LOWELL JOURNAL.

Volume Twenty Nine. No 30. LOWELL, MICH., WEDNESDAY, JAN. 24, 1894 One Dollar a Year.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Synopsis of the New Measure to Secure Funds.

Incomes of $4,000 and Over Must Pay a Tax of 2 Per Cent.—Playing Cards Taxed Two Cents a Pack and Spirits $1 a Gallon.

TAX ON INCOMES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The income tax bill, as approved by the democratic members of the ways and means committee, was laid before the full committee. It was read in part, but the committee adjourned before the reading was finished A synopsis of the bill is as follows:

To Tax Incomes.

The bill provides a tax of 2 per cent. upon all incomes of citizens of the United States, either at home or abroad, from any kind of property, rents, interest, dividends or salaries on all amounts over and above $4,000. The bill goes into effect January 1, 1895. In estimating incomes there shall be included notes, bonds and other securities, except such United States bonds as are exempt from federal taxation. The tax is laid on profits realized within the year from sales of real estate purchased within the year or within two years previous to the year for which the income is estimated; also on sales of live stock and farm products generally where grown upon one's own estate; all other incomes derived from any source whatever and the share of any person of the profits of companies, whether incorporated or partnership, who would be entitled to the same if divided whether divided or otherwise, except the incomes received from corporations whose officers, as required by law, withhold a per centum of the dividends and pay the same to the officer authorized to receive it.

Some Deductions.

In addition to the $4,000 exemption, all national, state and county taxes paid within the year shall be deducted from the profits of the person who has actually paid them; also losses sustained during the year from fires, shipwreck and other causes not covered by insurance and compensated for, and worthless debts, but excluding estimated depreciation of value and losses on sales of real estate. No deduction shall be made for improvements which may increase the value of the property or estate. Only one deduction of $4,000 shall be made from the aggregate income of the members of any family.

How Returns Are to Be Made.

Every person having an income of more than $3,000 shall make a return to the deputy collector of the district in which he resides of the amount of his income; but persons having less than $3,000 a year shall not make such a report. These returns shall be made on oath and the deputy collector may increase the amount of any list or return if he has reason to believe that it has been understated. As a penalty for refusing to make the list, the deputy collector may make up such list according to the best information obtainable and add 50 per cent. to the amount. In cases where fraudulent list has been rendered a penalty of 100 per cent. shall be added.

The bill provides at some length the manner in which persons dissatisfied with the decision of the collector may submit their case to the commissioner of internal revenue. The tax shall be collected on or before the 1st day of each July, and an additional tax of 5 per cent. shall be laid on payment after that date, and interest at the rate of 1 per cent. a month upon the amount of the tax.

All persons in the civil, military, naval or other service of the United States, including senators, representatives and delegates in congress, shall pay a 2 per cent. tax upon incomes above $4,000 a year. This amount shall be deducted from their incomes by the disbursing officers making the payment.

Information Must Be Kept Secret.

The bill provides that when any revenue officer divulges the operations of a manufacturer or producer or the amount or source of his income he shall be subject to fine and imprisonment. The deputy collector shall make lists of persons owning property subject to tax and it shall be the duty of persons, firms and corporations made liable to any duty, special or other tax and not otherwise provided for, in case of a special tax on or before July 31, annually, in case of income tax on or before March 1, annually, and in other cases before the tax accrues, to furnish the deputy collector complete lists of taxable property. In case such person fails but permits the deputy to make up the return such lists may be received upon oath.

Liabilities of Corporations.

Section 11 of the bill relates to corporations. It requires them to make return before the tenth day of the month following the declaration of dividends under oath by the principal officer.

Section 12 requires corporations to furnish, beginning 1895, on or before the first Monday of —— (each year), a statement showing the gross profits, expenses, exclusion of interests, annuities and dividends, net profits without allowance for the same, amount paid on account of interest, annuities and dividends, amount paid for salaries, employes, above and below $4,000.

Section 14 levies taxes upon corporation dividends, interest coupons and annuities wherever and whenever payable, to all parties whatsoever, and provides that the corporation may deduct or retain from all payments made on account of such dividends, etc., a proportionate share of the tax so paid.

Section 15 provides for the issue of receipts by collectors for taxes paid, and whenever the payment is made otherwise than by a corporation the collector may give a separate receipt for each tax paid by any debtor on account of payments to separate creditors in such form that the debtor can present them to his creditors in satisfaction of their respective demands to the amount specified in such receipts.

Sections 16, 17 and 18 are not of public information, but are simply administrative.

Tax on Playing Cards.

Section 19 provides that after a date in 1894 there shall be a tax of 2 cents a pack on playing cards, payable by adhesive stamps.

Sections 20 to 28 (inclusive) are explanatory of section 19, and provide penalties for violation and evasion of the law.

Spirits Taxed $1 a Gallon.

Section 29 fixes the tax, on and after the second calendar month after the passage of the act, on all distilled spirits produced in the United States on which the tax is not paid before that day at one dollar per proof gallon, to be paid by the possessor on or before removal from warehouse within eight years from the date of original entry for deposit in any distillery or bonded warehouse, except in cases of withdrawal without payment of tax as now authorized by law.

Section 30 continues existing warehouse bonds on distilled spirits in full force for the time named in the bonds When the tax is paid, on and after that date, there shall be added to the present tax of 90 cents a sufficient tax to make the total equal to $1. Bonds may be required for the additional tax.

Section 31 provides for regauging of spirits upon withdrawal, limiting the allowance for loss to 1 gallon for two months and 1½ gallons for twelve months.

Section 32, the last, repeals all inconsistent acts.

Alexander Is Not Dead.

BELGRADE, Jan. 23.—The dispatches sent from Vienna stating that the young King Alexander of Servia has been assassinated are utterly without foundation. His majesty is in excellent health.

BUSINESS REVIEW.

The Industrial Improvement Continues, But the Gain Is Slow.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

"The event of the week is the offer of $50,000,000 United States 5 per cent. ten-year bonds. The gold not represented by certificates has fallen below 170,000,000, the revenue continues to fall behind that of last year about $5,000,000 a month, and action in congress on various financial measures is liable at any time to excite doubts whether gold payments can be maintained. Hence replenishment of the gold reserve was necessary to a restoration of confidence and a revival of business.

"While industrial improvement continues, the gain is slow, and increase in the purchasing power of the people by enlargement of the force at work is in a measure through reduction in wages paid. During the last week dispatches have told of reductions averaging 13 per cent. in fifteen iron and steel works and averaging 15½ per cent. in eleven textile works, five employing thousands of hands each having reduced wages 20 per cent. Meanwhile twenty-five textile and eleven iron and steel concerns resumed wholly or in part against seventeen textile and four iron concerns stopping or reducing force. The volume of business done has increased in leading branches, but not largely; clearings fall below those of last year for the same week 22.6 per cent., and uncertainty regarding the future as yet prevents the ventures essential to prosperous activity.

"Textile works resuming are mostly carpet and knit goods concerns, with some worsted works. Sales of wool for the week have been 3,189,500 pounds, against 6,082,300 last year, and the proportion since January 1 has been about the same. Though more mills are at work and there is more speculative buying, prices nevertheless decline.

"Again, there is reported more busines in iron and steel products, but at lower prices. Speculative markets have been weaker, though wheat is ¼ higher, with increasing stocks and small exports, and corn is ¾ higher. Cotton has fallen, as receipts continue much larger than a year ago and the demand for consumption is narrow. Lard and coffee are lower, but oil was advanced a cent, with large trading.

"Gain in retail distribution of products is still small, imports at New York show for January thus far a decrease of more than 30 per cent., while in exports hence a gain of $2,300,000, or nearly 20 per cent., appears. There is no thought of a movement of gold, as London sends stocks hither to settle for products. The excess of exports over imports in December was $43,000,000, but the exchanges seemed to foreshadow gold exports.

"Failures for the week have been 407 in the United States, against 270 last year, and 46 in Canada, against 42 last year."

STEVENS TESTIFIES.

The Ex-Minister to Hawaii Appears Before the Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan., 22.—The witness before the senate committee investigating Hawaiian relations Saturday was ex-Minister Stevens, who is charged with having coerced the Hawaiians and contributed towards the establishment of the provisional government by the use of the provisional forces. Mr. Stevens was on the stand for a long time, and, it is understood, made strong denials of very many of the positive statements of Mr. Blount. He defended his course from first to last, and declared he had landed the troops simply for the purpose of protecting life and property, and he brought out the point that the deposed queen herself did not, by her acts, take a contrary view of the case. This part of Mr. Stevens' testimony touched on new ground and was of importance. He said that twenty-two hours after the marines had been landed, and after the queen had been deposed, she sent to him and asked that he would direct the marines to be used in her behalf, a request which showed, Mr. Stevens said, that the queen did not look upon the landing of the marines as intended to be inimical to her.

MELLO DEPOSED.

Said to Have Been Removed from Leadership of Brazilian Rebels.

RIO JANEIRO, Jan. 23.—The minister of foreign affairs, acting in behalf of President Peixoto, authorizes the representative of the United Press to send the following:

"It is stated by insurgents that Admiral de Mello has been deposed from his position of leader of the forces operating against the government because he failed to bring troops from the south to aid the insurgents in the bay here in making their proposed land movements. It is added that Admiral de Mello is now on the insurgent war ship Republica, but simply as a private citizen. The Republica is in Paranagua bay. Everything is quiet in Rio Janeiro."

A Million Dollars in a Wreck.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 23.—A big foreign steamer, the Andes, bound from Costa Rica to New York with a cargo of coffee and fruits said to be valued at $1,000,000, went ashore off Little Beach life-saving station Monday. She had a crew of twenty-four men and two passengers who were landed by the government men. There is little hope of saving the steamer and cargo.

Ice Imprisons Many Fish.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Jan. 20.—At Pecatonica a small stream during the cold weather was frozen to such a depth as to hold the fish fast in the ice. Now that the ice has thawed thousands of fish can be seen protruding from the ice, bullheads, buffalo fish, pickerel and bass. Several fish that were near the bottom have been chopped out and they revive after being left a little while in cold water.

Population of Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 23.—The new city directory, now in the hands of the binders, contains 57,598 names, which it is figured gives Indianapolis a population of 143,995, an increase of nearly 7,000 over last year.

Kills His Brother by Accident.

MOUNT PLEASANT, Ia., Jan. 16.—Charles and Harry Schreiner, 16 and 14 years old respectively, of Salem, had returned from church Sunday night when Harry, the younger, retired and Charles began to clean his rifle. The gun was accidentally discharged, the ball striking Harry and killing him instantly.

Arrested on a Charge of Forgery.

BATTLE CREEK, Jan. 16.—William M. Collins was arrested Monday in Bowling Green, O., on a charge of forging a note for $500 on a merchant in Marshall, Mich. He is in jail awaiting trial.

TO BE A REPUBLIC.

Hawaii Soon to Have an Independent Government.

The Constitution Is Like That of the United States—Voters, However, Must Be Able to Read and Write English.

AN IMPORTANT MOVE.

HONOLULU, Jan. 12, via San Francisco, Jan. 20.—There is no important change in public affairs. Strong remonstrances have been addressed to Minister Willis. It is privately learned that a new constitution is all ready to be promulgated at the proper time. It seems to be definitely ascertained that for several weeks past and prior to Thurston's visit the government has been working out a form of constitution for an independent Hawaiian republic, which is now substantially settled upon. Its form is like those of the states of the union, with president and vice president and upper and lower houses of the legislature. For voters for the lower house the chief qualification is ability to read and write the English language, which will exclude most of the Japanese. In this house the native and half-white vote will greatly predominate. For the upper house there will be required of voters a considerable educational and property qualification, sufficient to secure the predominance of intelligent white citizens, who will also control the choice of the executive. Certain special powers will be conferred upon the executive and upper house, acting in concert, which will enable them, when well agreed, to prevent the obstruction of necessary legislation by the lower house. Under this constitution the native element will possess all share in legislation which it has ever possessed, while royal and executive power will practically be transferred to the control of the more intelligent and capable white population.

The government will not proclaim this constitution until after learning from Minister Thurston that there is no present prospect of any form of political union with the United States.

BLOW AT PROHIBITION.

Iowa Supreme Court Refuses to Reverse Its Decision on the Amendment.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 23.—The supreme court has decided the famous case of J. A. Harvey vs. W. M. McFarland, secretary of state, involving the constitutionality of the prohibitory amendment to the state constitution adopted in 1872. Ten years ago the supreme court decided that owing to certain errors in the journals of the general assembly the amendment was not constitutionally adopted and therefore void. The State Temperance alliance found proofs that these errors were in the journals only and that all the constitutional requirements were complied with. This action was brought by mandamus proceedings to compel the secretary of state to furnish plaintiff a copy of the amendment, the alliance hoping thus to get the old question before the supreme court. That tribunal, however, refuses to reopen the question and holds that Secretary McFarland, "cannot be compelled to decide as to the legal effect of any of the records in his custody, and he is just as much bound by the decision of this court that the alleged amendment was not legally adopted as any other public officer or private citizen of the state."

This decision puts a final quietus on constitutional prohibition in Iowa and leaves nothing of prohibition but the statute which will probably be repealed by the present legislature.

SUFFOCATED BY SAWDUST.

Peculiar Death of an Unknown Farmer at Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 20.—An unknown man was killed Friday morning at the sawdust heap in the rear of the Diamond mill, Eighteenth avenue north. He was a farmer and had come in from the country to obtain a load of sawdust. While engaged in filling his wagon the sawdust under the wheels slid down, the wagon was upset and the load covered the man. He had died from suffocation when the body was recovered.

Big Haul of Lottery Tickets.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 23.—Lottery tickets aggregating in value fully $10,000 were confiscated from the residence of John D. Sims, No. 2129 Walnut street. Sims and his son-in-law, George Flint, were arrested, but the latter was afterwards released. The tickets were in a large steel safe, and Sims refused to give the combination until the detectives prepared to "blow" the safe.

Kansas Schools Compelled to Close.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 23.—Thirteen school districts of Lyon county, Kan., through which the Santa Fe passes, will be obliged to close their schools on account of the refusal of that road to pay its county taxes, amounting to $14,000. The Emporia school will also be greatly affected, but will continue to run on a narrow margin until the case is settled in the courts.

Deer Starving to Death.

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 22.—Mate Cleland, who has arrived here from Bubars camp at Millinoket lake, says that in many places in northern Maine deer have been found dead in yards. The cause is attributed to starvation, the branches of trees upon which they feed having been encased in ice since December by the sleet storm which occurred in that month.

FINDLAY, O., Jan. 22.—William Rodecker and his wife and Henry Eussell were killed and three others were hurt in a grade crossing here.

ANOTHER FIGHT.

Senator Hill Likely to Make More Trouble for the President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Wheeler H. Peckham, of New York, has been nominated by the president for associate justice of the supreme court, Vice W. B. Hornblower, rejected. This action is looked upon by politicians as a direct slap at Senator Hill. Senator Hill objected to Hornblower—firsts because he was one of the committee of the New York Bar association that signed the report against Maynard for his connection with the alleged legislative frauds in New York; second, because he was (and is) an anti-snapper. If Senator Hill objects to Nominee Peckham it will be, first, because he not only signed the report, but presented it to the legislature and was very prominent in prosecuting Maynard on the charges set forth in the report; second, Peckham is an ardent anti-snapper; third, in a recent interview on the turning down of Hornblower Peckham denounced Hill in the most virulent manner, and said: "Such things were to be expected when a reptile like Hill wallowed in the dirty politics of the day."

HANGMAN'S DAY.

Four Murderers Pay the Penalty for Taking Human Lives.

JOLIET, Ill., Jan. 20.—Ernest Lacore was executed here at 10:34 a. m. yesterday. The crime for which Lacore was hanged was the murder of Mary Ellen Byron on August 6 in the town of Wesley, near Wilmington.

CANDO, N. D., Jan. 20.—Albert F. Bamberger was hanged at 1 p. m. yesterday about a mile from this place in a deep ravine surrounded by high hills, for the brutal murder on July 7, 1893, of six members of the Kreider family because of some words with his uncle about his passion for his 15-year-old cousin, Annie Kreider.

LEBANON, Mo., Jan. 20.—Wilson Howard was hanged in the jailyard here at 9:17 o'clock a. m. yesterday for the murder of Thomas McMichael on August 30 last. Late Thursday night Howard made an affidavit that he had killed John Bailey in Harlan county, Ky., a crime for which an innocent man, his uncle, Will Jennings, is now serving a life sentence in the Kentucky penitentiary.

WELCH, W. Va., Jan. 20.—John Hardy was hanged here yesterday for the murder of a railway employe during a quarrel.

Given a Twenty-Year Term.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 22.—James E. Connolly, the ex-parish priest of Two Harbors, this county, who was convicted of committing rape on one of his congregation, Julia Sutherland, has been sentenced to twenty years and three months in state prison.

Prof. Alonzo Hill Drops Dead.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 22.—Prof. Alonzo Hill, president of the Tuscaloosa female college at Tuscaloosa Ala., dropped dead Saturday night of apoplexy.

Must Pay the Insurance.

ANN ARBOR, Jan. 23.—Catharine M. Fillmore won her suit to recover $2,000 insurance on her husband's life from the Knights of Maccabees. The knights claimed his rights were vitiated by his purchasing stock in a brewing company.

THERE is said to be two terrapin farms in the United States, located at Mobile, Ala., and in Maryland.

NEW YORK state hasn't any debt, but New York city owes enough—a round $100,000,000 or so—to make it up.

THEY are remembering in Italy Mazzini's prediction that "Crispi will be the last minister of the monarchy."

"MARCELLUS REDTOMAHAWK" and "He Wets It" are two Indian brothers on the government payroll out in Kansas.

FLORENCE ZIP and Elizabeth Jones, in love with the same man, fought at Holman, Ind. Florence was knocked out.

THE McFall (Mo.) Magnet mentions the fact that a woman named "Whistle Breeches" was in town on Christmas day.

AN uncut copy of the first edition of Gray's "Elegy," published in 1757 at sixpence, was sold lately in London for $370.

THIS November Nuremburg will celebrate with a great national festival the 400th anniversary of the birth of Hans Sachs.

A MAN was called a hypnotist at Pittsburgh recently and wanted to fight without looking at the dictionary at all.

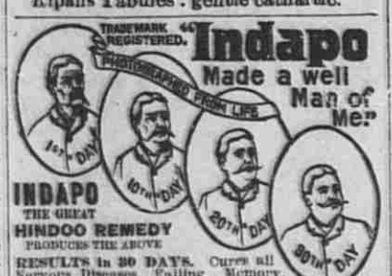
THE smallest coal-burning locomotive in America is the work of C. D. Young, of Denver. It weighs but 235 pounds.

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY fat rabbits were given to the poor of Wichita as a result of a day's rabbit hunt by an Odd Fellows' lodge.

The Pyramid Pile Cure

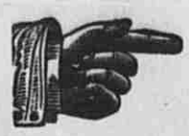
Is a new discovery for the prompt, permanent cure of Piles in every form. Every druggist has it.

Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.



RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases, Failing Memory, Parasts, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by past abuses, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't let any unprincipled druggist sell you *any kind of imitation*. Insist on having INDAPO—none other. If he has not got it, we will send it by mail upon receipt of price. Pamphlet in sealed envelope free. Address Oriental Medical Co., Props., Chicago, Ill., over 1 cent.

SOLD by Hunter & Son, Druggists, LOWELL, MICH., and other leading druggists.



CUT THIS OUT!

IT IS

GOOD FOR TWO CENTS.

GOOD FOR TWO CENTS

in trade at its face value as ten per cent of any

CASH PURCHASE

at the following business places in Lowell.

Jno. Giles & Co., Grocers.
Chas. Althen, Clothier.
Geo. Winegar, Shoeman.
A. W. Weekes, Dry Goods.
R. B. Boylan, Hardware.
Mrs J. O'Heron, Milliner.
H. A. Sherman, Jeweler.
D. G. Look, Druggist.
R. D. Stocking, Sporting.
M. D. Wilson, Photographer.

Not good if canceled with blue

Lowell JOURNAL Coupon. Jan 24, '94.

LOWELL STATE BANK,

CAPITAL STOCK PAID UP, $25,000.00.

LOWELL, - MICHIGAN.

Transact a General Banking Business.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

It is the aim and purpose of the management of this Bank to build up its business by courteous and fair treatment, and to offer to its patrons every accommodation consistent with sound banking.

We Solicit Your Business.

A. J. BOWNE, President. DANIEL STRIKER, Vice President. M. C. GRISWOLD, Cashier.

CHAS. J. CHURCH CHAS. A. CHURCH

CHAS. J. CHURCH & SON,

BANKERS.

LOWELL,

ESTABLISHED { At Greenville 1861 / At Lowell 1886

MICHIGAN

LUMBER From $5 per M. Up.

Bevel and patent siding, flooring, stock and barn boards, bill stuffs, etc., at prices that will sell them. Also

SHINGLES (of all grades, $1 up) AND LATH

COAL AND WOOD,

at bottom prices.

LUMBER, ICE & COAL CO.

SUCCESSORS TO QUICK & KING. R. QUICK, Mgr

HARD TIMES

. . . . ARE WITH US

We feel it and are prepared to meet it with

Special Rates on Job Work!

500 Packet Note Heads and 250 Envelopes, Printed $2

1000 Shipping Tags, $1.25
Additional thousand, 75c
Other work correspondingly low.

Wedding Invitations and Other Fancy Stationery

ARTISTICALLY EXECUTED

THE JOURNAL JOB ROOMS.

Euclid Avenue Business College.

No. 90 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.

The Greatest Business University in America,

Over 1,800 students attended last year, more than twice

As Large an Attendance as All Other Business Colleges in Cleveland

combined; more than 1,000 students who attended last year are now holding good positions. The Euclid Ave. Business College employs a corps of forty men, nearly one half of whom have formerly been college presidents. With a faculty like this is it any wonder that its graduates are sought by business men? 183 Graduates received diplomas at our last graduating exercises; of that number 175 were holding good positions within 30 days from that date. Nearly 300 will receive diplomas at our next annual commencement. Send for circulars or call at the main office, 90 Euclid Ave. Telephone No. 536.

M J. CATON, President.

N. B.—We have branch colleges in Buffalo, N. Y., and Detroit, Mich. Scholarships good in any of the colleges belonging to the Caton system.

LOWELL JOURNAL.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, AT

LOWELL, KENT CO., MICH

BY

CHARLES QUICK.

Entered at the Post Office at Lowell, Michigan, as second class matter.

Subscription $1.00 a Year.

RATES FOR ADVERTISING.

Local business items 5 cents per line each insertion.

Legal advertisements at statute prices.

Cards of Thanks 50 cents each, regardless of the number of lines.

All items intended to benefit any one's business will be charged for at advertising rates.

Resolutions of condolence, $1.50.

Marriage, death and birth notices free.

Cards in Directory Column, $1 per line per year.

Cards of 1 in. in Directory, $5 per year.

Rates for larger advertisements made known on the office

Wednesday, Jan. 24, 1894.

STATE NEWS.

Interesting Bits of Information from Michigan Towns.

Battle Creek bakers have organized a union.

There are eleven pension examiners in Michigan.

Kent county supervisors voted down a good roads proposition.

An electric light plant to cost $45,000 will be erected at Kalamazoo.

The Niles paper mills have made a 10 per cent. reduction in wages.

Ex-Gov. Luce is the new president of the Branch County Agricultural society.

Salem, Washtenaw county, rejoices in the discovery of rich veins of iron and coal.

Very few Michigan Chinamen have yet registered. They are mostly in the upper peninsula.

On Friday, January 26, will occur the fifty-seventh anniversary of Michigan's admission as a state.

In a quarrel at Atlanta, John Munn struck Richard Garret with an ax. Garrett will probably die.

Between December 1 and Christmas 11 feet of snow fell in the upper peninsula stopping lumbering operations.

After March 1 the pulpits of the Universalist church at Lansing will be filled by Rev. Charles Legal, of Victor, N. Y.

George Scott, of Ivon, was stabbed to death in Calhasin in a drunken row. C. H. Ferguson is charged with the crime.

Hugh Higgins, of Almena, who killed Eugene Finch in a drunken brawl, has been arrested on a charge of manslaughter.

At a recent election the city of Marshall voted to issue bonds amounting to $50,000 to put in a system of waterworks.

J. B. Payne, formerly a prominent business man of Burr Oak, while despondent with la grippe, suicided at Waco, Tex., recently.

The body of Fritz Johnson, of Lansing, the 11-year-old boy who disappeared from home a few days ago, was found in Grand river.

Six miners have been killed in the Calumet & Hecla mine within the past sixty days. All through carelessness or violation of the rules.

A tree fell on William Benson, a deaf mute of Convis township, Calhoun county, and crushed his skull near the right temple. He will die.

Prof. J. M. Gill, of Ann Arbor, the new minister to Corea, will sail for his post of duty early in February. His family will follow later on.

Battle Creek and Lansing churches are talking of establishing a Church Federal council similar to the Central Labor union of Trade Councils.

W. W. Wedemeyer, a student at Ann Arbor, will deliver the leading address at a public school demonstration on Washington's birthday in Chicago.

The new Union school building at Dearborn, erected at a cost of $18,000, will be ready for occupancy February 1. It will accommodate 350 pupils.

As a result of the convention of the Michigan Equal Suffrage association, a local association was formed in Ann Arbor. Sixty names were enrolled as a starter.

Kalamazoo factories are again resuming work, among the latest being the Michigan Buggy company, the Kalamazoo Radiator company and the Kalamazoo wagon works.

Ex-Senator Rice, of Minnesota, who died in Texas recently, was a resident of Michigan in his early manhood. He was the founder of the towns of Munising, Mich., and Bayfield, Wis.

According to the latest reports, 3,649 persons are receiving aid in Ironwood, 965 in Bessemer, and 419 in Wakefield. The prospects are that this number will not be lessened before May 1.

The 9-year-old daughter of Leon Errons, living near Port Huron, was burned to death. Her dress caught fire while playing about the kitchen stove in the absence of her mother.

The Michigan Marble and Granite Dealers' association, at its annual meeting in Lansing, elected Alexander Matterson, of Grand Rapids, president. The next meeting of the association will be held in Port Huron next summer.

At Traverse City W. C. Germaine was convicted of shooting Ellis Ramsdell, son of T. J. Ramsdell, of Manistee. Ramsdell paid attention to Germaine's sister. Germaine didn't like it and shot him during one of his calls at the house.

Destroyed by Fire.

ROCKFORD, Jan. 20.—Fire was discovered in a warehouse at the Childsdale paper mills at 2 a. m. Friday. The building, together with 3,000 bushels of wheat, was burned. There was no insurance.

Mrs. Alfonzo Tenny Found Dead.

YPSILANTI, Jan. 20.—Mrs. Alfonzo Tenny, aged 41 years, prominent in society and religious circles, was found dead in bed Friday morning.

DEED OF FIENDS.

Burglars Murder an Aged Lady in South Grand Rapids.

Smothered to Death in Her Own Home—The House Robbed of About $700—No Clew to the Perpetrators of the Crime.

A CRUEL FATE.

GRAND RAPIDS, Jan. 18.—Mrs. Miles McKendrick was brutally murdered at her home in South Grand Rapids Wednesday morning and the motive of the crime was robbery. She was 65 years old and lived in a cottage with her husband, a mechanic employed in the car shops. The husband left for his work early in the morning, leaving his wife alone in the house as usual. About 8 o'clock John Quartel, delivering groceries, called, and, entering the unlocked door, found Mrs. McKendrick on the floor and called for help. She was bound hand and foot and a large and strong piece of damask cloth was bound tightly around her mouth and chin and around that was wound a strong packing twine, which was drawn so taut that it was nearly buried in her cheeks. Her lower limbs were tied at the ankles so tightly that the thongs cut into her flesh and her hands were tied at the wrists in front of her by so strong a hand that the thongs were drawn to their utmost tension. The dead woman's dress had been ripped open in front from the neck to the waist and her false teeth were lying beside her on the floor. Her face was a purplish black and the wide, staring eyes were bulging from their sockets and told plainer than words the agony of her awful death. The only bruises found were on her knees, indicating that she had made a struggle for her life. Death was caused by suffocation.

Miles McKendrick, the husband, when he returned home was much affected. He knew that his wife had $700 or $800 in the house, the proceeds from the sale of some property, but did not know where she kept it. The house had been ransacked by the murderers in search of the money, and the woman's clothing was cut open in various places. The police thus far have no clew to the murderers.

Two suspicious-looking men were seen near the house, but could not be found later. The theory is that the murderers knew of the money and as soon as Mr. McKendrick left the house they gained admission, overpowered the woman and sought for the money. The board of Kent county supervisors offers a reward of $500 for the arrest of the murderer or murderers of Mrs. McKendrick.

TOOK HIS OWN LIFE.

Suicide of Jesse Hart, a Pioneer of Michigan.

CHARLOTTE, Jan. 22.—Jesse Hart, one of the earliest settlers and pioneers of Eaton county, committed suicide at his home in this city Sunday morning by hanging. He left no message for his family assigning a reason for the deed. He had been in poor health for several years. Mr. Hart was born in Portage county, O., April 27, 1814. Up to a few years ago, when the greater portion of his property was divided among his children, he was regarded as one of the wealthiest men in Eaton county.

Now on the Stage.

GRAND RAPIDS, Jan. 23.—Several years ago, Mrs. Jennie Wejmore, then known as Georgia Young, the queen of the local demi-monde, after pursuing the life of a courtesan for a long period, suddenly reformed and, changing her house into a refuge for fallen women, under the name of Emerson home, took up the work of rescue among her former associates in sin. Later she went to Chicago pursuing the same laudable object, and afterwards did heroic work in rescuing the inmates of the terrible blockades in northern Michigan and Wisconsin. She has now gone upon the stage, and is said to have established an excellent reputation as an actress.

Newberry Gets It.

LANSING, Jan. 20.—Corrected deeds of the site selected at Newberry for the projected Upper Peninsula asylum for the insane, from which reversion and other objectional clauses of the deed rejected last week had been eliminated, have been approved by the attorney general and deposited with Auditor General Turner. This settles the controversy over the location of the asylum.

Fire at Ionia.

IONIA, Jan. 21.—Ionia was visited by a fire Saturday night. N. Kenyon's hardware store being destroyed. It is thought the fire originated from a gasoline explosion. The store was filled with ammunition, powder, oils, etc., and several explosions occurred, making it a difficult fire to fight. Keyport's loss on stock and building will probably reach $25,000.

Seven Years for a Brute.

DETROIT, Jan. 20.—Thomas Cleary, who knocked down Miss Etta Clarke December 12 and robbed her of four dollars in money and six dollars' worth of other property, was convicted before Judge Chambers and sentenced to seven years in Jackson prison.

Terribly Mangled.

DURAND, Jan. 20.—Train No. 176, Conductor Burke, ran over Ray Shaw, 100 feet west of Bancroft station. The man's legs was cut off close to his body and his left hand at the wrist. He was dragged some distance and his face was mangled terribly.

Died in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 21.—Frank J. Goodyear, of Hastings, Mich., a commercial traveler, died at the Saratoga hotel under suspicious circumstances Saturday. Dr. Tallman gave his opinion that death was caused by morphine and alcohol.

A Lawyer Sent to Jail.

GRAND RAPIDS, Jan. 23.—Frank S. Donaldson, a lawyer, was sentenced here to one year in jail and to pay a fine of $500 for collecting money for clients and appropriating it to his own use.

FAILED TO CARRY.

It Is Discovered That the Salaries Amendment Was Defeated.

Gov. Rich Makes Important Discoveries—Evidence That the Returns Were Doctored—Sensational Developments Looked For.

SIGNS OF A PLOT.

LANSING, Jan. 20.—Gov. Rich has discovered by calculations that have been verified by four others that the amendment to section 1 of article 9 of the constitution of Michigan, increasing the salaries of certain state officials, which had been declared carried by the board of state canvassers, and so certified to by the members of the board, was in fact defeated by a very decisive majority.

The state officials whose salaries were affected by the amendment are the lieutenant governor, secretary of state, commissioner of the land office, superintendent of public instruction, state treasurer and attorney general. The latter two are not mentioned in the amendment, thus leaving their salaries to be fixed by the legislature, which was done, the treasurer's salary being increased from $1,000 to $2,000 and the attorney general's from $2,500, as fixed by the constitutional amendment of 1889, to $3,000. By the amendment voted on last spring it was proposed to increase the salary of the superintendent of public instruction from $1,500 to $2,000, that of the secretary of state from $800 to $2,000, and that of the lieutenant governor from three dollars per day during the sessions of the legislature to $1,200 per annum. The corrected canvass involves a return of $5,700 to the state treasury.

LANSING, Jan. 23.—The excitement over the discovery of last week that the proposed amendment to the constitution increasing the salaries of several state officers, which the official canvass showed was carried, but was in fact defeated by nearly 13,000 majority, grows decidedly more intense. It has been proved beyond all question that the amendment trebling the salary of the attorney general, which the board of canvassers declared carried by a majority of 1,287, was actually defeated by 403 votes. In the latter case the evidence of deliberate altering of returns was so evident that no one seeks to dispute it. One thousand was added to the vote for the amendment in Gogebic county, making it appear that the amendment received 1,319 votes instead of 319 actually received, as an examination of the records of the county clerk's office in Bessemer made Monday fully established. Aside from this the vote of Gratiot county, which gave a majority of 690 against the amendment, was thrown out bodily and does not appear in the canvass. Having had charge of both fraudulent canvasses Clerk Potter is placed in a very bad light, but insists that he knows nothing of how, when or by whom the crooked work was done. Gov. Rich is still pushing his investigation, and it is not unlikely that it will be followed by a session of the grand jury ere long.

THE RACES.

List of Dates for the Central Michigan Trotting Circuit.

BAY CITY, Jan. 20.—The Central Michigan Circuit Trotting and Pacing association met here and agreed to race in 1894 as follows:

Fenton, May 22, 23, 24 and 25; Port Huron, June 29, 30, 31 and July 1; Alma, June 5, 7 and 8; Caro, June 12, 14 and 15; Vassar, June 20, 21 and 22; Flint, June 27, 28 and 29; Bay City, July 3, 5, 6 and 8; Saginaw, July 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14; Midland, July 18, 19 and 20; Clio, July 23, 24 and 27. There will be $30,000 hung up in the circuit.

In Poverty's Last Stages.

KALAMAZOO, Jan. 20.—Mrs. Belle Hull, who is a first cousin of Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson, and in her early days was well acquainted with Abraham Lincoln and Stephen A. Douglas, is to be taken to the Allegan county poorhouse. She has been supported for the last year by a sister in Chicago. The latter is an invalid and unable to further contribute to her support. Mrs. Hull was born in Kentucky in 1828. Her mother was a sister of the vice president's father.

Robbed in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 23.—J. V. Campbell, a prominent business man of Detroit, staying at the Richelieu hotel, was robbed Sunday night of his watch and chain and overcoat. About 6 o'clock he was walking on Twentieth street, between Michigan and Wabash avenues, when two men sprang out of an alley and seized him. They dragged him into the alley and after beating him over the head with a sandbag took his valuables.

Burned a Fine Sawmill.

EATON RAPIDS, Jan. 20.—William Smith's sawmill plant, 3 miles up the river, caught fire Friday and was totally destroyed. The origin of the fire is a mystery. The plant was put in about ten years ago at a cost of $25,000 and was one of the finest plants in southern Michigan. A year ago Mr. Smith put in a complete planing mill, and feed mill. There is an insurance of $10,000.

Will Appeal.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 23.—The commissioner of pensions has given notice of his intention to appeal the decision of Judge Bradley in the Long case to the new court of appeals. This action will be taken within twenty days, as is required by the rules of the court, and it is the intention of Commissioner Lochren to ask that the case be made special.

Union Printers Locked Out.

GRAND RAPIDS, Jan. 22.—Monday evening all the job printing offices of this city locked out union printers, declaring all offices open. This is the outcome of the printers' fight with the Eaton-Lyon Printing company.

Death of a Well-Known Landlord.

BAYTOWN SPRINGS, Jan. 23.—James Lewis, an old resident of this city, died Monday at Xenia, O. He built the Lewis house in this city, and was well known in hotel circles throughout the state.

NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

South Lowell.

Mrs Mary Yelter is in very poor health.

The grippers are numerous at present writing.

Dave Layer is getting out timber for a new barn.

Allen Clark is not gaining in health as fast as his friends wish.

Mr and Mrs R. French, of Gd. Rapids, visited at Geo. Bartlett's, recently.

Oliver Simpson took a load of pork and poultry to Gd. Rapids, last Tuesday.

The L. A. S. will meet with Mrs Chas. O'Harrow, Wed. Jan. 31. Work will be furnished.

Vergennes Visitor.

Mr and Mrs Stark Hudson, of Segwun, Sundayed with Mr and Mrs D. S. Blanding.

Mr and Mrs Chas. Blanding, of Coral, visited Mr and Mrs D. S. Blanding, last week.

Mrs Sarah Driscol, of Kalamazoo, visited her cousin, D. Krum and family, last week.

Miss Mattie Lyon, of Grand Rapids, has been visiting her father, James Lyon. The young people of the neighborhood gave her a surprise party. Cards and dancing were the amusements of the evening.

Married, Jan. 17th, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr and Mrs Henry Epley, of Lowell township, Miss Jessie Epley to George Krum, of Vergennes, Rev. A. P. Moore, of Lowell, officiating. May their days of joy be many and their hours of sorrow few is the wish of their friend.

OLD NICK.

Also Dashes.

Than Bryant has resumed work on the section.

J. R. Warner shipped a car load of dried apples to Chicago, last week.

M. Vanderlip has sold his interest in the meat market to his former partner, L. Bryant.

O. D. Pierce gave a dancing party at his residence on the old Miller place, last Friday night. A good time is reported.

What has become of the Alto Brass and Wind band? We have not heard their gentle "toots" for some time. Must be something wrong.

Those wishing to Trade on Credit at the store of Geo. W. McKee from and after this date, must get Coupon Books, as we will keep one book in the future, and all those owing said McKee will please call and settle as we wish to balance our books. Come in and see our plan of doing business and we will make you happy. Thanking my many friends for their past favors and soliciting their trade in the future, we are as ever,

GEO. W. MCKEE.

S. C. Woolett, formerly proprietor of the hardware store at Alto has purchased the "Pardee" grocery stock at Freeport and will make that place his future home.

Dr. J. E. Hunter gave a pedro party, last week, which lasted until a late, or rather an early hour, in the morning. Those who attended report a very pleasant time.

OPP.

McCords Items.

McCords is a thriving little town, situated on the D., L. N. R. R., 15 miles from Grand Rapids and one mile west of the town line between Lowell and Cascade. It is not particularly noted for grandeur of its natural scenery, but is surrounded by a good farming community and people of industry and worth. The town contains two stores of general merchandise, a post office, where mail is received three times a day, two blacksmith shops, an elevator and feed store and is a good market for all farm produce.

Mrs S. E. Keil returned home Monday from a week's visit with her daughter, Mrs W. D. Sterling, of Hastings.

Effie, the little daughter of Morgan Boyce, is quite sick with scarlet fever, but is gaining under Dr Hunter's care.

B. D. Seeley and John Brewer will soon have their picket mill in order to supply all demands for picket sawing.

A carload of lumber was received in McCords Monday, for Charles Thomas, who intends to build a new house in the spring.

Last Saturday night Sam Yetter had a granary door opened by thieves and several bags of feed and oats taken and the door left wide open.

Although McCords is not as large as some of the adjoining towns it affords a great pleasure resort for gentlemen of leisure during the winter months.

The world's fair being closed and all of the holiday weddings over, there remains little to talk about except mud, hard times and the grip!

Mrs Mary Fairchilds, who recently died at her home near this place, was a lady much loved and respected by all. Three unmeasurably sad deaths have occurred at the old Fairchild's home, in a little over two years.

Wanted—100 new subscribers. Enquire at JOURNAL OFFICE for terms.

Severely Punished.

MASCOUTAH, Ill., Jan. 20.—Thomas Bennett (colored), an ex-convict, pleaded guilty in the St. Clair county court to the burglary of an office, from which he stole two cigars valued at ten cents. He got six years in the penitentiary.

Given Heavy Damages.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 22.—Ex-Conductor Robert Bycroft was given a verdict for $15,356 against the Lake Shore railroad for injuries received in a collision. At the time he was "deadheading" home in a caboose, which was telescoped.

Found a 156-Ounce Gold Nugget.

LEADVILLE, Col., Jan. 22.—A gold nugget weighing 156 ounces has been found at Breckenridge on leased property which belongs to George Campion.

PROBATE ORDER. State of Michigan, county of Kent, ss At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Kent, held at the Probate Office in the City of Grand Rapids, on the 23d day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety four.

Present, CYRUS E. PERKINS, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of

CHRISTIAN LAYER,

deceased.

Augustus W. Weekes, having rendered to this Court his final administration account and praying for the distribution of said estate.

It is Ordered, that

THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1894,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be appointed for the examination and allowance of said account and hearing said petition.

And it is Further Ordered that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the LOWELL JOURNAL, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Kent.

CYRUS E. PERKINS,

(A true copy.) Judge of Probate.

HARRY D. JEWELL, Register. (26-28)

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—State of Michigan, County of Kent, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Kent, made on the 23rd day of December A. D. 1893, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of

ELIZABETH FULLER,

late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office, in the city of Grand Rapids, for examination and allowance, on or before the 23rd day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on

FRIDAY, THE 23RD DAY OF JUNE NEXT,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

Dated, Grand Rapids, Mich., December 23rd, A. D. 1893. CYRUS E. PERKINS,

(26 29) Judge of Probate.

PROBATE ORDER.—State of Michigan, County of Kent, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Kent, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Rapids, on the 8th day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.

Present, CYRUS E. Perkins, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of

REBECCA J. MCNAUGHTON,

deceased.

John J. McNaughton having filed in this court his petition praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to himself.

It is Ordered, that

FRIDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1894,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate office, be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is Further Ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the LOWELL JOURNAL, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Kent.

CYRUS E. PERKINS,

(A true copy.) Judge of Probate.

HARRY D. JEWELL, Register. (27 29)

A NEW EXPERIENCE.

No more sleeplessness, headache, nervousness. Bacon's Celery King is a true nerve tonic. It soothes and quiets the nervous system. If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Constipation, Indigestion, Bacon's Celery King, stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the Liver and restores the system to vigorous health and is in fact the great herbal health restorer. Samples free. Large packages 50c and 25c at Will M. Clark's druggists.

YES YOU MAY ALL FARM IN THE WEST.

Well, the new paper issued by the CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC R.R., CALLED THE WESTERN SETTLER tells all about it and will be sent FREE. Address JOHN SEBASTIAN, G.-P. Ticket & Pass. Manager Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad, Chicago, Ill.

MEN CURED FREE

We Want Vigorous, Vigorous, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Small or Shrunken Organs Enlarged, and all Private Troubles cured by our Great Home Treatment. Do Not Delay. Cure Guaranteed. They are cured one and I will send the prescription, Sealed, Free to any man. Address, with stamp, CHAS. DELLON, Jr., Soon, Mich., Branch.

AFTER THE GRIP!

You feel weak and all run down. Unless this feeling is overcome you will be a wreck for life, or you may not be spared for even this.

To guard against this you must put the BLOOD and NERVES in proper condition. To do this, use PERAMALE, the great BLOOD BUILDER and NERVE TONIC. Price 50c per box. Send for pamphlet, sent free upon request. For sale by all druggists, or direct (Stamps accepted). For sale by

PURITAN PEARLS CO., - Detroit, Mich.

BUSINESS University

15 WILCOX AVE. DETROIT MICH.

Educates young men and women to maintain themselves in independence, save money and accumulate wealth. Business, Shorthand, Penmanship, English and Mechanical Drawing Departments. Thorough system of commercial training. Lowest tuition. Best facilities. Reasonable terms. Catalogue free. W. F. TITSELL, Pres't. W. E. SPENCER, Sec'y.

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Addr. MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York.

TREES FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL HARDY ROSES AND SHRUBS. 37TH YEAR. GREENING BROS., 600 acres. Low prices. MONROE, MICH. Instructive Catalogue Free.

GEO. W. ROUSE,

Practical Horse Shoer,

First Door North of Giles' Store, Lowell

Only the Best Work Done. Faults in Gait Corrected.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Rates Reasonable.

WEAK, NERVOUS & DISEASED MEN:

Thousands of *Young and Middle Aged Men* are annually swept to a premature grave through early indiscretion and later excesses. Self abuse and Constitutional Blood Diseases have ruined and wrecked the life of many a promising young man. Have you any of the following Symptoms: Nervous and Despondent; Tired in Morning; No Ambition; Memory Poor; Easily Fatigued; Excitable and Irritable; Eyes Blur; Pimples on the Face; Dreams and Drains at Night; Restless; Hagged Looking; Blotches; Sore Throat; Hair Loss; Pains in Body; Sunken Eyes; Cold Feet; Distrustful and Lack of Energy and Strength. Our *New Method Treatment* will build you up mentally, physically and sexually.

Chas. Patterson. Read What DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN Have Done.

"At 14 years of age I learned a bad habit which almost ruined me. I became nervous and weak. My back troubled me. I could stand no exertion. Head and eyes became dull. Dreams and drains at night weakened me. I tried seven Medical Firms, Electric Belts, Patent Medicines and Medical Institutes. Too late to me no help. A friend advised me to try Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They sent me one month's treatment and it cured me. I could feel myself gaining every day. *They New Method Treatment cures when all else fails.*" They have cured many of my friends."

Cured to stay in his Dr. Moulton.

CURES GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED

"Some 8 years ago I contracted a serious constitutional blood disease. I went to Hot Springs to treat for syphilis. Mercury almost killed me. After a while the symptoms again appeared. Throat became sore, pains in limbs, pimples on face, blotches, eyes red, loss of hair, glands enlarged, etc. A medical friend advised Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. Their New Method Treatment did me good from the first dose, and I have had no symptoms for five years. I am married and happy. As a doctor, I heartily recommend it to all who have this terrible disease—*syphilis*." It will eradicate the poison from the blood.

Capt. Townsend. 15 YEARS IN DETROIT. 150,000 CURED.

"I am 32 years of age, and married. When young I led a gay life. Early indiscretions left me with a weakness that made trouble for me. I became weak and nervous. My kidneys became affected and I suffered Night Sweats. Married life was unsafe, my memory was gone, my business was unhappy. I tried everything—all failed till I took treatment from Drs. Kennedy and Kergan. Their New Method built me up mentally, physically and sexually. I feel and act like a man in every respect. Try them."

No Names Used Without Written Consent of Patient.

Our New Method Treatment never fails in curing Diseases of men. It strengthens the body, stops all drains and losses, purifies the blood, clears the brain, builds up the nervous and sexual systems and restores lost vitality to the body.

We Guarantee to Cure Nervous Debility, Failing Manhood, Syphilis, Varicocele, Stricture, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Weak Parts and All Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

REMEMBER Drs. Kennedy & Kergan are the leading specialists of America. They guarantee to cure or no pay. Their reputation and fifteen years of business are at stake. You run no risk. Write them for an honest opinion, no matter what trouble you. It may save you years of regret and suffering. Charges reasonable. Write for a Question List and Book Free. Consultation Free.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, 148 Shelby St. Detroit, Mich.

VITAL TO MANHOOD.

NERVE. LIVER. BRAIN.

Dr. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits, Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration, caused by alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of Brain, causing Insanity, misery, decay, death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Impotency, Leucorrhœa and Excessive Weakness, Involuntary Losses, Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of brain, self-abuse, over-indulgence. A month's treatment, $1, 8 for $5, by mail. With each order for 8 boxes, with $5 will send written guarantee to refund if not cured. Guarantee issued by agent. WEST'S LIVER PILLS cures Sick Headache, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia and Constipation. GUARANTEES issued only by

D. G. LOOK, Druggist, Lowell

VITAL TO MANHOOD.

Dr. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits, Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration, caused by alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of Brain, causing Insanity, misery, decay, death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Impotency, Leucorrhœa and Excessive Weakness, Involuntary Losses, Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of brain, self-abuse, over-indulgence. A month's treatment, $1, 8 for $5, by mail. With each order for 8 boxes, with $5 will send written guarantee to refund if not cured. Guarantee issued by agent. WEST'S LIVER PILLS cures Sick Headache, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia and Constipation. GUARANTEES issued only by

D. G. LOOK, Druggist, Lowell

Business Cards.

PHYSICIANS.

O. C. MCDANNELL, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office 46 Bridge St.

M. C. GREENE M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at Residence, E. Bridge St.

W. F. BROOKS, Physician and Surgeon. Office over M. Ruben's store. Office Hours—10 a. m. to 3 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.

DEALERS.

JOHN GILES & CO., Groceries and Provisions, Crockery, &c.

Mains & Mains,

Law, Collections and Insurance,

OFFICE B. BOYLAN'S HARDWARE Lowell, Michigan.

S. P. HICKS,

Attorney, Loans, Collections and Insurance.

MONEY to LOAN on REAL ESTATE SECURITY in sums of $200 and upwards at current rates.

OFFICE OVER CLARK & WINEGAR'S. LOWELL, MICH.

J. H. Rickert, DENTIST.

Dr. J. D. Peters,

EYE SURGEON, GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN

100 Monroe St.

HUNT & DAVIS ABSTRACT CO.

Abstracts of Title & Real Estate

Under City National Bank, GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN.

E. A. HAHN. L. E. SALISBURY.

MAHER & SALSBURY,

Attorneys at Law,

12 Monroe St. GRAND RAPIDS,

'PHONE NO. 59 MICH.

LAW OFFICES OF

FRANK W. HINE,

75 LYON ST., COURT BLOCK,

GRAND RAPIDS, - MICH.

Taggart, Knappen & Danish,

LAWYERS.

Rooms 811-817 Mich. Trust Bldg.

EDWARD TAGGART. GRAND RAPIDS,

LOYAL E. KNAPPEN. MICHIGAN.

ARTHUR C. DENISON.

FINE OPTICAL GOODS.

A. J. SHELLMAN, PRACTICAL AND SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN

Permanently located at 65 Monroe St., Grand Rapids. Eyes tested for Spectacles free of cost. with the Latest Improved Methods. Glasses to every style at moderate prices. Artificial Eyes. Repairing of Every Description to Benefit the Deaf. See Sign of Big Spectacles, 65.

Meat Market

J. J. McNaughton,

Always on hand a fine selection of Fresh Meats Salt Meats, Fish, Poultry and Game in Season.

The Journal Free!

Four per cent is all the banks pay on deposits and the JOURNAL has made arrangements so that all

Paid In Advance Subscribers Will Receive

one dollar and four cents in cash

besides the JOURNAL, making a paid in advance subscription better than a bank account.

See our "Cash Coupon" on first page.

FOR INSURANCE!

FIRE, LIFE OR ACCIDENT,

Go to the

Old Reliable Agency.

Only the best and most reputable companies represented. Rates as low as any. Losses always fully Paid.

F. D. EDDY & CO., Office of Town Clerk.

A Sewing Machine Free.

A $65 Sewing Machine, which we sell at $11.00 to $22.50, will be placed in your home to use without cost of one cent to you. Send this advertisement with address to-day to ALVAN MFG Co., Dept. E 8, Chicago, Ills.

CANVASSERS WANTED to sell the Tennessee Tooth Tablets. Sample by mail of a bottle of a quick seller and a money maker. One man cleared $1 in an hour in Michigan. Write for exclusive territory to

TENNESSEE TOOTH TABLETS, 245 Gratiot St., Detroit, Mich.

AGAINST INCOME TAX

EAGER OPPOSITION OF THE DEMOCRATIC PRESS THERETO.

Democratic Favors Should Be Evenly Distributed—The Laborer Has Been Deprived of His Wages, So Let the Rich Also Be Taxed.

Immediately after the Democratic administration assumed control of the affairs of government, being supported by a majority of the Democratic party in both houses of congress, the necessity occurred to the leading Democratic papers of the country to forestall by some means what they knew would be the inevitable consequences of Democratic control. History had shown that whenever the Democratic party had exclusive control in administrating the affairs of government, the United States was invariably, without any exception whatever, plunged into a condition of dire distress to labor, to producers and manufacturers, caused by money panics, souphouses and starvation.

Efforts have recently been made to mislead the press and to deceive the people upon the subject of the income tax which the Democratic administration may find itself compelled to impose as a means for acquiring revenue in order to meet the deficiency brought about by the diminished customs receipts through their farcical tariff for revenue only, and which is not a tariff for revenue by any means, and to meet the deficiency brought about by the increase of expenditures over the above receipts of government. A tariff for revenue only is a direct tax upon the people; therefore, why should it not be followed up by other direct taxation, and why should not those who live in luxury upon those who are best able to pay them? Let the bulk of the taxes be paid by those who can afford to live in luxury, who have wealth, and who do not have, to bother themselves with such small matters as providing for the morrow.

The history of the present Democratic party, since March 4, 1893, has shown that it is distinctly and most decidedly the party that favors and has regard to the interests of the rich. High and important public offices have been openly bartered for money and bought by the rich. The new tariff bill even shows favoritism for the rich in reducing the duty upon foreign champagne and upon foreign cigars, but what has the Democratic party during 1893 done for the poor man, for the wage earner, for the man dependent upon his daily toil for the means wherewith to supply food and clothing for his family?

The only change that has been noticed by the great majority of the people, who are the wage earners and producers, is that the opportunity for earning wages has been taken from them, that their pay has been cut down, or that they are earning no money at all. As the poorer classes have thus received this delicate attention at the hands of the present Democratic administration, therefore let the income tax, by all means be imposed. It is not fair that the rich should not receive their share of administrative favors, or that they should not suffer some loss the same as the poor classes.

This opposition to the imposition of an income tax rests entirely and exclusively upon the Democratic party of the country, which represents the rich and misrepresents and disfavors the poor. James Gordon Bennett of the New York Herald makes his money in this country, but spends it in Europe, where he lives. Mr. Pulitzer of The World is of German birth and lives largely abroad. The proprietor of the New York Times will not even patronize American labor and industries, but buys his printing presses in England. The Evening Post of New York, an able English advocate, has been owned by a foreigner, who has just left the country, taking several millions of dollars of American money with him, after banqueting the president and his friends at a $40 per plate dinner. These are the people who should pay an income tax, but these are the people who are vigorously opposing it.

Believes In Reciprocity.

The New York Sun is probably the ablest Democratic paper in the United States, and notwithstanding the position of its party relative to the McKinley tariff it has had the courage to express its own opinion, as follows: "The full purpose and ultimate significance of the reciprocity programme conceived by Mr. Blaine did not at first reveal themselves to the public mind. Even the commercial and industrial advantages derivable from such a policy were not instantly and clearly appreciated. Still less was the political significance of a scheme, the most capacious ever formed by an American statesman since Thomas Jefferson planned the purchase of Louisiana, at once distinctly recognized. Yet a little reflection must convince us that under the guidance of Secretary Blaine we have entered on a course whose fixed and by no means distant goal is the acquirement for the United States of not only commercial, but political ascendancy throughout the western hemisphere."

It Depends Upon Circumstances.

The Commercial club of Birmingham, Ala., has some 600 members, nearly all of whom are Democrats and rank free traders—that is, when it affects the other fellow. The club, however, has issued an indignant protest against the removal of the duty on coal and iron ore, both of which are natural products of Alabama and both of which they desire should be protected, but just a year ago these very same people voted that protection was "unconstitutional" and "a fraud." This, it is to be presumed, is the case only when protection protects the industries of the north, east or west, but when it protects southern industries and southern products then there is no "robber baron" in it at all.

quality is shipped there from the orchards of eastern producers.

With the duty removed from eggs, the Canadian farmers will again reap a harvest and ship carloads of their eggs down to our large markets, to the injury of the wives and daughters of American farmers, who get most of their little pocket money by looking after our egg crops.

CHARLES R. BUCKLAND.

Cheap Farm Products.

The new tariff bill has shown the evident intention of the present administration and of the free trade party that controls congress to abolish protection to farmers. A direct attack has been made upon the potato, tobacco and hop growing interests, besides many others. The result of this will be a lowering of the value of American farm products through the importations from foreign countries. England, Scotland, Ireland, Canada and Germany stand ready to send us all the potatoes that we need. An open market in the United States would be a boon to the farmers in those countries, where the value of farm labor is reckoned at only a few cents per day, and where the price of 25 cents for a bushel of potatoes is of much greater comparative value than 50 cents would be to the farmers in this country. There will be less demand for American grown potatoes, hops or tobacco and other things, and our farmers must turn their attention and devote their land to the cultivation of other crops. What can they grow that will be as remunerative? These three crops—hops, tobacco and potatoes—have probably, on an average, returned to the farmers better money for their labor and investment than any other crops, and they are classed by law as special objects of attack by the free traders in the interests of the foreign farmers of Europe and Canada. The only possible chance that the farmers might have had to employ their land to good advantage would have been in raising sugar beet, but even this opportunity is taken away from them because it has

JOHNSON'S MAGNETIC OIL!
Instant Killer of Pain.
Internal and External
Cures RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Lame Back, Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, Stiff Joints, COLIC and CRAMPS instantly. Cholera Morbus, Cramps, Diarrhœa, Sore Throat, HEADACHE, as if by magic.

THE HORSE BRAND. Especially prepared for Horses, Stock, Double Strength, Improved Powerful and Penetrating Liniment for Man or Beast in existence. Large 31 size 75c., 50c. size 50c.

JOHNSON'S ORIENTAL SOAP.
Medicated and Toilet. The Great Skin Cure and Face Beautifier. Ladies will find it the most delicate and highly perfumed Toilet Soap on the market. It is absolutely pure. Makes the skin soft and velvety and removes the last complexion; is a luxury for the Bath for infants. It stops itching, cleanses the scalp and promotes the growth of hair. Price 25c. For sale by

D. G. Look, Druggist, Lowell

LOWELL JOURNAL,
LOWELL, MICH.

Wednesday, Jan. 24, 1894.

The Grand Opera House,
JOHN STAIR, Mgr.:
Grand Rapids, - - Mich.

This Week—"A Dark Secret."
Next Week—"Chip o' the Old Block."

HERE AND THERE.

Entertainment, At Music Hall. Wednesday, Jan. 31st.

Cotton Sale at A. W. Weekes'.

Call on Alger & Perry for Insurance.

Sleigh bells are again jingling.

Additional correspondence on second page.

Bruce Keister visited at Pewamo, Sunday.

Wes. Fox, of Freeport, was in town, Tuesday.

Evening meetings at the M. E. church this week.

Nice dry maple wood at Lumber, Ice & Coal Co's.

Will Schnelder, of Albion, came to town Monday.

F. W. Hine, of Grand Rapids, was in town, Tuesday.

Arthur Westphal, of Howell, is visiting Tom Murphy.

Vernor Ward, of Freeport, was in town over Sunday.

Mrs Buby is visiting Mr and Mrs C. L. Selover, at Detroit.

Everything, always the best, cheap for cash at Johnson's.

Nice dry maple wood at trimmer. Ice & Coal Co's.

Mr and Mrs Geo. Wilson left, today, for their home at Cadillac.

Alger & Perry offer great inducements on Farm Insurance.

Mrs R. T. Dyer, of Stanton, is the guest of her son, H. H. Dyer.

Wilbur Curtiss, of Berlin, is visiting with Mr and Mrs E. O. Mams.

Dr. H. C. Peckham, of Freeport, called on Lowell friends, Tuesday.

Born, to Mr and Mrs Richard Heffron, Saturday, Jan. 20th, a daughter.

Best canned Corn, Peas, or Tomatoes 10 cents a can at A. B. Johnson's.

Mrs Driscoll, of Kalamazoo, is the guest of Mrs Tate and other friends.

Ed Bonar has been visiting his mother and other friends here, the past week.

Mrs John Edinger, of Greenville, visited her friend, Mrs VanDusen, Monday.

Ten couple participated in a dance at Maccabee Hall, last Wednesday evening.

Mrs Ed Killean, of Gd. Rapids, visited her mother, Mrs Jno. Giles, last Friday.

Wesley Maine, of Lake Odessa, visited over Sunday with his brother, E. O. Mains.

Ned Sargent, of Saranac, and Mr Crane, of Milwaukee, were in town, Friday.

Chas. Lawrence leaves, Friday, for Brantford, Can., to visit relatives and friends.

Mrs Orton Hill gave a dinner, Wednesday in honor of Mrs E. A. Sunderlin, of Lansing.

Charles Meader, of Valparaiso, Ind., is visiting his daughter, Mrs E. H. Shanks.

Pastor Shanks has had a call to act as singing Evangelist in meetings at Evansville, Ind.

The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs Harriet Peck, on Friday, Feb. 2nd, at 2:00 p. m.

The Forresters' party, Feb. 1st, will be in every respect equal to the earlier parties of the season.

Mrs M. Ferrington and daughter, Julia of Saranac, were guests of Mrs A. L. Peck, over Sunday.

The Cotton Sale at A. W. Weekes' commences, Monday, Jan. 29th, and lasts one week only.

Albert Ryder and wife returned, Monday from Ithaca, where they have been the past three months.

Wanted, all the Ladies in Lowell township to call at Severy's Hardware Store to see the new cloths rack.

Leave orders at Brown & Schler's for wood, baled hay and straw.

D. P. MERRIMAN.

Miss Lizzie Terwilliger returned to her home at Ionia, Thursday, after a three weeks visit with relatives and friends here.

A special choir has been organized for the Thursday evening prayer meeting at the Baptist church. Special music will be the order.

Buy Cotton of A. W. Weekes.

On account of the sickness of Mrs Rowland the entertainment under the auspices of the Baptist society will be postponed for one week. See program.

Guy Perry has moved his family from Grand Rapids and will again take up his residence here. Mr Perry has enterered into a partnership with Frank Alger.

We have had some very nice dancing parties lately here and the one to be given by the Forresters', Feb. 1st, will be strictly first class and an enjoyable time is assured.

Mrs R. Quick is visiting relatives and friends at Saginaw.

Friday, Jan. 26, will be Michigan's fifty-seventh winter.

C. O. Sunderland, of Chicago, is visiting A. W. Weekes and other friends.

Mrs A. L. Peck and Mrs Will Winegar, were in Gd. Rapids, Wednesday.

Mrs A. Wiley and son, Wilder, spent a couple of days last week at Gd. Rapids.

Mr and Mrs H. H. Dyer have returned from a visit with Stanton relatives and friends.

The invitations are out for a dance, given by the Independent Order of Foresters at Music Hall, Feb. 1st. Music by Worden's full orchestra.

The Athletic Contest was postponed to Monday evening Jan. 29th, and by the courtesy of Mr Tram it will be held at Tram's Hall. Ladies Free; Gentlemen 10c.

For a few days only, 3 lbs best 50c. tea for $1, 22 lbs granulated sugar for $1, 24 lbs extra C. Sugar $1, 28 bars Acme or Jaxon Soap $1 at A. B. Johnson's.

Under Sheriff P. J. Sinclair was in town, Monday, looking for witnesses for the new trial of B. H. Hicks, whose case was sent back by the Supreme Court for a rehearing.

There will be a ten days Institute held at the S. D. Adventists church, at Lowell beginning, Friday, Jan. 26th. Services will be held each day and evening. All cordially invited to attend.

Died, at his home in Gd. Rapids, Monday, Jan. 15th, John Ryder, son of the late Benj. Ryder, aged 63 yrs. He was brought here for burial, Wednesday. He will be remembered as an old resident here.

A free lecture will be given by Mrs M. E. Bodwell, County Superintendent of the W. C. T. U., of Gd. Rapids, at the Baptist church, on Tuesday, Jan. 30th. Given under the auspices of the Lowell W. C. T. U.

It seems Wednesday evening, Jan. 17, that it afforded amusement for a certain young lady of this town to dress in a gentleman's wearing apparel and then promenade the streets. She also afforded amusement for a few others.—*Saranac Local.*

You go away from home for a short visit, when you return your house is gone. The first thought is "tramp's have set it on fire." Nine times out of ten the stove pipe has pulled out of the chimney, sparks fell down upon the carpet, set fire to the house, your house is gone. To avoid this use the Parks & Goodell, Ajustable Pipe Holder. Our local Agent will call on you. Good Agents wanted.

The Baptist entertainment was postponed, on account of sickness, to Jan. 31st. The following is the program:

Solo—Miss Hattie Wilson.
Selection—Mrs Ina Loucks Rowland.
Song by little girls.
Solo—Mrs E. H. Shanks.
Selection—Mrs Ina Loucks Rowland.
Solo—Harry H. Hunter.
Duet—Mrs E. R. A. Hunt, Miss Hattie Wilson.
Selection—Mrs Ina Loucks Rowland.
Solo—Miss Annie Hunter.

Carl S. English, Electrician for the Lowell Water and Light Co., has patented an electrical governor for waterwheels which is a jewel, it works to perfection and keeps a steady amperage. It is instantaneous and with it the voltmeter shows no variation, for the governor acts as quickly as does a meter and any load thrown on or off is adjusted immediately. The machine fills a long felt want and here's hoping there will be a fortune in it for Carl.

A murderer was to be hung. The officers brought him out and mounted the scaffold with him, but before the execution, the polite sheriff told him if he had anything to say before passing into eternity he now had the liberty to speak. The doomed man stepped to the front of the platform, and began speaking on the silver plank of the democratic platform, but the crowd became disgusted and left and the doomed man got down and made his escape.—*Ex.*

One of the latest things out is a stove-pipe holder which has recently been put upon the market by Parks & Goodell. It is the neatest simplest and at the same time most perfect working thimble device we ever saw. It will work, it is simple and is an actual protection to a to a house, anyone can put it up and with it there is a certainty that your stovepipe will stay where it is put until someone takes it down. There are no bolts or screws to work loose and let your pipe down when you think it is tight. Mr Parks always has some good thing on hand but this is best of all for it is simple cheap and necessary.

In place of the old Shakespeare Club a new society has been organized in connection with the Martyn College, Washington, D. C. It has been named "The Lowell Literary Society." The following subjects will be studied: Physical Culture, Health, Voice Culture, Reading, Reciting, New Recitations, Christian Elocution, Conversation, Literature, Oratory, Model Lectures, Human Nature and Impersonations.

On the 16th inst. the Society met at the home of Mrs Alfred. Rev. James Provan was elected President, Miss McDannell, Secy., and Mrs Lee, Treas. Twenty-nine members have been already enrolled. The Society will meet again on the 29th inst. at the home of Dr. McDannell.

Obituary.

Clarissa Cowles was born in Medina Co., New York, Feb., 1830. Her parents removed in the seventh year of her age to Paris, Brant Co., Ontario. Here she formed the acquaintance of and was subsequently united in marriage to J. W. Rickert in the year 1852. Mr and Mrs Rickert came to this town at an early date, settling in 1854 on the homestead, where they have since resided. When it was in a primeval state, together they labored and suffered the hardships and deprivations of early pioneer life and lived to establish through their united efforts a beautiful home and witness what was once a wilderness, blossom as the rose. Of eight children born to them six survive. Mrs Rickert had early Christian training and in 1838 embraced the Christian religion. She was a woman possessed of great fortitude and strength of character. She was known only to be beloved. Thus endeth another earth life.

"Until the day break and the shadows flee away, let none sorrow but rejoice rather, for there is no death."

"What seems so is transition.
This life of mortal breath,
Is but the suburb of the life Elysian,
Whose portals we call death."

Here is something floating about in the newspapers which contains a good deal of truth: "Young men are most likely to succeed if located away from home. That is strange, but there are a good many reasons why the statement should be true. Isn't it experienced that it is easier to do business with strangers than with friends? Isn't there a spirit of perversity about some things plainly manifested in our failing to honor and respect merit that exists in our very midst until all the world besides has called upon us to do so? The boy at home is still doing a boys work when he ought to be doing a man's. There is nothing to bring out a man's ability like a good single handed tussle with life. He gets it best away from home. There are a thousand and one reasons why, in individual cases, the boy should stay at home, but the average boy will do better to strike out and blaze a path for himself."

There was a Council of Cong'l churches held at Clarksville, Friday eve., Jan. 20, for the admission of a new church. The church was organized by Rev. W. Arney, formerly of Saranac. It consists of 123 members, with the exception of three, all being conversions of the last six weeks. Rev. James Provan delivered the sermon and E. E. Stanton of Gd. Rapids talked to the new church. The committee unanimously voted to admit the church and they will proceed at once with the erection of a new building.

Eligibility to the Ballot.

It may be interesting to our readers to know the result of a few minutes examination of the laws governing the ballot in some of the states.

Idiots, insane convicts, criminals and women are excluded.—Kansas.

Idiots, insane, women and convicts are excluded.—Nebraska.

Idiots, insane, criminals and women.—Iowa.

Insane, idiots, women, convicts, bribers, boodlers, and duellists.—Wisconsin.

Duellists and women.—Michigan.

Women and convicts.—Illinois.

Boodlers, women and bribers.—Indiana.

Insane, paupers, woman and criminals.—Missouri.

It will be seen that the women of Michigan are not so good as convicts, and in Indiana they are crucified between two thieves.—*Exchange.*

The JOURNAL editor wants *cash.* If you owe him now is a good time to pay.

Hood's Cures

Mr. Abner C. Folsom, Drake, Mich.

After the Grip In Miserable Condition

"I take this opportunity to speak my mind on the virtue of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have found that the grip uses elderly people pretty severely. I am sixty-nine years old, and when the grip attacked me last winter I came very near dying. I was all broken down and

Reduced to a Mere Skeleton.

I could not seem to gain any strength or get any medicine to help me. I was advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me; built me upso that I do not feel any effects of the disease left. My son is taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

for liver and kidney troubles and is recovering very rapidly." A. C. FOLSOM, p. m., Drake, Mich.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists.

Here Is One Large Firm That Buys Some and Says It Is Good Too.

Up to late last fall we have purchased all of our tin plates in Wales. Along in November we bought 1,000 boxes of tin plates from the American Tin Plate company, Elwood, Ind. They cost us just 5 cents per box less than we could have imported them for. The quality was excellent, and our canmakers were well pleased with the plates. In the manufacture of our cans last year it required over 19,000 boxes of tin plate. This season we propose to use all domestic plates. It will only be a short time before the competition between American manufacturers will bring down the price to a lower figure than they can be made in Wales and imported without duty, or nearly.

ERIE PRESERVING COMPANY.
Buffalo.

Write to Your Congressman.

Send a postal card to your member of congress today, urging him to vote against the Wilson free trade tariff.

The Wilson bill (free trade) means: "Unfettered foreign competition; foreign competition means competition in cheapness: competition in cheapness means competition in cheap labor; competition in cheap labor means competition in flesh and blood, and competition in flesh and blood is slavery."

Distress Among Ohio Miners.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 22.—There never was more distress in the Rocking valley and other Ohio coal-mining districts than at present. The men are idle, and some violence is reported, due to desperation.

New Emigration Society.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 20.—The International Emigration society has been incorporated in this city, the object being to send negroes from the southern states to Africa.

Taimage to Resign.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 22.—Rev. T. De Witt Taimage announced to his congregation yesterday that he would resign at the twenty-fifth anniversary of his pastorate, which occurs in the spring.

The 24-year-old child of Louis Mattie, of Pittsburgh, Pa., died from the effects of an assault by John Campbell, who was in jail.

Charles L. Raymond, candidate of the "regulars," was elected president of the Chicago board of trade, receiving 730 votes out of 1,248.

Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.

WE HAVE A
A BIG STOCK
::::OF::::
CLOAKS AND JACKETS
THAT MUST GO.
COME AND GET A BARGAIN.
SOME $10, $12 and $14
NEWMARKETS
FOR COLD WEATHER,
Your Choice Now For $5.

Bargains in Every Department.

The Best $1.00 Underwear for Ladies and Gents in the Market.

A Big Stock of Buffalo Flannels and Yarns Always on Hand.

CALL AND SEE OUR NEW CARPETS.
SURE TO PLEASE.
ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
E. R. COLLAR.

LOWELL PLANING MILL,
W. J. ECKER & SON, Proprs.,
Dealers in Lumber, Lath & Shingles
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Door and Window Frames and Screens, Moulding, Exhibition and Shipping Coops, Dried Apple Boxes, Etc., Matching, Resawing and Job Work. Wooden Eavetroughs.
Lowell, - Michigan.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

REV. A. P. MOORS, PASTOR

Preaching Sunday morning at 10:30. Sunday School at 12 m. Dr W. F. Brooks, superintendent.

Epworth League devotional meeting Sunday evening, at 6:30 p. m.

Preaching 7:30.

Prayer meeting Thursday evening 7:30.

Everyone is invited.

A. P. MOORS.

Congregational Church.

REV. JAS. PROVAN, PASTOR.

Divine Worship at 10:30 a. m.
Sabbath School at noon.
Divine Worship at 7:30 p. m.
Prayer meeting Thursday evening 7:30.

All are cordially invited to attend the services.

Baptist Notes.

Theme for Sunday morning will be the eighth in the Old Testament Character series, "Joshua, the Courageous."

Subject for the evening discourse, "The Valley of Decision."

There will be special music at the Thursday evening prayer service. The topic for conversation, "Christ at the Door." Rev. 3:20.

ERNEST H. SHANKS, Pastor,

Vergennes and Keene M. E. Churches.

Come and listen to the preaching at the Bailey church on Sunday at 10:30 and at Keene church Sunday afternoon at 2:30.

Text, St. John 3, 9.

Subject, "How?"

All are cordially invited.

A. H. TAVN, Pastor.

List of Unclaimed Letters

Remaining in the Post Office at Lowell Mich., week ending, Jan. 20, 1894:

LADIES:—Miss Debbie Bangle, Mrs Arthur Hiller, Miss Maud Shannon.

GENTS—Earl Bisloop, Ferry, D. & M. & Co, Cliss Lee, Frank Sissem, William Sherrard, Acie Tomas.

FOREIGN—Christ Fahrni.

Persons claiming the above will please say "Advertised" and give date of this list.

LEONARD H. HURST, P. M.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

LOWELL JOURNAL
LOWELL, MICH.

JAMES G. BLAINE'S PROPHECY.

It is Now Being Fulfilled With Sad Fidelity.

James G. Blaine once used these memorable words: "I love my country and my countrymen. I am an American and rejoice every day of my life that I am. I enjoy the general prosperity of my country and know that the workingmen of this land are the best paid, the best fed and the best clothed of any laborers on the face of the earth. Many of them have homes of their own. They are surrounded by all the comforts and many of the luxuries of life. I shudder, however, at the thought that the time must come when all this will be changed. When the general prosperity of the country will be destroyed. When the great body of workingmen in this land, who are now so prosperous, will hear their wives and children cry for bread; that the day must come when the great factories and manufactories of this land will shut down, and where there is now life and activity, there will be the silence of the tomb. And the reason why this must be is this:

"The great southern wing of the Democrat party are determined to establish the doctrine of free trade in this land. They will be assisted by their northern allies. The fight is now on. There is a great body of visionary but educated men who are employed day by day in writing free trade essays and arguments in favor of that doctrine, which find their way in every newspaper in the land.

The great body of our people have never experienced, themselves, the suffering which always results when the protective principles are laid aside. Poisoned and excited by the wild statements of these writers and the demagogue appeals of Democrat speakers, the results will be that in the very near future these forces which are now working will be strong enough to defeat at the polls the party advocating the doctrine of protection. It must inevitably follow that uncertainty and doubt will arise. The business men of the country fearing the destruction of the principle of protection will decline to engage in business, consequently mills will shut down and the workingmen will be thrown out of employment. The people will then see as we have never seen before—that they cannot be prosperous and have work while the principle is threatened. In the midst of their suffering they will learn that the only way they can be prosperous and happy is to vote for the party that has built up the industries by which they have gained a livelihood; because they will then see clearly that when the manufactory is shut down there is no demand for the only thing which they have to sell, and that is their labor."

A Tariff Commission.

The suggestion comes from Newark, N. J., that the tariff be taken out of politics. This is not a new idea, but it now assumes for the first time some practical form, with an outline for procedure by Mr. Samuel B. Archer, who for the full and proper advocacy of his suggestions has published this week the first number of a weekly paper called The Tariff Commission.

As the name of the paper implies, the idea of Mr. Archer is that the tariff of the United States be under the entire control of a commission of 15 members. This commission, it is suggested, should be divided into three parts of five members each, one part to represent the government, one to represent labor, and the third to represent the manufacturing and commercial interests of the country.

Our new tariff contemporary explains its ideas very completely, and we advise all our readers to send for a copy of the first number. The subject is one fraught with the utmost importance. There can be no doubt that the establishment of a permanent protective tariff, that would not be subject to continuous petty tinkering at the hands of incompetent malefactors, would tend to the progress and advancement of the American nation to a degree that we have hitherto never experienced. Business could be established permanently and continue in an even course irrespective of politics and the fear of what may be the result of our periodical congressional elections. Much can be said in favor of the project, which should not be lightly cast aside.

The Slate Trade.

The slate quarrying industry is one of those that are feeling the dire effects of the free trade object lesson. Slates are produced in a dozen different states, but chiefly in Pennsylvania, Vermont, Maine, Maryland, New York, Virginia, Georgia and New Jersey.

There are 206 different quarries, the output of which is 75 per cent roofing slate. The present tariff on roofing slate is 35 per cent ad valorem, but the Wilson tariff proposes to reduce this to 10 per cent, a loss of 15 per cent to those interested in this industry.

There are over $10,000,000 invested in the slate trade, and there are over 6,000 workers, who receive $2,350,000 annually in wages. A reduction of 15 per cent in the tariff means a loss of $387,500 to their annual earnings, if indeed it does not mean the entire closing of the American quarries in favor of the Welsh slates that will be able to come over as ballast, paying no freight, to swamp our markets.

On other than roofing slates it is proposed to reduce the duty 10 per cent, but that part of the American industry which is the largest is to receive the greatest injury, in full accord with the policy of destruction of the present administration.—American Economist.

OUR LAWMAKERS.

A Record of Their Daily Work in Washington.

Measures of Importance Being Considered in the Senate and House—A Summary of the Daily Proceedings.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—After discussion of civil service reform until the close of the morning hour the senate yesterday resumed as "the unfinished business" the house bill to repeal the federal election laws, and the debate continued until the close of the legislative day.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Senators Peffer (pop., Kan.) and Allen (pop., Neb.) introduced resolutions in the senate yesterday condemning the bond policy of the administration. Senator Morgan (dem., Ala.) and Senator Daniel (dem., Va.) took occasion to express their disapproval of the proposed bond issue. Senator Vest (dem., Mo.) spoke in favor of repealing the election law.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Remonstrances were presented in the senate yesterday against the Wilson tariff bill and against the issue of government bonds. A bill to codify and arrange the laws relating to pensions was introduced.

The House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—In the house yesterday Mr. Wilson's amendment to the tariff bill fixing the date on which free wool should go into effect as August 1 was defeated, and the substitute making it go into effect immediately on the passage of the bill was adopted. The rest of the day was spent discussing the amendment of Mr. Burrows to substitute the print wool schedule for that proposed by the Wilson bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Almost the entire day in the house yesterday was spent in the continuation of the debate on Mr. Burrows' (rep., Mich.) amendment to restore the existing duties on wool, with the result of its defeat by a strict party vote. About an hour before the recess Mr. Johnson (dem. O.) offered an amendment to place steel rails on the free list. A lengthy discussion followed, but no action was taken. At the session Mr. Sibley (dem., Pa.) created a sensation by a bitter speech against the Wilson bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—In the house yesterday the time was occupied in discussing the tariff bill and the proposed amendment to put steel rails on the free list was lost by a vote of 160 to 79.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The tariff bill was discussed in the house yesterday, and messages were received from the president vetoing the New York and New Jersey bridge bill and transmitting the latest correspondence from Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—In the house yesterday an amendment to the tariff bill placing sugar on the free list was adopted. A bill was introduced to provide for the withdrawal of the discretionary power of the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds. The president's message on Hawaiian affairs was received.

FARMERS TO UNITE.

Plans for a Big Central Organization Outlined.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—The five great organizations of farmers—the Farmers' alliance, the Industrial union, the Grange, the Farmers' Mutual Benefit association and the Patrons of Industry—are to form a federation to be known as the Farmers' union. If plans made by the alliance at a convention held in this city are acceptable to the other organizations. The scheme is a big one and its promoters expect great things from it. The new organization is to be nonpartisan, it is claimed, but will devote itself to bettering the condition of the farmers politically and socially.

Lost Both Eyes.

MALVERN, Ark., Jan. 20.—Irvey Harp, a well-known young man, son of Thomas Harp, a prominent citizen, lost both of his eyes and was perhaps fatally injured by the explosion of a cigarette. Lee Edwards and Mount Jackson, two young men, sought to play a practical joke on Harp by furnishing him a loaded cigarette. They were arrested and lodged in jail to await the result of Harp's injuries.

Lillian Weds Again.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—At the residence of Civil Justice Mohler in Hoboken, N. J., on Sunday Lillian Russell, the famous opera bouffe singer, became the wife of John Chatterton, better known as Sig. Perugini, a leading member of her company. This is Miss Russell's third voyage on the sea of matrimony.

Was First Governor of Colorado.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 22.—Ex-Gov. William Gilpin, the first governor of the territory of Colorado, died Saturday. He was appointed by President Lincoln March 28, 1861, and was at that time a resident of St. Louis.

Prison for a Banker.

STERLING, Col., Jan. 23.—M. H. Smith, president of the Bank of Sterling, has been sentenced to three years in the penitentiary for receiving money on deposit after he became insolvent.

Found a New Country.

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 22.—The Tyrrell brothers, of this city, after a year's absence have returned from a trip north of the Saskatchewan in a country never before explored.

Swindled Them All.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 22.—William Henry Stegner within three days married one St. Louis widow, promised to wed two others and swindled all three.

Scared Out by a Woman.

PLEASANTON, Kan., Jan. 22.—Owing to the election of Mrs. Annie L. Austin as mayor of this city, gamblers and saloonkeepers have fled.

New York's Unemployed.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—More than 40,000 persons are out of work and destitute in this city, according to trustworthy statistics.

SIDDING GOODBY TO HIS OWN BODY.

Farewell, dear body! I have thrilled you through,
With all the love that angels ever knew!
Sometimes with towering rage and mischief spice
That would drive Lucifer out of paradise!
Sometimes with kindred spirits we have met
In high symposium that I can't forget!
How can we part? Alas! I cannot stay.
Here ends the long, sweet, sad, delightful way.

I mourn for you. I feel sensation creep
That would be tears, but spirits do not weep.
How have I bathed, protected, petted you,
With constant care your lightest wish to do!
What heavenly beauty I have known in you,
Those shapely limbs, with bright blood mantling through,
The supreme air of heavenly forms above,
Bright image of our God, whose name is love!

The Master calleth me! I must fulfill
My destined course and meet his holy will.
All aching, full of love, dear form, I tell
The parting hour is come. Sweet clay, farewell!
Now I arise above the days and hours.
But thou must rest among the birds and flowers.

—J. R. Wiggin in Minneapolis Journal.

MY FRIEND'S WIFE.

After all I am going to marry Lucile. It is more than a year since poor Robethon died, and—perhaps I am a donkey to do it at my time of life, but she is unquestionably a charming woman. She made him happy, and—I am afraid I am a fool. I feel, however, as though I owed it almost to his memory, and something to her too. Yes, there is no doubt I owe her something in that line—and yet, good heavens, I am not doing it on that account. I love her desperately, down to the ground.

"Dick," she said to me yesterday, looking straight at me with her wonderful blue eyes—"Dick, why do you ask me—"

"Better late than never," I answered. She began, "Five, six years ago you"—and stopped.

"I know. I was a fool, Lucille. I never once thought of it though. You see, the idea was foreign to me. I never intended to marry."

"And now?"

"With your kind assistance I do intend to."

"Why?"

Her question almost bowled me over. I gazed at the carpet, wondering how I could best put it to her. Presently I looked up, and as our eyes met I blurted out, "Because I love you, of course."

I did not mean to say that just then. The truth is that the idea of "reparation" had got sole possession of my brain, and how to express it gravely me.

Lucile laughed lightly. "That, Dick, is a second thought, and not a bad one for a man who is offering himself as a husband. Still, I want your first."

"I was thinking that, love apart, you have a moral claim upon me."

A great wave of color rose and fell, leaving her beautiful face pale as marble. "A claim—really? A moral claim! Why moral? Why not material? When I turn huckster, Dick, I will traffic only for gold."

I saw what she meant. Love's gifts, being no impoverishment of love, entail no indebtedness upon the recipient. Love is paid for its gift in the giving. This, I thought, was a counsel of perfection and better suited to angels and angelic love than to men and women in an earthly, highly conventional and British society.

"And that is why you wish to marry me?" she added.

I felt that I was on thin ice. "No, darling, it is not. I love you. There's no harm in that, I hope?"

"No, not a bit. It is a very good reason. Genuine, Dick?"

"Quite, on my honor."

"The honor of an English gentleman—more, of an English gentleman—more still, of a well tried friend—that is good enough for me. Here's my hand on it, Dick."

That was only yesterday. It seems 20 years ago. Poor Robethon—he knew little. I do not think I was to blame. I acted loyally enough by him. It was like this, you see. Robethon and I were pretty close friends. I spent much of my time at my clubs, and at one or other of them I was always coming across Robethon. The taste for chess was mutual and was the ground of our first acquaintance. We were about the same age—heading fast for 50. He was short and stout; I was long and lean.

I had been all over the world, while he had never been outside of England. Sometimes I fancied he had never been outside of London. If he had, he was careful to conceal the fact. We were both bachelors. His chambers were close to St. James street, mine to Piccadilly. We never visited each other though. He was partner in a well known firm of bankers, but had not entered their place of business for 20 years. He had read a world beyond me and was a gentle, sympathetic, clean souled gentleman.

I wish I could say as much truthfully of myself; no false modesty should keep me from writing it down. Still Robethon cared for me, and I am decoed sure I cared for him. His reticence was characteristic of the man; it was like a suit of steel armor covering him from head to foot. Sometimes I think it was, fundamentally, shyness—not of the ordinary kind, of which there was not a trace about him, but deep spiritual shyness. On the other hand, it might have been due to an austere selectness of spirit, a sensitive, delicate pride of soul. The clubmen held him in great esteem, in a manner were proud of him, considered him an authority on disputed points of honor and the like and accepted his judgment with docility and reverence.

One day I met a lady on Pall Mall—tall, fair, straight as a dart and with a face that fell on me like a vision. I turned and watched her, and while so doing she suddenly halted, turned around and came toward me. I stood still. In passing she gave me a momentary glance. Ha, she was very lovely!

A month or six weeks later there was a reception at a certain foreign embassy, and I happened to be present. It was not my kind of thing at all, but I chanced to be an old acquaintance of the embassador in question. There was a big crowd, and dancing was in full swing. Passing by the ballroom, I stood for a moment to watch the dancers. The first thing I saw was the lady of Pall Mall, gloriously arrayed, waltzing with a German.

"Who is she?" I asked a man I knew.

"Which one? Oh, that divine symphony of color there, eh? That is Mrs. Trenchard."

"And who is Mrs. Trenchard?"

"He shook his head. "She's a widow; that's all I know. She is in the swim; wonder you haven't met her before. I have, half a dozen times; but I live up to my principles, of which the first is, Thou shalt not do—anything in this widow line."

I left him grinning. I could have kicked him without any remorse. From another man I gleaned that Trenchard had been in the Indian political service and had died suddenly. In certain lines men are dolts and women creatures of genius. A woman there, a dear old dowager, told me in five minutes all I wanted to know. Her people were all dead, she was a lady of birth and breeding, she had none too much money, she was very popular and very correct, and—would I like an introduction? Five minutes later I made my first bow to the divine symphony. She was gloriously generous, save herself to me for 10 whole minutes, and when I withdrew she murmured, with a graciousness that seemed regal, "Perhaps we shall meet again."

We did meet, again and again. Our acquaintance ripened into friendship and finally into very close intimacy. I saw her at least once every week. This went on for three or four years. Between me and Robethon she was a forbidden subject. I knew it would only pain him. For the same reason I never once mentioned Robethon's name to her.

It was December. Robethon and I, as usual, were lunching at the same table. All at once he said, "I am married."

"Married! God forbid!"

"I have been married a month."

"In that case it would be brutal not to wish you joy."

Thank you. I think I have found a pearl of great price. I am living now in Grovesnor Gardens. We are having a few friends in tonight—a very few. You will come, won't you? I want you to know my wife."

"With all the pleasure in the world. But it is like a dream."

He laughed like a man on the right side of the hedge as he said: "Yes, it's like a dream—a beautiful dream. Come as early as you can."

I think I felt a trifle hurt that such a revolution in his domestic economy should have occurred without his informing me of it, but I was more than curious to see the woman who made so notable a capture. In these days it is the men and not the women who are captured. I was very punctual. The rest of the folks were of course late. Robethon met me in the coatroom. "Bagot," he said, "this is very good of you. I've been thinking I ought to have told you sooner, but—I'll tell you how it happened and all about it at the club."

"Meanwhile, Robethon, one word. Are you happy?"

"As a king."

"No secret regrets, eh?"

"Not the ghost of one. She is perfect. Come, you must see her."

Arm in arm we entered the drawing room. She was alone. I saw a vision of amber colored silk and fluttering lace and heard him say, "Lucile, this is my dear friend, General Bagot."

Then for the first time I saw her face. It was my own fair lady of Pall Mall! What she felt I do not know. "God God!" broke involuntarily from my lips, and I had just sense enough to turn to Robethon and tell him in an aside that a sudden and awful twinge of gout had seized me. Women, being born intriguers, are nimble witted by nature and acquirement. When our eyes met a second time, the lady was perfectly self possessed and instinct with sympathy over my dreadful gout.

The attack was soon over.

The dinner, I believe, was good and the company smart and lively people. My anecdotes went off like champagne corks, and I fancy I created for myself a reputation for brilliancy which, happily, I do not feel it my duty to live up to. For myself, I do not know what I said, did, ate, drank or thought. I was in a maze. Later in the evening I saw her alone for five minutes.

"Bagot, all that's wonderful, Lucile, what does it mean?" I asked.

"Just what you see. I am Mrs. Robethon," she answered, fluttering her fan.

"But—he is my friend. Not for world's world I"—

"No, it would be awkward."

"Awkward! Listen, Lucile. The curtain being down, there are some plays may never be revived."

She looked at me for some moments. Then she said: "That is true. If I had thought only of myself, Dick, it would have been I and not you who would have been the first to say, There are some plays may never be revived."

"Forgive me! I know it. But"—

"Not another word. We are alike in our thoughts of him. We will be loyal to him to the end. Still, we are friends, Dick, all the same."

* * * * * * *

And now my turn has come. Poor Robethon has gone, and, after all, I am going to marry Lucile. What an odd world it is!—Chicago Post.

Egyptian Cats Fond of the Water.

By some persons the popularity of the cat in Egypt has been attributed to the fact that the animal was valuable in ridding the palaces of rats and mice and also in hunting fowl. There are several paintings in the British museum, executed by ancient Egyptian artists, representing Egyptian sportsmen in boats on the river Nile, accompanied by large cats, sitting on their haunches in the stern. Other pictures show the cats swimming with birds in their mouths after the manner of retriever dogs. These pictures have greatly perplexed modern naturalists because the cat of today has a strong aversion to water, and it is difficult to reconcile such different traits even after the lapse of thousands of years.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

FREE TRADE RESULTS

ENGLISH MANUFACTURERS JUBILANT OVER THE PROSPECTS.

They Will Have "Far Easier Access Than They Ever Had to a Market Representing a Population of 70,000,000"—The New Tariff Framed to Favor England.

The leading trade journals that are now coming to hand from England indicate, more and more every week, how interested, and how excited even, the British manufacturers are becoming over the prospects of securing their lion's share of our manufacturing industries. When the Wilson tariff was first made public, it was considered advisable to muzzle the British bulldog, and it was evidently prearranged that the barking should be done behind the kennel, at any rate where it would not attract the eye of the American eagle. But the anxiety, the desire, the eagerness, to snatch our business from us proved too much for their discretion, and we learn from one paper, about the woolen trade, that the "prospect of an increased business with the States is, however, very hopeful."

Again, further: "Should it (the new bill) pass in its proposed form, it will make a great difference in the export of the lower classes of woolens, upon which the specific or weight duty weighs so heavily. This will be a crucial point in the discussion of the bill. Nothing can be fairer than an ad valorem duty, but the difficulty always exists that there are unprincipled people who invariably go in underdeclare values, and those who make honest declarations are made to suffer for the faults of others."

This will be cheering news to our woolen manufacturers, particularly as the fact is recognized abroad "that there are unprincipled people who invariably underdeclare values." But we like to keep the best news till the last, and that is what the Bradford (England) correspondent writes to The Textile Manufacturer, which is published in Manchester. This bold Bradford man throws aside all pretenses and hypocrisy. He imitates the straightforward policy of Cousin Ben Folsom when he on July 4, 1893, congratulated the cutlery manufacturers of Sheffield that they would again secure control of the American markets, a policy that it appears has been also adopted by Mr. Meeker, the American consul at Bradford. The conclusion at which the Bradford expert in the English worsted trade arrives is that the proposed Wilson tariff measure will give to the manufacturers of Bradford "far easier access than they have ever had to a market representing a population of 70,000,000 people."

Further analyzing what free wool really means to the American manufacturer, this English

BENTON HARBOR, Jan. 23.—The St. Joseph & Lake Shore Electric Railway company, which will build an electric railway in St. Joseph this year, has been organized with a capital stock of $75,000. The officers are: C. P. Wright, president; J. S. Wolfe, vice president; A. L. Thacher, treasurer, all of Chicago, and secretary, S. C. Rosenberg, of St. Joseph.

Grand Rapids Dems Raided.

GRAND RAPIDS, Jan. 20.—The police Friday night made a general raid on the gambling houses and brought the inmates and furniture of five places to police headquarters. The places raided were operated by Douglass, Johnson, Callohan, Bonnell and Bowen, and the number of inmates caught was forty, among them some of the best known men in town.

A New Pile Remedy

Has created a sensation among physicians by its wonderful effects in speedily curing every form of Piles. It is called the Pyramid Pile Cure. It is cheap and simple to use, but nothing removes the disease so quickly, safely and surely. Any druggist will get it for you.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair troubles. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

CONSUMPTIVE

Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst cases of Lung Trouble, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pain, Debility, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, etc. Sample bottle free at druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

MINDER CORNS. The only cure for Corns. Stops all pain. At druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

IT IS GOOD

OLD NAVY WAR TIME PLUG.

The Toledo Tobacco Wks Co. Toledo, Ohio

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

COCOA

BOILING WATER OR MILK.

Harness and Buggy. Free Offer.

A $10 set of Harness for only $4.85. A $100 Top Buggy for only $49.75. You can examine the goods at your place before paying one cent. Send for illustrated catalogue giving prices to consumers that are less than jobbers dealers' actual cost. Send address and this advertisement to ALVAR MANUFACTURING CO., Dept. E. E. Chicago, Ills.

EAGLE BRAND. THE BEST

ROOFING.

is unequaled for House, Barn, Factory, or outbuildings and costs half the price of shingles, tin or iron. It is ready to use and can be applied by anyone. Send stamp for samples and state size of roof.

EXCELSIOR PAINT AND ROOFING COMPANY

155 Duane St., New York, N. Y.

Wanted Everywhere. Competent Book-keepers, Stenographers, and Teachers. Address for positions, Bradford's Business College, Shorthand, and Normal School. For Catalogue, address A. S. Parish, Propr.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY.

500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

CURES: Fevers, Congestion, Inflammation. A.A.—Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever. B.B.—Sprains, Lameness, Rheumatism. C.C.—Distemper, Nasal Discharges. D.D.—Bots or Grubs, Worms. E.E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia. F.F.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache. G.G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages. H.H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases. I.I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange. J.J.—Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis. Single Bottle (over 50 doses) - - - .50 Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator. $7.00 Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - - - 1.00 Sold by Druggists or sent postpaid anywhere and in any quantity on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28

In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for **Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness,** and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial for $5, sent postpaid on receipt of price, or sent by druggists, if not supplied by them. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

MODEL FORM CORSETS.

Fashionable Ladies Wear Them.

Dress-Makers Recommend Them.

Leading Merchants Sell Them.

WHY?

They are the only Corsets ever made that will fully supply the difficulties of the ball. Similar figures will produce the fashionable contour. They are of great value in allowing Dame Nature to fulfill her mission of development, which cannot be accomplished when "pads" are used. They will reduce the size, correct the shape and support the bust of the invalid lady, with entire satisfaction. Price $2.00 to $5.00. If not obtainable from your merchant, send for our Illustrated Price List. Manufactured only by the

CHILLING CORSET CO., Detroit, Mich.

Our Model Form No. 306.

ENEMIES THREE

There are with which the weak
person generally has to contend
Work regularly consumes his strength,
but often pays for what it takes.
Worry lights the candle at the other
end, and never pays at all.
Disease' ties his hands and deprives
him of power of resistance.
Who can number the thousands

OVERCOME BY

this mighty trio? For 25 years we have fought these consumers of life with life's own weapon, the air we breath, made stronger for the combat by the aid and skill of modern science. Our

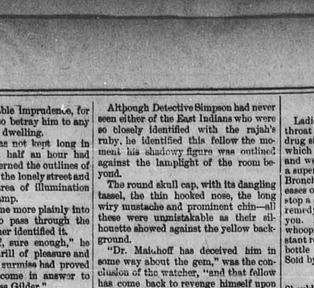
COMPOUND OXYGEN

restores strength, quiets the nerves and expels disease.

Proof that will convince all who reason, is offered free to all who suffer.

Send us your addr-ss.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1529 Arch St. Philadelphia



"If his connection is a guilty one, he must have been aware of the false ruby."

"Not necessarily, for we are not certain that the two natives did not bring it with them from India."

"But if the counterfeit has been the companion of the genuine for many years, then the doctor has aided in deceiving them, and his part he played was a commendatory one."

"Undoubtedly, if your premises are correct; but, if I may be allowed to hazard a guess, it is that the doctor sold the real gem to the fellows, and they have used the imitation for their own security. Bear in mind, however, that this is only a guess on my part, inspired, perhaps by the knowledge which I used to have of Dr. Maidhoff years ago, when he and I were classmates in college. It may be that Simpson has made discoveries which will completely change the face of affairs. I am expecting a dispatch from him this evening."

"I came near forgetting one thing, Mr. Varick," added Manson. "When I ran down these two men, Wichman and Lugro, they were not arrested in this city, not by a direct course at least, for they were 20 miles nearer Ellenville than they were that same morning."

Chief Varick showed more excitement than at any time during the interview. He started upright in his seat, and looking fixedly at his subordinate demanded:

"Are you sure of that?"

"There can be no doubt of it. I located them without trouble and was surprised at the discovery."

The chief was thoughtful a minute and then asked:

"Don't you see the probable bearing of this fact Suppose Dr. Maidhoff passed off the spurious ruby upon them—that is, helped his patient, Miss Livermore, to place it so that it would fall into the hands of these men. They are doubtless experts, but at the time of the robbery at night would not be likely to notice the trick. Several days may have passed without their making the discovery. They make it shortly before you locate them. Would not their most natural course after such discovery be to turn back toward Ellenville with the purpose of repairing their error?"

"But how could they do that, with Miss Livermore dead, suspicion resting upon them, and Dr. Maidhoff fully warned?"

The chief shrugged his shoulders again and smiled.

"You are asking me some difficult questions. Perhaps I spent as much time at Ellenville and the vicinity as you I might be able to answer you intelligently."

"It is possible, though hardly probable," replied Manson, stung by the quiet raping he received during the conversation and by the well grounded belief that the chief was now looking to Simpson for the real clearing up of the mystery. While Manson had done good work in the Manitoba affair, and while he was sanguine that he had acquitted himself still more brilliantly in the last business, it was doubly humiliating to awaken to the fact that he had made an egregious failure all the way through.

No man could be expected to maintain his serenity at such a time, and the chief was probably aware of this, for he showed no resentment because of the disrespectful words of his employee.

"As I view it," he quietly remarked, lighting a cigar, "the question narrows itself down as to the part played by Dr. Maidhoff in the business. If he has accepted a bribe from the men from India, and then played them false, the rajah's ruby is secure against all they can do, for he would be a fool to run any further risk of its falling into their hands, but I would not like to be in the doctor's shoes."

"They would hardly dare harm him after the suspicious death of Miss Livermore."

"They will not commit a crime that could be proved against them, but with their subtlety and skill will find the means of 'removing' him from the scene of his earthly labors without leaving the slightest evidence against themselves. The fact is, Max, those fellows played it on you mighty fine."

"Well, child, I think it has been several weeks since I have seen my family," said Manson, irritated still further by the last words of Varick, "and I hope I may be allowed to spend a day or two with them."

"I shall try to give you that privilege. I was sorry to bring you back when so near home, but there seemed to be need of you. You have done as well as any one could, placed as you were. Success cannot be looked for every time. I think I shall need you pretty soon."

"On this same business?"

The chief nodded his head.

"Simpson is one of our best men, but he is more than likely to require your help before he gets through. Hello! I shouldn't wonder if this is from him now," added the chief, extending his hand for the dispatch that was brought into his private office at that moment.

"Yes, it's from him," he added as he tore open the yellow envelope. After glancing at its contents he passed it to his subordinate, who read:

Am hopeful. You may not hear from me for two days. If you do not receive word from me on the third day, send Max to search for me.

F. S.

CHAPTER IX.

"HE IS ONE OF THOSE SEPOYS."

The old fashioned house that had been the home of Miss Antoinette Livermore for many years stood amid spacious grounds, surrounded by dense shade trees, which almost hid it from view during spring, and summer. With the coming of autumn, when the limbs gradually lost their leaves, the antiquated building, which had been a famous one during the early days of the century, and standing as it did on elevated ground near the outskirts of the small town formed one of the most conspicuous land marks of Ellenville.

Folsom Simpson, finding himself alone, gave his whole energies to tracing the mystery of the rajah's ruby. The vague intimations which he had thrown out to his friend, Max Manson, were genuine in his mind, though based on such flimsy fancies that he deemed it not worth while to attempt to explain them to him.

When, however, during the course of the day he received the jubilant dispatch from his associate, he was so certain of the nature of the mistake made by him that he promptly responded with the words given elsewhere. Wandering aimlessly, as it seemed, through the town, he managed to keep an eye upon the movements of Dr. Maidhoff; but so far as he perceived there was nothing suspicious about them. He went and came as his professional duties seemed to require, for he was generally a busy man, most of his journeys being on foot, since they did not lead him beyond the limits of the town.

Another and perhaps more interesting individual was Miss Evelyn Gilder, who, as he viewed it, shared the mysterious secret with her family physician. So far as Simpson could ascertain, she never once left the big house which she had shared with her aunt so long. The female servant came forth about the middle of the afternoon, bearing two letters in her hand. One of these was taken to the postoffice and the other left at Dr. Maidhoff's, who acted as if he was expecting it, for hardly had the woman reached out her hand to ring the bell when he stepped forth and took it from her. He stood at the door while he hastily read it, and nodding his head to signify that it was all right disappeared within his office.

"That letter from Miss Gilder is a summons for him to call and see her this evening on business connected with the rajah's ruby," was the shrewd guess of the watcher, "and I must be on hand."

Simpson had not forgotten that there was another individual in Ellenville who must be interested to a certain extent in this business. That was Arthur Fairchild, credited with being the accepted lover of Miss Gilder.

The detective framed an excuse for calling at his office, but a disappointment awaited him. The lad there told him the young lawyer was out of town and was not expected back for several days.

Although Detective Simpson had never seen either of the East Indians who were so closely identified with the rajah's ruby, he identified this fellow the moment his shadowy figure was outlined against the lamplight of the room beyond.

The round skull cap, with its dangling tassel, the thin hooked nose, the long wiry mustache and prominent chin—all these were unmistakable as their silhouette showed against the yellow background.

"Dr. Maidhoff has deceived him in some way about the gem," was the conclusion of the watcher, "and that fellow has come back to revenge himself upon him."

The large limb upon which Wichman was crouching put out from the trunk below the window sill so that his body from the waist downward was in impenetrable gloom, but the rest was so plainly shown that the watcher detected every movement.

The fellow cautiously raised his head until he must have gained a glimpse of the interior, for at the same time he shrouded his movements as much as he could, doubtless through fear that the couple in the room would discover him.

The weird figure of the man and his noiseless movements suggested the fearful belief that the miscreant was about to wreak terrible vengeance upon both of them.

"If such is his intention," thought Simpson, "I don't think I'll stand here and allow it. I can't see very well in this darkness, but I'd bet I can't wing him with my revolver! It will be the poorest shot I ever made."

The impending tragedy was sure to overthrow all the calculations made by the sagacious detective, and he was thinking about such new complications that he might well despair of success. Still he could not stand idly by and permit a dreadful crime to be committed when it was in his power to prevent.

He hoped there was a possibility of the deed being averted without interference on his part—that is, it seemed that there was a chance that the sepoy was in quest of knowledge, like himself, instead of a human life.

"At any rate I'll wait. I can detect what he is after and baffle him before he does any harm. If he will withdraw without hurting either the doctor or Miss Gilder, I by need never know that he has been under my eye."

The fellow in the tree now seemed to concentrate all his attention upon the couple, who were unaware that they were the objects of such deadly scrutiny. Holding his body poised with one hand, he leaned forward until his head and face were marked as if with ink on the window. Thus he remained motionless for several minutes.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

The two did not enter the house at once

"He's in it, too," muttered Simpson, lunging back to the tree, where he kept the best watch he could from his room, which gave him a view of the doctor's office. Nothing noteworthy was observed, and night closed in with little if any real progress in the remarkable investigation he had undertaken.

The sagacious officer, however, had crystallized a theory which had been gradually taking shape in his mind. He had determined on what might be pronounced a desperate venture.

As soon as it was fairly dark he left the hotel, first informing the landlord that he was liable to be kept out until late at night and possibly until morning. He was told that the negro boy who slept in the barroom would admit him at any hour and conduct him to his room.

The night was dark, with a faint moon. The Livermore homestead, standing almost beyond the limits of the village, was shrouded in gloom except for the dim light of an oil lamp burning just in front of the entrance to the grounds. It was no difficult matter for the detective to steal in among the trees without being seen. He made himself certain earlier in the day that there was no dog about the premises, so he had nothing to fear on that score.

He had secured a position which gave him a view of one side and the front of the house, including the portion lit up by the smoking lamp across the street. Posting himself thus, he was prepared to wait several hours if necessary—an ordeal for which the successful detective must always be ready.

He would have given a good deal had he dared to light one of his delightful cigars while thus waiting, but that would have been inexcusable imprudence, for the odor was liable to betray him to any one approaching the dwelling.

Fortunately he was not kept long in waiting. Less than half an hour had passed when he discerned the outlines of a man coming along the lonely street and entering the dim area of illumination thrown out by the lamp.

As the figure came more plainly into view and turned to pass through the open gate, the watcher identified it.

"It's Dr. Maidhoff, sure enough," he muttered, with a thrill of pleasure and expectation that his surmise had proved correct. "He has come in answer to that summons of Miss Gilder."

The physician walked briskly up the path, stepped upon the broad porch, his footsteps sounding distinct in the stillness of the night. Before he could move forward to sound the heavy brass knocker the door was drawn inward, and by the light of the lamp in the hall beyond Simpson saw the form of Miss Gilder.

Beyond a doubt she was waiting for him, and his call was not a professional one, since he would not have waited so long after receiving the letter of the young lady.

The two did not enter the house at once. The portly open door showed the dark figures on the threshold, where they talked for some moments in low tones.

If Simpson could only catch a few of the words which now reached him in an almost inaudible hum, they were certain to be of the highest importance, so much so indeed that he was on the point of stealing forward among the trees, though the attempt was almost a hopeless one, when, to his chagrin, they passed inside, and the door was closed behind them.

He heard the click of the lock and the sliding of the old fashioned bolts.

"They don't mean to be interrupted," was his conclusion, "and I don't think there is much danger of their being overheard."

The attempt, however, which he intended to make in that direction was frustrated in an unexpected manner.

He supposed they would seat themselves in the lower sitting room or parlor, but they did neither. The sudden flaring of a light in the upper front room (which had evidently been occupied by the late invalid) showed they had gone thither for the purpose of greater privacy.

The scheme, therefore, of creeping up beneath the window and listening, in the hope of catching a word or two, was nipped in the bud.

The detective passed among the trees back and forth until he had surveyed the two front and each of the single side windows. The former were impenetrably screened by curtains, as was the one on the left, but the one on the right had its curtain raised about half way to the top. Whether this was an oversight or whether it was done to assist ventilation, since the sash was also lowered a few inches, was a question of no importance.

Simpson moved silently back among the trees until he was several rods from the side of the house. The change of position did not give him a glimpse of the occupants nor of any recognizable article of furniture.

"There is only one thing to be done," he reflected, "and that is to climb that tree which grows near the building. I can hardly hope to overhear their conversation, but I may see something worth knowing—good heavens!"

Well might the eavesdropper be startled, for at that moment he made the discovery that he was not the only individual moving among the trees and seeking to penetrate the mystery of the Livermore homestead. There was another person engaged on the same errand.

Indeed the backward movement of Simpson, in his effort to gain a glimpse of the interior of the upper room, was all that saved him from discovery by this second intruder, who came upon the scene as noiselessly as a shadow.

The same obstacle which shut off his prying attempts caused him to do as Simpson had done only a minute before. He moved toward the boundary fence in the effort to inspect the window whose curtain was partly raised. This took him so far from the dwelling that his head and shoulders were thrown partly in relief against the faint light, the outlines, however, being so indistinct that they were barely distinguishable, and only proved that it was a man that had appeared so unexpectedly on the scene and complicated matters.

While the detective was debating within himself what he should do, if indeed he could do anything, the head and shoulders vanished. The stranger was approaching the house again, having found that nothing was to be gained by staying where he was.

The officer's senses were strung to that tense point that when, a minute later, he caught a soft, faint scraping sound he read its meaning.

"He is climbing the tree near the window which I would have used a minute later if he had not anticipated me."

Such was the fact. The form of the man was now shown more clearly as his head and body rose above the window sill, climbing with the agility of a monkey.

"He is one of those sepoys," muttered Simpson, "and the fellow means murder."

CHAPTER X.

"DO JUST AS I TELL YOU."

"I have something important to say to you."

WANTED.

Ladies and gentlemen suffering with throat and lung difficulties to call at our drug store for a bottle of Otto's Cure, which we are distributing free of charge and we can confidently recommend it as a superior remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. It will stop a cough quicker than any known remedy. We will guarantee it to cure you. If your children have croup or whooping cough it is sure to give instant relief. Don't delay but get a trial bottle free. Large size 50c and 25c. Sold by Will M. Clark, druggist.

Sufferers from Piles

Should know that the Pyramid Pile Cure will promptly and effectually remove every trace of them. Any druggist will get it for you.

Lane's Family Medicines Move the Bowels

Each day. Most people need to use it.

Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.

ADIRONDA

TRADE MARK

Wheeler's Heart and Nerve Cure

—Positively Cures—

HEART DISEASE, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, Sleeplessness and all derangements of the Nervous System.

UNEXCELLED FOR INFANTS.

A Blessed Boon for Tired Mothers and Restless Babes.

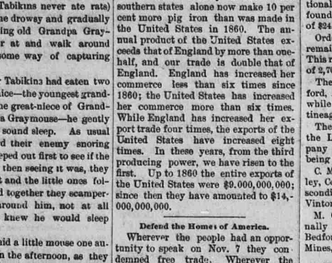
"Purely Vegetable, guaranteed free from opiates, 100 size doses, $1.00.

Rev. R. N. Middleton, pastor M. E. church Cedar Springs, Mich., says: Sleep and rest were strangers to me after prescribing Ill used "Adironda." Now I sleep soundly and awake refreshed, and I can heartily recommend it."

Prepared by WHEELER & PULVER MEDICINE Co., Cedar Springs, Mich.

Sold by D. G. Cook, Hunter & Son, Lowell.

Using Mamma's Christmas Gift



So EASY a child can run it
So QUIET it does not wake the baby
No DUST; catches it all
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

CATALOGUE FREE. If your dealer does not keep the Queen Sweeper, send us your order and we will have it filled.

GOSHEN SWEEPER CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, Bric-a-Brac, Clocks, &c., In the Very Latest Designs, for

WEDDING **PRESENTS** HOLIDAY

at prices you will concede to be reasonable.

H. A. SHERMAN.

N. B.—Repairing promptly and neatly done.

BALD HEADS!

What is the condition of yours? Is your hair dry, harsh, brittle? Does it split at the ends? Has it a lifeless appearance? Does it fall out when combed or brushed? Is it full of dandruff? Does your scalp itch? Is it dry or in a heated condition? If these are some of your symptoms be warned in time or you will become bald.

Skookum Root Hair Grower

is whatyou need. Its production is not an accident, but the result of scientific research, combined with a knowledge of the properties of the roots and herbs from which it is made. "Skookum" contains neither minerals nor oils. It is not a Dye, but a delightfully cooling and refreshing Tonic, by stimulating the follicles, it *stops falling hair, cures dandruff and grows hair on bald heads.*

Lo-ver Root is the only clean, healthy, and free from irritating symptoms, by the use of Skookum Root Hair Grower. It thins a luxuriant growth and *destroys the hair.*

If your druggist cannot supply you send direct to us, and we will forward you a package of prize. However, $1.00 per bottle; 6 for $5.00. Soap, 50c. per jar; 6 for $2.50.

TRADE MARK Registered.

THE SKOOKUM ROOT HAIR GROWER CO., 57 South Fifth Avenue, Troy, N. Y.

WM. REID DETROIT, MICH. GRAND RAPIDS, MICH. **GLASS**

ABSOLUTELY PERFECT.

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES."

GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

SAPOLIO

ELY'S CREAM BALM—Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores Taste and Smell, and Cures

CATARRH

Gives Relief at once for Cold in Head.

Apply into nostrils.—It is Quickly Absorbed. 50c. Druggists or by mail. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N.Y.

CURE FOR COLD IN HEAD ELY'S CREAM BALM

MANHOOD RESTORED! "NERVE SEEDS." This wonderful remedy guaranteed to cure all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Nervous Debility, Nervous Headache, Lost Power in Generative Organs of either sex caused by over-exertion, early or late errors, excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants, which lead to Infirmity, Consumption, Insanity. Can be carried in vest pocket. $1 per box, 6 for $5. By mail or Druggists. With a $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold by all druggists. Ask for it, take no other. Write for free Medical Book sent sealed in plain wrapper. Address NERVE SEED CO., Masonic Temple, Chicago. For sale in Lowell, Mich., by HUNTER & SON, Druggists.

SURROUNDED BY MYSTERY!

A Great Mistake.

A recent discovery is that headache, dizziness, dullness, confusion of the mind, etc., are due to derangement of the nerve centers which supply the brain with nerve forces; that indigestion, dyspepsia, neuralgia, wind in stomach, etc., arise from the derangement of the nerve centers supplying these organs with nerve fluid or force. This is the true cause of many diseases of the heart and lungs. The nerve system is like a telegraph system, as will be seen by the accompanying cut. The little white lines are the nerves which convey the nerve force from the nerve centers to every part of the body, just as the electric current is conveyed along the telegraph wires to every station, large or small. Ordinary physicians fail to cure and do not pretend to cure this fact instead of treating the symptoms, or effects of the disorders arising therefrom they treat the part affected.

Franklin Miles, M. D., LL. B., the highly celebrated specialist and student of nervous diseases, and author of many noted treatises on the latter subject, long after he realized the truth of the first statement, and his Restorative Nervine is prepared on the new principle, as his success in curing all diseases arising from derangement of the nervous system is wonderful, as the thousands of unsolicited testimonials in possession of the company manufacturing the remedy amply testify.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is a reliable remedy for all nervous diseases, such as headache, nervous debility, prostration, despondency, nervous insomnia, sexual debility, St. Vitus dance, epilepsy, etc. It is sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5, express prepaid.

Restorative Nervine positively contains no opiates or dangerous drugs.

FIVE BILLION DOLLARS LOST.

What the Threat of Free Trade Has Already Cost the American People.

When we come to analyze the exact position of the country, comparing it with a year ago, the more we analyze it the less reason is there for being surprised at the result of the last election. The people have carefully examined into the condition that confronts them, and they have found that it is not a theory. The best evidence of the actual business movement of the country is found in the clearing house returns of the banks. Let us see what these have been since the present administration assumed office last March, as reported to Bradstreet's:

	1893.	1892.
April	$4,019,313,272	$3,066,676,409
May	4,344,808,839	3,014,020,377
June	4,304,603,767	4,013,738,268
July	4,172,608,364	4,097,803,375
August	3,946,213,446	4,013,193,519
September	3,911,835,037	4,179,284,172
October	3,936,086,893	5,070,307,246
Total	$28,687,067,178	$28,398,773,135

Here we see that, with the single exception of the month of May, there has been a decrease during each and every month from April to October this year in the volume of the banks' clearings of the country as compared with the business reported during the corresponding months of 1892. During the month immediately succeeding the occupancy by Mr. Cleveland of the presidential chair the decrease in the volume of trade throughout the country was $148,000,000. During May it gained, but during June it fell off by $290,000,000, during July about $600,000,000, during August $1,067,000,000, during September by $1,468,000,000, until the climax was reached last month, October, when the loss of business throughout the country aggregated $1,487,000,000.

Thus within seven months there has been an aggregate net loss in the volume of trade throughout the country of almost $5,000,000,000 in those cities alone that reported their bank clearings to Bradstreet's. Five billion dollars less money circulated in the ordinary channels of trade and commerce, in wages, in the manufacture of goods, in the employment of labor, in the demand for goods, all of which works round and round, diminishing in its daily course the earnings of the people—this is what the present administration has done to the country with its threat of free trade. It is not surprising, therefore, that there was an uprising of the people last election. The condition confronting them has proved to be vastly different from the ante-election theory that was promised them, and they resented it.—American Economist.

As Seen Through Window Glass.

Speaking of the terrible condition of labor, Mr. John P. Eberhart, president of the Window Glass Workers' assembly, No. 300, K. of L., writes that the bad conditions seem to grow worse and adds that "I look not they will continue to do so unless we succeed in keeping Wilson's nefarious and cowardly makeshift from the statute books. May God help the poor this winter, for if the tinkers keep on nothing of human ability can avert unheard of suffering, and no man can see what direful consequences may ensue. We are in the toils of the enemies of the people, and it seems that man in such position as mine will have all they can do to try to manage the work of keeping the souls and bodies of the unemployed together until they may have an opportunity at the polls to do right when they did wrong a little over a year ago."

Encouraging.

"Will you be true to me at the seashore, Maud?"

"Yes, Charlie, dear. I won't get engaged to any other man without letting you know."—Harper's Bazar.

One dollar and four cents in cash and the JOURNAL one year for One Dollar in advance. See our premium offers on another page.

Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.

Ripans Tabules assist digestion.

In taking a newspaper, select the one that gives you the worth of your money. The LOWELL JOURNAL is one of that class.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

The Crow's Children.

A huntsman, wearing his gun afield,
Went whistling merrily;
When he heard the blackest of all black crows
Call out from a withered tree:

"You are going to kill the inlevish birds,
And I would if I were you;
But you mustn't touch my family,
Whatever else you do!"

"I'm only going to kill the birds
That are eating up my crop;
And if your young ones do such things
Be sure they'll have to stop."

"Oh," said the crow, "my children
Are the best ones ever born;
There isn't one among them all
Would steal a grain of corn."

"But how shall I know which ones they are?
Do they resemble you?"
"Oh, no," said the crow, "they're the prettiest birds,
And the whitest that ever flew!"

So off went the sportsman whistling,
And off, too, went his gun,
And its startling echoes never ceased
Again till the day was done.

And the old crow sat unroubled,
Cawing away in her nook;
For she said, "He'll never kill my birds
Since I told him how they look.

"Now, there's the hawk, my neighbor,
She's no whatever will see, scorn;
And that saucy, whistling blackbird
May have to change his tune!"

When, lo! she saw the hunter
Turning toward her tree,
With a string of crows as long as his gun
Hanging down his back.

"Alack, alack," said the mother,
"What in the world have you done?
You promised to spare my pretty birds,
And you've killed them every one."

"Your birds!" said the puzzled hunter;
"Why, I found them in my corn;
And, besides, they are black and ugly
As any that ever were born!"

"Get out of my sight you stupid!"
Said the angriest of crows;
"How good and fair her children are
There's none but a parent knows."

"Ah! I see, I see," said the hunter,
"But not as you do, quite;
It takes a mother to be so blind
She can't tell black from white."

—*Phoebe Carey.*

How Tabiknas Slept on Duty.

Tabiknas was one of the sleekest and fattest of cats. So sly and cunning was he that "As sly as Tabiknas" became the the village by word. It was also a saying of the neighborhood that Tabiknas never slept. But the old grandpa and grandma mice could tell you a different story for occasionally after devouring three or four good-sized members of the mouse family (dainty Tabiknas never ate rats) he would become drowsy and gradually fall asleep, leaving old Grandpa Graymouse to glower at and walk around him, planning some way of capturing him.

One day after Tabiknas had eaten two plump young mice—the youngest granddaughter and the great-niece of Grandpa and Grandma Graymouse—he soundly dozed off into a sound sleep. As usual when they heard their enemy snoring the old mice peeped out first to see if the coast was clear, then seeing it was, they came boldly out and the little ones followed after, and together they scampered and frisked around him, not at all afraid, for they knew he would sleep some time.

"Dear me!" said a little mouse one autumn day late in the afternoon, as they were thus amusing themselves, "how fat he is." "Yes, indeed," said Grandma Graymouse, as the tears rolled down her wrinkled cheeks, "and it is eating mice that makes him so plump. Hardly a day passes that we do not miss one or more of our loved ones."

At this Grandma Graymouse sniffed so loudly that Tabiknas awoke, and all the mice, little and big, scampered back to their holes. Tabiknas, not being wide awake, did not pursue them, but strolled lazily out to the front stoop and lay down on the doormat, where he soon fell asleep again, and as he lay dreaming of a land where rats and mice could be had without the trouble of catching them, and warm milk and fresh cream were plenty, a short, ugly-looking man passed by. He stopped, looked again and muttered to himself, "Fine cat; bring big price." Then he sprang lightly up the steps, snatched poor Tabby up and almost smothered him in his attempts to quiet his startled meows.

The man hurried away as fast as he could with the frightened cat held tightly under his coat, and never stopped until he reached a shed where he with another tramp spent the night. In the morning he took Tabiknas in his arms and started out; and how hungry the poor cat was! He would gladly have eaten a rat now or even a stale crust of bread, things that he had always considered fit only for the thin and gaunt street cats. After awhile they came to a large house, to the door of which the man went and rang the bell, whereupon the lady of the house, who was passing through the hall, answered it herself. He at once began a pitiful story, saying his children were in need of the food Tabiknas must have to keep him sleek and fat, and though he had long been their only pet he must be sold. The lady, being kind-hearted, and seeing that the cat was a fine one, readily paid the wicked fellow a good price for Tabiknas, with which he departed, chuckling at his luck. Meanwhile, Tabby's little mistress was having a terrible time of it. She called, and called, and called, and hunted the house from garret to cellar, but no Tabiknas appeared, and she went sobbing to bed. The next morning he was not to be seen, and her father promised her that if he did not appear in a day or two he would advertise for him.

The lady who had bought Tabiknas carried the poor starved cat to the kitchen and told cook to give him a saucer of milk. Tabiknas lapped the milk faster than he had ever eaten before. And after he had been warmed and fed, he began to think of home and the little mistress that was this minute crying her eyes out over him. He tried to plan some way of escape, for cats, you know, can always find their way home unless carried in a light bag, and clever puss had seen a good part of the road and felt sure he could find his way back. But the cook kept the door shut as if she suspected him of the intention of running away and was determined he should not go. Tabiknas watched and waited until just a nightfall cook went out and forgot to latch the screen door. Then he pushed the screen door open and fairly flew across the lawn to the road over which he had come, and never stopped until out of breath. Traveling very fast, he reached home about midnight, to spend a very uncomfortable but thankful half night on the doorstep. When in the morning the maidservant opened the door Tabiknas bounded in, to go straight to his mistress and lavish her with joyful meows. And you may be sure that nothing ever sounded sweet to the little girl than those same meows.

Tabiknas never again slept when he should have been hunting, in consequence of which strict attention to duty Grandpa and Grandma Graymouse and their relations were scarcely ever able to take a walk abroad.

W. E. G.

—*In Detroit Free Press.*

The Fruits of Protection.

The wealth of the United States was in 1860 $16,000,000,000, one-half of which was destroyed during the civil war. In June, 1887, our wealth touched the imperial figures of $60,000,000,000, earning $7,000,000 each day. In 1860 the wealth of the United States was $415 per capita; in 1887, $1,000 per capita. In these years of protection the United States has earned over one-half of the sum added to the world's wealth during that time. We nearly equal Great Britain in the production of iron and excel her in the production of steel. In 1860 manufactures in the United States amounted to $1,800,000,000; in 1887 to $7,000,000,000. Our total industries now amount to $11,000,000,000. The western states manufactured nearly as much in 1887 as the whole country in 1860. The southern states alone now make 10 per cent more pig iron than was made in the United States in 1860. The annual product of the United States exceeds that of England by more than one-half, and our trade is double that of England. England has increased her commerce less than six times since 1860; the United States has increased her commerce more than six times. While England has increased her export trade four times, the exports of the United States have increased eight times. In these years, from the third producing power, we have risen to the first. Up to 1860 the entire exports of the United States were $9,000,000,000; since then they have amounted to $14,000,000,000.

Defend the Homes of America.

Wherever the people had an opportunity to speak on Nov. 7 they condemned free trade. Wherever the voice of American citizenship was permitted to make itself heard it uttered an emphatic protest against the crime and folly of striking down American industry to serve the greed of foreign monopolists. The mandate of the six great commonwealths of New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Ohio and Iowa was expressed in unmistakable terms. Last year New York voted for the Democratic national ticket by a plurality of 45,518. This year, leaving out of account the extraordinary vote against Maynard, the Republican plurality in New York is 94,194. New Jersey voted for the Cleveland electors by a plurality of 14,974. Last November she declared against free trade by a plurality of 22,132. Pennsylvania increased her presidential Republican plurality of 68,767 to a plurality of 135,136. Massachusetts increased her Republican plurality from 26,000 for Harrison to 83,613 for Greenhalge. Iowa, Republican by 22,965 last year, is now Republican by 32,686. Ohio, which voted for the Harrison electors by only 1,072, gave William McKinley the magnificent plurality of 81,347. Taken altogether, the total Republican plurality in the popular vote of these six states in 1892 was 53,313. This year it is 381,108.—New York Press.

Set the Wheels In Motion.

The process by which the vast industrial machinery of the United States can again be put in motion is simplicity itself. All that is necessary is for congress to strike out the enacting clause of the starvation wages bill.—New York Press.

Prospects For the Silk Industry.

Mrs. Carrie Williams of San Diego, Cal., has received a letter from a Syrian merchant in the Midway plaisance at the World's fair, praising the superior cocoons on exhibition in the California building and asking for eggs to test. If they prove to be without disease, Syria will hereafter import from California rather than from France, where disease is now common among silkworm eggs. It is possible that this exemption of American silkworms from disease may revive an industry that at various times in our history has promised great results, but has always heretofore failed to achieve them.—Manufacturers' Gazette, Boston, Sept. 16, 1893.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

For the Week Ending Jan. 23.

Great Britain is now talking of the peaceful disarmament of all Europe instead of a war.

Three men were killed and eighteen injured in a private train road accident near Camden, Ark.

The Westview savings bank made an assignment at Louisville, Ky., with liabilities of $30,000.

The First national bank of Helena, Mont., which closed its doors last July, has resumed business.

President Peixoto, of Brazil, thinks that the insurgents under Mello are practically vanquished.

Mrs. J. Plummer, living near Pawnuska, O. T., drowned her two children and then killed herself.

Funds of the World's Columbian exposition are dwindling at the rate of nearly $400,000 a month.

Mrs. Nancy Adamson, the first white woman in Porter county, Ind., died in Valparaiso, aged 98 years.

Never in the history of the country was there so much idle money in the banks as at the present time.

L. N. Odell, an aeronaut, dropped 300 feet to his death by the bursting of his balloon at Washington, N. C.

A negro named Williams, suspected of robbing a corn crib, was lynched by a mob in West Feliciana parish, La.

Nunaby, a Choctaw said to be a centenarian and a miser, was murdered by another Indian at Tallihina, Ind. T.

Pleasanton, Neb., has been almost wiped out by fire. But one building, a bank, was left in the business district.

Nearly all the Hebrew leaders of Europe have united on a definite policy regarding the colonization of Palestine.

The city council has annexed all suburbs, including five towns, thus adding 20,000 to Louisville's population.

Burglars tortured Charles Pease and his housekeeper, living near Cleveland, and made the former sign a check for $250.

Hundreds of negroes in Kentucky and Illinois were swindled by Charles Porter Grove on equities in Montana mines.

COTTON SALE!

Commencing Monday, Jan. 29, AND Lasting One Week

WE WILL SELL

Brown and Bleached Cottons in 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 9-4,

At a Less Price than they Have Ever Before Been Sold!

While you are buying Cottons look at our Ladies' All Wool Jersey Underwear at 69 cents. Sold everywhere for $1.00.

A. W. WEEKES.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

All of our correspondents are requested to mail or send their items so they will reach us not later than Tuesday noon. This is a matter of importance to us, so please be prompt.

Grattan Gatherings.

Mrs P. McCauley is very much better.

The heavy rain Saturday finished the "bottom" of the roads.

The L. A. S. cleared $12.05 at the oyster supper social held with Mrs G. Ashley.

W. R. Mason is suffering from a badly swelled and painful foot—the result of rheumatism.

Thomas Davis, of Grattan and Miss Blanch Joslin, of Smyrna, were united in marriage last week.

Frank McArthur, our supervisor, is home once more, as the board has closed a two weeks session.

Fourteen Masons braved the rainstorm Jan. 20, attending the regular communication of the F. and A. M.

E. Nugent and Aaron Newton are both very sick with the grip; Mrs Grigsby is a great sufferer from complicated kidney trouble.

Miss Mary McCauley, who has been home two weeks on account of her mother's sickness, returned to the parochial school Monday.

Mrs Hollis Brooks and Mrs J. I. Weekes, are among the grip patients, but are improving and O. I. Watkins is very poorly, having many symptoms of same.

Mrs O. I. Watkins visited her long-known friend, Mrs Perry Purdy, of Alton, finding her in a very serious condition and several others sick in the house.

Rev. M. P. Smith, of Ashley, gave us most impressive sermon Sunday, from St. Mathew 25:21. Blessed words, worth a lifetime of toil and tears to be accounted worthy to hear them at the end.

Ambie Jenks was taken with a violent attack of brain fever last week and from what seemed well-founded report the rumor went out he was insane. Dr. Nichols, of Greenville, attends him. His case is more hopeful.

List of premiums captured by E. J. Mason at the late poultry show at Charlotte: s. c. b. cochin, 1st and 2d on pullet; r. c. b. leghorns, 1st and 2d on pullet, 1st and 3d on cockerel, 1st on breeding pen; s. c. w. leghorn, 1st, 2d and 3d on pullet, 3d on cockerel, 1st on breeding pen; r. c. w. leghorns, 1st on cockerel, 1st, 2d and 3d on pullet; 1st on breeding pen; buff leghorn, 3d on cockerel; white plymouth rocks, 2d on cockerel, 3d on hen; houdans, 1st, 2d and 3d on pullet, 1st on cockerel, 1st on breeding pen. Specials taken: bone mill, $18.60; cash prize, $5; prize cockerel, value $5; three $3 settings of eggs from choice fowls. Mr M. has 500 choice fowls, from the eggs of these 90 were put in the incubator during the coldest weather we have had this season, as a test and the result is 57 lively chicks—now doing finely. Seven hundred more eggs are in hatching, from which a higher per cent can be expected.

MAUD.

Alton.

Mrs Delaney is reported better.

George Ring went to Gd. Rapids. last week one day.

The ice has gone out of the lakes, and fisherman are blue.

Chas. Andrews is building an ice house for Thos. Lally.

Bert Norton, of Otisco, was in Alton on business, Monday.

Mrs Warren Ford knit 16 pair of striped mittens in Nov.

Bert Nea, of Pierson is visiting at Dell Condon's this week.

Terry Quillen was in Grand Rapids last week visiting friends.

Allie Biggs and wife visited friends at at Ionia, a few days of last week.

Chas. Keech has shipped a large quantity of eggs to the Gd. Rapids market.

Wm. Bovie fell on the ice and was so badly injured that he had to be carried home.

Oscar Scofield and wife attended the Maccabee installation at Lowell Monday evening.

Mr and Mrs O. Watkins, of Grattan, visited his sister, Mrs Helena White, Wednesday.

Fred Ford and wife returned Friday from Muskegon, after a visit with his brother, Clark.

Geo. Lewis and John Walsh caught 47 lbs of pickerel in 3 days, one weighing 17½ lbs and one 15 lbs.

Mrs Delaney's daughter, Eliza returned to her home in Ontario, Friday, after a short visit with her mother.

Charlie Rennels is home on a ten days furlough from the Salvation Army visiting his parents, Mr and Mrs Stephen Rennels.

Geo. and Jay Frost caught six pickerel one weighing 10 lbs and one 10¾. Chas. Wilson's catch weighed 14 lbs and 16 lbs. Not much of a time for pickerel.

If any foreigner comes to take your order for groceries tell him you can do better at home. We will sell you sugar or other staples just as cheap and our Teas, Coffees and spices are much superior in quality. JNO. GILES & CO.

Nice dry maple wood at Lumber, Ice & Coal Co's.

Parnell Points.

T. F. Doyle is home from Arkansas for a few days visit.

Frank Bowlar has returned to Sandwich, Ont., where he is attending college.

Mrs Frank McCormic returned to Gd. Rapids, Tuesday, after a weeks visit here.

Miss Mamie McCarthy was home to attend the wedding of her cousin and remained over Sunday.

The newly organized choir, under the direction of Sister Mary Gabriel, sang the nuptial mass, Thursday.

Mr and Mrs John Sullivan, of Campbell, were in Parnell, last week, to see Mr Sullivan's father, who is very ill.

The bans of matrimony were made public, Sunday, for the first time, between John Kenna and Miss Rose Downs.

On Thursday, Jan. 18th, at the Grattan Catholic church, occurred the marriage of Miss Anna Heffron, of Cannon, to Wm. J. McCarthy, of Grattan. A nuptial high mass was celebrated by the Rev. Fr. Crumley, assisted by the choir from St. Joseph's Academy, under the leadership of Sister Mary Gabriel. The young couple were attended by Miss Carrie Heffron, sister of the bride and M. J. McCarthy, cousin of the groom. The bride was beautifully attired in a new shade of eminence clarette cloth, with wrap and hat of velvet to match.

The young couple are well and favorably known and are general favorites among a large circle of friends. After the marriage ceremony a goodly number of guests assembled at the home of the bride, near Cannonsburg. Dinner was served to about one hundred and twenty-five guests, and to say everyone enjoyed the bountiful feast would be putting it mildly. Cards, music, dancing and general fun filled up the afternoon. In the evening reinforcements of young people came who helped to keep the "ball rolling" until a line in the east reminded one and all that day was about to break.

Everyone pronounced the wedding a grand success and departed wishing "Billy" and his charming bride all the joy that life holds.

Among the guests from abroad were Mrs Sorby, Miss Joe Harmon, Mrs Ed Killean, Miss Maggie Heaphy, Tom McCarthy, Jno. E. McDonnel, and Jno. Lane, of Grand Rapids; Mrs Giles and family, of Lowell, and Miss Mary McCarthy, of Gowen.

A partial list of the presents is noted below: plush upholstered couch, cane rocker, bed spread, crystal berry bowl, silver berry bowl, silver berry spoon in plush case, set silver knives, forks and spoons, bed spread, pair towels, set of silver knives and forks, case of flavorings, silver castor, silver castor, silver butter dish, upholstered rocker, parlor lamp, pair towels in drawn work, embroidered spread for table, bed spread, $5 gold piece, towels, silver gold-lined cream pitcher, set of silver souvenir spoons, silver cake basket, silver butter knife and sugar shell, set of silver knives and forks, set of silver spoons, silver butter dish, silver castor, silver salt and pepper castor, oak rocker, china cups and saucers, table cloths, towels, quilt, set damask napkins, Kioto ware vase, set of napkins, cigar set, fruit dish, plush photograph album, autograph album, towels, fruit dish, set of glassware, set of silver spoons, smoking set.

***

Four pounds of Corn or Gloss Starch 25 cents at Johnson's.

Wanted, all the Ladies in Lowell township to call at Severy's Hardware Store to see the new clothes rack.

Those $15 Bedroom Suits can be bought now for $13.50 at Kopf Bros. See them.

East Lowell.

Mrs Keefer is failing.

Homer Hubbel is on the sick list.

Miss Lelia Farlin spent last Friday in Grand Rapids.

C. Hendershott is getting out timber for his new barn.

Truman Parsons is making preparations for a new house.

Grant Warner is laying the foundation for his new house.

Rev. Henry Coles is laying the foundation for his new house.

F. M. Godfrey and son Ora, spent last Friday in Grand Rapids.

Mrs C. Hendershott entertained Mrs Maynard one day last week.

J. N. Hubbel and wife and T. Parsons and wife made Mr and Mrs Keefer a short call Sunday.

They did not have their exhibition at the Dupee school house last Sat. eve. on account of the rain. In four weeks they will have one.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Elmdale.

E. Hancorne and wife were at J. C. English's Sunday.

Job Cheesebrough, of Freeport, was here on business Friday.

A party came up from Grand Rapids Friday and bought a few clips of wool.

A. Keller is in Canada. May be he is arranging to annex a partion ere his return.

After hearing that C. S. English had invented a governor, Mrs A. S. Stannard remarked that "If he would now invent a president the people of these United States would have reason to be grateful to him for all time to come," and we will add that we believe they would vote him a patent running 99 years.

Keene News.

Father Sayles is quite feeble.

The ladies of Keene meet with Mrs M. Sayles, today (Wednesday), to organize a Ladies Aid Society.

Mr and Mrs Morgan Titus entertained a number of their neighbors and friends on the anniversary of Mr T.'s 36th birthday, Jan. 17th.

PANSY.

Cascade.

Ethel Finley is quite well again.

Virgil Nash and wife have moved into Mrs Patterson's house in the village.

The social at Mrs Mabin's on Thursday evening, was largely attended and the proceeds were nearly $12.

The Ladies' Aid Society will meet with Mrs John Hulbert, on Wednesday. The gentlemen are invited to attend.

Mrs Henry Wood received the sad news, Sunday, of the death of her sister, Mrs Alice Brown, of Gd. Rapids. Mrs Brown was well known to many, especially the older residents of Cascade.

Evangelist M. L. Blaney preached, morning and evening, Sunday, to good congregations, notwithstanding the bad conditions of the roads? The meetings will continue for a a week or more.

A merry load of young people from Grand Rapids spent Friday evening at H. G. Holt's, with supper, music and games, the time passed too swiftly, until the wee sma' hours admonished the young people that they must set their faces homeward or daylight would overtake them on the way. Those present were Misses Charlotte VanderVeen, Ida Fess, Celia Shickel, Katie and Mamie Thompson, Bertie and Louise Taylor, and Messrs James, Hugh, Theodore and Frank VanderVeen, Russel Thompson, Fay Wing, Geo. Shirts and Will Taylor, of Gd. Rapids, and Jay Wing, of Cascade.

Best 60 cent molasses, now 40 cents, bring in your jug, at Johnson's.

Bowne.

Ed. Headworth went to Gd. Rapids, Thursday with a load of pork.

Gusta Aldrich is entertaining company from Gd. Rapids this week.

Good many from this place attended the School Rally at Alto, Friday eve.

Those who attended the party at Mrs Danney Sinclair's Thurs. eve., report a good time.

John Nash and sister, Mrs J. C. Johnson spent the Sabbath with W. H. Pardee and wife, of Freeport.

Mrs Walter Salsbury and son, Dayton returned to their home in Gd. Rapids, Monday after a few days visit with friends at this place.

Officers of Bowne Centre, Grange No. 219 P. of H. were installed Jan. 6, 1894, by A. Denise, of So. Lowell Grange.

Master—F. L. Colson.
Overseer—Jas. Aldrich.
Lecturer—Mrs F. M. Aldrich.
Steward—F. M. Aldrich.
Asst. Steward—John G. Livingston.
Chaplain—E. L. Timpson.
Treasurer—Arthur Clarke.
Secretary—Clayton E. Johnson.
Gate Keeper—Sylvenus Knickerbocker
Pomona—Mrs F. L. Colson.
Flora—Mrs John G. Livingston.
Ceres—Mrs Robt. Johnson.
Lady Asst. Steward—Gusta Aldrich.

For sale, house and two lots. Small payment down, balance long time.
27-35 JOHN DEVOE.

On account of the large stock of Furniture we have on hand we will, for 60 days from Jan. 1st, allow a 10 per cent discount on all Furniture. This is for spot cash only. KOPF BROS.

One hundred lbs Lowell Flour $1.40, 6 lbs Rice 25c, 10 lbs currants, 25c. 8lt's Bird Seed 25 cents, 5 gals Oil 35 cents at Johnson's.

Down The River.

Miss Lizzie Terwilliger, of Ionia, was a guest at H. Epley's last Wednesday.

Zeno Carter, of Lake Odessa visited his father C. B. Carter, a few days of last week.

D. O. Shear and wife of Smyrna visited last week, with their daughter Mrs R. H. McCaul.

John Engles and family, and E. G. Nash and wife visited at A. McDonald's in Segwun Sunday.

Mrs Hastings and daughter Mae returned last Thursday from a weeks visit with relatives in Gd. Rapids.

Last Wednesday at the home of the bride's parents, Mr and Mrs Henry Epley, their youngest daughter, Jessie, was united in marriage to George Krum of Vergennes. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. P. Moors, in the presence of the immediate relatives. The happy couple have our best wishes for there future happiness and prosperity.

South Boston.

Mrs S. Holmes, who has been quite sick, is reported better.

John White has secured a pair of heavy colts to keep for three years.

Some seem to think this is not favorable weather for the coming peach crop.

The weather has been favorable for those who have had to buy wood for a while.

Could there be a vote taken now in regard to having a change. What a majority it would have.

The revival meetings at the M. E. church have been quite well attended considering the bad condition of the roads and they are expected to continue this week.

Several farmers from this locality are delivering live hogs at Clarksville to ship at a good price compared with most everything else which the Farmer has to sell.

You get paid for taking the JOURNAL, besides fifty-two papers filled each week with news you get fifty-two two cent coupons, good as cash, that is if you are a *paid in advance* subscriber. Pay up your arrearages so you will get the benefit of the coupons.

Town Line Tidings.

Miss Jennie Stapleton Sundayed with Zoa Gregory, of Lowell.

Mr and Mrs Orville Reynolds attended quarterly meeting at Ada, Sunday.

Geo. Denton and Orrin Rector visited friends in Rockford, the last of the week.

Ed Albright and Jno. Smith, of Vergennes, Sundayed with Miss Hattie Sargent.

Mark Stapleton and wife, of Grand Rapids, Dewitt Stapleton and wife, of Cannonsburg, visited Mr and Mrs Stapleton, Thursday.

CLAY.

Over Eight Billion Dollars Lost.

The more we have of a free trade administration the worse it is for the country. We have already shown the loss in the volume of business growing to five and six billions of dollars, but it has now exceeded eight billions of money taken from trade during nine months' experience of the fear of free trade, beginning with the month of April, immediately after the assumption of office by the party now in power. The total bank clearings, as reported to Bradstreet's, have been as follows:

	1893.	1892.
April	$4,918,819,872	$5,066,679,409
May	5,244,502,329	5,014,020,107
June	[illegible]	[illegible]
July	4,137,669,864	4,627,591,779
August	3,[illegible]213,983	4,518,163,51[illegible]
September	3,[illegible]11,635,087	4,779,284,710
October	3,683,596,263	5,470,307,243
November	4,051,057,546	5,443,225,918
December	4,022,103,857	5,969,609,520
Totals	$37,540,208,573	$45,799,560,580

These figures are instructive. They show that the longer the present administration lasts the worse it is for the country. Where the loss was only $500,000,000 last July there were nearly $3,000,000,000 loss in December, an increase of 400 per cent in the work of destruction within a half year. The shrinkage between the Christmas trade of 1893 and 1892, nearly $2,000,000,000, was a terrible injury to the wholesale and retail trade of the country. During the nine months of mismanagement of the country's affairs by this free trade administration the entire loss in the volume of business at those cities only which report their bank clearings exceeded $8,250,000,000. The "change" has cost almost $1,000,000,000 per month at a few cities only.—American Economist.

Kill the Bill.

Strike out the enacting clause of the Wilson bill, and within a month every factory will be busy, every worker will be able to secure work, and the multitudes of households now poverty stricken and cheerless will again enjoy the sunshine of comfort and independence! Remove the threat of free trade, and we shall have our old prosperity back again. Workingmen, you can do this, and you alone! The congressmen whom your ballots elected are not your masters, but your servants. If you want bread, if you want work, if you want your families to be comfortably fed and clothed and sheltered, demand that your representatives shall defeat the bill that has paralyzed industry and robbed more than 1,000,000 men of employment! It matters little how you protest, whether individually by letter or postal card or in unison by petition and in mass meetings. But act with vigor and act at once! Kill the starvation wages bill!—New York Press.

Lowell Markets.

Wheat, white	$0.51
Wheat, red	51
Corn	35
Oats	30
Rye	40
Barley	80-1.00
Flour, per hundred	1.40
Bran, per ton	13.00
Middlings, per ton	14.00
Corn Meal, per ton	18.00
Corn & Oats, "	20.00
Butter	14
Eggs	12
Potatoes	35
Apples	60-70
Onions	60
Beans	1.30-1.35
Pork	5.00-5.50
Chickens	8
Turkeys	10
Cabbage, per doz	60

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.		
LIVE STOCK—Cattle	$4 00	@ 5 00
Sheep	2 50	@ 3 25
Hogs	5 80	@ 6 00
FLOUR—City Mill Patents	4 15	@ 4 50
Minnesota Patents	3 55	@ 4 10
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	65⅞	66
Ungraded Red	62	@ 66¼
CORN—No. 2	42¾	@ 43
Ungraded Mixed	42	@ 42
OATS—Track Mixed Western	34	@ 35
RYE—Western	50	@ 57½
PORK—Mess, New	14 25	@14 75
LARD—Western	8 15	@ 8 20
BUTTER—Western Creamery	18½	@ 22
Western Dairy	13½	@ 17
CHICAGO.		
BEEVES—Shipping Steers	$3 00	@ 5 95
Cows	1 40	@ 2 85
Stockers	2 25	@ 3 00
Feeders	3 00	@ 3 80
Butchers' Steers	2 90	@ 3 40
Bulls	1 50	@ 3 50
HOGS	5 15	@ 5 60
SHEEP	1 50	@ 3 80
BUTTER—Creamery	18	@ 24
Dairy	12	@ 21
EGGS—Fresh	13	@ 14
BROOM CORN—		
Western (per ton)	35 00	@60 00
Western Dwarf	50 00	@70 00
Illinois, Good to Choice	50 00	@70 00
POTATOES (per bu.)	45	@ 54
PORK—Mess	13 20	@13 35
LARD—Steam	7 70	@ 7 77½
FLOUR—Spring Patents	3 50	@ 3 90
Spring Straights	2 50	@ 2 80
Winter Patents	3 25	@ 3 40
Winter Straights	2 90	@ 3 00
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2	60	@ 60½
Corn, No. 2	34½	@ 35
Oats, No. 2	27½	@ 27¾
Rye, No. 2	44	@ 44½
Barley Choice to Fancy	50	@ 54
LUMBER—		
Siding	15 00	@22 50
Flooring	34 00	@36 00
Common Boards	14 00	@14 25
Fencing	12 00	@16 00
Lath, Dry	2 25	@ 3 00
Shingles	2 40	@ 3 00
KANSAS CITY.		
CATTLE—Shipping Steers	$4 00	@ 5 35
Stockers and Feeders	2 00	@ 3 50
HOGS	5 05	@ 5 35
SHEEP	2 00	@ 3 50
OMAHA.		
CATTLE—Steers	$2 80	@ 4 90
Feeders	2 25	@ 3 60
HOGS	5 15	@ 5 35
SHEEP	2 00	@ 3 50

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss
LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.

It is Strange

That people suffering from Piles will endure them for years or submit to dangerous, painful, cruel and expensive surgical operations, when all the time there is a painless, certain, lasting cure, which gives instant relief and costs but a trifle. It is called the Pyramid Pile Cure and can be found at all drug stores. Any druggist will get it for you if you ask him.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.