

Before September 10

You can deposit your money in our savings department and receive interest from the first of the month, and it will be paid to you December 1st.

In most banks you have to leave your money six months or longer in order to draw interest, while you only have to leave it three months with us.

THE CITY State Bank

3 1/2 per cent interest on Certificates of Deposit.

Watches for all

Best lines, all prices and all worth the price.

Alarm Clocks

to get you up in time for the train, for that fishing trip, or to regulate your rising hours as the days grow shorter and you are inclined to sleep longer. They do the business.

Jardinieres AND Plant Crocks

(from 15c up)

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New China

Now arriving in Japanese, Austrian and French makes. Good assortment for gifts for all occasions, from 25c up.

A. D. OLIVER.

Local agent for the Oliver Typewriter.

Watch, clock and jewelry repairing a specialty.

Baked goods of all kinds

Everything good and always uniform in quality. Potato Bread is our "Hobby." We are making from four to six hundred loaves more each week, than for corresponding weeks last year.

It is fine grained, white, excellent flavor, and has extraordinary keeping qualities.

We serve Lunches and Ice Cream Soda.

Weldon Smith

The Baker

Have that family picture made today.

Special attention given house parties etc.

Avery E. Field, "Maker of photographs"

Successor to F. B. Rhoads.

Choice Only 10c

Your selection from 40 dozen Imported German China Novelties comprising:

- Cups and Saucers
- Sugars and Creamers
- Mustard pots
- Pickle Dishes
- Tea Pot Stands
- Pin Trays
- Shaving Mugs
- Mugs
- Fancy Plates
- A B C Plates

The finest selection at the price ever seen in Lowell.

See our TEDDY BEARS

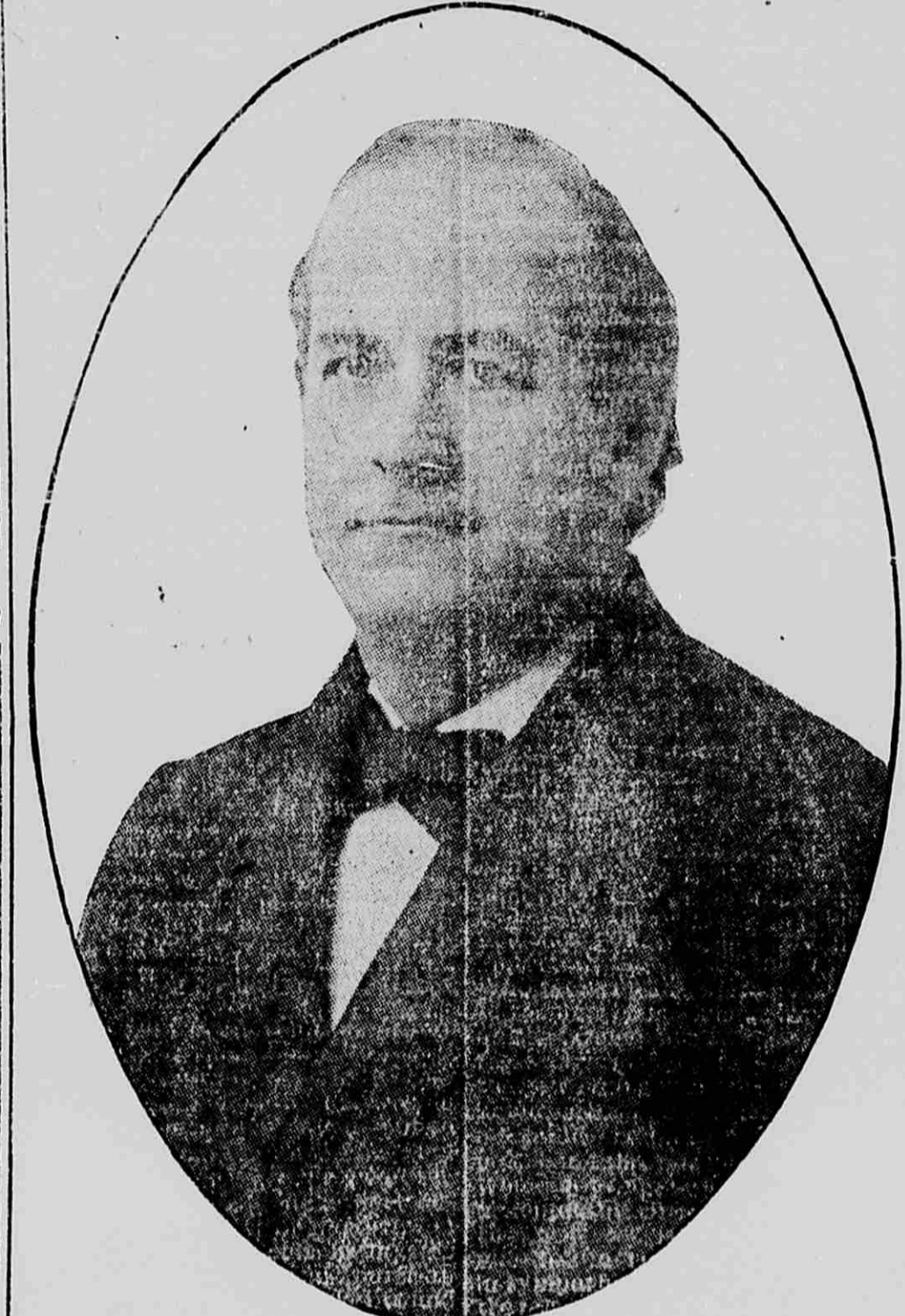
F. C. Wood & Son.

Lowell,

Michigan

BRYAN, HARMON, BIBLE & SMITH HONOR LOWELL

Speak From Same Platform at Island Park Labor Day. Bryan's Lecture, "The Average Man," a Great Event. Senator Smith's Eloquent Tribute.



WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.

The evening sessions last week were completed in their turn according to the program planned, and each one was an instructive and pleasing event. Dr. Wm. A. Quayle's lecture on "Faust" Thursday evening presented a remarkable picture of the consequences of sin. He is a forceful and realistic speaker and easily holds the close attention of his audience. Dr. John R. T. Lathrop delivered a pleasing lecture Friday night on "The Forces of Civilization." The entertainment given by Mrs. Bessie George Webb Saturday evening was an interesting one. She displayed exceptional ability as a character impersonator both in pathetic and in humorous selections, and her sketches from "A Singular Life" and "The Lost Word" were fine. Mrs. Anderson, the popular Chautauqua organist, varied the program with several instrumental solos.

Dr. Lathrop's Sunday morning sermon was an inspiring and thoughtful one and was deeply appreciated by all who heard him; and he will be welcomed again. In the evening the church was rededicated with a brief though effective ceremony, and the Presiding Elder, G. D. Chase, preached a fine sermon on character and thought in his usual interesting manner.

The pipe organ Chautauqua reached its culmination on Labor day when Lowell was honored by the presence of William Jennings Bryan, Senator William Alden Smith, Mayor Bible of Louisa, Judge Harmon from Cincinnati, and Bryan delivered his great lecture "The Average Man." Business places were decorated with flags and bunting in honor of the occasion and soon after the arrival of the distinguished party at eleven o'clock an imposing procession headed by the marshal of the day, H. W. Hakes, on horse back, and the Stanton Marine band passed through Main street to the Methodist parsonage. Following the carriage in which Bryan and the guests rode were many containing village officials and citizens. A load of young ladies gown'd in white and the King Milling company's wagon draped with flags were marked features. The procession broke ranks at the parsonage and Bryan and his party were escorted to the Lowell house where the Ladies' Aid was serving dinner and seated at a table prepared for the guests of honor.

A band concert was given on the Island early in the afternoon and at three o'clock Mayor Bible in a brief address introduced Mr. Bryan who spoke in part as follows:

I think that I can well take as my subject "The Average Man," and I trust that I may be able to discuss the questions that are involved in that subject in such a way as not to injure the feelings of any who may differ from me on any proposition. I find it very easy to make speeches that are broadly non-partisan. I never found it so difficult in my life as now to make a real partisan speech. I am glad to find the people at this time so willing to consider the questions that concern our government. I think it is a good sign when people of all parties are more interested in finding out what is going to be good for the country than what is good for the party.

I want if I can to bring to your attention the important place that the Average Man occupies in our country. My attention was brought to this subject by what I saw in other lands. I found that there were some splendidly educated people in Mexico, and the public men live in excellent homes, their homes are filled with books—

and outside I found those who were uneducated—and between these two classes there was a great gap. They have no middle class to speak of. While that middle class is increasing, it is still very small, and I found that they are employing Americans on their railroads as conductors and engineers, and they told me it was because they had no middle class to draw from. The people who were competent to do this work were above it, and those who were willing to do it were not competent. They had to come to the United States to get the people to do the work. In Asia there is an immense gulf between the man who tills and the man who rules.

When you get to Europe you will find that the classes of society are not so far apart and yet even in Europe they have not the middle class as we have it here. It is not so easy for one of the Common People to rise to high positions in official, social or business life. In England I found that 2/3 of the land in all England is owned by members of the House of Lords and occupied as tenant farms. I pray that we may never have in this country the condition that they have in the old countries on the subject of land ownership and tenancy. I call your attention to the conditions in otherlands because I want to contrast the conditions in this country. We have such a middle class as no other country has. The Average man is the greatest Average Man in the world.

He is the important man, and in this country the Common People are THE people. Now some people are inclined to regard the phrase "The Common People" as a reflection. I want to convince you this afternoon that it is a complimentary phrase and that it is an honor to belong to the Common People. Lincoln said God must have loved the Common People because he made so many of them. The highest compliment that was ever paid to any class of people on earth was paid to the Common People. In all history there was never such a compliment paid to any class of people in all time as was paid to the Common People. For when Christ was preaching the gospel of brotherly love the Bible says that the Common People heard him gladly. And the Common People too are the only people who hear gladly anyone who pleads for human rights and for justice.

Now I want in the first place to show you how numerous the Common People are and then you will understand how important they are in this country. Who make up the Common People? In the first place I am going to put all the farmers in. And from these farms year after year comes the new blood that wins prominence in business, in professional life and in official life, and if there were no other people in this class but the farmer it would not only be a large class but a respectable class. I am going to add now the laboring men, those who toll in the cities. They stand in sympathy with those who toll on the farm. And when we have included the farmers and the laborers in the ranks of the Common People we have a body of people constituting more than half of our total population. I am going to put the merchants in for the merchants as a rule are in daily contact and communion with the farmer and the laboring man. I am going to put in the doctors. Of course there will be some specialists in the great cities who would not feel complimented, but most of the physicians would be glad to be part of the Common People. I think the doc-

[Continued on Page Four.]

PAINTS

Look's Annual School Book Sale

We are ready—Are You? We are ready with a large line of both new and second-hand school books and can supply books for any of the grades taught in the Lowell schools. The second-hand books are perfect as far as contents are concerned and we can supply them at

Money Saving Prices

and many of them are just as good as new ones. Remember we are headquarters for everything in the school supply line and can furnish all the pupil requires. Buy early and get the best selection of second-hand books. If you can't come with the children send them alone, we will see that they are properly looked after.

D. G. Look The Drug and Book Store.

AT LOOKS

RINGS

LARGEST and most beautiful assorted stock of Diamonds and Set rings ever shown in Lowell. Our prices are positively lower than quoted in any of the city stores and the quality guaranteed second to none. Diamonds have gone up in value since we bought and our values are bound to be noticed.

R. D. Stocking, Jeweler

Lowell, Michigan

Ask to hear September records.

The "New Process" The Stove for Summer Cooking



The Improved "NEW PROCESS" vapor stove, is the original evaporating stove that has revolutionized the gasoline stove business. For many years it has demonstrated its superiority over every other stove, in safety, simplicity and economy of operation, and has won for itself a place in the hearts and homes of many thousands of women, whose burdens have been made lighter and lives happier by its use. The stove can be instantly started in operation; turn the valve wheel and apply the match; the stove is ready for work. The ovens are constructed the same as gas ranges, which have an enviable reputation for perfect baking.

The "NEW PROCESS" solves the problem of economical cooking in all country homes where gas for fuel cannot be obtained, giving the user every advantage, convenience and comfort which the use of gas stoves and other modern appliances afford. We have the sale of these stoves and invite you to call and see them demonstrated.

Scott Hardware Co.

"Why Burn Poor Coal?"

When the best is to be obtained at

EARL HUNTER'S

Phone 127 Office in Williams' store. WOOD AND COAL

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Ladner of Bostwick Lake visited Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Atwater yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Muir of Rockford spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Beebe.

SERIAL STORY

THE HOUSE OF A THOUSAND CANDLES

By MEREDITH NICHOLSON
Author of "THE MAIN CHANCE," "ZELDA DAMERON," Etc.

Copyright 1906 by House-Martin Co.
CHAPTER XXIII.—Continued.

"Try it again," I heard Larry admonish him, "try that once more, and the God, God bless it! will never feel the delicate imprint of your web-feet again!"

He turned the man about and rushed him toward the house, the revolver still serving as a prod. His flight gave heart to the wary invaders immediately behind him and two fellows, urged and led by Morgan, charged our line at a smart pace.

"Boit for the front door," I called to Larry, and Stoddard and I closed in after him to guard his retreat.

"They're not shooting," called Stoddard. "You may be sure they've had their orders to capture the house with us little row as possible."

We were now near the edge of the wood, with the open meadow and water tower at our backs, while Larry was making good time toward the house.

"Let's not wait for them here," shouted Stoddard.

Morgan was advancing with a club in his hand, making directly for me, two men at his heels, and the rest veering off toward the wall of St. Agatha's.

"Watch the house," I yelled to the chaplain, and then, on the edge of the wood Morgan came at me furiously, swinging his club over his head, and in a moment we were heading away at a merry rate. We both had revolvers strapped to our waists, but I had no intention of drawing mine unless in extremity. At my right Stoddard was busy keeping off Morgan's personal guard, who seemed reluctant to close with the clergyman.

I have been, in my day, something of a fence, and my knowledge of the folk stood me in good stead now. With a tremendous thrust I knocked Morgan's club flying over the snow, and, as we grappled, Bates yelled from the house. I quickly found that Morgan's wounded arm was still tender. He flinched at the first grapple, and his anger got the better of his judgment. We kicked up the snow at a great rate as we fought and dragged each other about. He caught hold of my belt with one hand and with a great wrench nearly dragged me from my feet, but I pinioned his arms and beat him backward, then, by a trick Larry had taught me, flung him upon his side.

Meanwhile Bates continued to call lustily from the house.

"Come on at my cost," shouted Stoddard, putting himself between me and the men who were flying to Morgan's aid.

"Shoot, you fools, shoot!" howled Morgan, and as we started across the open meadow and ran toward the house a shotgun roared back of us and backshot snarled and rattled on the stone of the water tower.

"There's the sheriff," called Stoddard behind me.

The officer and his deputy ran into the park from the gate of St. Agatha's, while the rest of Morgan's party were striking the wall to join them.

"Stop or I'll shoot," yelled Morgan, and I felt Stoddard pause in his impetuous stride to throw himself between me and the pursuers.

"Sprit for it, hot," he called very coolly, as though he was catching me in a contest of the most amiable sort imaginable.

"Get away from these guns," I panted, answered by the very generosity of his defense.

"Front for the front door and then run for the terrace and the library door," he commanded as we crossed the little raving bridge. "They're not as headed off."

Two of the guns boomed behind us, and twice I saw shot cut into the snow about me.

"I'm all right," called Stoddard, reassuringly, still at my back. "They're not a bit anxious to kill me."

I was at the top of my speed now, but the chaplain kept close at my heels. I was blowing hard, but he made equal time with perfect ease.

"Now for the sheriff—here we go!" cried Stoddard—beside me—when we were close to the fringe of trees that shielded the entrance. Then off we veered suddenly to the left, close upon the terrace, where one of the French windows was blown open and Larry and Bates stepped out, urging us on with lusty cries.

"They caught us by the arms and dragged us over where the balustrade was lowest, and we crowded through the door and slammed it. As Bates snatched the bolts Morgan's party discharged their combined artillery and withdrew across the ravine toward the lake.

CHAPTER XXIV.

The Fight in the Library.

It was nearly 11 o'clock when the attacking party returned after a parley on the ice behind the boat house. The fear of us were on the terrace ready for them. They came snarling through

the wood, the sheriff and Morgan slightly in advance of the others. I expected them to slacken their pace when they came to the open meadow, but they broke into a quick trot at the water tower and came toward the house as steady as veteran campaigners.

"Looks like business this time!" exclaimed Larry. "Spread out now and the first head that looms over the balustrade gets a dose of hickory."

The attacking party now divided, half halting between us and the bridge and the remainder swinging around the house toward the front entrance.

"Ah, look at that!" yelled Larry. "It's a battering ram they have. O man of peace! have I your Majesty's consent to try the elephant guns now?"

Morgan and the sheriff carried between them a stick of timber from which the branches had been cut, and, with a third man to help, they ran it up the steps and against the door with a crash that came booming and echoing back through the great halls of the house.

A gun roared again at the side of the house, and I ran to the library, where Larry had pushed furniture against all the long windows save one, which he held open. He stepped out upon the terrace and emptied a revolver at the men who were now creeping along the edge of the ravine beneath us. One of them stopped and discharged a rifle at us with deliberate aim. The ball snapped snow from the balustrade and screamed away harmlessly.

"Bak, such monkeys!" he muttered. "I believe I've hit that chap!" One man had fallen and lay howling in the ravine, his hand to his thigh, while his comrades paused, demoralized.

"Serves you right, you blackguard!" Larry muttered.

I pulled him in and we jammed a



By a Trick Larry Had Taught Me I Threw Him.

cabinet against the door and returned to the hall.

Meanwhile the blows at the front door continued with increasing violence. Stoddard still stood where I had left him. Bates was not in sight, but the barking of a revolver above showed that he had returned to the window to wreak vengeance on his enemies.

Stoddard shook his head in deprecation.

"They fired first—we can't do bats (men get back at them)," I said, between the blows of the battering ram.

A panel of the great open door now splintered, but in their fear that we might use the broken panel as a loophole, they scrambled out into a charge of Bates' revolver. In return we heard a rain of small shot on the upper windows, and a few seconds later Larry shouted that the banding party was again at the terrace.

This movement evidently heartened the sheriff, for, under a fire from Bates, his men charged again and the log crashed into the door, shaking it free from the upper hinges. The low of lanterns were wrenched loose an instant later, and the men came tumbling into the hall—the sheriff, Morgan and four others I had never seen before. Simultaneously the banding party began smashing the small panels of the library windows. We could hear the glass crack and tinkle above the confusion at the door.

In the hall he was certainly a lanky man who held to his weapon a moment after the door tumbled in. I hated at the sheriff with my revolver, but he stumbled and half fell at the threshold, so that the ball passed over him, and he promptly slipped me by the legs and had me prone and half dazed by the rap of my head on the floor.

I suppose I was two or three minutes at least getting my wits. I was first conscious of Bates grappling with the sheriff, who sat upon me, and as they struggled with each other I got the full benefit of their combined, swerving, tossing weight. Morgan and Larry were trying for a chance at each other with revolvers, while Morgan backed the Irishman slowly toward the library. Stoddard had seized one of the unknown deputies by the col-

lar and gave him a tremendous swing jerking him high in the air and driving him against another invader with a blow that knocked both fellows spinning into a corner.

"Come on to the library!" shouted Larry, and Bates, who had got me to my feet, pushed me down the hall to ward the open library door.

We were now between two fires. The sheriff's party had fought valiantly to keep us out of the library, and now that we were within, Stoddard's big shoulders held the door half closed against the combined strength of the men in the hall. This pause was fortunate, for it gave us an opportunity to deal singly with the fellows who were clubbing in from the terrace. Bates had laid one of them low with a club and Larry disposed of another who had made a murderous effort to stick a knife into him. I was with Stoddard against the door, where the sheriff's men were slowly gaining upon me.

"Let go on the jump when I say three," said Stoddard, and at his word we sprang away from the door and into the room. Larry yelled with joy as the sheriff and his men pitched forward and sprawled upon the floor; then we were at it again in a hand-to-hand conflict to clear the room.

"Hold that position, sir," yelled Bates.

Morgan had directed the attack against me and I was driven upon the hearth before the great fireplace. The sheriff, Morgan and Ferguson hemmed me in. It was evident that I was the chief culprit, and they wished to eliminate me from the contest. Across the room, Larry, Stoddard and Bates were engaged in a lively rough and tumble with the rest of the besiegers, and Stoddard, seeing my plight, leaped the overturned table, broke past the trio and stood by my side, swinging a chair.

At that moment my eyes, sweeping

the broken enter doors, saw the face of Pickering. He had come to see that his orders were obeyed, and I remember yet my satisfaction, as hemmed in by the men he had hired to kill me or drive me out, I felt, rather than saw, the cowardly horror depicted upon his face.

Then the trio pressed upon me. As I threw down my club and drew my revolver, some one across the room fired several shots, whose rear through the room seemed to arrest the fight for an instant, and then, while Stoddard stood at my side swinging his chair defensively, the great chandelier, loosened or broken by the shots, fell with a splashy crash of its crystal pendants. The sheriff, leaping away from Stoddard's chair, was struck on the head and borne down by the heavy glass.

We were all getting our second wind for a renewal of the fight, with Morgan in command of the enemy. One or two of his men, who had gone down early in the struggle, were now crawling back for revenge. I think I must have raised my hand and pointed at Pickering, for Bates wheeled like a flash and before I realized what happened he had dragged the executor into the room.

"You scoundrel—you ingrate!" bawled the servant.

The blood on his face and bare chest and the hatred in his eyes made him a ghastly object; but in that full of the storm while we waited, watching for an advantage, I heard, somewhere in the wall, that same sound of footsteps that I had remarked before. Larry and Stoddard heard it; Bates heard it, and his eyes fixed upon Pickering with a glare of malicious delight.

"There comes our old friend, the ghost," yelled Larry.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Out of the Vision.

"In the olden times it is said that it was possible for a man to render himself invisible."

"Pshaw! That's not at all remarkable! Men in this country are doing it every day."

"You don't say so! How do they manage it?"

"By marrying famous women!"—Smith's Weekly.

NOT THE TIME TO STOP.

Manager Saw the Possibilities in the Situation.

Jim Johnstone, the famous baseball umpire, said recently in New York that baseball crowds were far kinder to umpires than they used to be.

"This is true of theater crowds," said Mr. Johnstone. "Why, with provincial touring companies in the past, maltreatment was regularly expected. In fact, the companies profited by it in more ways than one."

"I know of a company that was playing 'The Broken Vow' in Paint Rock, a one night stand. The audience didn't like 'The Broken Vow,' and eggs, cabbage and potatoes rained upon the stage.

"Still the play went on. The hero raved through his endless speeches, dodging an onion or a baseball every other minute, and pretty soon from those missiles that he hadn't been able to dodge.

"But finally a gallery auditor in a paroxysm of rage and scorn hurled a heavy boot, and the actor, thoroughly alarmed, started to retreat.

"Keep on playing, you fool," hissed the manager from the wings, as he hooked in the boot with an umbrella. "Keep on till we get the other one."

PRESCRIPTIONS IN LATIN.

The Public Should Have Them Translated by the Druggists.

What virtue is there in the secrecy with which the doctor hedges about his profession?

"Professional etiquette" occupies a prominent place in the curriculum of every medical school, and when strictly analyzed "professional etiquette" seems to mean "doing what is best for the doctor, individually and collectively."

Among the things that "is best for the doctor" is the writing of his prescriptions in Latin, and thus keeping the public in ignorance not only of what it is taking for its ills, but forcing a call upon the doctor each time a prescription is needed.

In plain and unadorned English the writing of prescriptions in Latin makes business for the doctors.

Let us say that you have the ague. You had it last year and the year before. Each time you have visited the doctor and he has prescribed for you—in Latin. You have never known what he has given you for the disease, and so each time you are forced to go to him again and give him an opportunity to repeat his prescription—in Latin, and his fee—in dollars.

If you ask the doctor why he uses Latin in writing his prescriptions, why he writes "agua" when he means water, he will give you a technical dissertation on the purity of the Latin language, and the fact that all words are derived from it, etc. It will be a dissertation that you may not be able to answer, but it will hardly convince you.

It would be a good thing for the public to devise a little code of ethics of its own; ethics that will be "a good thing for the public individually and collectively."

Let us apply one of the rules of this code of ethics to you, the individual.

You call in the physician when you have the ague, the grippe, or any of the other ills to which human flesh is heir, and which you may have again some day. The doctor prescribes—in Latin, and you take this, to you, meaningless scribble to the druggist to have it compounded. Right here is where you come in, if you are wise. Say to the druggist that you want a translation of that prescription. It is your privilege to know what you are taking. While the doctor's code of ethics may not recognize this right it is yours just the same.

With the translated prescription in your possession you have two distinct advantages. You know what you are taking, and should you wish to call some other doctor at some time you will be able to tell him what drugs you have been putting into your system, and also if you should have the same disease again you can save yourself a visit to the doctor, and his fee, by taking this translated prescription to the druggist once more and having it refilled.

Jerome on Colored Evidence.

District Attorney Jerome, of New York, said one day of a piece of suspicious evidence:

"It is evidence that has been tampered with, colored. It is like the lady's report of her physician's prescription."

"A lady one day in July visited her physician. The man examined her and said:

"Madam, you are only a little run down. You need frequent baths and plenty of fresh air, and I advise you to dress in the coolest, most comfortable clothes—nothing stiff or formal."

"When she got home her husband asked her what the physician had said. The lady replied:

"He said I must go to the seashore, do plenty of automobiling, and get some new summer gowns."

Great Discovery Announced.

Sir William Crookes, as a result of his own researches and the experiments of Professors Krowalski and Mosecki, of Freiburg university, has discovered a process of extracting nitric acid from the atmosphere. The process is available for commercial, industrial and agricultural purposes, and is expected to revolutionize the nitrate industry and the world's food problem.

Where Russia Is Behind.

England has 144 churches for every 100,000 people. In Russia there are only 55 churches for a similar number.

COW ATE DYNAMITE

AND FOR A TIME THERE WAS CHAOS ON THE FARM.

Peculiar Diet of Bovine Simply Unsuspected Everything—Caused Labor Complication Among Other Things.

Queer demands are coming from the farmers on the line of the new aqueduct, says the New York Times.

A claim for "one dynamited cow" was settled the other day. When the claim reached the controller it called for \$425. The controller turned it over to the board of water supply, which in turn sent Engineer Charles E. Davis to investigate. The claimant was John McCauley, of Brown's station, Uster county. The engineering force had been at work near his place. The claim, he said, included the trampling down of growing grain.

"Was the cow blown up?" asked the engineer.

"Not exactly," said the claimant, "but she scared us all to death. You see, one of the engineers had left a stick of dynamite in a field and the cow ate it. She probably thought it was an ear of corn or something. You know how hard it is to get any hired men in this section. Why, the department of agriculture has sent out circulars telling the farmer how to get over the labor difficulty. I've got one of them up to the house."

"Well, some of the help I have had read that circular that was lying about the house, and then they kicked for more pay. There was Ed and John—"

"What's that got to do with the cow?" asked the investigator.

"Well, I was telling my story in my own way. You see, labor is scarce, and I had got that darned circular locked up in a closet, and I was hoping to keep Bill with me for a little, when Bill and I was walking through that field toward the cow. We saw her eating something and we didn't mistrust anything until we got up close to her just as the end of the stick was sticking out of her mouth, and I saw what it was."

"What's she eating?" asked Bill. "I didn't feed her anything."

"Bill," says I, "if there's one thing of which I wouldn't suspect you it's work. I know darn well you didn't feed that cow anything, but she's fed herself," says I, "and it's darned hot stuff," says I.

"Bill he looked a little queer."

"What is it?" says he.

"Dynamite," says I.

"My God," says he.

"He stood still for so long a time that I thought he wasn't afraid. All of a sudden the cow turned and walked toward him."

"Drive her off; we'll both be killed," says Bill, picking up a big stone.

"Don't you do it," says I; "she'll explode. She's full of dynamite, and the slightest jolt'll set her off."

"Bill began to laugh—half laugh and half cry, you know, like a lady summer boarder I once had who found a real under her bed when she was looking for a man. Then I says:

"Bill, it's up to you to do something."

"Why is it up to me?" says he. "You own the cow."

"That's just it," says I. "I own the cow and you are working for the man that owns her."

"Bill gave me a look. Then he says:

"Well, I ain't working for him no longer," says he, and with that he cut across the fields without waiting for his wages."

"Well, my family and I stayed that night at the home of my brother, five miles away, to make sure of being safe. In the morning I went back to the farm and found that the cow was dead. The dynamite had poisoned her. John Wilkey, the dare devil of the neighborhood, carried off the body for \$10."

The engineer found upon questioning the forces in the neighborhood that a stick of dynamite had disappeared. So he settled for \$150. The farmer took the money.

"Say," he said, "you know I pay a telephone in my house. Day before yesterday Bill called me up."

"Say," says he, "is that cow dead? If she is I'm coming back for my wages."

"You'll get no wages," says I."

Sermon in a Few Words.

We are very much impressed by something we saw and heard while passing along the street a few evenings since. A young girl was standing in front of a store, and near her, with a hand-dog expression on his face, was a young stripling of a boy. As we passed the two, the girl said to the boy: "Any one who speaks of my father as 'the old man' is not worthy of my respect." From the tone of her voice, we knew that the girl spoke from the impulse of a moment, but there was a whole sermon in her utterance. We don't know the girl, but she lives she will develop into a noble womanhood, and the world will be the better for her having lived in it. And the boy, if he has any redeeming qualities in him, will profit by the lesson given him in that one sentence.—Harrington Chronicle.

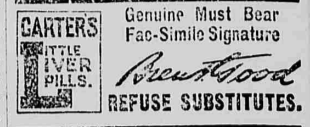
Misleading Similarity.

Musical Enthusiast—How faithfully reproduce those phonograph records produce sounds! Just come over here and listen to these selections from Wagner.

Manager—Beg pardon, miss, but them's the records of "Sounds in a Day."

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Headaches, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.



SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear Face-Simile Signature

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Sure to Have One.

Lincoln Steffens, in an address on municipal politics, said in Chicago of a certain city:

"That city is as notorious for its rottenness as the town of Pebbles is notorious for another characteristic."

"Here is an incident that will give you an idea of the reputation of Pebbles."

"On a train one day a man rushed into a car, held up his hand for attention, and shouted excitedly:

"Anybody here who belongs to Pebbles?"

"Aye, I do," said a small, dry old fellow calmly.

"Then," said the other, "lend us yer corkscrew."

She Experimented.

A little girl of five was taken to church one Sunday, and listened with unexpected attention to the sermon, which graphically told the story of the stilling of the tempest on the Sea of Galilee, and how Christ walked on the waves. In the afternoon her mother missed her and began an anxious search of the house. As she heard the bathroom she heard sounds of splashing, and hurried to the door to behold a small, excited face peering over the rim of the big white tub, and to hear a small, excited voice exclaim: "Say, mamma, this walking on the water is quite a trick."

Time to Fly.

The trust magnate leaped up from the banquet table and made a divo for his 100-mile-an-hour automobile.

"Hold on!" cried the astonished toastmaster. "Won't you wait for us to serve the dessert?"

"No," replied the nervous magnate; "I just saw a suspicious face loom up at the window. The next thing served will be a process."

And telling his chauffeur to put on full speed the wealthy fugitive headed for the next state.

Pointed Conversation.

"Jack, I am going away."

"Going away, Madge?"

"Yes, going away. But before I go I have something to say to you."

"Something to say to me, little wife?"

"Yes, something to say to you. Don't send me any poker stories in lieu of the weekly remittance. That'll be about all."

Evil of Tipping System.

Although there is a great effort made to keep secret the thefts in hotels and restaurants in New York, it is quite evident they are on a rapid increase. The manager of a large restaurant says the system of having servants depend almost entirely upon patrons for their pay lowers their moral standard and causes them to look on those they are supposed to serve as their legitimate prey.

Not What She Wanted.

Lawyer—Yes, my dear young lady, you have a perfect case. If you wish, I can secure you a divorce without publicity in six months.

Young Lady—But, my dear sir, you don't understand at all. I am an actress.

You must love your work and not be always looking over the edge of it wanting your play to begin.—George Eliot.

FEET OUT.

She Had Curious Habits.

When a person has to keep the feet out from under cover during the coldest nights in winter because of the heat and prickly sensation, it is time that coffee, which causes the trouble, be left off.

There is no end to the nervous conditions that coffee will produce. It shows in one way in one person and in another way in another. In this case the lady lived in S. Dak. She says:

"I have had to lie awake half the night with my feet and limbs out of the bed on the coldest nights, and felt afraid to sleep for fear of catching cold. I had been troubled for years with twitching and jerking of the lower limbs, and for most of the time I have been unable to go to church or to lectures because of that awful feeling that I must keep on the move."

"When it was brought to my attention that coffee caused so many nervous diseases, I concluded to drop coffee and take Postum Food Coffee to see if my trouble was caused by coffee drinking."

"I only drank one cup of coffee for breakfast but that was enough to do the business for me. When I quit it my troubles disappeared in an almost miraculous way. Now I have no more of the jerking and twitching and can sleep with any amount of bedding over me and sleep all night, in sound, peaceful rest."

"Postum Food Coffee is absolutely worth its weight in gold to me."

"There's a Reason." Read the little health classic, "The Road to Well-vile," in 1893.

How She Managed

By M. Vaughn

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

The Hopkins were holding an indignation meeting.

"All the family," Mother Hopkins said, but all the "family" were not represented.

There was Tom and his wife Jerusha and Melinda and Sophia and their husbands. But John and John's wife Claribel, where were they? Ah, there on my story hinges.

This indignation meeting was all on account of John's wife and John's extravagance.

"I knowed it," wailed Mother Hopkins. "I knowed it all the time, just as well as I do now. Jerusha always sed so an' I told John so afore he was married."

"Upland farms don't yield sech big profits that a man can afford hangin' lamps and chiry dishes and the like," suggested Sophia.

"John's wife signed \$30 to the minister's salary for next year," said Jerusha.

"Well, now," remarked Father Hopkins, "it's my private opinion, publicly expressed, that you're all a-meddlin' with what don't concern ye."

"Ain't we, as a family, consarned in actions that's threatenin' rewinatin' to one of its members?" demanded mother.

"I don't see no rewinatin a-threatenin' of anybody," replied father.

"Well, if it keeps on, John'll be bankrupt er suthin', and we'd jest better take the matter in hand and give 'em a warnin' word afore it's forever too late. Mebbe he's borrowin' money for all this," suggested Jerusha.

And then they discussed the matter, as to who John had probably borrowed money of, and how much, and whether he would be likely to give a "mortgage" or not.

But as all things must come to an end, so did this indignation meeting.



"Nothing New!" Shouted Jerusha.

and the "children" departed one by one, until father and mother were left alone.

"Father," said mother, "if John comes over here to-morrow, you jest ask him if he's been borrowin' of any money, and where, and how much, and how and when he ever expects to pay it back, at the rate they've been carryin' on. If you don't, I'll do it myself the very first time I see him, and I shan't be 'mealy-mouthed' about it, neither; you know that."

Yes, father knew that. And if John really was elected to be questioned, he felt that the better way was to question him himself.

Accordingly, when John came by the next day on his way to town, Father Hopkins went out and asked to be taken as a "passenger."

John gave a most willing assent, and they drove off together.

All the way the old man was haunted by the thought of the unpleasant task set before him. And John, on his part, wondered what made his father so fidgety and absent-minded.

On the way home John said:

"I have some oysters in that paper pall, father; be careful not to upset it. They are for poor old Granny Phelps; and those oranges you saw me buying are for little hunch-back Sandy. Claribel was down there yesterday, and she was so struck by their poverty that she charged me to 'get something good for those poor people.'"

Father Hopkins felt that now was the time to broach the hated subject, and while inwardly he writhed under the task, yet putting on a brave face, he said in a meek tone:

"And I heard down to town that Claribel had clothed them two young-uns of Widder Nelson's, and started 'em to school, 'sides buyin' their books for 'em.'"

John admitted that such was the case.

"John," said the old man, a little nervous quaver in his voice, "John, ye he'n't agoin' in a life too deep, be ye? Ye're doin' a powerful sight of good, but it must cost a heap o' money for plain farmers. I s'pose, John, ye know yer own bizness, of course, but mother's agittin' a mite

anxious, and wonders— Here the old man made a dash at the oyster bucket, which in his nervousness he had nearly kicked over. "She wonders if ye're a-havin' to borry money."

"No, father, I've borrowed no money, for, to tell the truth, I've not paid for what I've got," answered John, while he looked away to hide the merriment that danced in his eyes.

"I wouldn't a-b'lieved it!" cried the old man aghast. "I b'lieve in charity, but 'charity begins at home,' as the sayin' is, and if you ain't a-payin' for 'em, John, why, somebody has got to lose 'em."

"No, nobody shall lose. Claribel pays for them serself. Don't worry, father, it's all right," and the young man's honest blue eyes smiled down into the old man's dim ones in such a straightforward way, that his heart was set at rest.

"I told mother I was sure it was. But—well—some of the rest had got 'er skeered, and she was bound ter know."

"Yes, Jerusha goes about agitatin' the matter more than anyone else. She don't want to do Claribel any injury, but she can't keep her tongue still. She'd be a pretty good woman if she didn't talk so much, and do so much looking after other people's affairs."

"Claribel pays for 'em!" exclaimed Jerusha, "jest a poor minister's darter; she hadn't no money of her own. How does she make it? Hirit' her work done?" with a scornful laugh.

"It's like I've heard o' folks a-livin' off the interest of their debts."

During the next six weeks Jerusha "found out" and reported to the rest of the "family" how Claribel had declared that something must be done to bring in the many children of the village, who claimed Sunday as a legal holiday, and never dreamed of entering the dull Sunday school that the one little church in the village afforded.

Acting on this, she had purchased a juvenile library of 50 books, furnished Scripture text cards and papers, besides, on several occasions, meeting the excuses of some of the most unwilling ones by furnishing hat, shoes or mittens (as the case might require), amongst those she found in her searchings amongst the "highways and hedges. John had kept his own counsel, but a sharp lookout since his conversation with his father.

Until the last Sunday, Claribel, absorbed in her work, had not marked the avered looks and ominous glances in her direction, although they had been apparent to her husband.

But on that day, the little woman went home filled with dismay and sorely wounded in heart.

At church Sophia and Melinda had passed her by with a cool nod. Jerusha had been blind, so to speak, since "none are so blind as those who will not see."

"Now, little woman," said John, as they drove homeward, "your secret is bound to come out. I will have them all come to our house Tuesday evening, and you shall tell it yourself."

So Tuesday night found the "family" on their way to "John's."

Although hospitably received when they arrived at "John's" conversation seemed bound to lag. John suggested that if Claribel would "say her say," they might all "feel better."

So in a few words Claribel explained how it was. That she had once been a correspondent to several magazines, but had expected when she took charge of her own home to lay aside her literary work. But loving the work, and being impressed by the poverty in and about the village, also the lack of interest on the part of the children in school, Sunday school, or, in fact, anything good, she had resolved to again take up her pen, and by careful management she could put out a part of her work, and make much more than she could save by trying to do it all herself.

"I have bought some good books and a few pretty things for my house," said she, "although I have gotten nothing new to wear."

"Nothing new?" shouted Jerusha. "What did you have on in town last week? And what did you wear last Sunday?"

"In town I wore my lavender wedding dress, colored a dark blue; and on Sunday, a white Flemish tricet (the dress I graduated in), colored black," was the quiet answer. "I flatter myself that I have two very respectable suits from them. What I have given away cost me not over a hundred dollars, and I have saved as much more for ourselves; I—"

"I knowed it," yelled Father Hopkins, "unable to restrain himself longer. "I knowed it all the time, and I told you all so. But," turning to Claribel, "what made you so still about it?"

"Because I thought you would think me silly to suppose I could write anything worth publishin'; what I wrote seemed so insignificant to me that I did not want anyone I knew to read the wretched yarns I spun."

Then arose a babel of expostulations, explanations, apologies and congratulations.

And Claribel's guests left that night believing that through Claribel the name of Hopkins was certain to be immortalized.

DOES YOUR BACK ACHE?

Profit by the Experience of One Who Has Found Relief.

James R. Keeler, retired farmer, of Fenner St., Cazenovia, N. Y., says: "About fifteen years ago I suffered with my back and kidneys. I doctored and used many remedies without getting relief. Beginning with Doan's Kidney Pills, I found relief from the first box, and two boxes restored me to good, sound condition. My wife and many of my friends have used Doan's Kidney Pills with good results and I can earnestly recommend them."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.



GIFT NOT ALL A GIFT. Cencerosity That Was Purely the Result of Accident.

A missionary bishop told this story about F. Marion Crawford, the famous novelist:

"Mr. Crawford went to school," he said, "in Concord, and one day he was taken to call at a Concord clergyman's."

"The clergyman had a missionary box on his drawing room table, and time hanging heavily on the boy's hands, he amused himself with trying whether a silver dollar—it was all the money he had in the world, and he had converted it into that gigantic coin for safety—would go into the slit in the box's top.

"It was a close fit, but unfortunately it did go, and the coin slipped out of the clergyman's fingers. There was a terrible crash of silver falling among the coppers—and then the boy, as the novelists say, 'knew no more.'"

"When he came to himself he found the clergyman and his family in raptures over his generosity."

CHILDREN TORTURED. Girl Had Running Sores from Eczema—Bey Tortured by Poison Oak—Both Cured by Cuticura.

"Last year, after having my little girl treated by a very prominent physician for an obstinate case of eczema, I resorted to the Cuticura Remedies, and was so well pleased with the almost instantaneous relief afforded that we discarded the physician's prescription and relied entirely on the Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Pills. When we commenced with the Cuticura Remedies her feet and limbs were covered with running sores. In about six weeks we had her completely well, and there has been no recurrence of the trouble.

"In July of this year a little boy in our family poisoned his hands and arms with poison oak, and in twenty-four hours his hands and arms were a mass of torturing sores. We used only the Cuticura Remedies, and in about three weeks his hands and arms healed up. Mrs. Lizzie Vincent Thomas, Fairmont, Walden's Ridge Tenn., Oct. 13, 1905."

Born, Not Worn. Little Margaret's grandmother had written for a photograph of her namesake, the "baby." For material reasons it was advisable that the little girl should appear as well dressed as possible, and a cousin's new open-work dress was borrowed for the occasion. On being arrayed for the picture Margaret rushed to her father, crying: "Oh, father, just look! These ain't worn holes; they is born holes."—Harper's.

A Knock. "Jimmy," said the father, "there's a nip in your bathing suit. Go and sew it up."

"But papa," growled the boy, "mother will sew it for me."

"Never mind. I want you to learn to sew yourself. For," said the father, "some day you will get married, and then you won't have any mother—you will only have a wife."

Burglar's Pathetic Wail. A burglar arrested in London the other night remarked regretfully: "I knew the time when I could do 20 houses in two hours. But I am getting old."

A Base Insinuation.

"I hear the Neweds have had a dreadful quarrel and that the bride is talking of going home to her mother. What's the matter?"

"I believe one evening she got the supper from her cooking school recipes, and when the boys in the neighborhood lost their ball in a hole under the fence, Mr. Newed gave them one of her biscuits to finish the game."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reliable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten-fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, contains no mercury, and its taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Reasonable Explanation.

"I wonder why a dog chases his tail?" "A sense of economy?" "Economy?" "Yes; can't you see he is trying to make both ends meet?"

Habits of Sperm Whale.

The sperm whale can remain below the surface for about 20 minutes at a time. Then it comes to the surface and breathes 50 or 60 times, taking about ten minutes to do so.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease. A certain cure for swollen, aching, hot, itching feet. At all Druggists, 25c. Accept no substitute. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Granite as Fertilizer.

The government bureau of Plant Industry finds that ground granite makes excellent fertilizer.

Does Your Head Ache?

If so, get a box of Krause's Headache Capsules of your Druggist, 25c. Norman Lighty Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Ia.

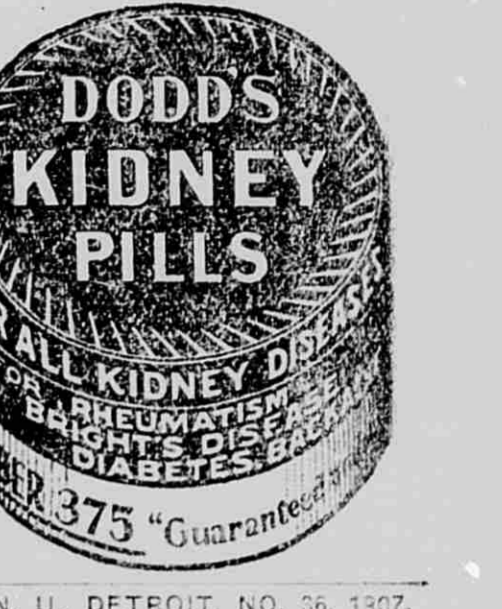
Lots of people manage to keep the truth pretty busy with its struggles to rise.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children, teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures whooping cough. Each bottle, 10c.

Painting is an art with some men—and a habit with some women.

Been Laid Away in Stockings.

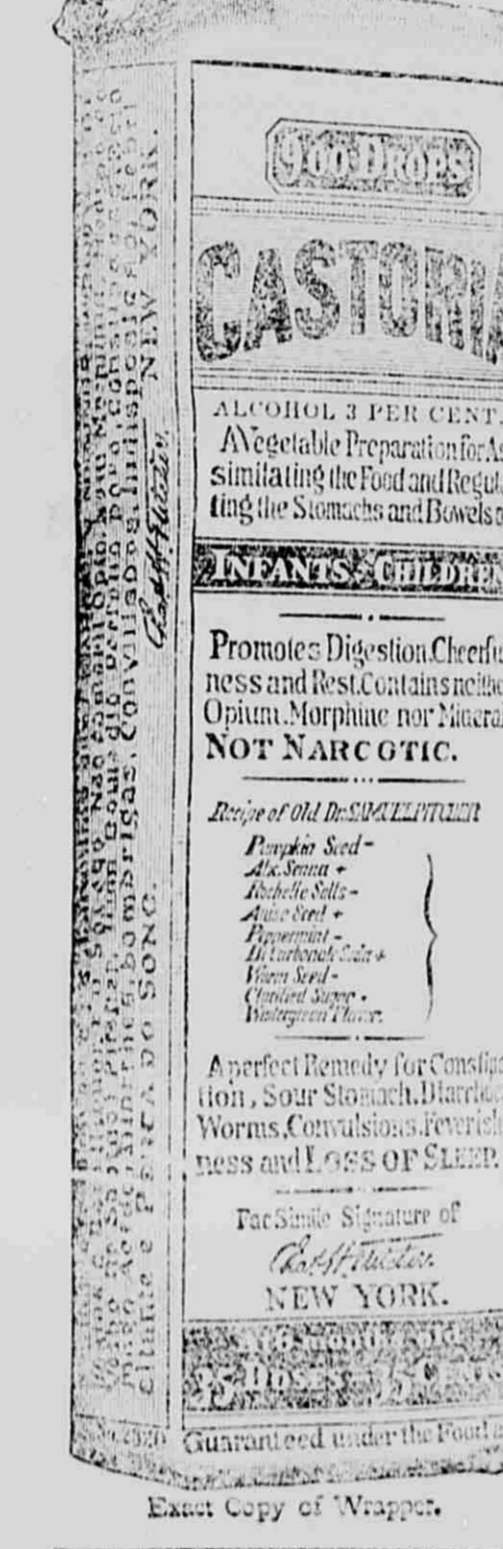
The Framingham (Man.) national bank has just received for redemption a note on the old Framingham bank, which was the predecessor of the present national bank. The note is dated June 12, 1854, and is as crisp and clean as the day that it left the engraver's hands. The note will be kept as a souvenir.



W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 36, 1907.

Physicians Recommend Castoria

CASTORIA has met with pronounced favor on the part of physicians, pharmaceutical societies and medical authorities. It is used by physicians with results most gratifying. The extended use of Castoria is unquestionably the result of three facts: First—The indisputable evidence that it is harmless; Second—That it not only allays stomach pains and quiets the nerves, but assimilates the food; Third—It is an agreeable and perfect substitute for Castor Oil. It is absolutely safe. It does not contain any Opium, Morphine, or other narcotic and does not stupefy. It is unlike Soothing Syrups, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, etc. This is a good deal for a Medical Journal to say. Our duty, however, is to expose danger and record the means of advancing health. The day for poisoning innocent children through greed or ignorance ought to end. To our knowledge, Castoria is a remedy which produces composure and health, by regulating the system—not by stupefying it—and our readers are entitled to the information.—Hall's Journal of Health.



Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. B. Halstead Scott, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria often for infants during my practice, and find it very satisfactory."

Dr. William Belmont, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "Your Castoria stands first in its class. In my thirty years of practice I can say I never have found anything that so filled the place."

Dr. J. H. Taft, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria and found it an excellent remedy in my household and private practice for many years. The formula is excellent."

Dr. R. J. Hamlen, of Detroit, Mich., says: "I prescribe your Castoria extensively, as I have never found anything to equal it for children's troubles. I am aware that there are imitations in the field, but I always see that my patients get Fletcher's."

Dr. Wm. J. McCrann, of Omaha, Neb., says: "As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine, and aside from my own family experience I have in my years of practice found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home."

Dr. J. R. Clausen, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "The name that your Castoria has made for itself in the tens of thousands of homes blessed by the presence of children, scarcely needs to be supplemented by the endorsement of the medical profession, but I, for one, most heartily endorse it and believe it an excellent remedy."

Dr. R. M. Ward, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Physicians generally do not prescribe proprietary preparations, but in the case of Castoria my experience, like that of many other physicians, has taught me to make an exception. I prescribe your Castoria in my practice because I have found it to be a thoroughly reliable remedy for children's complaints. Any physician who has raised a family, as I have, will join me in heartiest recommendation of Castoria."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of



PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MORRIS DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois

MOTHERHOOD

The first requisite of a good mother is good health, and the experience of maternity should not be approached without careful physical preparation, as a woman who is in good physical condition transmits to her children the blessings of a good constitution.

Preparation for healthy maternity is accomplished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made from native roots and herbs, more successfully than by any other medicine because it gives tone and strength to the entire feminine organism, curing the displacements, ulcerations and inflammations, and the result is less suffering and more children healthy at birth. For more than thirty years



MRS. JAMES CHESTER For more than thirty years

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

has been the standby of American mothers in preparing for childbirth. Note what Mrs. James Chester, of 47 W. 35th St., New York says in this letter:—Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I wish every expectant mother knew about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. A neighbor who had learned of its great value at this trying period of a woman's life urged me to try it and I did so, and I cannot say enough in regard to the good it did me. I recovered quickly and am in the best of health now."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly a successful remedy for the peculiar weaknesses and ailments of women. It has cured almost every form of Female Complaints, Dragging Sensations, Weak Back, Falling and Displacements, Inflammation, Ulcerations and Organic Diseases of Women and is invaluable in preparing for Childbirth and during the Change of Life.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.00 & \$3.50 SHOES

BEST IN THE WORLD SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY. AT ALL PRICES. \$25,000 To any one who can prove W. L. Douglas does not make a soft shoe better than \$3 & \$3.50 shoes (than any other manufacturer).

THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy fitting, and means that wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each pair of the shoe, and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.

My \$4 Gift Edge and \$5 Gold Band Shoes cannot be equalled at any price. CAUTION! The genuine W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Fake W. L. substitutes. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, send direct to factory. Shoes sent everywhere by mail. Catalog free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

SPOT CASH ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY

ADRIAN, MICHIGAN Conducted by the Sisters of St. Dominick.

Beautifully situated. Rates very reasonable. For full Particulars address, MOTHER SUPERIOR



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the scalp. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to restore gray hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp itching and dandruff. Sold everywhere at 25c. per bottle.

DEFIANCE STARCH—The package contains 12 ounces—price and name same. "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY. Thompson's Eye Water

From Our Point of View

The prominence given to the Lowell Chautauqua and particularly to Bryan day by the city papers of the state, and the length at which the address was quoted and discussed, is evidence that the event was more appreciated abroad than by some people in this immediate vicinity. Particularly noticeable was the news report and neat editorial tribute to Mr. Bryan by the Grand Rapids Herald, whose president, Senator Smith, occupied a seat on the platform. Altogether, the Chautauqua has been a great advertiser for Lowell, bringing it prominently to the attention of the entire state. Aside from this, the patrons of the course have enjoyed an educational and spiritual uplift that will pay large dividends to memory throughout their lives. For all this the community is indebted to the promoter of the enterprise, Rev. Russell H. Bready, as well as for the fine church improvements, for which the earnings of the course will in a large measure pay.

LOWELL was greatly honored Tuesday by the presence upon its Chautauqua platform of William Jennings Bryan, twice the nominee of the Democratic party for president and easily the second man on the continent, one who has been honored by the nobility of the Old World, and who for oratorical ability has probably no superior. With him were Judson Harmon of Cincinnati, receiver for the Pere Marquette railroad and prominently mentioned in connection with the next presidential campaign; U. S. Senator William Alden Smith and Mayor Bible of Iowa. To have heard Bryan, Smith and Bible from the same platform on the same day was a privilege which will probably never be equalled in Lowell. Those who had it are to be congratulated.

RECENT excavations by American archeologists in the valley of the Euphrates have uncovered what is believed to be the oldest city in the world and reveal the fact that one town was built over the ruins of another. Inscriptions on bricks and pottery indicate a period of antiquity dating back from 2500 B. C. to 1800 B. C. Still further down on the desert level are found ruins believed to be 12,000 years old; and even at that remote period there is no reason to believe that human life and endeavor were new. Evidently the old chronologists who dated the creation at 4002 B. C. were badly at fault.

CONSISTENT with its attitude toward all enterprises for the public good during the fourteen years of its existence, THE LEDGER has given its cordial support to the Chautauqua movement. Such will always be its course toward worthy causes while it continues under the present ownership. We are not asking for any bonquets on this account; and only hope that such services may be placed in the balance against the occasional faults and shortcomings to which publishers like the rest of humanity are liable.

SENATOR SMITH'S brief impromptu address at the close of the Bryan meeting justified the confidence of his Lowell friends. His eloquent comparison of the river divided by the islands resulting in one majestic stream, with the union in one grand citizenship of those who are honestly divided by political issues, called forth deserved applause. William Alden has always proven his right to be classed with the "common people;" and Lowell people believe he will continue so, even in the American house of lords.

The beginning of a new school year is a suitable time for good resolutions on the part of pupils and parents, the former to make the most of their fleeting opportunities and the latter to assist the teachers by insisting upon regular and punctual attendance and diligent attention to studies. There is no more important business than the training of the young. Let us see to it that those who have it in hand are aided and encouraged by our co-operation and good will.

EVERY indication points to a good fall and winter trade. Big demand, high prices and active markets are good business breeders. Let every business man do his share in bringing the traffic to Lowell. No better magnet exists than the advertising columns of THE LEDGER.

REMEMBER, our townsman, William A. Watts, is a candidate for delegate to the Constitutional convention. Our good friend, Myron H. Walker, who has eminent qualifications for the work required, is on same ticket. Special election September 17.

PERHAPS an apology is due to Mr. Bryan for our fragmentary report of his address. His delivery often proved too rapid for our stenographer's limited practice; but respect to the great orator demanded the effort, and we believe our readers will appreciate it. With a few minor exceptions, omissions are marked by stars or double daggers.

THE great, warm heart of William Jennings Bryan was shown by his kind visit to Lowell's bed-ridden boy. He may never be president; but his place in the affections of the American people is secure.

SIGNIFICANT of the public pulse was the applause that followed Mr. Bryan's declaration that imprisonment rather than fines should be the punishment of promoters of criminal trusts.

LIKE many other business failures, the Belding-Hall collapse seems to be due in a measure to use of company funds in outside speculations. The lesson is obvious.

THERE is more in life than what one can eat, drink and wear. Patrons of the Chautauqua found some of it.

TWO BARN STRUCK.

M. L. Bailey Suffers \$2000 Loss and McGee Barn was Damaged.

M. L. Bailey's large barn in Vergennes was struck by lightning and burned to the ground with most of its contents during the thunderstorm early Sunday morning, the loss amounting to \$2,000 and total insurance being about \$1,500. The farm tools were saved but a horse was killed by the lightning and large quantities of hay and grain were burned.

Richard McGee's barn was struck during the same storm but no fire resulted though the rafters were split.

LOWELL-SARANAC TIE

Deciding Game of Series Not Played Out.

The Labor Day game between Lowell and Saranac was called at the end of tenth inning, with the score a tie, because of Bryan's speech at Island Park. The agreement was made beforehand that the game should be called at 4:00 o'clock. The score was even 4 and 4 at the close of the tenth inning, and the crowd was anxious for the game to continue but the management said No!

Saranac started the fun by getting two runs in the first inning. A. Haskins was hit, Leon singled, and Brock got a free pass. All this, combined with Burman's errors on second, allowed two scores, neither of which were earned.

The home team started their run-getting in the third, when Pomeroy reached first on A. Haskin's error, after Watson had rolled out. Speaker followed with a clean two-bagger, scoring the runner. Rasmus and Burman were each there with a single and brought Speaker to the plate. This left the score three and two.

Holiday started the fourth with a nice two-sacker. Kelly reached first on Haskins error and took second on another error, where Lehman got first.

Watson took first on another bad error by short and both men scored. This made the count 4 and 3 in Lowell's favor. The visitors got another in the eighth, when Speaker let Brock walk. Then Lane got a single, Lowrey was hit and the run was forced in. The count was held to a tie until the tenth inning, when the game was called.

Score by Innings:
R. H. E.
Saranac 2 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 4 4 3
Lowell 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 4 4 7
Struck out by Speaker 19, by Kench 5, hits off Speaker 5, off Kench 7—Empire—Wleck.

Portland defeated Lowell in a poorly played game at Portland by a 4 to 1 score. Blume pitched for Lowell.

MANHATTANS BEATEN.

The fast Manhattan team of Grand Rapids was shut out Saturday, with the count 4 to 0. Collar and Kelly formed the winning battery.

G. E. L.

Churches And Societies.

METHODIST.

Methodist Episcopal church next Sunday is the last Sunday of the Conference year. 10:30 A. M. public worship and sermon by the pastor, subject "Looking Backward and Forward;" Sunday school at noon, 7:30 P. M. evening worship and address, subject: "Some Ideas I Discovered in William Jennings Bryan."

Vergennes M. E. Church.

Bailey church. Next Sunday is the last Sunday of the Conference year. services at 2:30 P. M. Sermon by the pastor. Announcements will be made at this service of the plans for next year.

SOCIETIES.

Special communication Cyclamen chapter No. 91, O. E. S., Friday evening, Sept. 6. Degree work.

Lowell Union W. C. T. U. will hold its annual basket picnic at Island Park Saturday afternoon, Sept. 7. Mrs. Lambertson of Orleans will be here to organize a Loyal Temperance Legion. All are invited, children especially.

"OUR OLD HOME PAPER."

Grand Rapids, Aug. 30.
Friend Johnson:—
Enclosed find \$1.00 for Ledger. We leave Saturday, 7. '07 for our western trip, and cannot do without our old town paper. Please send until further notice to Beniah, Wyoming, Crook Co. We will send you something for your paper later.
E. D. Wright.

Bryan, Harmon, Bible and Smith Honor Lowell Labor Day.

(Continued From Page One.)



MAYOR BIBLE.

tors belong to the Common People. I am going to put the lawyers in. These lawyers are the leaders and the moulders of public opinion. When it comes to newspaper men I find some difficulty because while all of the weekly newspapers and the smaller dailies and their editors and operators and owners come into the class of the Common People there are some of our big dailies that I cannot put in because I cannot tell who owns the paper. Leaving out these I can say that nearly all our newspaper men belong to the Common People. Well, that makes the class pretty large. Then I am going to put the teachers in. The teachers belong to the Common People—they are the children of the Common People, when they are ready to teach they teach the children of the Common people. I am going to put the ministers in. There may be a few occupying rich pulpits who would want to be left out, but the great majority of our preachers and our priests are very close to the Common People. They rejoice with them when they rejoice and they weep with them when they weep and they are part and parcel of the Common People. With every step in advance you find the spiritual adviser working in harmony with his flock. Now I have put in nearly all of the important classes. I might enlarge it by saying that travelling men belong and the operators of our railroads belong and a great many of our financiers, but I am going to leave the door open and let any of them come who want to.

It don't depend on how much money a man has whether he belongs to the Common People. It depends not upon his purse but upon his sympathy. Jefferson's sympathies were with the Common People, and he asked nothing for himself that he would not ask for every other human being.

and yet among the Common People you will find differences of opinion. People talk about harmony in a party. We cannot have absolute harmony in any party that has as many as two people in it. You cannot get two people together and let them talk but you will find that one is more radical than the other. If you did not have the conservative the radical would go too fast, and if you didn't have the radical the conservative wouldn't go at all. One was Thomas Jefferson the other was Alexander Hamilton. The country was fortunate in having two great big leaders. It was perhaps fortunate that they did not think alike. The discussion between and their followers led to the study of the very principles of government.

Jefferson trusted the people. Hamilton rather distrusted them. His plan provided for a president and senate elected for life. It was refused at the time and it would be more unpopular today than it was then. What would you think today of the proposition that we would have a president elected for life? If we had a president holding for life what chance would there be of a man of my age coming to the presidency?

You couldn't find people today in favor of electing a president for life. No one has ever been. And what would you think of the election of senators for life as Hamilton proposed it?

The most popular reform is that which calls for election of senators by the Common People. I have watched the growth of this reform with intense interest.

I never think much of these systems that they try to build up so that they can get the president out of reach. They always want to build up some kind of a system between the people and their representatives but I believe that the Average Man trust the people and want to bring the government near to the people.

I still believe that the democracy is the most just and a government that rests upon the affections of the people is the best government that you can possibly have, the strongest government and the wisest government.

What is the object of the primaries? It is to bring the control of parties into the hands of the voters of the party. "Initiative" and "Referendum" are terms that are used to describe the systems that are intended to bring the government nearer to the people. We have conditions to meet that our forefathers did not have to meet. We have the great corporation today that was unknown in the beginning. God didn't make the trust.

All over this land they are demanding the initiative and referendum. I believe that the greatest contest today in this country is between the Common People—the Average Man—and these combinations of wealth and I thank the President for the fact that he has called the attention to this unequal conflict.

If you will take up the question upon which the people are acting and about which they are thinking you will find that the Common People have interest on one side and wealth has interest on the other side. In time of war our government can take the husband from the wife, a father from a child, and put him in front of a gun, but it cannot make wealth pay its share of the expenses of the government. I believe the Common people will soon be able to deal with the trusts. We do not know what the completed life of our president will show but I believe he has done one thing of tremendous importance to the American people. He has called attention to the ethics of money-making and to the swindlers of this country. I will be grateful to the President that he has called attention to what is going on in this country. Senator Beveridge made a speech last fall in Indiana in which he said that he believed that there ought to be a limit to the amount of money that any man could have. He thought no man ought to be allowed to have more than a hundred million of dollars. You couldn't find a fortune like that among the Common People. These swollen fortunes are not among these. Possibly the ministers have them. These ministers are the ones who hold up the moral standard in our communities. They are the ones who make it possible for us to rear our families in these communities. In this country we spend twelve times as much for tobacco as we pay all the ministers in the land. They are in the hands of a few people. They are in the hands of men who by their ability to monopolize great industries shut the door of opportunity against your boy and my boy. They have overturned the law of rewards that God gave to this world. "and in proportion to your industry and in proportion to your intelligence, so shall be your reward." The President has done a great work when he called attention to this and I believe that upon the people of this land—upon the Average Man—must fall the opportunity of dealing with these abuses that have grown up, they shall put their country above their party and make it what Lincoln wanted it to be and what Jefferson wanted it to be—a government of the people, by the people, for the people—for their own protection and welfare.

Clothing That Holds Shape

Suits and overcoats made in the Clothcraft way hold shape and give good service in spite of the most strenuous wear. Clothcraft suits and overcoats are made by experienced tailors from all-wool cloths and are offered as the best and most economical clothing that the price can buy. They are guaranteed unreservedly. Hawes \$3.00 hats for fall are neat shapes. JUST ARRIVED.



A. L. Coons, Lowell

CLOTHCRAFT

There's money to be saved

at Collar's

Great Clearance Sale

More stirring values than ever—The summer goods must go, many are taking advantage of this great sale. Everything reasonable that properly belongs to a first-class Dry Goods business will be here for you to pick and choose from. Low prices. Satisfaction, and your money back if you want it, will also be here. Clearly, it's your mistake if you fail to come.

Yours for low prices, honest values,

E. R. Collar, Lowell, Michigan



SENATOR SMITH.

the rights of the people, and the river, which, divided for a short distance by the island, is joined just below in a majestic stream. After the speechmaking, Messrs. Bryan, Harmon and Bible were hospitably entertained at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Watts. A number of Lowell gentlemen were permitted to share in the dainty luncheon served and to enjoy a social hour with the distinguished guests. An amusing feature of the morning parade was the approach of a woman to the carriage occupied by the Village Council and her salute of Trustee Mattern as "Mr. Bryan." Mrs. Mattern feels honored in being the wife of a man who has been mistaken for the "Peerless leader."

BRYAN'S COMPASSION FOR THE AFFLICTED BOY.

Lewis Lally, a Lowell boy who has been confined to his bed for five years, had a pleasure Monday that he will remember as long as he lives. He had lamented that his infirmity prevented his seeing Mr. Bryan and that he could not hear him speak. Through kind friends his regrets reached Mr. Bryan who at once expressed a wish to call upon the invalid, which he did, speaking words of cheer and encouragement. Before leaving, Mr. Bryan promised Lewis to send him a copy of his book of travels in the Old World. It would probably be hard to convince Lewis Lally that he has not been honored by a visit from the world's greatest and best man.



WILLIAM A. WATTS.

Candidate for delegate to the Constitutional Convention, Election September 17. The only candidate representing eastern Kent. He is a thorough business man desiring only a non-partisan Constitution, up to date and in line with the needs and desires of the people. A vote for him will be in your own interests.

Exchange Department.

Wants, For Sale, To Exchange, Lost found, Strayed.

HOUSE AND TWO LOTS for sale. Mrs. Charles Parks.

FOR SALE—A. A. Hall house block 32 Avery plat, Lowell. Inquire S. P. Hicks.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE at a bargain. Must sell soon. Mrs. C. M. Higby, Lowell.

SHOATS AND HEIFERS for sale. Mrs. Geo. Davidson, R. R. 50, Vergennes.

LOST—pair nose glasses, Labor day. Finder please leave at Yelton & Wadsworth's.

FOR SALE—8 ROOMED HOUSE, barn and lots in Lowell. A. W. Bennett, Saranac. 8 10 p.

FOR SALE—Grey gelding, Jas. Mead, 3 1/2 miles north of Lowell on Sargent farm. 2wp

TYPEWRITER FOR SALE CHEAP Remington in good condition. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE OR TRADE FOR 40, acre farm—house and 3 lots on Main street. B. F. Wilkinson, phone 119 25

LOST—SMALL BLACK DOG wearing collar engraved "E. F. Denny." Finder please return her to him and receive reward.

TO RENT—HOTEL CENTRAL at Lowell, Mich. Inquire of C. Guy Perry, apt. W. J. Hayward, Millville

The MYSTERY of CARNEYCROFT

By JOSEPH BROWN COOKE COPYRIGHT 1907 BY STORY-PRESS CORPORATION

Go far from the house, but rowed up and down the stream with no particular objective point in mind and only thinking of what I might do in regard to Mrs. Bruce, and, most of all, how I could hope to again gain Miss Carney's good will, if nothing more, and explain, in the slightest degree, my outrageous behavior.

It is needless to say that I was in no happy frame of mind and, as I allowed the boat to drift slowly down stream with the current, I leaned over the side and peered into the depths of the limpid water on which I was floating.

As I drifted carelessly along in this lazy fashion I finally came to a point opposite that portion of the bank where the ghosts had disappeared so suddenly and mysteriously in the bright moonlight. Up to this time my mind had been free from any thought of this feature of the Carney-Croft puzzle, for the events of the past few days, together with my anxiety to see Miss Carney and right myself in her eyes, were more than enough to occupy my entire attention for the moment.

The realization of my position off the shore, however, served to recall vividly the spectral scene of the summer, and I again began to speculate as to the manner in which the ghost-like figures had managed to disappear from view in such an effectively supernatural way.

While I was pondering over this problem and wondering if I was ever to solve it with any degree of satisfaction, I noticed a slight commotion in the water between me and the shore, such as might have been made by a beaver or a muskrat.

In another moment a man's head appeared above the surface and then, with a wild look at me and my boat, not 20 yards distant, he gave a convulsive spasm and disappeared again with a plunge like that of a porpoise playing under the bow of a ship.

The water was bitterly cold, for it was now near the end of October, and there was a chill in the air which foretold the coming of snow, yet, although I patrolled the spot for nearly half an hour and had a clear view of the river and shore for fully a mile in every direction, the figure did not reappear.

CHAPTER XXII. An Unexpected Swim.

For a time it seemed to me that the fellow's life must have been lost and that his body had floated down the stream with the current, which increased steadily in force as it neared the falls, some two miles below.

Whence he had come I did not know, for I could not conceive that a man would be swimming in the river at this time of year, and, just as I was about to row ashore and report the affair to those who could institute a proper search for the body, an idea flashed into my head and served to explain the matter in short order.

The ghosts, or at least the men who impersonated them, had always disappeared from sight at this point on the river bank, and, doubtless, they had dived into the water and found shelter somewhere under the shore. If this were the case, a man might easily have ventured out from his hiding place, and, upon seeing me, returned and waited until the coast was clear again.

I pulled in close to the shore, and, paddling slowly along under the overhanging bank, I soon discovered a broad flight of stone steps lying entirely beneath the surface of the water, and leading apparently to some sort of a tunnel or cave.

As I made this discovery I had no doubt that the mysterious figure I had seen had emerged from this sunken tunnel, and, upon encountering me, had returned to it with all possible haste. I certainly had no desire to follow him through the submerged entrance to his place of concealment, but I determined to oust him without delay, and leaving my skiff at the boat-house, I returned for a final recommitter before summoning a gang of men to dig down from above and lay bare the subterranean vault to which the submerged stairway doubtless led.

Clambering up on the knoll that overlooked this part of the river, I cast my eye in every direction up and down the stream, keeping as close a watch as possible on the entire landscape, and, even sooner than I had expected, I was rewarded by seeing the fellow's head again emerge from the water about 20 feet off shore.

As he shook the drops from his face and glanced about him apprehensively I crouched low down on the ground, back of a brush, and watched him attentively from this point of vantage. His countenance was so distorted with the cold and the water in his eyes that I could not have recognized him even if I had seen him before, and he seemed to swim with great difficulty, doubtless because of the icy chill of the water; but he went bravely about it and struck out manfully for the shore, which he reached in a few sturdy strokes.

As he got into shallow water and made his way to the land, I could see that he was fully dressed, even to his shoes, and that he was shivering violently from the effect of his exertions.

and the exposure to which he had been subjected.

I was almost on the point of calling out to him and offering him such assistance as I could render lest he should collapse before my eyes, when I discovered that he, himself, had made provision for this contingency.

From under a growth of underbrush he hurriedly extracted a heavy ulster or storm coat, and, taking a flask from one of the pockets, he raised it to his lips and drank long and greedily. This done, he drew the coat nervously about his shaking limbs, and, with a hunted sort of a look in every direction but mine, so that I did not get a view of his face, he ran at top speed along the shore and finally disappeared in the trees at the turn of the river.

It would have been futile to have followed him, and I once more began to look about me before calling for aid and having the cavern, or whatever it was, unroofed. The lawn at this part of the grounds was kept in especially good condition, as it lay almost directly in front of the house, and scattered about it were numerous flower beds and clumps of shrubbery.

In going over this area carefully and systematically as I did, I was not long in finding in the center of a mass of



A Man's Head Appeared Above the Surface.



A Man's Head Appeared Above the Surface.



A Man's Head Appeared Above the Surface.

thickly leaved overgrown bushes, a patch of earth that had evidently been disturbed within a few hours.

On brushing away the leaves and dirt, which seemed to have been replaced hurriedly, in an awkward attempt to conceal the spot, I came upon an iron grating like the covering to the manhole of a sewer, but with openings which, if they had been clear, would have permitted a certain limited amount of ventilation. This lid was hinged at one side but was not fastened down and I had no great difficulty in lifting it up so that I could peer into the blackness below.

An iron ladder, very much rusted and weather worn, but apparently perfectly strong and secure, was attached to one side of this shaft, and, after waiting for a few minutes until my eyes had become accustomed to the blackness of the hole, I could see that it was about 12 feet deep and opened into the arched roof of a tunnel of some kind, the floor of which, as well as the sides and top, was constructed of massive masonry.

At times the most level-headed and evenly balanced man is tempted to do some foolhardy thing, and, while I make no claim to any unusual degree of personal bravery, and have not a dare-devil trait in my disposition, I was suddenly seized with an irresistible desire to descend into this forbidding looking pit and investigate it for myself, then and there.

My revolver was fully loaded and I also carried a small pocket lamp which had been given me some time before and which I had found useful on several occasions; less strenuous, how over, than the one at hand.

With these thoughts in my mind and, it must be confessed, with many misgivings which I strove to keep down and ignore, I propped open the lid of the manhole and descended boldly into the underground passage, holding my revolver firmly in my hand and ready to light my little lamp as soon as I reached the bottom of the ladder.

Once in the tunnel I stepped to one side in the direction of the river, where I could not be seen by anyone looking in from above, and tried to accommodate my eyes to the darkness of the place and avoid, if possible, the use of my lamp.

After a time I found that I could see fairly well and that I was in a long, narrow tunnel of brick and stone, about six feet wide and seven in height, which sloped gradually down to the river, where it ended in the flight of stone steps that I had seen and which were entirely under the surface of the water. There was a damp, noisome odor to the place and I soon recognized in it the same graveyard smell that I now knew so well and dreaded so much.

I had, however, expected something of this sort, and, nervously myself to almost anything that might be disclosed in my search, I proceeded cautiously and stealthily along toward the steps, thinking I would explore that part of the tunnel first, before going in the other direction.

I saw nothing of interest until I got near the water, where I found a heavy, warm coat neatly folded and, on it, a whisky flask with the cork loosened, evidently awaiting their owner and indicating clearly that he purposed returning by the route he had taken when he left.

Leaving these as they lay, I retraced my steps and passed once more under the open shaft and on up the gentle slope of the passage-way, holding my pistol well in front of me and wondering at what moment some ghastly sight would meet my gaze and account for the constantly increasing fidgetiness of the place. I had not lighted my lamp, for the faint glimmer that filtered in through the river water and the illumination from the shaft enabled me to see with reasonable distinctness.

As I proceeded up the tunnel, however, objects began to grow dimmer and dimmer and I was on the point of striking a light when I heard a sudden crash and saw, to my horror, that the lid of the manhole had fallen shut with a bang, leaving me in total darkness.

Before I could ignite my lamp or even collect my thoughts, there was a rush of foul air from the upper end of the tunnel and then some heavy, lumbering creature brushed past me, breathing into my face a hot breath of unspeakable suggestiveness and wheezing and mumbling like a fretful lion just after a generous meal.

I shrank close to the wall of my prison, for such it now was, not knowing what to do or which way to turn, when, to my great relief, the beast, or whatever it was, shuffled awkwardly past me again, still making horrid guttural sounds and breathing deeply as before.

A rat, or some similar little animal, scuttled over my feet at the same moment, stopping long enough to bite my ankle sharply, but I made no sound and held my breath until the more formidable creature was well beyond me and left me a free course to the river.

As soon as I felt that the coast was clear and that I could not be overtaken, I sped down the incline toward the steps and plunged headlong into the water, which shimmered faintly green before me. Striking out under the surface, I swam as far away from the entrance as I could, and, coming to the top at last, I made for the shore and dashed on to my room for whisky and dry clothing.

(To be continued)

Railroad Trains Leaving Lowell.
GRAND TRUNK.
East bound: 7:00 a. m., 7:52 a. m., 8:54 a. m., 9:46 p. m., 7:21 p. m.
West bound: 8:41 a. m., 12:26 p. m., 3:45 p. m., 8:06 p. m., 8:39 p. m.
Daily. *Daily except Sunday.
PERE MARQUETTE.
For Saginaw: 7:50 a. m., 5:55 p. m.
For Grand Rapids: 10:43 a. m., 3:50 p. m., 8:45 p. m.
For Belding: 10 a. m., For Freepor 3:50 p. m.
*Connect at Elmdale for Detroit.

Peckham's Croup Remedy Guaranteed
under the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906. Serial No. 111. It is the children's medicine for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough. Mothers, get a bottle today, you may need it tonight! 25c. Ask your druggist about it.

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Specialty.
G. G. TOWSLEY, M. D.
Office over McCarty's store, Lowell, Mich.

Dr. J. P. Draper, V. S.
Treats all diseases of Horses and other Domestic Animals.
Calls promptly attended to day or night.

Office at Residence, Jones house second north of old Lowell Hotel. Phone—144

Harley Maynard PLUMBING
And all work in connection with City Water System.
Phone 182

Hoffman & Son, Plumbers & Contractors
Modern bath room outfits a specialty. We install hot water and steam plants, Range Boilers, Sinks, Cistern and Well Pumps, Hydrants, and connect with city water mains, also make sewer connections. We have 30 years experience and guarantee our work. Call and see us before going elsewhere. One door south of Lowell State Bank, Lowell Mich. We do all kinds of repair work.

LIVE STOCK SHOW

That Offered by West Michigan State Fair Rivals the Best Seen in Country.

PREMIUMS THE RICHEST EVER

State Legislature Appropriates \$5,000 for Premiums—All-Michigan Class Created—Ponies Get Fat Prizes

The exhibits of cattle and horses at the West Michigan State Fair, September 9 to 13 inclusive, will far surpass any ever given before in Grand Rapids. And there is a reason. The state legislature made an appropriation of \$5,000 to be used in premiums for Michigan exhibitors only, which enabled the fair management to duplicate all cattle classes, one "open to all," the other for Michigan exhibitors only. In the Horse Department the amount of premiums offered was increased from \$3,200 last year to more than \$4,000 this year. The total premiums offered this year aggregate \$18,000 compared with \$12,000 last year.

This big premium list is bound to bring the best herds of Michigan and neighboring states in the cattle line.

Ayreshire cattle have been shown at Eastern Fairs for several years past but are a comparatively new breed in this state. They come into sharp competition with the Jerseys and will receive prominent attention at the West Michigan Fair. Several herds have entered this year for the first time and they are expected to awaken a wide degree of interest among breeders and patrons of the exposition.

Many Other Classes.

There is every prospect that the live stock exhibits will far surpass any like show ever gathered together in Western Michigan. One of the big features of the Fair will be the parade of all prize winning horses and cattle, both Wednesday and Thursday, and in these parades a large number of animals will be shorthorns. A class which will be a close second will be the Herefords; and the Aberdeen Angus will also be well represented.

It is not the men alone who are attracted by the dairy cattle, for the women of Michigan of whom thousands will visit the West Michigan Fair this year are all interested. The Jerseys, Holstein-Friesians, Ayreshires, Guernseys and Brown Swiss are all to be exhibited in greater numbers than ever before. The special dairy test a feature of the Fair for the first time last year will be repeated this year. This test is under the supervision of the State Dairy and Food Department. The premiums offered are \$100 for the most economical production of milk, during Fair week, for all purposes of dairying and based upon the cost of feed and the value of milk and butter fat produced.

In the horse department Secretary Conger has received inquiries from breeders who have not shown here in years past, many of them from a long distance and in greater number than ever before. This unusual interest is probably caused by the increased premiums offered this season. The grand cavalcade of all prize winning horses and cattle will be by far the most pretentious ever seen.

The Martin Draft Horse Trophy is also attracting increased attention. This is a premium offered for the best draft team of any age, owned in Michigan. In addition to the trophy offered for the best draft team, cash prizes also will be given this year, \$25 with the trophy for the best, \$20 to the second, \$15 to the third and \$10 to the fourth. Drivers of the best ten teams will be awarded prizes ranging from \$8 to \$2.

Illustrating this increased interest the records show there were two draft teams in competition for this trophy in 1903, ten in 1904, while this season all indications point to there being as many as twenty.

The premiums offered for Shetland ponies and for ponies other than Shetland show a substantial increase over those offered last year. While a total of \$175 was offered in premiums for the Shetlands last year, this has been increased to \$347 this season. This will most certainly make the exhibits offered in these lines proportionately better.

Mules Not Overlooked.

In years past no premiums were offered for mules. This year a new class was made for them and the prospects are good for a fine showing of these most useful animals. The total of the premiums offered in this special class amounts to \$152.

For carriage horses, saddlers and light harness horses there is a long list of rich purses offered. In these classes speed, conformation, color, style, gait, manners, biting and shoeing will all be considered. It is certain that the West Michigan Fair will this year attract some of the finest specimens of this noblest of animals and the horse show will be one well worth spending a day to see critically. Other classes are for the Clydesdale and Englishshire, French and German Coach, Cleveland Bay, Hackney and American Coach, Grade Draft or Farm Horses, Standard and Non-Standard Hired Horses, Coach or Carriage Pairs, Roadsters, and High Steppers.

R. R. EATON, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon
Office at Residence on West Main Street, Lowell, Michigan

Passion Play
started
September 3rd.
for one week only. Don't miss this beautiful hand colored subject, the Life of Christ.
at the
Crystal Vaudeette
Hesse & Mansor,
Proprietors
We are here to stay.

STEVENS

YOU LOOK FOR TROUBLE If you obtain a Firearm of doubtful quality



The experienced Hunter's and Marksman's Ideal is a reliable, unerring STEVENS. FIND OUT WHY by shooting our popular RIFLES—SHOTGUNS PISTOLS. Ask your local Hardware or Sporting Goods Merchant for the STEVENS. If you cannot obtain, we ship direct, express prepaid, upon receipt of Catalog Price.

Send 4 cents in stamps for 140 Page Illustrated Catalog, including circulars of latest additions to our line. Contains points on shooting, ammunition, the proper care of a firearm, etc., etc. Our attractive Ten Color Lithographed Hanger mailed anywhere for six cents in stamps. J. STEVENS' ARMS & TOOL CO. P. O. Box 497, Chicopee Falls, Mass., U. S. A.

Ledger want advertisements are profitable.

West Michigan State Fair

Every Person in Western Michigan Who Can, Should Plan to Attend the Fair at Grand Rapids the Second Week of September

Premiums and Purses Offered
In 1907 \$25,000 In 1906 \$18,000
The larger premiums offered by the West Michigan State Fair have brought an amazing increase in the number of entries from exhibitors.

Cattle Classes Duplicated
All cattle classes are duplicated, one "open to all," the other open to "Michigan only." In all classes are many entries. The Ayreshires are a valuable breed of dairy cattle but new to Michigan. Three different herds are entered this year—none were exhibited last year.

Great Horse Show
Entries of both pure bred and grade draft horses are 100% better than last year. The number of Shetland ponies entered is also doubled. See the big parade of draft teams in harness Wednesday afternoon.

New Carriage and Dairy Building
A new building has just been erected, 130 x 220 feet in size, and covering nearly three-quarters of an acre. In this building will be found the finest exhibits of carriages ever seen at this fair. Dairy products and dairy machinery will also be given a prominence the importance of the industry in this State demands.

Costs of Free Shows
In 1907 \$6,000 In 1906 \$2,200
A. Roy Knabenshue and his airship—the ship that flies, the ship which many have tried to imitate but none successfully—will operate from the Fair Grounds at least once each day for five days. The terms of Knabenshue's contract with the Fair management are—"No ascensions, no pay." The airship will surely go.

SEVEN—Spellman's Performing Bears—SEVEN
with a lady trainer. The intelligence of these animals, their cunning ways, their humor and docility are a source of endless entertainment and amusement. Hardy, the "American Blondin," high wire artist, the sensational aerial casting act of the three flying Valentines, together with numerous high class vaudeville and comedy acts, make up the best free show program ever offered by more than two to one.

The grand stand has been enlarged so there will be room for all. Those who visit the "West Michigan" this year will say on their return home: "It was NOT THE SAME OLD FAIR this time. All of the old Fair attractions were there, of course, but there was so much that was new, the new carriage building, the new grand stand, the new breeds of cattle and many fine horses, together with the new airship and the many novel features of the free show, that I am very glad I went."

September 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13
Excursion Rates on All Railroads
Racing purses offered aggregate \$6,500. There are 10 harness races and 9 runs. Don't fail to see the best race meeting in Western Michigan this season.

DEAN'S KING CACTUS OIL
No. 275 Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act, June 30, 1906. Olney & McDavid, Clinton, Iowa.

Every family has frequent use for a good liniment and none can be found that equals in penetrating and healing powers the old reliable KING CACTUS OIL. Since 1888 it has sold on its merits until it is now used from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

FOR FAMILY USE
KING CACTUS OIL is thoroughly antiseptic and heals a wound from the bottom, thus preventing blood-poisoning and healing without leaving a scar. It speedily heals CUTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, OLD SORES, SWELLINGS, CHAPPED HANDS AND ALL EXTERNAL HURTS. As a rubbing liniment for the treatment of RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, and kindred ailments, its wonderful penetrating qualities make its action prompt and the pain quickly subsides.

FOR VETERINARY USE
KING CACTUS OIL STANDS SUPREME. It is invaluable for BARBED WIRE CUTS, HARNESS AND SADDLE GALLS, COLLAR SORES, SCRATCHES, GREASE HEEL, MANGE, ITCH, and All External Diseases.
If your druggist does not sell King Cactus Oil take nothing else, but remit to us and we will send it prepaid.
OLNEY & McDAID, Sole Manufacturers, 113-117 Fifth Avenue, CLINTON, IOWA.
Dean's Sweet Ointment Cures Spavin, Ringbone and Curb. All Druggists, 50c per bottle.

Announcement Extraordinary

Fall Opening Sale of Dry Goods

Starts September 14, at the Marks Ruben Store

If you seriously wish to save—it is vitally important that you attend. For chances like this offers are rare. Do not miss reading next week's paper for price announce's.

Store closed the 12 and 13 to adjust and prepare the stock for this sale

OUR COUNTRY COUSINS

CASCADE.

Mrs. C. F. Holt will entertain the Ladies Aid society Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 11, this being the first meeting since the society's Summer vacation. A cordial invitation to all.

L. S. Braendle has returned from a trip to New Mexico and will move there with his family as soon as he can dispose of his farm and other property here.

Jennie DeWeert has returned from a week's visit at Holland.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott Thompson visited the former's mother Sunday. Their daughter Miss Carol returned home with them after spending a week with her grandparents nearsides Thompson and Maben. L. S. Braendle and family entertained a relative from New York and his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Fisher of Hastings last week.

Clayton Johnson and Horace Johnson are building a large tool shed.

Mrs. F. M. Thompson attended the Grattan Silver Gray gathering Aug. 28 and visited relatives in Grattan last week.

If the East, Paris and West Cascade Cor. had reference to Rev. and Mrs. J. G. Wilson of this village in her letter to The Leader two weeks ago referring to Rev. Wilson and wife attending an entertainment at Red's Lake she was misinformed, as they did not attend and had no thought of so doing.

Frances Clark of Ada commenced her duties as teacher of Cascade school Monday.

Miss Florence Buttrick is now able to ride out for a short distance after her long illness.

R. J. Slater is now able to walk about with the aid of crutches.

Misses Marla Foster and Lura later visited friends in Grand Rapids from Friday until Monday.

Wise Counsel From the South.

"I want to give some valuable advice to those who suffer with lame back and kidney trouble," says J. R. Funkenship, of Beck, Tenn. "I have proved to an absolute certainty that Electric Bitters will positively cure the distressing condition. The first bottle gave me great relief and after taking a few more bottles, I was completely cured so completely that it comes a pleasure to recommend the great remedy." Sold under guarantee at D. G. Look's drug store. Price 50c.

CANNONSBURG.

Hon. Nell McMillin and family of Axford recently called on friends here.

Byrl Inwood of Detroit is spending vacation with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Inwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Raymond of Grand Rapids spent Monday at the home of the latter's cousin Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Jeans rode up in their automobile from Grand Rapids Monday accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Karl Judson and daughter to the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Judson where they spent the day.

Boyd Jones will attend the Ferris school at Big Rapids.

Miss Hazel Haines has the measles.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Purdy of Mosley visited at the home of the latter's uncle Charles Hartwell Tuesday and from there went to Grattan where they attended the meeting of the Silver Grays.

The citizens of Cannon were very much interested in the work of replacing the mill dam. Men with their teams turned out and donated their work and it is hoped that the grist mill will be in running order in a short time with W. P. Joyce owner and manager.

VERGENNES STATION.

Wm. Kennells and family of Stanton and John Kennells and family of Grand Rapids, visited their parents and other relatives here last week.

Teachers' meeting Friday evening of this week at the home of Elder Stinson.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. James Houllhan Friday, Aug. 30, twin daughters, one weighing 7 lbs and one 7 1/2 pounds.

Oiga Blaser is residing with her sister Mrs. Robt. Wingler.

Dell Condon's horse became frightened by an automobile Monday while they were returning home and threw Mrs. Condon out hurting her slightly.

Orran Ford and Mrs. Carrie Porter were appointed a committee to solicit money to paint the Alton church.

Glen Ford's horse was frightened by an automobile Monday while going to Lowell, smashed the buggy and threw the driver out, breaking the third finger of his right hand.

Mrs. Helena White and daughter Mrs. Willis Purdy attended the Silver Grays meeting in Grattan last week Wednesday.

A large number from here were at Lowell Labor day.

E. Ring was in Grand Rapids several days last week visiting relatives.

Mrs. Maggie Byrnes of Belding visited her son Owen Monday night and Tuesday.

Mr. Curtis Jr. of Otsico has served his time with Clinton Weeks and returned home last Friday.

C. R. Porter and wife attended the Harvest picnic in Grattan last Thursday.

Clinton Weeks and wife attended a dance at Ada Friday.

Mrs. Eva Buchanan has gone to reside at Lowell.

Mrs. Helena White and son will make their home at Lowell.

Mrs. Hattie Culver has returned from Grand Rapids and is at the home of W. H. Keech.

Mr. Ourch of Boyne is visiting his daughter Mrs. T. L. Keech.

Erwin Wade sprained his wrist last week.

Frank White came home from Ohio last week.

Mrs. Fred Ford was called to Belding last week by the illness of her sister Mrs. John Denton.

Mrs. Sam Vandebroek and son have returned from Chicago. The climate did not agree with the child.

The Moseley Arbor of Glenners, having sold their hall to F. L. Keech will give a farewell dance Friday evening Sept. 27. All are cordially invited to attend.

Cured of Lung Trouble.

"It is now eleven years since I had a narrow escape from consumption," writes C. O. Floyd, a leading business man of Kershaw, S. C. "I had run down in weight to 135 pounds, and coughing was constant, both by day and by night. Finally I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery, and continued this for about six months, when my cough and lung trouble were entirely gone and I was restored to my normal weight, 170 pounds." Thousands of persons are healed every year. Guaranteed at D. G. Look's drug store. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

ADA.

Mrs. J. Palmer who has been making an extended visit with friends here returned to her home in Chicago Aug. 28.

A number from here will attend the ice cream and melon social Friday evening, Sept. 6, at the home of F. Streeter at Whitneyville.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. J. Malona, a daughter.

Vesta Washburn is on the sick list. Jennie Waner who has been visiting in Chicago for some time came to Holland Sept. 29th and after spending a week with friends there will return home.

Miss Mable Palmer of Chicago is visiting friends here and in Grand Rapids.

School opened Monday Sept. 2.

"The Unusual social" given Friday evening on Henry Clark's lawn was well patronized.

The Lady Maccabees will picnic at the home of Mrs. W. J. Carle Tuesday, Sept. 10.

Rev. W. D. King has resigned his pastorate of the Congregational church here.

F. R. Russell returned to his home in Ailhon Tuesday after spending a week at Cozy Nook.

How to Cure Chills.

"To enjoy freedom from chills," writes John Kemp, East Otsego, Me., "I apply Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Have also used it for salt rheum with excellent results." Guaranteed for fever sores, indolent ulcers, piles, burns, wounds, frost bites and skin diseases. 25c at D. G. Look's drug store.

SOUTH LOWELL.

Bert Willett, wife and little son Chester of Stanton visited at T. C. Willett's Monday and Tuesday.

East Cascade—Ada.

P. J. Kelly of Ovid visited at the home of Ed. Kelly Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Keena of Grand Rapids visited James Keena Sunday and Monday.

The ball game played Friday between Wealthy Heights of Grand Rapids and the Ada Sports was won by the former, score 16 to 2.

J. H. Wald is working on his farm in Northern Michigan.

The dance at Ada Friday night was well attended.

Heard About Town.

A. G. and B. C. Smith returned yesterday to their home in Detroit after a visit with their father B. C. Smith.

Mrs. L. P. Hodges entertained the Birthday club Saturday afternoon.

Dr. and Mrs. E. D. McQueen are spending a few days in Toronto.

Rev. Chas. Nease of Grand Rapids was in town Labor day.

Miss Ruby Ernst and Will Stone spent Sunday at Saranac.

Misses Minnie Cable, Amber Piekard and Allee Tinkler were at Saranac Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Drieborg and little son Arnold of Grand Rapids have been visiting at the home of J. E. Tinkler this week.

Lewis Ayers and Miss Lila Wilson spent Sunday at Saranac.

Howard Peck and Howard Walsh were at Saranac Sunday.

Rev. and Mrs. Duffy of Freeport spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Tinkler.

People wishing to get high school students to do chores for their board may secure information from Supt. Martin.

H. H. Reed and Joseph Hamilton have about decided to erect business buildings on the sites of those recently burned down.

H. H. Reed announces that he is now ready for business again at the old stand.

Donald Cameron is visiting his aunts in Grand Rapids.

Dr. C. H. Anderson leaves today for a week's business trip to Muskegon and Fremont.

Miss Anna Royston has been detained at her home at Fremont by the illness and death of her mother. Miss Winnie White is supplying in the east ward until her arrival.

Mrs. Arthur Nerretter and Miss Florence Helm spent Tuesday in Grand Rapids.

Mrs. Evans of Grand Rapids was the guest of her sister Mrs. George Manis over Sunday and Labor day.

F. B. Rhodes is here from Grand Rapids prospecting with a view to starting a new gallery.

Jay Watters of Chicago spent Sunday and Monday here.

Miss Donna Callier has returned from a visit in Detroit accompanied by her little sisters Ida and Gladys.

Montana Girl is a western scene full of excitement, love and heroism and displaying great horsemanship. Tonight only at Star Theatre.

Don't miss the great stage coach robbery and abduction by Redskins, intense excitement every minute,—at Star Theatre for Friday and Saturday.

The Seventh Day Adventists are pitching tent and will hold a series of meetings on the public square, beginning Sunday, Sept. 5, at 3 p. m., conducted by Elders Hartwell and Whitmarsh. Everybody welcome.

A. W. Weekes and son Harold went to Chicago last night to purchase their fall and winter stock of dry goods. Increased store room and growing trade necessitates heavy buying and it is expected that the greatest stock ever shown by this popular concern will soon be ready for inspection. Prospective purchasers will do well to "hold their horses."

REGISTRATION NOTICE.

Lowell Mich, Sept. 3, 1907
To the Electors of the Township of Lowell.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the Township of Lowell will be held at the office of said Township Clerk in said township on Saturday the 14th day of Sept. for the purpose of registering the names of all such persons as shall be possessed of the necessary qualifications of electors in said township, who apply for that purpose and that said Board of Registration will be in session on the day and at the place aforesaid from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 5 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose aforesaid. Dated this 3d day of Sept. 1907.

Christophor Bergin } Inspectors
M. N. Henry } of
C. G. Stone } Election.
2w

Embellish Your Dining Room

with selections from our elegant line of

Extension Pedestal and Pillar **Tables**

Sideboards and Buffets and splendid line of Dining Chairs and prices are right and our guarantee goes with every sale.

Yeiter & Wadsworth.
Lowell, Michigan

Furniture Dealers and Undertakers. Phones in Both Residences and Store.

Wanted

Read the want columns of the metropolitan daily press, and you will be surprised at the demand for competent and reliable office help. From every kind of business, and from every city, village and hamlet comes the insistent call for young men and women who can render the intelligent service so much needed in modern commercial life. From all over the land comes the cry:

Trained Office Workers

we have plenty of every other kind. This is a remarkable age. Commercial life is the very backbone of our national existence. Business interests dominate the world, and all else is subservient. We are sending business men to our state and national legislature to make laws for us. A professional man to be successful must have a working knowledge of business. The same is true of the theologian, the explorer, the teacher, the politician, the artisan, the farmer. On every hand is displayed the sign—

Competent Office Help

and there is only one qualified to every hundred needed. Shall we assist you to meet this demand? We can do it. No matter what plans you have made for your life's work, we can give you the business training you are sure to need for a successful career. Be ready when the Sign of the Times comes within the range of your vision. Write to us today for further information.

VALLEY CITY
Commercial School
75-83 Lyon Street
Grand Rapids, Michigan

RUSSELL H. BREADY.

BRIEF NEWS NOTES FOR THE BUSY MAN

MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM.

ROUNDOABOUT THE WORLD

Complete Review of Happenings of Greatest Interest from All Parts of the Globe—Latest Home and Foreign Items.

Fifteen persons were killed and about 50 injured in a head-on collision between an Interurban express train, consisting of a motor car and a trailer, and a traction car on the Mattoon and Charleston electric line. The crash occurred on a sharp curve one mile west of Charleston, Ill. A confusion of orders received over the telephone is said to have been the cause of the terrible accident.

Richard Mansfield, the best known actor on the American stage, passed away at his summer residence, Seven Oaks, Ocean Avenue, New London, Conn. Death was directly due to disease of the liver, aggravated by complications. He had been ill since last spring when he broke down while playing at Scranton, Pa.

Most Rev. John J. Williams, archbishop of the Boston diocese, dean of the hierarchy of the Roman Catholic church in America, and for many years or more the spiritual head of that faith in New England, died at his home in Boston.

By a decision rendered by Judge Cochran at Clinton, Ill., Mrs. Warner, widow of John Warner, millionaire, gains a fortune of \$500,000 to be paid immediately, an annual income of \$19,000 a year, dower rights, and the farm by homestead, worth \$100,000. With her two daughters, Mrs. Mettler and Mrs. Bell, Chicago society women, she is also freed by the judgment from the stigma of having negro blood in her veins, which Vespasian Warner, United States commissioner of pensions and former congressman, endeavored, in his capacity as executor of his father's will, to establish in order to defeat her suit.

Myron Severill, a wealthy tobacco buyer, aged 79, died in Janesville, Wis. He was the first man to grow tobacco in Wisconsin.

By authority of President Roosevelt, James R. Gardfield, secretary of the interior, announced that no further effort will be made by the administration to bring up in congress the question of joint statehood for Arizona and New Mexico.

Ominous rumblings are issuing from Mt. Vesuvius, and smoke is coming from the crater. As a result, the inhabitants of the villages surrounding the volcano are in a state of great alarm.

The United States Naval academy team won the national trophy in the national rifle match at Camp Perry, O. The Massachusetts team was second and Ohio third.

William Howard Meade, youngest son of Secretary of the Navy Victor H. Meade, social favorite and Oakland bank clerk, eloped to San Rafael and was married to Mrs. Wida Bevans, a widow.

Thousands of Moore made two desperate attacks on the French troops at Casablanca and were repulsed after several hours' fighting.

James Monev, Jr., was shot and almost instantly killed and his father, James Monev, Sr., was mortally wounded at their place of business at Monev, Miss., by Dr. Grover Kirby.

Miss Sutton won the international tennis championship at Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont., by defeating Miss Retch, of Boston, in two well-contested games.

Dr. Villalido in an official report to the war department says the American soldiers at Cienfuegos, Cuba, are not in danger of yellow fever.

King Edward, shocked by an indelicate song in a cafe chantant in Monte-Carlo, got up in his box and left the theater, followed by all the English and Americans present.

President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia university has announced the program for the trust conference to be held in Chicago October 22-25. The four days' discussion will cover every phase of the present agitation.

Steps are being taken to save St. Paul's cathedral in London, which has been gradually sinking for two centuries.

The Southern Pacific railroad is considering a plan to electrify the Sacramento division of its line, which runs over the mountains and presents hard problems in winter.

Two persons were killed and several others injured when a motor car on the Chicago, Milwaukee Electric railway crashed into an ice wagon in Glencoe, a Chicago suburb.

Albert Stenmelen, of Detroit, went crazy over religion and drowned his two-year-old daughter.

Little nine-year-old Ella Schrader, daughter of John Schrader, a railroad construction worker of Gary, Ind., was brutally murdered and the whole town sought in vain for her slayer.

Kingsbury Bateholder, professor of Greek in Hillsdale college, Michigan, died at Ocean Park, Me.

John K. Stowell, aged 85 years, formerly mayor of Milwaukee, died at his residence in that city.

Winfield T. Durbin, former governor of Indiana, in a statement said that he had been offered \$93,000 by Kentuckians to give up Gov. Taylor when he was a fugitive in Indiana on account of the Goebel murder.

Senator La Follette of Wisconsin was shut off from discussing politics before the Allegheny county teachers' institute in Pittsburg. He delivered the prescribed part of his speech to 1,500 persons in the open air.

An epidemic of cholera in the lower Yangtze ports of China is causing 200 deaths daily, according to advices from Shanghai.

Joshua Kay, an aged inmate of the Soldiers' and Sailors' home at Erie, Pa., committed suicide by jumping from a fast express train at Fisher's Ferry, near Sanbury, Pa. He was a sufferer from cancer.

A section of the new bridge across the St. Lawrence river five miles below Quebec collapsed carrying scores of bridge workers and mechanics into the water. It was estimated that the loss of life was 84. The bridge was about a mile and a half in length and half of it, from the south shore to mid-stream, crumpled up and dropped into the water. It was to be the longest single span cantilever bridge in the world and was being built by the Phoenix Iron company of Phoenixville, Pa.

The surgeon general of the marine hospital service and the authorities of San Francisco co-operated to stamp out the plague, several cases of which appeared in the California city.

Harry Harmon and Eddy Quinn, convicts, escaped from the penitentiary at Joliet, Ill., and eluded a posse of 100 men.

Nearly 5,000 persons at the Barnstable County Fair saw "Professor" Maloney, a ballomist, drop 2,000 feet to earth, strike on top of a cedar fence post and escape probably with his life. His parachute failed to work.

In the presence of a number of boarders in the New Jersey House, Ocean Grove, N. J., of which he was the proprietor, Robert S. Gravatt shot and perhaps mortally wounded his wife, Irene; seriously wounded his nine-year-old daughter, Mollie, and then killed himself.

Paul Atkinson, 19 years old, of Youngwood, Pa., and Harry Miller, 18 years old, of Buffalo, N. Y., made a daring escape from the Morgantown Reform school.

The Photographers' Association of New England awarded the gold medal in the grand portrait class to E. C. Dotey of Helling, Mich.

Fire destroyed the big Louisville Courier-Journal building at Louisville, Ky.

A passenger train on the Southern railway collided with an engine in Asheville, N. C., and 39 persons were injured, none fatally.

The French schooner Violette went down in the English channel and 18 men on board of her were drowned.

National President Small said he would not be surprised if there would be a general strike of the railroad telegraphers.

Suits for damages aggregating half a million dollars will be instituted against the steel trust and St. Louis county, Minnesota, by striking miners who have been shot or imprisoned by sheriffs.

Prince Naisut, son of the King of Siam, arrived in New York on his way to Harvard, where he is to become a student.

Judge Jones of the United States district court at Montgomery, Ala., issued an order directing the Louisville & Nashville and the North and South Alabama railroads to obey the maximum rate bill passed by the last Alabama legislature.

At the dedication of the McKinley club in Niagara square, Buffalo, Sept. 5, Gov. Hughes will speak and 1,000 Canadian troops will take part.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad will not submit to arbitration the question of demurrage rate on detained foreign cars, as proposed by the American Railway association, and is likely soon to withdraw from that body.

Four men were killed in a dynamite explosion at the camp of W. T. Parsons, a contractor on the Grand Trunk Pacific construction near Vermillion Bay station, in Ontario.

Gov. Hughes has refused to grant papers for the extradition of John Elber of Syracuse, N. Y., wanted in Colorado on the charge of being implicated in a robbery at the Rio Grande railway at Alamosa.

The American officers, Brig. Gen. W. E. Edgeley, Maj. C. DeWitt Willcox, Capt. Robert E. L. Michie and Capt. George H. Shelton, designated by the United States government to attend the autumn maneuvers of the German army as guests of Emperor William, arrived in Berlin.

A windstorm struck the Iowa state fair grounds at Des Moines causing damage estimated at \$100,000.

It was reported in Tangier that the sultan of Morocco had been assassinated in a robbery at the Rio Grande railway at Alamosa.

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President Roosevelt and President Diaz simultaneously telegraphed notes to the presidents of five republics of Central America offering the good offices of the United States and Mexico in bringing about a conference of the republics for a discussion of plans to maintain peace.

The inhabitants of Martinique were thrown into a panic by an earthquake and other phenomena that caused them to fear another Mount Pelée disaster.

Dr. George Waldron, a physician of Rochester; Mrs. Catherine Farnsworth of Rochester, and Mrs. William Scandling and Mrs. Jane Hobbs, both of Hopewell, were instantly killed in a collision between an automobile in which they were driving and a trolley car, near Canadagua, N. Y.

The will of Mrs. Catherine Harris, of Cincinnati, who left nearly half a million dollars to a half-brother residing in Topeka, Kan., is to be contested by her nephews.

Eugene Cargell, marshal of Cairo, was shot and killed by Cohen Simms, a negro, near Moccasin Gap, Fla. Simms surrendered. Cargell was at the head of a posse that located Charles Williams, the murderer of Sheriff Tyms, of Grady county, in the house of Simms, his uncle.

J. A. Woodman, 74 years old, a furniture dealer, was fatally injured by a robber who entered his store in Kansas City.

A meeting of the directors of the Illinois Central in New York was broken up by a fist fight between President Harahan and Stuyvesant Fish.

Hurled from a speeding automobile in which she was riding a trial test around the Morris Park race track at New York, Mrs. Leslie Kelsey, wife of R. G. Kelsey, a real estate man and automobile writer, died almost instantly.

Mrs. Byron Hendricks, her six-year-old grandchild and Arthur Oyster, driver of their carriage, were killed at Alliance, O., by a Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago passenger train.

McKinley Richmond, a negro, aged ten years, was found guilty of murder in the first degree at Clarion, Pa. He killed his little sister.

All records for excavation on the line of the Panama canal were broken during July, despite a reduction in the force of employees.

Col. Amos Stickney, corps of engineers, U. S. A., and Rear Admiral Harris were retired, having reached the age limit.

Michael Freeman shot and killed his brother, Antonio, near Lakeville, Minn., in a quarrel over the dividing line between their farms.

R. P. Singleton, of Newport, Ky., was robbed and probably fatally wounded in Cincinnati.

Prince Wilhelm of Sweden was the guest of President Roosevelt at luncheon at Oyster Bay.

"Death from natural causes" was the verdict of the coroner's jury in London in the inquest on the body of the earl of Dunmore, the most prominent Christian Scientist in England.

Grover Cleveland has given up the idea of leaving his home in Princeton, N. J., on a vacation because of attacks by his old enemy, indigestion.

Scientists in Germany and France are considering the establishment of "safety chambers" in coal mines in order to prevent loss of life in time of accident.

The Hungarian-American bank has been started in New York to take care of the business of the 2,600,000 Hungarians in the United States, who send back to Europe \$80,000,000 a year.

James A. Allen, lawyer, has taken steps to have the New York curb stock market declared a nuisance and abolished.

The lockout of dock laborers at Antwerp ended, the men voting to go back at the old scale of wages, one dollar per day.

Many sailors were injured in an explosion of gas on the Portuguese battleship, Vasco de Gama, at Lisbon.

Chicago packers and their teamsters made an agreement binding for two years and the threatened strike was averted.

One man was killed and seven passengers dangerously injured in the wreck of a Clover Leaf passenger train at Downman, Ill. Two cars jumped a switch and crashed into a box car.

A passenger train on the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad, carrying Secretary of War Taft, was wrecked near the depot at Spring Hill, Kan. None of the passengers or trainmen was hurt.

A freight train on the Hocking Valley railroad went off a trestle near Dundas, O. The train and trestle took fire and were consumed, including several cars of oil and merchandise.

Raymond W. Clark, captain of troop H, Thirty-ninth regiment, and a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, committed suicide at Oakland, Cal., by turning on the gas in his room. His action was attributed to financial embarrassment.

Eugene Moriarty, editor and proprietor of the Worcester Post and a prominent Democrat, was drowned while bathing in Lake Quinsigamond, Mass.

Rev. Edward Hunt Jewett, an aged and well-known Episcopalian minister, took his life at Manhattan Beach, Cal., by cutting his throat with a razor.

Col. Ivanhoff, governor of Viborg prison and a vicious foe to the terrorists, was assassinated by the explosion of a bomb while walking along one of the streets of St. Petersburg. The assassin was arrested.

It is expected that the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. will be the only big bidder for the issue of \$16,000,000 of New York city bonds which will be offered for sale next month.

THE STATE IN GENERAL

SPANKING, AN EXPLOSION AND SEVERE INJURIES ARE RESULTS.

WAS FOUND ALMOST DEAD

Gale Causes Death and Damage at Wenona Beach—Brief Notes of happenings.

May Not Recover.

"Oh, ma, please don't whip me. I won't do it again." Hardly had the little 7-year-old son of Fred Williams, who lives at Bear Point, uttered those words when a terrific explosion occurred and the shingle with which Mrs. Williams was paddling the child, was blown to bits and the mother's right hand was a torn and bleeding mass with two fingers gone while blood streamed from many cuts in her face. The boy fell from his mother's knee to the ground writhing in agony, with a large hole in his hip.

The lad had been out in the fields with his father who was blowing up stumps with dynamite and had gotten hold of one of the percussion caps and put it in his hip pocket. The mother went to punish him for some minor offense when the unexpected explosion occurred. The lad's recovery is doubtful, but if he does survive he will be a cripple for life.

Suspect Foul Play.

Under circumstances so mysterious that the local detectives and members of the Fenton police department have started a searching investigation, Leon S. Algeo, a wealthy wholesale produce dealer of Fenton, was found, almost dead in a gas filled room in the Hotel Windsor, Detroit, early Saturday morning. He was apparently dead when found by the proprietor, Charles Winkler, and it was thought that the unconscious man had blown out the gas with suicidal intent. Algeo had drawn \$1,300 from a Detroit bank and his money was missing when he was discovered to be in a state of comatose. The bed was a notable one, which, under the date of August 30, was the following significant entry: "Made good strike yesterday."

The police who are assigned to the case are of the opinion that Algeo had taken some deadly poison or that it had been given to him during his sight-seeing trips through the city.

Algeo came to Detroit several days ago, and has been registered at the Windsor every night, with the exception of two. He seemed prosperous, as he exhibited considerable money about the hotel.

One Man Killed.

One man was killed, and four concussion buildings blown down, at Wenona Beach, six miles north of Muskegon during a terrific thunderstorm, while considerable damage was done by lightning and wind throughout the lower portion of the Saginaw valley. Bert Woodruff, proprietor of a canoe trowling and novelty concession at the beach, was the man killed. He had gone to the rear of his light frame building, shortly after the storm began, and was standing in the doorway when a terrific gust of wind leveled the four buildings, all in a row. It was not until Woodruff's absence was noted that a search was begun. His body was found crushed beneath heavy cross timbers. He evidently had been instantly killed.

Expresses No Sorrow.

Possessed of a religious mania, which made him believe that it was necessary to make a flesh offering in atonement for his sins, Albert Stenmelen, aged 26, a Detroit bookkeeper, threw his 2-year-old daughter Helen into the Detroit river from the Belle Isle bridge Tuesday evening just at dusk. Then he gave himself up to the police, telling his story without a trace of agitation or regret, declaring: "I threw my child from the Belle Isle bridge. I gave her to God to atone for my sins. I want to give myself up to the police."

Stenmelen was married seven years ago. There were two children besides little Helen; Owen, aged 5, and Joseph, aged 3. So far as known there has never been a particle of domestic trouble and he idolized his children.

The first real intimation of the breaking of Stenmelen's mind was given to his office associates Tuesday, according to Col. William S. Greene, managing trustee of the W. A. Wesson estate, in the office of whom Stenmelen was employed.

Stenmelen was very ambitious, and anxious to get ahead in the world. He worked incessantly. He never rested. From morning till night he slaved his life away. He never even took the time to read the papers. This overwork finally unbalanced his mind. For the past three months he became a pronounced neurotic. He developed religious mania. The last three weeks he was badly frightened and excited by dreams of murder, violence, of big disasters. He would get up at night trembling with excitement and pray to find rest. Then he has been suffering with severe headaches, "drawing headaches," as he described them, and all this time a strange feeling of personal shortcomings and possession of him. He considered himself a hypocrite. The culmination came when he threw the child into the river.

Henry Borman, aged 12, was drowned in Crystal lake while out in a canoe.

Members of the executive committee of the State Grange adopted Saginaw as the next meeting place, and the state convention will be held December 19-14.

John Armstrong, an aged farmer of Algoma township, lies at the point of death, the result of taking Paris green. He was found in the hay in the barn last night. This is not the first time Armstrong has attempted suicide. He has been having troubles and has been in court considerable of late.

AROUND THE STATE.

Fred Eckert, aged 76, of Bridgeport, took landanum to induce sleep and died from an overdose.

Mrs. R. M. Hatt and daughter, Mrs. Kilim, of Morrice, shot a large badger and then clubbed it to death.

The Prohibitionists have arranged for the use of the Chautauqua plan of lectures to gain converts to the party.

The Clyde Mendenhall dam on Pokagon creek, which furnished power for grist mills for 70 years, has been washed out.

The 1-year-old baby of Mrs. Guy Webber, of Three Rivers, ate a number of match heads and was found dying by the mother.

While cleaning his gun, Anthony Chavet, a pioneer fruit grower of St. Joseph, accidentally shot himself in the head. He died instantly.

William Bowers, of Durand, a Grand Trunk switchman, mortgaged his house for \$100 and disappeared, leaving a wife and two children.

Friends of Miss Kate Kull and Alfred Niedermeyer, Newport's postmaster, were surprised by the announcement of their marriage in May.

Gov. Warner, Congressman Young, Senator William Alden Smith and other notables will deliver addresses at the Nemominee fair, September 10.

Pontiac business and professional men have appointed a committee to ask the state commission for a larger allotment of fish to Oakland county.

Dependent from illness George Gels, aged 39, of Saginaw, a Michigan Central switchman, made a noose of a sheet and hanged himself to his bedpost.

Byron Cooley, of Jonesville, started across a beam over an elevator shaft to save time in getting downstairs in a carriage factory, fell and was fatally injured.

The Indian camp meeting at Northport was concluded by a sunrise service with 1,000 red men marching around the camp and singing songs of praise.

George White, of Albion, who fell 56 feet from a roller coaster and was unhurt, says he was about to take a chew of tobacco when he lost his balance.

John C. Buckema has resigned as sporting editor of a Muskegon newspaper and has entered the Grand Rapids Theological seminary to become a minister.

Charles W. Nash, of Flint, was appointed a member of the state board of mediation and arbitration to succeed Frank S. Neal, recently appointed oil inspector.

Willis M. Morrison, aged 54, a prominent Kalamazoo farmer and active in Republican politics, was killed under the wheels.

Grasping a live wire on a shed in the rear of a hotel, Lee Carrigan, aged 11, of Lapeer, was hurled to the ground and the fingers of one hand may have to be amputated.

Carlisle Holmes, a Grand Ledge painter, aged 62, will start October 10 to walk to California. He will make the trip by way of the south and visit points of interest.

In a speech at the reunion of the Eaton county battalion Col. O. A. Jones, of Detroit, rapped Congressman Gardner for favoring the abolishing of pension agencies.

W. P. Stafford and Van Meter, of Hillsdale, were seriously injured when a fast train struck a rail they had raised upon a truck and hurled them against a building.

The state health department in a circular letter urges health officers to adopt sanitary measures to prevent typhoid fever epidemics during the fall and winter seasons.

Because his 2-year-old baby cried during the night Abel Wiersma, of Grand Rapids, was charged with spanking it so hard that it may die. He was fined \$55 and costs or 60 days in jail.

Mrs. James Connors of Port Huron, declares she was not surprised when the coroner told her of the death of her husband, who was found dying in a cemetery from blood poisoning, and says his death was foretold to her in a dream.

While on his train en route for Grand Rapids, R. O. Woltzer, over 60, veteran conductor on the Michigan Central railroad, was stricken with paralysis. He was taken off his train and a special hurried him to his home in Jackson.

"I never expect to preach again," said Rev. H. H. Hatley, pastor of the Reformation Christian church. He resigned because of ill health, but will not remain inactive, as he will do carpentering. He was successful in his church work.

The home of Frank Devet, at Fayette, Delta county, boasts an unusual family pet. A sea gull has been brought up to look upon man as his friend, instead of its natural enemy. The bird shows no fear of human beings and is the playmate of the children in the little town. Each night it goes to roost in a barn close by and remains about the Devet house during the day.

A new water power company is preparing to invade the Delta county field. Representing southern Michigan capitalists, F. E. Hatch, of Pellston, has secured an option on Bondy falls, 20 miles north of Escanaba, on the Escanaba river, and it is expected he will acquire the rapids shortly and will early commence their development. The water drops 20 feet in as many rods.

A large tarantula, found in a bunch of bananas, but Charles Smith, a Muskegon grocer, on the thumb. A physician cauterized the wound. Later a captive mouse and the big spider pulled off a battle, and although the rodent chewed off two of the tarantula's legs, died from the insect's poison.

Henry M. Bates, of the University of Michigan, was one of three members of the American Bar association chosen at the Portland, Me., convention to serve with the president and secretary-treasurer as the executive committee. George W. Kirchwey, of Columbia university, New York, was elected president.

NATIONAL GUARD.

To Be Made a Part of the Regular Army With Pay.

A bill is to be introduced at the next session of congress providing for the placing on half pay while not in active service all of the officers and privates of the state militias. This means the National Guard will be organized in the future in such a way as to be more closely united to the regular United States army and under the direct supervision of officers of the regular army.

Secretary of War Taft, while in Lexington, Ky., last week, went over the matter thoroughly with Brig. Gen. Rodgers D. Williams, commanding officer of the Kentucky State Guard, outlining the details of the bill. Secretary Taft will prepare the bill, which has the backing of President Roosevelt and will undoubtedly become a law, to the Louisville Courier-Journal.

The present effective force of the National Guard is about 300,000 men, but as the offer of half pay when not in service will be an attractive inducement, no difficulty is anticipated in increasing this force to 500,000. This would enable the government in case of war to place immediately in the field an army of a half million soldiers. The officers in direct command of this reserve would be commissioned as now by the governors of the states to which the different organizations belong, but they will be paid and equipped by the national government, and will be drilled and organized under the direction of regular army officers to whose orders they will be subject when the national exigencies require.

The Warren Murder.

Three different people positively identified Charles Clark, alias O'Connell, who was captured in Chicago Monday, as the man who murdered Horton Warren four years ago in the Goderich hotel in Detroit.

One of those who identified him was the widow of the murdered man. Coming to police headquarters with her little child, orphaned through the crime, she faced a line of prisoners brought before her by Capt. McDunnell, and immediately pointed out Clark as the man who shot her husband. She was visibly excited during the identification process, yet she managed to keep from breaking down.

Martin Humiller, who rushed to Warren's rescue that night and was shot by Warren's slayer, identified Clark as the man who shot him. Charles Bacheller, who was employed in the Goderich hotel at the time, pointed out Clark as one of the men who had "brought an old man there and attempted to rob him."

THE MARKETS.

Stocks.—Cattle.—Extra dry 500 steers, \$12.00; good 500, \$11.50; fair 500, \$11.00; grass steers and heifers, choice, fat, cows, \$7.75 to \$10.00; good fat cows, \$2.25 to \$3.50; common cows, \$2.75 to 3.00; calves, \$1.25 to 2.00; choice heavy bulls, \$2.50 to 3.75; fair to good heifers, \$1.75 to \$2.25; stock bulls, \$2.00 to 2.50; feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, \$3.50 to 4.75; bulls and common, \$3.00; fair stockers, 500 to 700, \$4.00 to 4.50; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$4.00 to 5.00; common milkers, \$3.00 to 4.00. Veal calves—Market 25c higher for good; common steady, best, \$7.50 to 7.75; others, \$5.00 to 6.50; milk cows and springers steady.

Stocks.—Market steady at last week's prices, best hams, \$12.25; light to good hams, \$6.25 to 7.50; light to common hams, \$5.00 to 6.00; fat, \$1.50 to 2.00; \$1.50 to 1.75; ribs and common, \$3.00.

Hogs—Market 25c to 30c higher than last week; range of prices, light to good butchers, \$5.50 to 6.75; pigs, \$4.75 to 6.75; light Yorkers, \$5.50 to 7.00; fowling, \$4.00 to 5.25; stags, 1-3 off, heavy grades, \$3.00 to 5.00.

East Buffalo—Cattle—Good steady other grades, \$10.00 to \$12.00; best \$12.50; good 500, \$11.50; fair 500, \$11.00; grass steers and heifers, choice, fat, cows, \$7.75 to \$10.00; good fat cows, \$2.25 to \$3.50; common cows, \$2.75 to 3.00; calves, \$1.25 to 2.00; choice heavy bulls, \$2.50 to 3.75; fair to good heifers, \$1.75 to \$2.25; stock bulls, \$2.00 to 2.50; feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, \$3.50 to 4.75; bulls and common, \$3.00; fair stockers, 500 to 700, \$4.00 to 4.50; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$4.00 to 5.00; common milkers, \$3.00 to 4.00. Veal calves—Market 25c higher for good; common steady, best, \$7.50 to 7.75; others, \$5.00 to 6.50; milk cows and springers steady.

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PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

INVENTED "IMMUNITY BATH"



John Stocker Miller had gained substantial fame long before he attracted national attention as the lawyer who procured freedom for the pacifiers under his now celebrated "immunity bath" plea before Judge J. Otis Humphrey. His retention by the Standard Oil company as the corporation representative in the case in which the Indiana child of the parent concern has been found guilty of receiving concessions from the Chicago & Alton railroad is but one of many evidences that Mr. Miller is regarded as one of the leading corporation attorneys in Chicago, if not in the country.

Mr. Miller is a man of wide range of experience, for during his career he has been not only a professor of Greek, Latin and mathematics, but has served as corporation counsel of Chicago and

has been honored by Chicagoans with the presidency of the Union League club, an honor which at once proclaims his class as a Chicago citizen.

Born in Louisville, N. Y., May 24, 1847, he attended school and academy there, and was graduated at St. Lawrence university, Canton, N. Y., in 1869. He studied law there and was admitted to the bar at Ogdensburg in 1870. The next three years he spent as professor of mathematics and later of Latin and Greek in his alma mater. Coming to Chicago in 1874, he engaged in the practice of law, and at present is a member of the firm of Peck, Miller Starr, the other members being George R. Peck and Merritt Starr.

Mr. Miller came to be known as one of the ablest chancery lawyers in Chicago, and the manner in which he conducted many important cases led Mayor Washburn in 1891 to appoint him corporation counsel, an office from which he retired in 1893. While in office he argued in behalf of the city the celebrated lake front case against the Illinois Central Railroad company, and otherwise was active in the prosecution of railroad cases involving the elevation of tracks and extension of city streets over the railroads.

He is a member of several clubs and is a Republican. In 1887 he was married to Miss Ann Gross and has two children, a son and a daughter.

Engaged in such lucrative practice as he is able to draw to him, it is known that the fees paid Mr. Miller are large. Just what he will receive from the Standard Oil company for his present activities in its behalf can only be guessed, and guesses range from \$25,000 to \$50,000 as a retaining fee.

LABOR COMMISSIONER

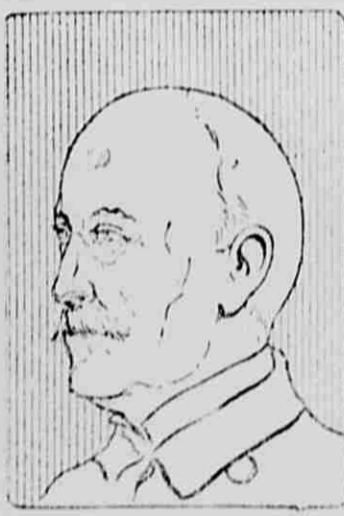
Dr. Charles P. Neill, United States commissioner of labor, who recently tried to effect a settlement of the telegraph operators' strike, has been in the thick of every labor fight, but he is far from being the stormy petrel which that statement would seem to indicate, for his constant endeavor has been to restore harmony. He has been fairly successful, too, for he took a conspicuous part in the settlement of the great coal strike of 1902, a strike that caused untold misery and discomfort among the people of the United States, and he has aided in settling up numerous smaller strikes since then. He attended the coal miners' convention at Scranton, Pa., in 1906, as the personal representative of President Roosevelt, and was instrumental in preventing another and similar strike. He was recorder of the arbitration commission for the strike in the Alabama mines in 1903, and here again his influence was powerful for peace.



When the country was horrified by the publication of Upton Sinclair's book, "The Jungle," making the most horrible disclosures concerning the packing industry in Chicago, Dr. Neill was sent by President Roosevelt to make a searching personal investigation. His description of the exceedingly unsanitary state of affairs was so powerful and convincing that congress took immediate steps to remedy the evil.

Dr. Neill has always been a close student of labor problems and has served a couple of terms as president of the Association of Officials of Bureaus of Labor Statistics of America. He was appointed commissioner of labor by President Roosevelt in January, 1905. He is a native of Illinois, born there in 1865. He studied at the University of Notre Dame, Ind., at the University of Texas and at Georgetown college, graduating from the latter place in 1891, and then returned to Notre Dame as a teacher. He pursued graduate studies in political economy at the University of Chicago and at Johns Hopkins university, receiving the degree of doctor of philosophy from the latter institution in 1897. He was appointed instructor of economics at the Catholic University of America in 1895; was promoted to associate professor in 1897, and was appointed to the chair of economics as full professor in 1900, and has held this post up to the present time.

TO WRITE WAR HISTORY



Rear Admiral French E. Chadwick who, since his retirement from the United States navy 18 months ago, has been collecting material in Spain for a history of the Spanish-American war and the causes that led up to it, has returned to the United States to begin his work. He was captain of the armored cruiser New York, Admiral Sampson's flagship at the battle of Santiago, the only occasion in which the Atlantic squadron engaged in battle, and he was unfortunate enough to be miles away at the time. Admiral Sampson had gone down the coast on official business when he received the signal that the bottled up Spanish fleet was coming out. The New York put out and raced back to the scene of action with dense volumes of smoke pouring from her funnels, anxious to take part in the engagement. But the Spanish ships were headed the other way, and before the New York could get into line the last of the Spanish ships was on the rocks, a battered mass of metal.

Admiral Chadwick has been officially thanked for his services, once for "extraordinary ability and judgment" during six years of service as naval attaché in Europe, and again for his conduct at Tausler, where he went with an American squadron in 1904 to secure the release of Perdicaris from Brandt Rabauli, the same, who afterwards captured Caldwell McLean.

Admiral Chadwick entered the navy in 1881, when he was only 17 years of age, and has since served in every rank, retiring as admiral last year. He is the author of several works on naval subjects.

LEADS WAR ON MOORS

Gen. Georges Hentart, minister of war for France, is one of the busiest men in public life today. Besides the ordinary duties of his department, he had a good deal to do with the enforcement of the laws against the Catholic church, an enforcement which has on many occasions necessitated the use of the military, and now he has charge of the campaign against Morocco, for unless the Moors make a complete surrender it is likely to be as big a campaign as that of Lord Wolseley in Egypt. But if there is any man in France who knows the difficulty of the task it is Hentart, for he was at the head of the secret intelligence department of the French army for years, and has spent much time in Africa. It was to Africa he was sent to get him out of the way when he was preparing the evidence to show that Capt. Dreyfus was being made a scapegoat for the corrupt military ring that was running the French army at the time. Hentart was then a colonel. He procured evidence to convict the conspirators, and after 11 years secured the acquittal of Dreyfus and his reinstatement in the army, while the leaders of the conspiracy fled or committed suicide. Hentart was himself reinstated and Clemenceau made him minister of war. Hentart is a man of considerable determination and pertinacity, and his conduct of the Dreyfus case shows him to be a natural-born detective. But for him the men who were trafficking in the honor of their country might have been at the head of the French army to-day.



RECIPES FOR FRENCH CAKES.

Dessert Dishes from the Land of Good Cooking.

Lorraine Cakes.—Take one quart of flour, a half pound of butter, a small teaspoonful of salt, and two eggs. Mix and knead these well together. Flatten on the board to the thickness of two silver dollars. Butter a pie dish and line it with the paste, making a rounded edge at the top. Put it in the oven for 15 minutes, and take it out. Beat two eggs together, with a pinch of salt and a half pint of cream. Pour into the paste. Scatter over a few small pieces of butter and put it again in the oven for another 15 minutes. Serve warm or cold.

Biscuit de Savoie.—Take four yolks of eggs and mix them with three tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar. Add and mix two ounces of rice flour, a tablespoonful of vanilla and the whites of the four eggs beaten to a froth. Butter a mold, put in the mixture and cook it in the oven for about 20 minutes.

Quarter Quartz Cake.—Weight four eggs and mix with them their equal weight of sugar, the same weight of flour, as much of butter and a teaspoonful of vanilla. Butter a mold, put the mixture in and bake it in the oven for 20 minutes.

Souse of Pigs' Feet.

Another substantial addition to the lunch hamper for a fishing or camping party, where men "grown up" are in the ascendency, are pickled pigs' feet made in the good old Dutch way. The souse should be made a day or two before using, but it will keep for days. They may be eaten cold or broiled over the campfire, as preferred. Put the desired number of well-cleansed pigs' feet in a kettle, cover with boiling water, and cook for half an hour. Remove and plunge into cold water. Drain and return to the kettle. Cover with water and vinegar in equal proportions, adding to each gallon of the liquor a tablespoonful of salt, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, a tablespoonful of whole peppers, a bay leaf, three blades of mace, four large onions cut fine, and a teaspoonful of thyme tied in a little bag. Cook until the feet are very tender, remove and pack in a stone jar. Strain the liquor over the feet, and when cold cover tightly and keep in a cold place.

White Bread.

Chop into a quart of flour a tablespoonful of shortening, wet with a quart of warm water, add a tablespoonful of white sugar and beat in a half-yeast cake that has been dissolved in warm water. Beat hard for ten minutes, cover and set to rise over night. In the morning work in two and one-half quarts of white flour that has been sifted with a tablespoonful of salt. When the flour is thoroughly incorporated, turn upon a pastry board and knead for 15 minutes, then set to rise until double its original size. Knead again, make into loaves, kneading each loaf for five minutes. Set to rise for an hour, then bake.

Lima Beans Served in White Sauce.
A delicate way of serving lima beans is in a white sauce. Soak one pint of beans over night. About three hours before dinner drain, cover with two quarts boiling water and simmer gently for two and a half hours. Drain, saving the water for soup. Put into a saucepan a heaping tablespoonful butter, a half tablespoonful flour, a teaspoonful salt and pepper to season. Stir into this a pint of hot milk and cook, stirring constantly until smooth and thick. Season the beans with salt and pepper, simmer 15 minutes longer and serve.

Fruit Cake.

Four eggs, beaten separately; one cup sugar, two cups molasses, one-half cup sweet milk, one and one-half cups butter, one pound each figs, dates, raisins, currants, and nuts; one-half pound each candied orange and lemon peel; one-half pound citron; one teaspoonful each cinnamon, spice, cloves, and nutmeg; one teaspoonful baking soda, sifted with five cups of flour. Chop and flour well separately all fruit, mixing a little at a time in the batter. Put in a well greased pan and bake in a slow oven two and one-half hours.

A Unique Dinner.

At a dinner given one of this summer's debutantes, whose name is Lily, two long dining tables were arranged in the form of an L. The decorations were green and white and in the center of the L-shaped table a lily pond was formed by placing flat upon the table a large mirror and bordering this with snailax. Water lilies and their leaves were arranged over the surface of the mirror so as to seem as if they were growing there. The place cards were in the shape of lilies, and the feet were frozen in lily molds.

Fruit Gelatine.

Pate and core a dozen nice apples, put them in a pudding dish with a cup of sugar and half a pint of water, and bake until tender. When cool, lay in a glass bowl. Have wine or lemon jelly made, and when it begins to congeal pour it over the apples and set on ice. Whip some cream, flavor it with wine or lemon, and put around the jelly. Sliced peaches or bananas are also nice thus.—Good Housekeeping.

Fruit Cocktail.

Cut in small pieces three or four varieties of fruits, cooked or fresh; mix with sugar or sugar sirup and the juice of the fruit. Wine may or may not be added. The whole is served cold in sherbet glasses in hollowed out pineapple or orange shells especially prepared for it.



PEACE.

Peace to him that is near and to him



WERE half the power that fills the world with terror. Were half the wealth bestowed on camps and courts, Given to redeem the human mind from error. There were no need of arsenal or forts:

The warrior's name would be a name of horror! And every nation that should lift again its hand against a brother, on its forehead Would wear forevermore the curse of Cain!

Down the dark future, through long generations, The echoing sounds grow fainter and their course: And like a bell, with solemn, sweet vibrations, I hear once more the voice of Christ say, "Peace!"

Peace! and no longer from its brazen portals The blast of War's great organ shakes the skies! But beautiful as songs of the immortals, The holy melodies of love arise.—H. W. Longfellow.

BETTER THAN THEY KNEW.

How a Church That Trusted in the Lord Was Vindicated.

A congregation in a hilly district in Ohio bought a small tract of land and erected a church building upon it. Then the question of insurance came up, says the Youth's Companion. Mr. Sipes, the wealthiest member, who had contributed half the money needed for the new structure, declared that he did not believe in insurance. "This is the Lord's building. He'll take care of it," he said.

His view prevailed, and there was no insurance. In a few weeks the building was struck by lightning and almost totally consumed by fire. Mr. Sipes contributing the greater portion of the fund, as before. This time the demand was almost unanimous that it be insured, but Mr. Sipes again objected on the same ground.

"If it burns down again, brethren," he said, "I'll agree to rebuild it myself."

Again he carried his point. In less than a month the new church was struck by lightning again and although strenuous efforts were made to save it, the loss was almost total.

"There must be some reason for this, brethren," said Brother Sipes. "I am going to find out what it is."

Thereupon he employed a force of men to sink a shaft on the site of the twice-destroyed church. Within a few days a rich vein of iron ore was found, and the church property was sold for many times the amount needed to buy land in another locality and build again.

"I tell you, brethren," said Brother Sipes, "it pays to trust the Lord. He's a great deal better business manager than anybody in this congregation."

THY KINGDOM COME.

Mrs. T. MacKnight, late of Tenerife, Canary islands, writes: These islands are now an open field. They include seven islands, Canary, Tenerife, Fuerteventura, Lanzarote, Palma, Hierro and Gomera. There is a call for evangelical work everywhere, and for school work in both Tenerife and Canary.

The National Plant, Flower and Fruit guild of New York distributes flowers among the sick and poor in hospitals and in homes. Last year it gave out 365,853 bunches of summer flowers, 24,515 bunches of winter flowers, 8,599 plants and 1,184 bulbs.

Rev. Antonio B. Carro, a preacher of the Mexican Evangelical church, writes that the Gospel is making excellent progress in that country. His own church, in Mexico City, has 150 members.

E. Tennyson Smith, the well-known English evangelist, has sailed for England, after a most successful world tour, which included the United States, Australia and New Zealand. He will return to this country in 1908.

Faith is often as little effective for righteousness as unbelief, because it lacks grip.

Dr. Clark found seven Christian Endeavor societies in Chile in his recent tour of South America—one English-speaking and six Spanish.

New Y. M. C. A. for Milwaukee.

Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars have been raised at Milwaukee, Wis., for the construction of a new Y. M. C. A. The campaign was conducted in the following manner: "In the first place, there was a citizens' committee, composed of many of the best known men in the city. On it served bankers, brokers, lawyers, doctors and men in every professional line, as well as many mechanics. The committee worked day and night for three weeks during the time allotted for raising the fund. In addition there were ten captains, who had teams of a dozen men each. These teams were made up of young 'hustlers' from every walk of life, who held tenacious ly on until the goal was reached."

An old farmer in the English Midlands was anxious to marry, but could not make up his mind between the charms of a certain comely widow in the neighborhood and her equally charming daughter. At last he determined to let chance solve the problem. "I'll ax th' one as I fust sees agoin' in," he muttered, and off he started on his amatory errand. But when he arrived, both mother and daughter were sitting in the doorway. "Dang it!" he cried. "Here was I comin' to ax one o' 'ee to marry me, an' I swore the fust 'un shou'd ha' the chance. But there ye both be together. I'll shet my eyes now, an' the one as don't want me mun go in doors. Th' one as stays is my wife to be." Shutting his eyes, the old farmer counted ten solemnly; there was a subdued chuckle, but when he opened them both had gone.

Canary Birds in Church.

Children's day was celebrated recently by the largest Methodist Episcopal Sunday school in Pennsylvania, that of Siloam church, East Susquehanna avenue, says the Philadelphia North American. The school has 2,148 pupils and all but a few of them attended the special services. The girls were all dressed in white, and the solid rows of them, together with the flower decorations, made a pretty spectacle for the church members and the visitors, who crowded the gallery. A dozen bird cages, each containing a canary bird, were suspended from different parts of the high ceiling, and the little feathered songsters joined in the singing with the children. The idea of having songbirds in a church service is new, and every one present agreed that the innovation was a clever one.

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Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN NEGONCE BLK., LOWELL, MICH.

M. C. Greene, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN NEGONCE BLK., LOWELL, MICH.

S. P. Hicks

Loans, Collections, Real Estate and Insurance
LOWELL, MICHIGAN.

R. E. Springett

Attorney-at-Law
General Law Practice and Collections
Office, City Bank Block, LOWELL, MICH.

THE LEDGER WANTS

All the local and vicinity news. Send by mail, use our item box or call us by phone. Office No. 200. Hours 8 to 9.

Milton M. Perry

Attorney and Counselor at Law
Special attention given to Collections, Compromises and sale of Real Estate. Has also qualified and been admitted to practice in the Interior Department and all the bureaus thereunder is ready to prosecute claims for those that may be entitled to pension benefits.
Perry's Hall Block, LOWELL, MICH.

Dr. E. D. McQueen

VETERINARY SURGEON
Dentistry and Surgery a Specialty.
Livery, Feed and Sale Barn in connection.

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CARTAGE AND TEAMING
Moving in town and to from outside towns a specialty. Rates Reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 22-11.

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Public Stenographer and Typewriter.
With THE LEDGER. Phone 200.

Pain Pills
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills
Cure Headache
Almost instantly, and leave no bad effects. They also relieve every other pain. Neuralgia, Rheumatic Pain, Sciatica, Backache, Stomach ache, Ague Pains, Pains from injury, Bearing-down pains, Indigestion, Dizziness, Nervousness and Sleeplessness.

Pain Pills
Prevent All-Aches
By taking one or two Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills when you feel an attack coming on. You not only avoid suffering, but the weakening influence of pain upon the system. If nervous, irritable and cannot sleep, take a tablet on retiring or when you awaken. This soothing influence upon the nerves brings refreshing sleep.

Weekes' Alteration Sale

Will Close Saturday, September 7th.

3 Days Yet of Price Reductions in Dry Goods 3

This sale has been remarkably successful from every viewpoint—from the promptness of the response to our announcements, from the readiness and enthusiasm of the buying, from the satisfaction afforded the purchasers. "There's a Reason"—many reasons, but all are culminated in the fact that our established reputation for doing everything that is promised is a magnet that the careful buyer cannot resist—and would not if he could.

Don't miss the opportunity of saving Dollars in Dry

Goods during the 3 remaining days of this Liberal Price Cutting Sale. These are red letter days for Bargain Seekers. It is easy to quote low prices but it is what a price buys that counts. You who are wise can reap the benefit of the remarkable price concessions we have made. Don't be discouraged if the particular thing you want is not advertised here. Couldn't put them all in unless we bought the paper.

All best light and dark Prints for 6c per yard.
1 Lot Lawns, all colors, alteration price 4c.
1 Lot Brown check Apron Gingham, 6c.
1,000 Yards best Amoskeag Apron Gingham at 8c.
7c Unbleached Outing, alteration price 5c.
Indian Head Suiting, sale price 12½c.
Linen finish, shrunken Cotton Suiting at 12½c.
18c Gaiter Cloth for Boys' suits, sale price 15c.
Very best grade colored table oil cloth.
A choice assortment of new patterns, 15c. yard
White Marble Oil Cloth at 18c per yard.
A full bleached table linen at 22c.
50c All Linen Table Damask 38c.
65c All Linen Table Damask 48c.
75c All Linen Table Damask 63c.
1.00 All Linen Satin Table Damask 87c.
1.50 All Linen Satin Table Damask \$1.19.
Large Assortment Furniture and Curtain Cretonne
all new patterns, sale price 8c per yard.
25c Snow Drop Dress Goods, sale price 12½c.
Bigge Suitings, Alteration price 7c.
1,000 Yards fine Organdie and Batistes in all the
newest patterns, alteration price 10c per yd.
All 25c Summer Goods at 19c.
15c Light and Dark Percales 12½c.
12½c Percales, Alteration price 10c.
10c Percales, Alteration price 8½c.
8c Mosquito Bar, all colors 6½c.
All fancy ribbons ½ off.

All Lace Curtains, Arabian and White at ¼ less.
All Tapestry Curtains, \$2 to \$8 at ¼ less.
10c Infant's Moccasins at 7c per pair.
50c Back Combs, alteration price 33c.
25c Back Combs, alteration price 19c.
5c Pearl buttons, sale price 2 doz. for 5c.
25c Ladies fancy hose 19c.
50c Ladies hose, alteration price 39c.
25c Misses white hose at 19c.
13c Misses black or white lace hose at 10c.
Percale wrappers worth \$1.25, sale price 94c.
Ladies Ferris Corset waists at 88c.
One lot Misses 50c corsets, sale price 29c.
75c All silk gloves, double tipped fingers, all colors
except black at 44c.
One lot Elbow length white silk gloves at 98c.
\$1.50 Black Elbow length silk gloves, Mousquetaire
style, double tipped fingers, sale price \$1.25.
Ladies 25c all linen Initialed handkerchiefs, sale
price 14c.
\$1.50 and \$1.00 white embroidered India linen waist
patterns, alteration price 79c.
Alteration price on all hammocks ¼ less.
All 50c Gauze vests for 40c.
All 25c Gauze vests for 20c.
All 15c Gauze vests for 12½c.
All 12½c Gauze vests for 10c.
All 10c Gauze vests for 8c.
All 25c Gauze drawers for 20c.

All \$1 Gauze union suits for 80c.
All 75c Gauze union suits for 59c.
All 50c Gauze union suits for 42c.
All ladies neckwear at ¼ less.
50c School Umbrellas 39c
1.00 Hull " 1.00
1.25 " " 88c
1.50 " " 1.23
3.00 Elbow kid Gloves black 2.50
25c Embroidered linen collars 17c
1.00 Tapestry table covers 79c
50c Lace door panels 43c
12½c Outing flannels 10c
One lot \$15 Ladies Dress Suits at \$4.98.
\$1.75 and \$1.50 White Parasols at 98c.
\$1.25 and \$1.00 White Parasols at 79c.
Cotton Challies 500 yards at 5c per yard.
12½c Straw Ticking, sale price 10c.
10c Fancy stripe Ticking, sale price 12½c.
Anderson Unbleached Cotton at 5c per yard.
All children's hats at 1-2 price.
4 Pairs Men's 10c socks for 25c.
\$4.00 Misses Skirts at \$2.38.
\$5.00 Panama Skirts at \$3.98.
25c Sun Bonnets at 19c.
40c Lodge Emblem Pillow tops for 19c.
25c Japanese Pillow top for 19c. All 5c fans for 2c.
90c Japanese porch rugs for 43c. All 10c fans for 6c.
One lot white fans, regular 50c and \$1 values, sale price 39c.

LIBERALITY **COURTESY**

Your Products

Are selling at good prices this year. What are you doing with the money? Instead of spending it all now many are laying aside a part to provide for a season when good crops are not so general. Is not this the wise thing for you to do? Cash your checks and do your business with this bank.

Lowell State Bank

ACCURACY **STABILITY**

Heard About Town

Dr. White, dentist, phone 151.
See new record cabinet for 150 records at Stocking's.
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Oberly and family spent Sunday at Morse Lake.
E. A. Anderson of Elmira has joined his family here for a week's visit.
Mrs. Mary Boydhauff is recovering from a four weeks' serious illness.
Paul McWilliams of Grand Rapids was in town Sunday and Monday.
Mrs. Myron Quay who has been ill for some time is slowly recovering from a relapse.
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Willard and daughter June of Grand Rapids were here Labor day.
Miss Louise Anderson of Bay City is visiting her cousin Miss Agnes Anderson.
Mr. and Mrs. Eds. Frankner of Delton visited Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kopt over Sunday.
Mrs. Sarah Wallace of Grand Rapids spent Labor day with her sister Mrs. David Wilson.
Miss Fannie Graman of Grand Rapids spent Labor day with her brother Willie Graham.
Miss Lydia Perrin of Brooklyn, N. Y., is visiting Mrs. E. D. McQueen and Mrs. L. P. Hodges.
Mrs. G. H. Hutchins of Lake Odessa was the guest of her sister Mrs. C. E. Hackett over Sunday and Monday.
Carl Loveland returned to Grand Rapids Monday after spending two weeks with his friend Willie Graham.
Miss Birdie Beach of Pentwater is visiting her brother Ray Beach and Misses Athol and Beulah Meyers this week.
Mr. and Mrs. Will Pullen made a trip to Grand Rapids, Grand Haven, Holland, Spring Lake and Highland Park last week.
F. W. Hinyan and family of Grand Rapids visited Dr. and Mrs. Towlesy and other friends during the latter part of Chautauqua.
Mrs. C. C. Keiso returned Tuesday to her home in Columbus, O., after a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Watts.
Miss Winifred Smith and Mrs. A. D. Wright of Belding visited Mrs. D. G. Shear the first of the week, Mrs. Wright remaining for a while.
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. E. Watts and son who have been visiting at the home of Mr. Watts' brother W. A. Watts returned Tuesday evening to their home in Chicago.
Mr. and Mrs. Myron Quay entertained the following friends Sunday: Mr. and Mrs. W. Pellske of Grand Rapids, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kyser of South Boston, Mr. and Mrs. James Belger of Boston Center, Mr. and Mrs. Russell of Keene.

Dr. Keyes, dentist, phone 156.
Clifton Bradish of Chicago is visiting his father here.
Will Davidson of Grand Rapids spent Labor day here.
Mrs. Harold Miller and son Merl are visiting in Detroit.
Arthur Payne of Grand Rapids visited Nell Cameron Sunday.
Miss Minnie Meek spent Sunday and Labor day in Grand Rapids.
Miss James McGee of Grand Rapids spent Labor day with friends here.
Miss Rena Klumpp has gone to Luther to accept a position as trimmer.
Rudolph VanDyke Jr. has gone to Big Rapids to attend the Ferris institute.
Mrs. Chas. Shepard and Mrs. Edward Shepard have returned from a northern trip.
Mrs. Carrie Mathews of Lake Odessa spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. M. J. Palster.
Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Snooks of Delton have been visiting Mrs. Seward Aldrich and family.
Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Howk have been visiting relatives at Lake Odessa yesterday and today.
Miss Cecelia Noble left Friday to accept a position as principal of the High school at Stockbridge.
Mrs. Nell Cameron and daughter Mary left Monday for a visit with relatives and friends in Detroit.
Prof. H. F. Clarke left Monday for his school at Benzonia after spending a few days at the home of F. B. Oliver.
Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Quick and three children of Grand Rapids visited Mrs. Ruben Quick during Chautauqua.
Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Butts of Lapeer visited the latter's brother Earl McNaughton over Saturday and Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Barber and three children of New York visited Mrs. F. W. Morton in South Boston last week.
Mrs. Hensley and daughter Mamie of Burnip's Corners visited Mr. and Mrs. S. Finch and Miss Ellen Finch the first of the week.
Miss Mary Childs and Miss Mildred Cameron both of Grand Rapids spent Sunday at the home of the latter's father Nell Cameron.
Mrs. J. B. Nicholson and two children Lucetta and Earl left yesterday for a visit with friends and relatives at Flint and other places.
Miss Nora Delk has resigned her position at M. Ruben's store and expects to go to Grand Rapids next week to work for the Citizens' telephone company.

September records at Stocking's. Mrs. George Mauds was in Grand Rapids Saturday.
Mrs. Don Smith is recovering from a serious illness of several weeks.
Wilson J. Parker of Vermontville was in town the first of the week.
Finest and largest stock of rings ever shown in Lowell now at Stocking's.
Mrs. Helen Kling returned last week from an extended visit at Chatham.
Daniel Easterbrooks of Freeport held the Bryan address Tuesday and made Tim Langer a call.
Mrs. Wm. Helm returned Monday to her home in Saginaw after a visit with her brother Arthur Nerretter.
F. N. Wilson has gone to establish a plumbing business at Boyne City. His family expects to remain here through the fall and winter.
Marked improvements have been made in the house of the late Dr. Ellsworth, among them thorough overhauling and repairing, new roof, interior and exterior painting.
Junior Townsend had the Central building in the peak of condition for the school opening Tuesday, and every teacher found a vase of flowers on her desk.
Deputy Sheriff Morse expresses himself as well pleased with the cheerful and excellent manner in which Lowell liquor dealers complied with the closing law on Labor day.

Who Needs A Watch?

In these days of cheap watches and shoddy manufacture, a time-piece should be selected with care. A good watch should last a lifetime, and longer. Such watches are the only kind worth having and in order to get them you must buy of a reliable dealer who is at hand to make the guarantee good. We have in stock complete lines of the best watches made. All sizes for both gentlemen and ladies. We sell watches for precisely what they are, and quality considered, our prices are always a little lower than the "other fellow".

The following Armada item from a Detroit paper will interest the friends of Miss Helen Hamilton who taught in the Lowell high school several years ago: Miss Helen Hamilton, a popular high school teacher, who has been instructor in the local as well as well as the Mount and Lowell schools, was married yesterday to Warren Finch of Armada at the residence of her sister Mrs. Frank E. Leathrop.

A stock of advertisers announcement boards in seven colors and white has been received at The Ledger office. This is the finest lot of cardboard ever brought to town, having the surface appearance of fine linen cloth, is suitable for a large variety of folders, circulars, cards and business and society printing, and can be cut in any size and form desired. Those wishing "something different" from the ordinary run of printers' stock will be pleased with this elegant assortment. Inspection invited.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE OF LATE DR. A. M. ELLSWORTH, also about sixty acres of land on which there are several gravel-pits opened. S. C. Bradfield 205 Murray bldg., Grand Rapids, Mich. 4w

Williams THE JEWELER

Second Hand School Books

In good condition at from ¼ to ½ less than publishers prices. Or new ones if you prefer them at list prices. We have all the books used in the Lowell school and surrounding schools.

A large new line of TABLETS that will stand the test for both size and quality.

Pens, Pencils, Inks, Mucilage, Crayons and Erasers in endless variety.

A visit to our store will leave no doubt in your mind where to buy school books and school supplies to the best advantage. Come and look us over.

Henry's Modern Drug Store

New Negonce Block, Lowell, Michigan

Car Load

Of American Wire Fence arrived Monday

AT

Edelmann's Hardware.

Get your fence now as it is going fast.