mackinac special steamer will be operated two trips weekly from June 15th to September 10th, stopping only at Detroit every trip and Goderich, Ont. every other trip.

Special Day Trips Between Detroit and Cleveland, During July and August

RAILROAD TICKETS AVAILABLE—Tickets reading via any rail line between Detroit and Buffalo and Detroit and Cleveland will be honored for transportation on D. & C. Line Steamers in either direction.

Send 2 cent stamp for Illustrated Pamphlet and Great Lakes Map.
Address: L. G. Lewis, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.
Philip H. McMillan, Pres. A. A. Schantz, Gen'l Mgr.
Detroit & Cleveland Navigation Company

"The Only Thing That Will Relieve Neuralgia."

The piercing pains of Neuralgia, which often follows a bad cold or La Grippe, are frequently almost unbearable and few medicines afford any relief to the sufferer.

"I am a rural mail carrier and have been a user of the Dr. Miles medicines for years.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills can't be beaten. They are the only thing I have found that will relieve my neuralgia and I have tried most everything, besides medicine from the doctor. I am willing to tell anyone what the Anti-Pain Pills did for me."

CHARLES HILDERBRANDT,
Box 205 Woodvill, Ohio

If you, like Mr. Hilderbrandt, "have tried most everything" in vain, why not do as he did, fight your aches and pains with Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. Let the pills bear the brunt of the battle. No matter how stubborn the contest, they will come out victorious.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills stand on their record, which is a long list of cures extending back a generation.

Druggists everywhere sell them. If first package fails to benefit, your druggist will return your money.
MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

FOR WOMEN
ORANGE BLOSSOM
Dr. J. A. McGill's Famous Female Suppositories
Are a famous remedy for all female diseases
Suffering Women try a Sample
For sale by all Druggists PRICE $1.00
Call on your home druggist for book and free sample

SEEDS
Fresh, Reliable, Pure Guaranteed to Please
Every Gardener and Planter should test the superior merits of Our Northern Grown Seeds.
SPECIAL OFFER FOR 10 CENTS
we will send postpaid our FAMOUS COLLECTION
1 pkg. 60 Day Tomato 20c
1 pkg. Princess Radish 10c
1 pkg. Self-Growing Celery 20c
1 pkg. Early Arrow-head Cabbage 15c
1 pkg. Fullerton Market Lettuce 10c
Also 12 Varieties Choice Flower Seeds 25c
$1.00
Write today! Send 10 cents to help pay postage and packing and receive the above "Famous Collection," together with our New and Instructive Garden Guide.
GREAT NORTHERN SEED CO.
796 Rose St. Rockford, Illinois

Job Printing

of all kinds executed with neatness and dispatch at

The Ledger Office

We carry at all times a complete stock of Ruled and Flat Bond and Linen Papers, Cardboards, Cut Cards, Etc., and we have the type, machinery, experience and skill to put them up to suit you. Prices always reasonable. Call at the office or phone 200 and we will call.

The Lowell Ledger

Wedding Invitations, Announcements, Etc.

Printed on elegant stock, with two sets of envelopes, your choice of type and forms

$3.00 per 100

Calling Cards, correct sizes for Mesdames, Misses, Gentlemen and professionals, in Plate, Kid or Linen finish, your choice of type.

50c per 100

Mail orders solicited and promptly filled. Samples free on request, address

THE LEDGER
LOWELL, MICHIGAN

Caused by Labor Troubles.

"Is it genuine Chippendale?"

"Absolutely, sir—"

"But this looks like a crack right across—"

"Done by Chippendale himself, sir, in a fit of rage when he heard the union had called out the men."—Punch.

SUMMER SCHOOL OF PRACTICAL AGRICULTURE

By R. S. SHAW, Dean of Agriculture, Michigan Agricultural College

Agricultural Students at Michigan Agricultural Colleke Constructing Tile Drain.

The first regular organized summer school of practical agriculture was opened at the Michigan Agricultural college June, 1911, and continued throughout the ensuing four weeks. This course is intended to train the hands properly so far as the proper performance of ordinary farm work is concerned. No formal lectures were given, but each student was shown how to properly perform such operations as follows, under the direction of a competent instructor, viz: Fitting and operating of haying and harvesting tools and machinery, the same being true in the case of all implements involved in the cultivation of farm and horticultural crops. Each student was required to take part in every operation involved in farm drainage, the same being true in fencing. In addition to this, training was given in the feeding, care and management of poultry, hogs, sheep, beef cattle, dairy cattle and horses. In fact the student was required to put the hand to every operation in progress at this season of the year.

Great care was exercised in the direction given. A student sent to mow out fence corners with a scythe was required first to grind and whet the scythe, and was then instructed how to take hold properly, swing and do the work easiest and most efficiently.

This training is a prerequisite to the four-year course and must be procured in this school or elsewhere before graduation. The work is not required of a young man properly trained on a good Michigan farm. A boy may acquire this experience during summer vacations on well operated farms, but as a rule he is not given an opportunity to experience a variety of work as days in succession are spent in the hay loft mowing back hay or pitching bundles of grain.

It seems desirable to provide for this training in a special manner aside from the regular course, the experiences of the individual students being so greatly varied. An investigation a year or more ago showed that 65 per cent. of the young men enrolled in the agricultural and forestry courses came from the villages, towns and cities.

The regular agricultural course presents an abundance of practical work not usually acquired on the farm, such as blacksmithing, carpentry, operation of engines and farm machinery, as well as farm construction, including concrete work such as construction of foundations, walks, tanks, troughs, posts, etc. In addition to this the student is given work in installation of water systems, pipe fitting, plumbing, building designs and planning of farm conveniences generally.

RULES for Extermination of Weeds

By DR. W. J. BEAL

1. The right kind of a man, who will carefully observe and study the kinds of weeds and their habits, fighting each to the best advantage, i. e., with method.
2. See that all seeds purchased or grown at home for seed are free from seeds of weeds. Although often heard, these words are too little heeded.
3. See that threshing machines, hay racks, grain bags from other farms are well cleaned before used on the farm.
4. Cook or grind screenings and burn chaff when certain weeds are suspected.
5. Send seeds to the agricultural college, East Lansing, for identification, unless they are known to be harmless.
6. Strive to prevent weeds from ripening seeds. This is especially important late in the season in case of all pigweeds, purslane and others where the flowers are very small and are liable to be overlooked and the seeds ripen before their presence is suspected.
7. For meadow or pasture make the soil very fertile, as most weeds will then be killed or crowded by the better grass and become of little account.
8. Modify the rotation of crops with reference to killing the weeds.
9. Make a specialty of hoed or cultivated crops.
10. Make soiling crops a prominent feature in certain fields.
11. Smother weeds with quick growing and thickly seeded crops, like red clover or rye or buckwheat.
12. Keep some crops growing on the land from early spring till late autumn—double cropping, i. e., two cultivated crops in one year for barn and cellar instead of one for use and one of weeds.
13. Cultivate thoroughly after a crop is removed.
14. Clean up and avoid leaving any vacant or out of the way places for breeding ground.
15. Where practicable, remove fences and cultivate to the gutters of the highway.
16. Keep some sheep.
17. When once begun, continue the work thoroughly from year to year, giving no quarter to weeds. This is the easiest in the long run and the royal way.
18. Where hand labor is employed, it is far less expensive and much easier to keep weeds down by raking or hoeing once a week than by going over the ground much less frequently.

The habits of a weed determine to a great extent the best mode of fighting it. Certain remedies suggest themselves for creeping perennials, like quack grass and toad flax, while different treatment is best for narrow-leaved dock; and still a different mode of attack may be adopted for crab grass and purslane.

Weeds are annuals, as pigweeds, crab grass, purslane; biennials as bull thistle and mulleins; perennials, like quack grass, Canada thistle, ox-eye Daisy.

Will it pay? The annual cost of successfully fighting a weedy farm of 100 acres in Ontario has been found to be about $75. Good cultivation in the long run pays a greater profit than slipshod culture. It not only kills the weeds, but keeps the soil in condition for securing good crops. It conserves moisture.

Perennial plants cannot gain any if the green leaves are not allowed to appear. The nourishment stored in the root stocks underground will aid the plant to send up slender leaves and if these remain, the plants gain and recruit, but if the leaves start underground and are cut off before coming to the light, these root stocks are drawn on again to furnish food to start more leaves and thus, in time, become exhausted.

Shade Important for Chickens

By H. L. KEMPSTER
Michigan Agricultural College

Farm poultry should receive greater care during the summer than it usually does. Generally the flock is allowed to run loose, the young with the old, over the farm lanes and yards, obtaining their feed from any source and making themselves very undesirable. With young stock, as soon as they take to the roost their care is very easy and aside from the lice and mites, their troubles are few. Farmers should learn to make greater use of the fields, etc., for summer range for the young. If once tried they will not think of keeping the chicks around the farm house.

At this period, plenty of shade, fresh water and freedom from lice and mites are the essential features in successful poultry raising. Shade is essential and can be easily supplied. Fruit trees not only furnish the necessary shade but also a good revenue. Pear and apple trees are of slow growth as compared with plums, but if not so thick as to keep the ground damp, furnish excellent shade. A patch of currant bushes makes a fine place for the brooding of little chicks, especially if the ground is cultivated so that the wet grass will not bother the chicks on early morning or after rains. With hen-brooded chicks in a place of this nature, aside from the question of feed and water their care is very simple. Asparagus patches can be used in a similar manner as soon as they cease to cut it for food. The berry patches while the berry season is not on can be utilized with very little injury to the plants in the same manner and the shade question is very easily settled. For temporary shade sunflowers and patches of corn are excellent and the insect growth present is conducive to a healthy, rapid growth. By the supplying of shade and fresh soil for the chicks the summer care of the young is made much easier and if farmers would learn to utilize portions of their farms especially adapted to this purpose, more and better chickens would be grown.

Green Food for Swine.

Swine should be fed plenty of green food in order to keep their digestive tract in the best of condition. It is better if they can be given a wide pasture run, where they can gather green forage for themselves. They should be supplied with plenty of pure cold water and an abundance of shade and a sanitary wallowing place.

Americans Flee London Hotel Fire.

Nearly one hundred Americans, including James R. Keene and Gov. and Mrs. Frank Brown, of Maryland, narrowly escaped death when the Hotel Carlton, London, Eng., was badly damaged by fire. One guest, an American actor, James Lee Finney, was killed. His charred remains, burned beyond recognition, were found in the bathroom adjoining Mr. Finney's room on the fifth floor of the annex. Apparently Mr. Finney had gone into the bathroom to bathe before dressing and was asphyxiated.

THE MARKETS

LIVE STOCK.

DETROIT—Cattle: Good grades are steady and common dull at last week's prices. We quote: Best steers and heifers, $5.50@5.75; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200, $5@5.50; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000, $4@4.75; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 800 to 1,000, $4@4.75; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700, $3.75@4; choice fat cows, $3.75@4.25; good fat cows, $3.50@3.75; common cows, $3@3.25; canners, $1.50@$2.50; choice heavy bulls, $3.75@4; fair to good bolognas, bulls, $3.50@3.75; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, $4.50@4.75; fair feding steers, 800 to 1,000, $3.50@4; choice stockers, 500 to 700, $3.75@4.25; fair stockers, 500 to 700, $3@3.75; stock heifers, $3@3.50; milkers, large, young, medium age, $40@50; common milkers, $25@35; milch cows and springers steady.

Veal calves: Market strong and 50c higher than last week; best, $8@8.75; others, $4@7.75.

Sheep and lambs: Market 25@50c higher, due entirely to light receipts, with fair run would be no higher; best lambs, $5.50@6; fair to good lambs, $5@5.50; light to common lambs, $3.50@4.50; fair to good sheep, $3.25@3.50; culls and common, $2@2.50.

Hogs: Market 20@25c higher than last week; light to good butchers, $7.75; pigs, $7.50; light yorkers, $7.60@7.75; heavy, $7.55@7.65.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle: Best 1,400 to 1,600-lb steers, $6.75@7.25; good prime 1,300 to 1,400-lb steers, $6.50@7; good prime 1,200 to 1,300-lb steers, $6.25@6.35; best 1,100 to 1,200-lb shipping steers, $5.05@6.25; medium butchers' steers, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs, $5.25@5.75; light butcher steers, $4.75@5.25; best fat cows, $4.75@5.25; fair to good fat cows, $3.50@4.25; common to medium fat cows, $2.75@3.25; trimmers, $1.75@2.75; best fat heifers, $5.75@6; good fat heifers, $5@5.40; fair to good fat heifers, $4.25@4.85; stock heifers, $3.25@3.50; best feeding steers, dehorned, $4.25@4.50; common feeding steers, dehorned, $3.25@3.50; best butcher and export bulls, $4.50@5; bologna bulls, $3.50@4; stock bulls, $3@3.25; best milkers and springers, $50@55; common to good, $20@30. The best milkers and springers were about steady with last week; common kind still hard to sell at satisfactory prices.

Hogs: Receipts, 15 cars; steady; heavy, $7.90@8; yorkers, $8@8.05; pigs, $8.

Sheep: Receipts, 5 cars; strong; top lambs, $7@7.15; yearlings, $5@5.25; wethers, $3.90@4; ewes, $3@3.50.

Calves: $4.50@8.75.

GRAIN, ETC.

DETROIT—Wheat: Cash No 2 red, 90¼c asked; September opened with an advance of 1c at 93½c and declined to 92c asked; December opened at 98¼c and declined to 97½c; May opened at $1.03 and declined to $1.02; No 1 white, 87½c asked.

Corn: Cash No 3, 67c; No 2 yellow, 69c; No 3 yellow, 2 cars at 68c.

Oats: Standard, 43c; new, 3 cars at 41c; August, 41c; September, 42c; No 3 white, 42½c; new, 40c.

Rye: Cash No 1, 85c.

Beans: Immediate, prompt and August shipment, $2.25; October, $2.15; November, 1 car at $2.10; December, $2.05.

Cloverseed: Prime spot, October and March, $11.40; sample, 10 bags at $11, 15 at $10.50; prime alsike, $9.40; sample alsike, 40 bags at $9, 25 at $8.75, 40 at $8.50, 30 at $8.

Timothy seed: Prime spot, 30 bags at $6.40.

Feed: In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, $25; coarse middlings, $24; fine middlings, $27; cracked corn and coarse cornmeal, $23; corn and oat chop, $26 per ton.

Flour: Best Michigan patent, $4.75; ordinary patent, $4.50; straight, $4.25; clear, $4; pure rye, $4.65, spring patent, $5.65 per bbl in wood.

FARM PRODUCE.

Cabbage—New, $2.75 per bbl.

Green Corn—15@20c per doz.

Tomatoes—Home-grown, $1.50@2 per bushel.

Cocoanuts—60@70c per doz, $3.75@4 per sack.

Honey—Choice to fancy comb, 14@15c per lb.

New Potatoes—$1.25@1.75 per bbl.

Dressed Calves — Fancy, 10½@11c; choice, 8@9c per lb.

Onions—Southern, $1.60 per 70-lb sack; Spanish, $1.75 per crate.

New Maple Sugar—Pure, 11@12c per lb; syrup, 75@80c per gal.

Live Poultry—Broilers, 15@16c; hens, 12½@13c; old roosters, 9c; turkeys, 14@15c; geese, 8@9c; ducks, 12@13c; young ducks, 15@16c per lb.

Cheese—Michigan, old 17c, new 13½@15c; York state, new, 14@15c; limburger, 12@15c; fancy domestic Swiss, 19@21c; common domestic Swiss, 16@18c; imported Swiss, 29@31c; brick cream, 14@15c per lb.

Wool—Medium unwashed, 17c; fine unwashed, 12@15c; rejections, 12c per pound.

Hay—Carlot prices, Detroit market: No 1 timothy, $19; No 2 timothy, $18; light mixed, $18; No 1 mixed, $16@17; rye straw, $7.50; wheat and oat straw, $6.50 per ton.

Hides—No 1 cured, 12c; No 1 green, 10c; No 1 cured bulls, 10c; No 1 green bulls, 9c; No 1 cured veal kip, 12½c; No 1 green veal kip, 12c; No 1 cured murrain, 9c; No 1 green murrain, 8c; No 1 cured calf, 17c; No 1 green calf, 16c; No 2 kip and calf, 1½c off; No 1 hides, 1c off; No 1 horsehides, $3.75; No 2 horsehides, $2.75; sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 20@50c.

VEGETABLES.

Beets, new, 25@30c per doz; carrots, 25c per doz; cauliflower, $1.75 per doz; cucumbers, hothouse, 25@30c per doz; home-grown celery, 20@25c per doz; eggplant, $1.25@1.50 per doz; green onions, 12½c per doz; green peppers, 35@40c per basket; green beans, $1.50 per bu; head lettuce, $1.25 per bu; mint, 25c per doz; parsley, 20@25c per doz; radishes, 10@12c per doz; turnips, new, 25@30c per doz; watercress, 25@30c per doz; wax beans, $2.25 per bu.

FRUITS.

Pears—$1@1.25 per bu.

Plums—$1@1.50 per bu.

Huckleberries—$3@3.50 per bu.

Blackberries — $1.50@1.75 per 16-qt. case.

Apples—New, $1.50@2.75 per bbl, 50@75c per bu.

Melons—Watermelons, 25@40c each; Rocky Fords, $2.50@2.75 per crate; gems, 70@75c per basket.

Peaches—Arkansas Elbertas, $4 per bu, $1.50 per 4-basket crate; Michigan, 1-5 bu, 25c; bushels, $1@1.50.

An order was issued by the navy department placing Rear-Admiral Seaton Schroeder on the retired list August 17. Admiral Schroeder was recently in command of the Atlantic fleet.

An amendment to the constitution providing that the president and vice-president be elected for terms of six years instead of four and not be eligible to succeed themselves, has been introduced in congress by Rep. Fields, of Kentucky. Mr. Fields also offered an amendment making the terms of representatives three instead of two years.

Henry N. Geer, aged about 45, one of the best known insurance men in the state, and considered fairly wealthy, died at his home in Saginaw after a lingering illness due to gall stones. He leaves a wife and family.

All records for tax collections in Detroit were broken on the 10th when City Treasurer Max C. Koch took in a total of $1,255,074.07 or $29,017.65 more than was taken in on the last day of the collection last year, which is always the big day. This brings the total receipts for this year to date up to $6,320,193.42, an increase of $510,345.09 over the collections in the same period in 1910.

500 JAPANESE DIE IN TIDAL WAVE

LOSS WILL RUN INTO MANY MILLIONS; THOUSANDS ARE HOMELESS.

PENNSYLVANIA FLYER LEAVES TRACK WHILE GOING 70 MILES AN HOUR.

Coatsville, Pa., Mob of 400 Men Drag Wounded Negro From Jail Chained to Cot, and Burn Him Alive.

More than 500 lives were lost and great devastation on land and sea resulted from the typhoon and tidal wave which swept upon Japan July 16, according to advices brought by the steamer Empress of Japan. The fishing fleets from Shidzuoka suffered severely, more than 200 fishermen being drowned.

At Tokio a tidal wave swept away many houses, including a large tea house with 33 persons. The Smaki licensed quarters on Shimagawa bay were demolished, scores of persons being drowned, crushed to death or mortally injured. The noted Sheriga-wa inlaid-work factory collapsed and 15 employes were killed.

A tornado boat was swept in shore at Tokio and several steamers foundered, while big liners dragged anchors.

Eight of 40 men on the Acamori Maru survived when she went down in the typhoon off Kuno, and 100 fishermen were drowned there. The Japanese naval training squadron was crossing off Tosa and two seamen were killed on the Hashidate and seven injured, three mortally. At Chiba 6, men who went to save a fishing depot, were caught in a tidal wave and 53 were drowned.

Thousands of houses collapsed, the number in Tokio and vicinity being over 12,000, according to official statistics. The warehouse and factory districts of Tokio suffered severely, eight warehouses, containing goods worth $16,000,000, being demolished. The loss there was more than $4,000,000.

Eighteen-Hour Flyer in Wreck—Four Dead.

The Pennsylvania 18-hour train from Chicago to New York, was wrecked on the outskirts of Fort Wayne, while going at the rate of 70 miles an hour. Two dead are known; two are missing and a score or more injured.

In leaving the rails the two engines, pulling the passenger train, side-swiped a freight engine and the three piled up in a mass of bent and twisted iron.

The train left Chicago at 2:11 in the afternoon and was due in Pittsburg at 11:46. The first trouble came at Winona, Ind., where the engines broke down. This caused a delay of more than an hour and when the new double-header was hitched on an attempt was made to make up time.

Burns Negro to Death.

A mob of 400 men battered down the doors of the Coatsville, Pa., hospital, dragged out Ezekiel Walker, a negro, charged with killing Special Policeman Rice, carried him half a mile, manacled to his hospital cot, and burned him alive.

The lynching was accomplished only after the negro, mad from pain, had leaped from the blazing pyre built over him, and tried to escape, dragging the bed to which he was bound by his handcuffs. A crowd of 2,000 watched the mob leaders beat the man, with fence rails and force him, shrieking, back into the flames. Three times he bounded up and three times was thrust back, until finally the quivering body fell into the fire.

Only then was the mob satisfied. The masked men walked back to the town and a half hour later they had dispersed as rapidly as they had gathered.

The killing has aroused the greatest indignation in the community and everything possible will be done to bring to justice the ringleaders of the mob.

The Hottest Ever.

Special charts just prepared by the United States weather bureau show that this has been the hottest summer on record in the United States and that the great heat waves reported in Paris and Rome are pretty close to the highest records in Europe. While in spots higher temperatures have been recorded both here and abroad, the best obtainable world's records show that there have never been before, since the first days of weather investigations, such a large area and protracted period noted.

Moreover, the new charts show that the heat waves this year have been playing unheard of pranks, and while it has not been unusually hot in most southern districts, the heat waves have gone further north than ever before, extreme conditions being reported from as far north as Alaska.

So far as the United States is concerned, the available records, covering a period of 40 years, show that the year 1901 only approached the season just passed.

John J. Joyce, an aviator, fell 500 feet while making a flight in a biplane at Hawthorne race track, Chicago, and escaped death. A trolley wire checked the descent, and the aviator jumped, escaping with a broken leg, a sprained ankle and cuts about the face.

The Devil Postpile national monument, which contains the Rainbow falls, in California, has been created by a proclamation signed by President Taft. The monument is within the Sierra national forest and contains approximately 800 acres of land. It was formerly a part of the Yosemite national park.

The state will erect a monument in Canterbury, Conn., to Prudence Crandall, who, preceding the Civil war, founded a school for Negro children and was a leader in aiding slaves to secure their freedom by the "underground railroad."

The general investigation of the feasibility of electrifying all Chicago railroad terminals will be paid for by the various railroads entering the city. The cost will be about $300,000 and the investigation will last two or three years. Horace G. Burt, former president of the Union Pacific, is chief engineer of the project, and will receive a salary of $36,000 per year.

MICHIGAN BREVITIES

Saginaw.—The Michigan Bean Jobbers' association met at Saginaw and discussed the crop conditions. Secretary V. P. Cash said that the absence of rain will cause a shrinkage in production this year. A 10 to 15 per cent. more acreage was planted over last year, when the crop amounted to 6,000,000 bushels, but this season, he said, it will fall below those figures. The bean men are worried over the continued dry weather.

Charlotte.—Frank Vivuan, living near Eaton Rapids, was arrested. Vivuan, who is a well-to-do farmer, is charged with bigamy and the arrest came as a result of a statement made to Sheriff Donovan by Mabel McIntyre. Vivuan's first wife, who is in jail here with Hugh Goodnoe of Eaton Rapids. The McIntyre woman says in her statement that Vivuan and herself were married October, 1910. They soon after agreed to separate and on June 9, 1911, and without first securing a divorce, Vivuan by a local minister was married in this city to Cecil Steele of Springport.

Marysville.—Only a shift in the wind saved this village from destruction by fire. As it was, the loss will reach $10,000, which is only partly covered by insurance. The fire originated in the grocery store of William Johnstone, and quickly spread to the home of William Carpenter a short distance away. Both buildings were destroyed with their contents. Several other buildings caught fire, but were saved by the work of a volunteer bucket brigade.

Grand Rapids.—Hundreds of Holland workmen here who are hit by the action of the Christian Reformed classis which voted to bar from that church all members of labor unions, started an appeal which will be presented to the synod which will meet in July, 1912. Among the more liberal of the Holland element, who have union cards and are also churchmen, it is believed that the church has made a serious error.

Midland. — William Abbott was saved from certain death by the interference of his dog when he and his father were attacked by an angry bull while passing through the farm of Martin Keeley. The bull tried to gore him with his horns. Mr. Abbott's father struck the animal with a club, but this failed to stop the bull. At this time the family shepherd dog appeared on the scene and understood almost instantly what was taking place. He rushed in and sunk his teeth in the flank of the bull, and while he was putting up a hard fight Mr. Abbott escaped.

Mt. Clemens.—Action is about to be taken here to enforce the state law relative to the age of chauffeurs. The danger of youthful drivers has been apparent for a long time, but the matter came to a climax when George Rosso, driver for the Rosso Garage, driving an automobile at high speed, narrowly missed a perambulator carrying the three-year-old daughter of William S. Doelker, outside manager of the Mt. Clemens Gas company.

Chesaning.—August Pietz, a prosperous Albee township farmer, is the victim of a "black hand" plot to get money out of him. Last month he received a letter signed with a black hand, demanding that he place $2,000 in a designated spot at the big bridge near this village, and threatening his life and the destruction of his farm buildings unless he complied. Pietz regarded it as a hoax, but has since received two more letters of the same import. He turned the last ones over to the sheriff, who is investigating the matter. The blackmailers set August 20 as the limit for carrying out their demands.

Ann Arbor.—Pretty fifteen-year-old Gladys Terryberry, who was arrested when found with Fred Wilson, a tramp, seems to regret more than anything else that she and her lover found themselves "broke" and unable to buy her pretty new clothes. She did not know that Wilson was married, he having admitted this, though the two claim to have been friends for a number of years. When told that her lover had a wife and baby, she was thoughtful for a minute, then laughed at the "joke" on his wife. She admitted that she would not have run away with him had she known he was married. Prosecutor Burke is communicating with the girl's parents at St. Catharines, Ont., with a view of sending her home. Wilson may be taken back on a charge of wife abandonment.

Detroit.—William J. Dawson, commissioned by the American Elk, the publication of the order bearing that name, left Detroit for Wyoming, where he will investigate the alleged alarming decrease in the number of elk in the vicinity of Jackson's hole. It is thought each winter thousands of the animals in that district die from cold and starvation. It is the intention of the Elks to urge legislation for a national park or reserve for the protection of the animals.

Grand Rapids.—What may be the beginning of the end of the big furniture strike came when the former employes of the Gunn Furniture company, who have been out since April 19, returned to work. The move affected about 200 men. According to the agreement that caused the move, the men will receive sixty hours pay for 55 hours' work, and later the straight nine-hour day plan will be adopted by the company. The return came after long negotiations between the former employes and the officers of the company.

QUEER DISEASE IS IN UNITED STATES

Many Here Afflicted With Odd Ailment, Says Prof. Munyon.

GREWSOME CREATURES VERY COMMON, FINDS EXPERT.

Many people in the United States are afflicted with a queer disease, according to a statement yesterday by Professor James M. Munyon. He made the following remarkable and rather grewsome statement:

"Many persons who come and write to my headquarters at 53d and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa., think they are suffering from a simple stomach trouble, when in reality they are the victims of an entirely different disease—that of tape worm. These tape worms are huge internal parasites, which locate in the upper bowel and consume a large percentage of the nutriment in undigested food. They sometimes grow to a length of forty to sixty feet. One may have a tape worm for years and never know the cause of his or her ill health.

"Persons who are suffering from one of these creatures become nervous, weak and irritable, and tire at the least exertion. The tape worms rob one of ambition and vitality and strength, but they are rarely fatal.

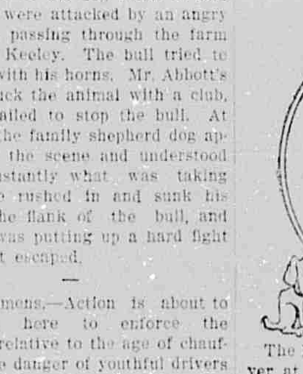
"The victim of this disease is apt to believe that he is suffering from chronic stomach trouble, and doctors for years without relief. This is not the fault of the physicians he consults, for there is no absolute diagnosis that will tell positively that one is not a victim of tape worm.

"The most common symptom of this trouble is an abnormal appetite. At times the person is ravenously hungry and cannot get enough to eat. At other times the very sight of food is loathsome. There is a gnawing, faint sensation at the pit of the stomach, and the victim has headaches, fits of dizziness and nausea. He cannot sleep at night and often thinks he is suffering from nervous prostration.

"I have a treatment which has had wonderful success in eliminating these great creatures from the system. In the course of its regular action in aiding digestion, and ridding the blood, kidneys and liver of impurities it has proven fatal to these great worms. If one has a tape worm, this treatment will, in nine cases out of ten, stupefy and pass it away, but if not, the treatment will rebuild the run-down person, who is probably suffering from stomach trouble and a general anaemic condition. My doctors report marvelous success here with this treatment. Fully a dozen persons have passed these worms, but they are naturally reticent about discussing them, and of course we cannot violate their confidence by giving their names to the public."

Letters addressed to Professor James M. Munyon, 53d and Jefferson Streets, Philadelphia, Pa., will receive as careful attention as though the patient called in person. Medical advice and consultation absolutely free. Not a penny to pay.

ALL OFF.



The Big Boy—What did yer girl give yer at Christmas, Bill?

The Little Boy—De mitten.

TO KEEP THE SKIN CLEAR

For more than a generation, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment have done more for pimples, blackheads and other unsightly conditions of the complexion, red, rough, chapped hands, dandruff, itching, scaly scalps, and dry, thin and falling hair than any other method. They do even more for skin-tortured and disfigured infants and children. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers throughout the world, a liberal sample of each, with 32-page book on the care of the skin and hair will be sent post-free, on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 22 L, Boston.

Unimportant.

Southern negroes have an irresponsible way of visiting about indiscriminately.

"Please tell me your name and address?" asked the depot reporter of a middle-aged negress.

"Ah's Mrs. Ca'tah from Co'fax."

"Whom have you been visiting, Mrs. Carter?" she was asked. "Ah's been visiting de ole colo'd woman down de track heah a couple blocks fo' about a week. Ah can't jus' 'member her name."—Success Magazine.

Reason Enough.

"What's the trouble, old man?" asked the sympathetic friend.

"Well," answered the judge, "you see, my wife and I have never been able to get along very well. The relationship has become so unbearable that we both want a divorce."

"I see," answered the friend. "Then why don't you get one?"

"Because," answered the judge, sadly, "I have sent all the bogus divorce lawyers to the penitentiary."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Original "Hello Bill."

William G. Meyers, who died in Philadelphia, Pa., January 7, 1911, is said to have been the original "Hello Bill" of the Fraternal Order of Elks.—From the Magazine of American History.

A Hopeful Fellow.

"What is an optimist?"

"A man whose bump of hope is bigger than the rest of his head."

Take every possible chance to be kind, because, some day, there may be no more chances.—Margaret Deland.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The hero is he who is immovably centered.—Emerson.

PUBLIC LIBRARY

August Reduction Sale Ends Saturday, August 26th.

Nine Days yet of Money-Saving Values. Don't miss them

A. W. WEEKES

The Spice of Life

which is variety, may be obtained in part by a judicious use on your dining table of bottled goods from VanDyke's shelves.

TOMATO CATSUP, QUEEN OLIVES, PREPARED MUSTARD, HEINZ PICKLES, MARASCHINO CHERRIES, WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, PEPPER SAUCE, CLAM BOUILLON, EXTRACTS, etc. Also BEECHNUT PEANUT BUTTER and QUAKER SLICED BEEF IN GLASSES.

Always the best of everything in Groceries in its season, and

GET IT AT

IF YOU **VanDyke's** IT'S GOOD

HEARD ABOUT TOWN

Big suit sale at H. J. Taylor's.

¼ off on all hammocks. A. W. Weekes.

H. S. Schrienerof Grand Rapids was in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hiler are visiting in Pontiac this week.

New way gasoline engine at a sacrifice, brand new at Ford's.

Clifford Peck of Grand Rapids has been visiting Lowell friends.

Mrs. Thos. Lane of Brantford, Ont., is visiting her brother, Geo. W. Rouse.

Miss Matilda Ichnur of Chicago is spending two weeks with her aunt, Mrs. L. Stein.

Harry Andrews took teacher's examination in Ionia Thursday and Friday of last week.

Village taxes should be paid on or before Sept. 1st without fail. E. McNaughton, village treas.

Clifton H. Bradish and Miss Alice Cook of Allegan are visiting C. J. Bradish and family.

Fit the boy out for school at H. J. Taylor's.

George Tate of Chicago is spending his vacation with his mother, Mrs. Phoebe Tate.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Fitts of Grand Rapids visited Mr. and Mrs. Herman Strong Tuesday.

Base ball at Recreation park, Friday, Aug. 18, at 2.30, Ovid vs Lowell. Good game in prospect.

Mrs. Geo. Thompson and daughter Lizzie visited in Grand Rapids a couple of days this week.

Amor Smith left yesterday for a ten days trip to Ovid, Seneca county, New York, his boyhood home.

Miss Hattie Wilson and friends returned Saturday from a week's outing at Quay's cottage, Portage Lake.

Smoke Metz's straight five. tf

Get an

Ansco Camera

Load it with Ansco Film. Then print your pictures or let us print them on Cyko Paper. The artistic results will surprise you.

Come in and let us show you how the Ansco products enable you to make finer photographs than an amateur could ever make before.

We develop and print promptly

F. B. RHODES

BOARDERS wanted—2 blocks from school house. Good accomodations for high school pupils. Mrs. Florence Fuller.

Band No 1 of the Congregational church will hold a food sale at the post office Saturday afternoon, Aug. 19.

Misses Mazie and Gladys Wyforth came from Chicago Monday to spend a few weeks with Miss Florence Jones.

C. G. Perry has added "a souvenir from the Maine" to his collection of curios at the post office. He says "The government sent it by express."

Born, in Lowell, August 15, a 9-pound son to Mr. and Mrs. John Lailey. All doing well; and the father is as happy as a boy with his first pair of pants.

Horse races at Recreation park August 26 Five events: Farmers special; 2.40 trot; 2.35 trot or pace; free for all trot or pace; running race. Special and cash prizes.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Francisco expect to leave for Tampa, Florida, where they will join their son, Waldo, in a new colony formed in that vicinity about a year ago.

Buy the boys school suits at H. J. Taylor's.

Mrs. George Gulliford and daughter, Florence, of Detroit are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. Rose Ford, and brother, Garfield. Mr. Gulliford will join them Sunday.

The Cheerful Doers of the Congregational church will hold their annual picnic at the home of Mrs. Elmer Pletcher Wednesday p. m. Aug. 23. Business meeting at 3 o'clock.

1-5 off on all muslin underwear-A. W. Weekes.

A team belonging to Ed Potter of Keene got frightened in the village Monday evening and ran away "stringing things" along the road east of town for a mile or so. They were captured and no serious damage done.

C. O. Hill says they had a thunder storm in his section last week and his barn was struck by lightning and yet there was no rain within a mile. He's willing to take the bitter with the sweet; but please don't forget the sweet.

⅓ off on all white waists. A. W. Weekes.

The King Milling company is adding a storage building 45 X 70 to its barrel factory. About a dozen men are turning out apple and flour barrels and in spite of its already large storage capacity, the company was put to it for room.

Wheat is coming in to the Lowell market at a rate that reminds the King Milling company of "the good old days of yore." Large collections of farm wagons laden with the golden grain are frequent occurrences of late. Photographer Rhodes snapped one bunch Monday.

The new Idle Hour theater, Jacobi & Fletcher, proprietors, will open Tuesday, Aug. 22, as per announcement elsewhere in this paper. No pains or expense have been spared to make this one of the best places of amusement in the country, up-to-date in every particular.

Smoke Metz's Lowell Chief. tf

Ten per cent off on linoleum at Ford's.

Miss Viola Morse spent Monday in Alto.

Ernst Rolf was in Saranac Sunday.

Miss Lillian Smith is clerking for J. O. Clark.

Miss Helen Kelley was in Grand Rapids Sunday.

Dr. Anderson was in Grand Rapids Monday.

Water motor washing machines, $11.00 at Ford's.

Apples wanted at my canning factory. Edwin Fallas.

Ralph Chase is spending this week with relatives in Ada.

Joseph Ward of Grand Rapids is visiting his mother here.

Willie McCormick of Grattan was in town last Thursday.

Bruce McQueen and James Delaney were in Freeport Sunday.

Miss Rena Nasker and Merle Denick were in Saranac Tuesday.

Miss Tillie Stauffer of Zeeland spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. John Gramer and son Will were in Grand Rapids Sunday.

Rev. J. H. Wesbrook of Middleville was in town the first of the week.

Will Kerekes is taking a two weeks' vacation from the post office.

Miss Lucretia Garfield spent Sunday with relatives in Jamestown.

Elmer Moore of Listowell, Ont., is visiting his sister Mrs. Earl Hunter.

James Godfrey and daughter Elsie visited in Grand Rapids last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva Rolf of West Lowell spent Sunday with Mrs. Mary Rolf.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Hill of Grand Rapids spent Sunday with their parents here.

Miss Ruth Johnson spent a few days this week with Jessie Chambers at Elmdale.

George Sherman of Grand Rapids spent Sunday and Monday with Arthur Avery.

Robt. I. White and family of Elgin are guests of the former's parents Mr. and Mrs. F. N. White.

Miss Ola Litle of Belding, returned home Saturday after a weeks' visit with Miss Marie Perry.

Born, August 4, to Mr. and Mrs. George Yhouse, nee Margaret Robens, of Habor Springs, a son.

Mrs. Ella Miller and daughter Georgia of Chicago spent over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Thomas.

Harold Fuller returned home last week from Greenville where he spent a couple of weeks with his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hunter of West Lowell spent Saturday night and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Earl Jones.

Miss Frances Drew returned Thursday from Long Island where she attended a house party last week.

Miss Ola M. Johnson was home from Grand Rapids over Sunday. She is employed with the Fox Typewriter people.

Mrs. Chas. Blakeslee and daughter, Mrs Lewis of Charlotte are visiting Mrs. Benj. Morse and other relatives here.

S. P. Hicks started Friday morning for a ten days' vacation which will be spent principally in Lenawee county visiting friends.

Dennis Dunn of Milwaukee, is spending the summer with relatives here. He contemplates making Lowell his future home.

Mrs. Allie Kline entertained a a number of young people at her home Thursday evening in honor of Miss Mildred Bulask of Toledo who is visiting here.

Miss Emma Sayles, who has been spending some time with a sick sister, Mrs. Warner at Alto, and Miss Emma Warner, were in Lowell over Sunday.

Unclaimed letters at the post office: H. W. Knowlton, Earl Peck 2, La Rueveeaver, Mrs. Mary Anderson, Mrs. Anna Culve Mrs. Hangh. Mrs. Diana Simpson Miss Ruth Wilson, Joe Mayhew, Vincenzo Novara, Harvey Snyder Mrs. L. A. Noggles.

Buy your dry cell batteries at Ford's.

5c handkerchiefs, 2 for 5c. A. W. Weekes.

Miss Freda Kropf is clerking for A. W. Weekes.

Samuel Chambers went to Elmdale Monday.

"Something doing" Labor day at Union Brotherhood picnic.

Ransom Vaughan has been visiting at Casnovia for a few days.

School clothes for the boys at H. J. Taylor.s.

Mr. and Mrs. Orton Hill are spending several days in St. Louis.

10c and 12½c lawns now 7c. A. W. Weekes.

Mrs. A. R. Barnes has returned from a two weeks' visit with friends in Pottersville.

Mrs. Frank Cline returned Monday from a few days visit with Grand Rapids friends.

C. R. Hine of Grand Rapids was in town Tuesday. He expects to spend next winter in Texas.

H. W. Hakes and A. L. Peck of Grand Rapids have been interviewing old friends here this week.

Pilgrim American prints 4½c. A. W. Weekes.

Miss Lila Lawrence left Tuesday for Tacoma, Wash., where she expects to teach the coming year.

When you think of school suits go to H. J. Taylor's.

Mrs. Fred Newton of Hastings and mother, Mrs. Bachelor of Freeport, were visiting Mrs. Lee Walker last week.

Ernie Terry has returned from Big Rapids where he has been attending school and is clerking for J. Howard Payne.

40 per cent off on fancy silks. A. W. Weekes.

Lloyd Perry of Register of Deeds office, Grand Rapids spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Perry.

Mrs. Lotta Wilson and daughter Hattie returned Friday from an extended visit in Detroit, Milford and New Boston.

BOARDERS wanted—2 blocks from school house. Good accommodations for high school pupils. Mrs. Florence Fuller.

Miss Olive Ribble of Big Rapids and Misses Pansy Denton and Clara Hornbrook of Grand Rapids visited at A. Ribble's this week.

Miss Myrtle Taylor is at her desk again in the Hicks office, after a long absence on account of the illness and death of her father.

Miss Marguerite Kelley went to St. Mary's hospital in Grand Rapids last week where she submitted to an operation for appendicitis.

Weldon Smith has located at Allegan, where he has bought the best bakery in town. He says he is pleased with the business prospects.

¼ off on children's dresses. A. W. Weekes.

A union Brotherhood picnic is planned for Island park on Labor day. The Alto Brotherhood is to be invited and an outside speaker engaged.

Miss Mary Abbey and her mother have moved into their new home on Monroe street and Mr. and Mrs. Vaughan are again occupying the rooms just vacated by the Abbeys.

1-5 off on couch covers and tapestry curtains, A. W. Weekes'.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cool and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Draper and daughter Marion of Campbell township drove up in the former's auto Sunday and spent the day at A. M. Andrews'.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Williams entertained at a family reunion of the Williams relatives over Sunday. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Williams and Mr. and Mrs. John Cook of Lamont, Mrs. Etta Johnson and three sons, Grand Rapids, Mrs. Addie Clinton of South Windham Conn., Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Belcher and Miss Bessie Lynn of of Macon, Mo., and Mr. Hepp of Hammond, Ind.

¼ off on all silk waists. A. W. Weekes.

IDLE HOUR THEATRE

Jacobi & Fletcher, - Proprietors

WILL OPEN TUESDAY, AUGUST 22

The program will consist of High Class Moving Pictures and Illustrated Songs. All subjects will be lectured upon. We have aimed to make this theatre comfortable and up-to-date in every respect, and with our experience you may be assured of a pleasing and refined entertainment. Complete change of program each day. Show days,

TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, Saturday Matinee 2:30 to 4:30

Admission, . Adults 10c; Children under 12 years 5c

Special Matinee, Tuesday, Aug. 22, Our Opening Day

Miss Mary Walmark is home from Grand Rapids.

Miss Esther Walmark is visiting friends at Macatawa park.

J. Howard Payne has been in Chicago this week on business.

Meeting of W. R. C. at hall, Wednesday, Aug. 23 at 2.30 p. m.

Mrs. Stocking and daughter Hazel were in Grand Rapids Tuesday.

Miss Emily Svenson is spending the week with Greenville friends.

Mrs. Lena Culland daughter of Grand Rapids have been visiting Mrs. T. F. Shiels.

Mrs. M. McCarthy of Parnell spent Tuesday with her mother, Mrs. T. S. Lalley.

All particulars in next week's issue about the union Brotherhood picnic. Sept. 4.

Miss Clare Lillie came home from Ypsilanti Tuesday to spend her vacation with her parents.

Keep the date open—Sept. 4—Labor day picnic, Methodist and Congregational Brotherhoods.

Misses Kathryn and Mary Shiels of Hubbardston are visiting their brother, T. F. Shiels.

Mrs. Mary Honson and granddaughter, Mabel Aldrich, are spending a few days with Coopersville friends.

Miss Olive Murphy returned home Tuesday night after a two weeks' visit with relatives in Grand Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Young and mother, Mrs. Mary Young, spent Sunday in Grand Rapids. The latter will remain for a week.

Chas. Gibson of Ionia and daughter, Mrs. Hart of Grand Rapids spent Sunday with their sister and aunt, Mrs. Arvine Hunter.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Jury and son of St. Paul are spending a few days with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Jury. George learned telegraphy at the old D. & M. office here and afterward worked with the Lowell and Hastings people. He is still railroading and is traveling freight agent for the New York Central lines. He reports that the hot summer and drouth have ruined crops in large sections of Minnesota and that the railroads are already carrying in supplies free to keep the farmers from fleeing the country.

Two Remarkable Lectures

Representing the International Bible Students' association.

I—God's Purpose Regarding the Earth.

"The earth abideth forever." Eccl. 1:4.

"The earth shall be burned up." 2 Pet. 3:10.

"The earth shall be filled with the glory of the Lord." Hab. 2:14.

How these apparently conflicting statements harmonize.

II—God has a definite plan with a glorious climax.

"Good tidings of great joy unto all people." Luke 2:10.

Maccabee hall, Lowell, 3.00 and 7 30 p. m. Sunday, August 20.

These lectures will be given by one of the association's able representatives sent out from Brooklyn, N. Y. They are logical, eloquent, unsectarian.

All invited. Dont miss them. Free seats. No collections.

Mrs. A. B. Hill and son A. B. Hill, Jr., of Wilson, Arkansas, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Pierson of Dimondale, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Curtis and son Burt of Belding, and Mrs. Sam Gaepfert of Memphis, Tenn., are guests of Mrs. S. B. Avery for the week.

Why Australia Has Thrived.

We believe it to be the case that the conditions of Australia, where reward is more proportionate to ability and effort, and less dependent than in an old country upon birth and favor, lead to the development among natives of the commonwealth, on the average, of greater activity of mind and body than is found among the natives of the United Kingdom.—British Australasian.

Supremacy of the Soul.

Link soul with all that is worthy, with all that is true, with all that is good, with all that is noble and then when you go out into the world of nature you will be enabled to say, I have walked with God upon the hills and have seen each morn arise new, bathed in light of Paradise.—Rev. E. L. Powell, Louisville.

Lifelike.

Bigamy: Three hearts that beat as one.—Life.

SUNDAY EXCURSION

July 23rd

Grand Rapids

via

Grand Trunk R'y

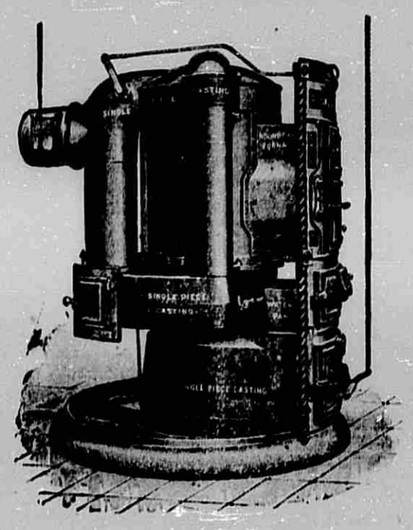
Round Trip Fare 50c

Special train leaves Lowell 12 20 a. m. Returning leaves Grand Rapids 6:15 p. m.

Sunday excursion tickets at low fares and good on regular trains are also sold each Sunday to certain points on the Western Division. Get particulars of

E. A. ANDERSON, Agent.

WE WANT TO INSTALL YOUR FURNACE



Our Furnace

The Genuine Round Oak

is absolutely the BEST and our price will be reasonable, but the point we wish to impress upon you is, with us QUALITY COMES FIRST

You cannot afford to have a cheap outfit installed, as it would be a constant expense in the way of repairs and extra fuel burned, and a never-ending source of vexation through not enough heat and the liability of smoke, gas and dirt in the rooms.

The difference in the cost of the ROUND OAK and the cheap furnace is but little after all—and just consider—you get it all back in fuel saved, and in time the ROUND OAK pays for itself, and at the end of every year you still have a sound furnace—and it has not cost a cent for repairs.

R. T. FORD

AT THE OLD HARDWARE CORNER