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This is why the Royal Baking Powder is the only absolutely pure baking powder made.

OUR LAW-MAKERS.

Fifty-Second Session of the National Congress.

A Daily Summary of the Proceedings in the Senate and House—Bills Passed and New Measures Introduced.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Bills were passed in the senate yesterday to aid South Dakota to support a school of mines at Rapid City; appropriating \$20,000 to increase the accommodations of the marine hospital at Detroit; appropriating \$75,000 for a public building at Jacksonville, Ill., and \$100,000 for one at Fergus Falls, Minn.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—In the senate yesterday bills were passed for public buildings at Grand Haven, Mich., \$50,000; Deadwood, S. D., \$200,000; and Stillwater, Minn., \$100,000. Bills were introduced for the admission of New Mexico as a state, and to define options and futures and impose special taxes on dealers' tax.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—After routine business Mr. Stanford addressed the senate yesterday in advocacy of the bill introduced by him on December 22 to provide the government with means sufficient to supply the national want of a sound circulating medium. Adjourned to the 25th.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—In the house yesterday a bill was passed fixing the time for holding terms of the circuit and district courts for the western district of Wisconsin. After considerable discussion the bill providing for the printing, binding and distribution of public documents was practically killed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—In the house yesterday bills were introduced for the relief of settlers on the Des Moines river lands; for free wool and reduced duties on woolen goods; for a public building at Ann Arbor, Mich.; directing the secretary of the treasury to call in at once and cover into the treasury all moneys deposited with national banks and drawing no interest.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Mr. Bland introduced a bill in the house yesterday for the free coinage of gold and silver and for the issue of coin notes. Bills were introduced for public buildings at Sterling and Dixon, Ill., and for the purchase of the Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan ship canal. Adjourned to the 25th.

JUSTICE BRADLEY.

The Venerable Jurist Passes Away at His Home in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Joseph P. Bradley, associate justice of the United States, died yesterday morning at his residence in this city of general debility. Justice Bradley was in the 79th year of his age and had been ill for several months. He leaves a wife, two daughters and a son.

[Joseph P. Bradley was born at Berne, N. Y., March 14, 1813. His grandfather was one of the heroes of 1812. The oldest of seven children, Joseph was early induced to work, secured largely by his own schooling, and graduated with honors at Rutgers and won reputation as a writer. He was admitted to the bar in 1840, and in 1870 he was appointed to the supreme bench, being assigned to the fifth circuit, in the south, where he rendered many important decisions. Since then he has been attached to the Third circuit. As a jurist he won distinction in cases involving maritime law, constitutional construction and patent cases. At the outbreak of the civil war he took an active part with voice and pen in defending the union cause. He declined to little toward politics. In early life he was a whig, later a republican. He accepted a congressional nomination in 1892, but in a district where the opposing party could not be disposed, in 1888 he headed the state electoral ticket for Grant. He cast the deciding vote in the electoral commission of 1877, the report of which settled the Hayes-Tilden presidential contest.]

Local News Comes Quickly.

LIMA, O., Jan. 23.—William McHenry, a traveling salesman from Cleveland, Friday morning upon his arrival received four telegrams in close

MUST APOLOGIZE.

President Harrison's Message on the Chilean Imbroglia.

Minister Egan's Acts Upheld—The Ultimatum—Reparation Insisted Upon.

TEXT OF THE MESSAGE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The following is President Harrison's message on the Chilean situation sent to congress to-day:

TO THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: In my annual message delivered to congress at the beginning of the present session, after a brief statement of the facts then in the possession of this government touching the assault in the streets of Valparaiso, Chile, upon the sailors of the United States steamship Baltimore on the morning of the 19th of October last, this government is now awaiting the result of an investigation which has been conducted by the criminal court at Valparaiso. It is reported unofficially that the investigation is about completed, and it is expected that the result will soon be communicated to this government, together with some adequate and satisfactory response to the note by which the attention of Chile was called to this incident. If these just expectations should be disappointed, or further needless delay intervene, I will, by a special message, bring this matter again to the attention of congress for such action as may be necessary.

In my opinion the time has now come when I should lay before the congress and the country the correspondence between this government and the government of Chile, from the time of the breaking out of the revolution against Balmaceda, together with all other facts in the possession of the executive department relating to this matter. The diplomatic correspondence is herewith transmitted, together with some correspondence between the naval officers for the time in command in Chilean waters and the secretary of the navy and also the evidence taken at the Mare Island navy yard since the arrival of the Baltimore at San Francisco. I do not deem it necessary in this communication to attempt any full analysis of the correspondence or of the evidence. A brief statement of the international questions involved and the reasons why the responses of the Chilean government are unsatisfactory is all that I deem necessary.

It may be well, at the outset, to say that, whatever may have been said in this country or in Chile in criticism of Mr. Egan, our minister at Santiago, the true history of this exciting riot in Chilean waters, and the outbreak of the revolution until this time, discloses no act on the part of Mr. Egan unworthy of his position or that could justify the occasion of serious animadversion or criticism. He has, I think, on the whole, borne himself, in every trying circumstance, with dignity, discretion and courage. He has conducted the correspondence with ability, courtesy and fairness.

It is worth while also at the beginning to say that the right of Mr. Egan to give shelter in the legation to certain adherents of the Balmaceda government who applied to him for asylum has not been denied by the Chilean government. The asylum granted to the refugees and secured very clearly to support Mr. Egan's contention that a safe conduct to neutral territory was a necessary and acknowledged incident of the asylum. These refugees have very recently, without formal safe conduct, but by the acquiescence of the Chilean government, been placed on board the Yorktown and are now being conveyed to Callao, Peru. This incident might be considered wholly closed, but for the disrespect manifested toward this government by the close and offensive police surveillance of the legation premises which was maintained during most of the period of the stay of the refugees therein. After the date of my annual message and to the time of the transfer of the refugees to the Yorktown the legation premises seem to have been surrounded by police in uniform and police agents or detectives in citizens' dress who, on several occasions, entered or leaving the legation and, on one or more occasions, arrested members of the minister's family. Commander Evans, who by my direction recently visited Mr. Egan at Santiago, in his telegram to the navy department, described the legation as "a veritable prison," and states that the police agents or detectives were, after his arrival, withdrawn during his stay. It appears further, from the note of Mr. Egan of November 23, 1891, that on one occasion at least these police agents, whom he desires to be known to him, invaded the legation premises to be observed from the correspondence, charged pounding upon its windows and using insulting and threatening language towards persons therein. This breach of the right of a minister to freedom from police espionage and restraint seems to have been no flagrant that the Argentine minister, who was dean of the diplomatic corps, having observed it, felt called upon to protest against it to the Chilean minister of foreign affairs. The Chilean authorities have, as will be seen from the minutes of the legation with insulting the police; but it seems to me incredible that men whose lives were in jeopardy and whose safety could only be secured by retirement and quietness should have sought to provoke a collision which could only end in their destruction, or to aggravate their condition by intensifying a popular feeling that, at one time, so threatened the legation as to require Mr. Egan to appeal to the minister of foreign affairs.

But the most serious incident disclosed by the correspondent is that of the attack upon the sailors of the Baltimore in the streets of Valparaiso on the 16th of October last. In my annual message, speaking upon the information then in my possession, I said: "So far as I have yet been able to learn, no other explanation of this bloody war has been suggested than that it had its origin in hostility to these men as sailors of the United States, wearing the uniform of their government, and not in any individual act of personal animosity against them."

We have now received from the Chilean government an abstract of the conclusions of the fiscal general upon the testimony taken by the judge of crimes in an investigation which was made to extend over nearly three months. I very much regret to be compelled to say that this report does not enable me to modify the conclusion announced in my annual message. I am still of the opinion that our sailors were assaulted, beaten, stabbed and killed, not for anything they or any one of them had done, but for what the government of the United States had done, or was charged with having done, by its civil officers and naval commanders. If this be the true aspect of the case the injury was to the government of the United States, not to those poor sailors who were assaulted in a manner so brutal and so cowardly.

Before attempting to give an outline of the facts upon which this conclusion rests, I think it right to say a word or two upon the legal aspect of the case. The Baltimore was in the harbor of Valparaiso by virtue of that general invitation which nations are held to extend to the war vessels of other powers with which they have friendly relations. This invitation, I think, must be tried ordinarily to embrace the privilege of

such communication with the shore as is reasonable, necessary and proper for the comfort and convenience of the officers and men of such vessels. Capt. Schley testifies that when his vessel returned to Valparaiso on September 14, the city officers, as is customary, extended the hospitalities of the city to his officers and crew. It is not claimed that every personal collision or injury in which a sailor or officer of such naval vessel visiting the shore may be involved raises an international question, but I am clearly of the opinion that where such collisions and injuries are caused by a resident police, and are motivated by hostility to the government whose uniforms these sailors and officers wear and in resentment of acts done by their government, not by them, this nation must take notice of the event as one involving an infraction of its rights and dignity; not in a secondary way, as where a citizen is injured and presents his claim through his own government, and in a primary way precisely as if its minister or consul or the flag itself had been the object of the same character of assault.

The officers and sailors of the Baltimore were in the harbor of Valparaiso under the orders of their government, not by their own choice. They were upon the shore by the implied invitation of the government of Chile and with the approval of their commanding officer; and it does not distinguish their case from that of a consular agent, that his stay is more permanent or that he holds the express invitation of the local government to justify his long residence. Nor does it affect the question that the injury was the act of a mob. If there had been no participation by the police or military in this cruel work and no neglect on their part to extend protection, the case would still be, in my opinion, when its extent and character are considered, involving international rights.

The incidents of the affair are, briefly, as follows: On the 16th of October last, Capt. Schley, commanding the United States steamship Baltimore, gave shore leave to 17 petty officers and sailors of his ship. These men left the ship about 1:30 p. m. No incident of violence occurred; none of our men were arrested; no complaint was lodged against them, nor did any collision or outbreak occur until about 6 o'clock p. m. Capt. Schley states that he was on shore about the streets of the city until 5:30 p. m.; that he met very many of his men who were upon leave; that they were sober and were conducting themselves with propriety, saluting Chilean and other officers as they met them. Other officers of the ship and Capt. Schley, of the merchant ship Keweenaw, corroborate Capt. Schley as to the general sobriety and good behavior of our men. The Sisters of Charity at the hospital to which our wounded men were taken, when inquired of, stated that they were sober when received. If the situation had been otherwise, the police authorities would have made arrests about 6 p. m., the assault began, and it is remarkable that the investigation by the judge of crimes, though so protracted, does not enable him to give any more satisfactory account of its origin than is found in the statements already given by the Chilean sailors. Repeatedly in the correspondence it is asserted that it was impossible to learn the precise cause of the riot. The minister of foreign affairs, Matta, in his telegram to Mr. Montt, under date December 31, states that the quarrel began between two sailors in a tavern and was continued by the street persons who were passing along in it.

The testimony of Talbot, an apprentice who was with Riggins, is that the outbreak in which they were involved began by a Chilean sailor spitting in the face of R Talbot, which was resented by a knock down. It appears that Riggins and Talbot were at the time unaccompanied by any others, and were standing in the street. These two men were immediately beset by a crowd of Chilean citizens and sailors, through which they broke their way to a street car and entered it for safety. They were pursued, driven from the car, and Riggins was so seriously beaten that he fell in the street apparently dead. There is nothing in the report so far as the Chilean investigation made to us that seriously impeaches this testimony. It appears from Chilean sources that almost instantly, with a suddenness that strongly implies meditation and preparation, a mob, started by the police authorities at one time to number 200, and consisting of 1,000, was engaged in the assault upon our sailors, who are represented as resisting "with stones, clubs and bright arms." The report of the intendente of October 30 states that the fight began at 6 p. m. in three streets which are named, that information was received at the intendencia at 7:15, and that the police arrived on the scene at 6:30, a full half hour after the assault began. At that time he says that a mob of 2,000 men had collected, and that for several squares there was the appearance of a "real battlefield."

The scene at this point is very graphically set before us by the Chilean testimony. The American sailors, who, after a long examination, have not been found guilty of any breach of the peace, so far as the Chilean authorities are able to discover, unarmed and defenseless, are fleeing for their lives, pursued by overwhelming numbers, and fighting only to save their own escape from death or to succor some mate whose life is in greater peril. Eighteen of them are brutally stabbed and beaten, while one Chilean seems, from the report, to have suffered some injury; but how serious, or with what character of weapon, or whether by a missile thrown by our men or by some of his fellow rioters, is unascertained.

The pretense that our men were fighting "with stones, clubs, and bright arms," is in view of these facts, incredible. It is further refuted by the fact that our prisoners, when searched, were absolutely without arms, only seven knives being found in the possession of the men arrested, while there were received by our men more than thirty stab wounds, every one of which was inflicted in the back, and almost every contused wound was in the back or back of the head. The evidence of the ship's officer of the day is that even the jack-knives of the men were taken from them before leaving the ship.

As to the brutal nature of the treatment received by our men, the following extract from the account given of the affair by the La Patria newspaper, of Valparaiso, of October 17, cannot be regarded as fancifully. "The Yankees, as soon as they were manacled, were taken by way of the Callao Arsenal toward the city station. In the presence of an ordinary number of citizens, among whom were some sailors, the North Americans took seats in the street car to escape from the stones which the Chileans threw at them. It was believed for an instant that the North Americans had saved themselves from popular fury, but such was not the case. Scarcely had the car begun to move, when a crowd gathered around and stopped its progress. Under these circumstances and without any warning, the Yankees were assailed by stones at the North Americans, the conductor entered the car and, seeing the risk of the situation to the vehicle, ordered them to get out. At the instant the sailors left the car, in the midst of a hail of stones, the said conductor received a stone blow on the head. One of the Yankees endeavored to escape in the direction of the Plaza Wuybright, but the other was felled to the ground by a stone. Manoeuvring to raise himself from the ground where he lay he staggered in an opposite direction from the station. In front of the house of Sig. Mazzini he was again wounded, falling then senseless and breathless."

No amount of evasion or subterfuge is able to cloud our clear vision of this brutal work. It should be noticed, in this connection, that the American sailors arrested, for an extradition, were, during the four days following the arrest, everyone discharged, no charge of any kind being made against them. This course of conduct having been sustained against a single one of them, the judge of crimes, Foster, in a note to the intendente, under date of October 22—before the dispatch from this government of the following day, which aroused the authorities of Chile to a sense of the gravity of the affair—says: "Having presided temporarily over this court in regard to the seamen of the United States cruiser Baltimore, who have been tried on account of the deplorable conduct

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which took place," etc. The noticeable point here is that our sailors had been tried before the 22nd of October, and that the trial resulted in their acquittal and return to their vessel. It is quite remarkable and quite characteristic of the management of this affair by the Chilean police authorities that we should now be advised that Seaman Davidson, of the Baltimore, has been included in the indictment, his offense being, so far as I have been able to ascertain, that he attempted to defend a ship-mate against an assailant who was striking at him with a knife. The perfect vindication of our men is furnished by this report: one only is found to have been guilty of criminal fault, and that for an act clearly justifiable.

As to the part taken by the police in the affair the case made by Chile is also far from satisfactory. The point where Riggins was killed is only three minutes' walk from the police station and not more than twice that distance from the intendencia; and yet, according to their official report, it took half an hour elapsed after the assault began before the police were upon the ground. It has been stated that all but two of our men have said that the police did their duty. The evidence taken at Mare Island shows that such a statement was procured from our men; it was accomplished by requiring them to sign a writing in a language they did not understand and by the representation that it was a mere declaration that they had taken no part in the disturbance. Lieut. McCrea, who acted as interpreter, says in his evidence that when our sailors were examined before the court the subject of the conduct of the police was so carefully avoided that he reported the fact to Capt. Schley on his return to the vessel. The evidence of the existence of animosity towards our sailors in the minds of sailors of the Chilean navy and of the populace of Valparaiso are so abundant and various as to leave no doubt in the mind of anyone who will examine the paper submitted. It manifested itself in threatening and insulting gestures toward our men as they passed the Chilean masts of war in their boats and in the derisive and abusive appearance of an American sailor on the evening of the riot. Capt. Schley reports that boats from the Chilean warships several times went out of their course to cross the bows of his boats, compelling them to back water. He complained of the discourtesy, and it was corrected. That the feeling was shared by men of a higher rank is shown by an incident related by Surgeon Stitt of the Baltimore. After the battle of Placilla he, with other medical officers of the war vessels in the harbor, was giving voluntary assistance to the wounded in the hospitals.

The son of a Chilean army officer of high rank died in the hospital, and when the father discovered it, he flew into a passion and said he would rather have his son die than have Americans touch him, and at once had him removed from the ward. This feeling is not well concealed in the dispatches of the foreign office and had quite open expression in the disrespectful treatment of the American legation. The Chilean boatmen in the bay refused, even for large offers of money, to return our sailors, who crowded the Mole, to their ship when they were endeavoring to escape from the city on the night of the assault. The marines of the Baltimore were threatened and even quite recently the sig of Commander Evans of the Yorktown was stoned while waiting for him at the Mole. The evidence of our sources clearly shows that the attack was expected by the Chilean people, and that threats had been made against our men, and in one case somewhat early in the afternoon, the keeper of one house, into which some of our men had gone, closed his establishment in anticipation of the attack, which he advised them would be made upon them when darkness came on. In a report of Capt. Schley to the navy department, he says: "In the only interview I had with Judge Foster, who is investigating the case relative to the disturbances, before he was aware of the entire gravity of the matter, he informed me that the assault upon my men was the outcome of hatred for our people, among the lower classes, because they thought we had sympathized with the Chilean government on account of the Itata matter. Several of our men sought security from the mob by such complete or partial changes in their dress as would conceal the fact of their being seamen of the Baltimore and found it then possible to walk the streets without molestation. These incidents conclusively establish that the attack was upon the uniform—the nationality—and not upon the men. The origin of this feeling is probably found in the refusal of this government to give recognition to the congressional party before it had established itself in the seizure of the Itata for an alleged violation of the neutrality law in the cable incident, and in the charge that Admiral Brown conveyed information to Valparaiso of the landing at Quintero. It is not my purpose to enter here any defense of the action of this government in these matters.

It is enough for the present purpose to say that if there was any breach of international comity or duty on our part it should have been made the subject of official complaint through diplomatic channels or of reprisals for which a full responsibility was assumed. We cannot consent that these incidents and these versions of the truth shall be used to excite a murderous attack upon our unoffending sailors, and the government of Chile go acquitted of responsibility. In fact, the conduct of this government during the war in Chile pursued those lines of international duty which we have so strongly insisted upon in the past of other nations when this country was in the throes of active conflict. We continued the established diplomatic relations with the government in power until it was overthrown and promptly and cordially recognized the new government when it was established. The good offices of this government were offered to bring about a peaceful adjustment, and the interposition of Mr. Egan to mitigate severities and to shelter adherents of the congressional party were effective and frequent. The charge against Admiral Brown is too base to gain credence with anyone who knows his high personal and professional character.

Referring to the evidence of our sailors, I think it is shown that there were several distinct assaults and so nearly simultaneous as to show that they did not spread from one point. A press summary of the report of the fiscal shows that the evidence of the Chilean officials and others was in conflict as to the place of origin, several places being named by different witnesses as to the locality where the first outbreak occurred. This, if correctly reported, shows that there were several distinct outbreaks and so nearly simultaneous as to cause this confusion. The La Patria, in the same issue from which I have already quoted, after describing the killing of Riggins and the flight which from that point extended to the mole, says: "At the same time in other streets of the port the Yankee sailors fought fiercely with the people of the town, who believed to see in them incarnate enemies of the Chilean navy."

The testimony of Capt. Jenkins, of the American merchant ship Keweenaw, which had gone to Valparaiso for repairs, and who was a witness of some part of the assault upon the crew (Continued on 2d page)

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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

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Nut, Egg and Great Coal at C. J. Church & Son's Bank.

Buy the best black Hottentot you ever saw for \$1.00 a W. Weekes for 75c.

Afred Archibald, of Grand Rapids, was in town one day last week.

Mrs. S. Brower is confined to her bed by the grip.

Mrs. Kate Edmonds has been wrestling with the grip.

Mrs. Robert Marshall has been wrestling with that awful grip.

Gilbert Goble, of Whitehall, visited relatives ere the first of the week.

Leave your orders for laundry at A. H. Philcocks and delivers goods.

Frank R. Ecker went to Shelby last week on a business trip, returning Saturday.

Clare M. Shaw, of Muskegon, visited his mother, Mrs. W. Graham, last Saturday.

Henry Adair, of Grand Rapids, attended the Gub masquerade last Thursday night.

Mrs. M. Hubens spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. L. F. Seeley, in Grand Rapids.

Miss Esther Keeler, of Grand Rapids, was in town to the masquerade last Thursday.

Get your laundry done by the Baxter Steam Laundry.

PHIL ALTHEY, Agt.

The youngest child, a daughter, of Mr. and Mrs. Findlay Joseph, of Grand Rapids, was born Friday, the burial was Sunday.

I have a large three year old filly that I wish to exchange for a horse and cart.

J. R. BUCHANAN.

Mrs. A. H. Whitcomb, of Toledo, O., is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. H. Adams, and renewing old acquaintances in this, her old home.

Miss Fannie and Anna Daniels, of Frankfort, are visiting their many friends. Being like the old times, come back again.

Mrs. Mattie Whipple, of Grand Rapids, spent the latter part of last week with Lowell friends. She took in the masquerade last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Moore, who have been living at Holton, Mich., have returned to Lowell, owing to the continued ill health of Mrs. Moore.

Allen and Mrs. Lamb, of Grand Rapids, were up to the masquerade last Thursday. Mrs. Lamb staid over Sunday, but Allen returned Friday.

Lost—A black and tan puppy about nine months old, answers to the name of "Phil". Finder return to Forest mills and receive reward. C. W. WISSER.

Ernest Clark and family have moved to this place, from Ionia, and are occupying Ira Heriman's house. Ira Heriman and his son, Clyde, are living with Cooley.

Fay Cooley, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Cooley, of Terre Haute, Ind., died at his home there Monday. His remains were brought here, for interment, this forenoon. He has been a great sufferer since infancy.

Rev. D. Rogers, pastor of the Des Moines church of Shepard, who has been on trial charged with immorality in language and actions, has been found guilty and the right hand of fellowship withdrawn from him.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Hise are visiting relatives in the western and northern part of the country.

Later—They have returned. They went with a cutter, but Mrs. Hise came back on the cars and C. E. over bare ground.

A large company drove out to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Jackson last (Tuesday) night and had a pleasant time with cards and conversation. The night was one of the pleasantest of the winter and had the snow not melted, the ride would have been more enjoyable.

The parents of school district No. 1, Gladwin county, got to quarreling as to where their children should sit and the quarrel has grown to such an extent that there has been no school in the district for two weeks. A special meeting of the trustees will have to settle the difficulty.

The Montcalm Co. Board of Supervisors has authorized the erection of a \$1,000 building on the county farm to be occupied by the indigent insane of the county. It is thought by such a provision the county can care for this class of afflicted chaps than it can send them to a state institution. The wisdom of the course is yet to be demonstrated.

The Frank Tucker Co. opened a week's engagement at Music Hall, Monday evening, in "The Noble Outcast." The play is a good one and the parts are all well taken. Mr. Tucker, always a favorite here, has developed wonderfully since his last appearance, before a Lowell audience and we can only hope to see him here once or twice more. His creation of the "Tramp" was great and in the pathetic part he was more than equal to the occasion. His support was good, especially Miss Platt, who is a conscientious, painstaking actress. The show was good and Lowell amusement lovers will have a treat all the week. Changes of play nightly.

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The success of this Great Cough Cure is without a parallel in the history of medicine. All druggists are authorized to sell it on a free guarantee, and those who do not can be successfully treated. This remedy is known as the Simplest, and an immense exposure, placing a Simple Bottle Free to every home in the United States and Canada. You have a Cough, See, Croup, or Bronchitis, use it, for it will cure you. If your child has the Grip, or Whooping Cough, by its use it will be cured. If you dread that insidious disease, Consumption, use it. Ask your Druggist for SHILOH'S CURE. Price 75c, 50c, and 25c. In 100c. In your Lunges are sore or Black Lungs, use Shilo's Pulmonary Plaster, Price 25c.

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY

Fred G. Stone, AGENT.

Collars, Cuffs, per pair, 2c
Shirts, 10c

Leave goods or orders at

C. G. Stone & Son's Store.

Job Printing.

Plain & Fancy

Commercial Printing.

Business Cards.
Letter Heads.
Note Heads.
Bill Heads.
Statements.
Envelopes.
Shipping Tags.

Society Printing.

Visiting Cards.
Invitation Cards.
Wedding Cards.
Memorial Cards.
Birth Cards.
Fine Stationery.

Our Prices Reasonable.
Our Work the Best.

Call at the Journal Office for samples and prices.

Journal Office.

Lowell, Mich.

John W. Ewing, chairman of the board of Supervisors of Gladwin county, says Amger & Baxter publishers of the Charlotte Republican for libel in stating that he had drawn more fees than he was entitled to. It took the jury less than an hour to find a verdict for the defendants. Ewing had been on the watch dog of the treasury for nine years and was the democratic supervisor from Ouedia township.

Prof. Davenport, who left Michigan last fall to take the presidency of an agricultural college in Brazil will return to the United States at the close of the first year. He has himself unlimited authority in his present position in laying the foundation of an institution for furnishing a higher education to the Brazilian farmer and the introduction of American methods, but he is unwilling to wait the development of the conditions to create as now exists in that country.

The pastor of the M. E. church at Ionia objects to members of his congregation taking part in the amateur performance of the comic opera Pinafore for the good of the community, though he believes it would be a violation of the church discipline, however to relieve over anxious members he states that in a parastore fifteen years he has never instituted a trial. If he does not presume to furnish comfort to his members, only to cultivate them.

Cornelius Terry, a patent medicine agent of Port Huron, was arrested on a charge of larceny on Saturday. The charge was preferred by Esther Mair, a Salvation Army lass, who is the fifth of the impenetrable Cornelius. Terry was arraigned in the Police Court and offered to settle the matter by living with and supporting the whole five. Two of the wives at present live in Sarina, two in Port Huron and one in Ionia. Terry pleads guilty, and as he signifies his willingness to accompany them all.

Another act was added to the Reynolds tragedy when the sixty-five acres comprising the farm of Edwin Reynolds, in Richfield, were seized to satisfy a judgment in favor of his lawyers, Black and Brown, of Flint, who Reynolds owed \$200 for professional services. Reynolds' wife was tried for the murder of her child, last fall, and Black and Brown defended her. The woman was acquitted after remaining in jail several months. Reynolds never paid the lawyers, who obtained judgment and heretofore the law was in their hands. Last Saturday Mrs. Elizabeth McPherson was removed in a covered sled from the home of Mrs. Harry Hettie, where she has been staying since the fire, to the home of Mrs. A. W. Clayton in Grand Rapids, where she now is and is improving in health and strength, each day. Mr. Hettie and his team are entitled to credit for his 90 minutes after she was carried out of his home she was sitting in her rocker at Mr. Clayton's, neither cold or tired. We think that pretty good ambulance service for 16 miles in a time of peace.

The Lowell Library has 125 new books, among them the latest success in fiction. There will be about 100 more put in next week. The people of Lowell do not fully appreciate the fine library they have. It contains over 200 volumes of the best literature comprising History, Biography, Science and Fiction. It is open Tuesdays and Saturdays, afternoon and evening. If you are short of good reading and have not availed yourselves of this opportunity, do not fail to do so. Visitors are always made welcome by the librarian.

The illustrated articles in Harper's Magazine for February will be especially attractive and valuable. They will include the first of the important series of Danube papers, "From the Black Forest to the Black Sea," written by Postmaster Bissell, and F. D. Miller, and richly illustrated by Mr. Miller and Alfred Parry. "A Skin for a Skin," an exposition of the fur-trading industry in the great Northwest, by Julius Ralph, with numerous illustrations by Remington; "The Corn Meal per ounce," by William Archer, with pictures by Hans Tegner and others; and George W. Sheldon's article on the "Old Shipping Merchants of New York," with illustrations by C. D. Gilson and F. H. Schell. The new play by Anselme Rives, will also be attractively illustrated. The frontispiece, "Night in Venice," drawn by W. T. Smalley, will illustrate John Hay's charming poem of the same title.

Last Thursday evening Miss Ella Scarlett, a clerk in Whitney's hardware at Ionia, started to go home, accompanied by three other ladies who live in the eastern part of the city. One after another left her, and as she approached John Schreuer's residence she was alone. The notion of a man walking quickly behind her, but thought little of it. When a few feet past the fronter of her home, and drawing a revolver from his pocket pointed it toward her and demanded "Your money, or your life." He quickly reported his demand, and she quickly assured Miss Scarlett that if she spoke he would shoot her. After a moment's reflection Miss Scarlett turned and ran into the Schreuer house. As soon as the highwayman saw she was about to gain admission he ran away. She says the man had his head entirely enveloped in a knit scarf, so that none of his features were visible. He was tall, slender, and wore a brown overcoat.

Michigan State Normal School, Ypsilanti, Michigan, Jan. 18, '92.

Supt. C. S. Lutzinger.

Dear Sir—I take pleasure in notifying you that the Lowell School has a place in our list of approved schools. We shall welcome our graduates to our institution.

I am very truly and respectfully,
J. M. Sizer,
Principal

Hereafter graduates of our school can obtain a five year certificate to teach in the State of Michigan, by taking one year at the Normal and a life certificate and diploma by remaining two years at the Normal School.

A gambling suit.

Will Foran of Lowell got a judgment of \$89.55 against Jarvis C. Train, in Judge Lewis's court, yesterday morning. The judgment is the outcome of a suit instituted by the complainant against the Lowell hotel keeper, to recover a sum of money lost by him in checking a fare ticket which the defendant had taken to an apartment room in his hotel—Grand Rapids Democrat.

Nelson Cole, the Wyoming township farmer, was the victim of a "hoggy" beating on Friday, yesterday morning. Cole was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Leonard. At the time of his arrest he was sick and not in condition to be moved to the jail. The Chicago wanted Sheriff M. J. Quinn to move the man to jail, but he refused to do so, and the Allean Sheriff took Dr. Brady to the home of Cole. The doctor decided that Cole could be moved without any serious results, and the Allean Sheriff took him to the jail and kept him there until he was well enough to be taken to the jail. The doctor decided that Cole could be moved without any serious results, and the Allean Sheriff took him to the jail and kept him there until he was well enough to be taken to the jail.

CHARMING OFFER FOR 1892.

The offer which brings the greatest amount of pleasure to every home at the smallest expense. The publishers of the Journal have made special arrangements for this town as follows:

One Year's Subscription to the Lowell Journal, Value \$1.00
Frank Letter a Weekly or Zeitung (colored Sunday), twelve times a year, including the Christmas Number, 1.00
Graphological Chart, or Reading of your Handwriting, 1.00
Four Hours of Four Christmases Plates, or 20 packages of choice Silver seals, all from the Lowell and home of Peter Henderson & Co., New York, 1.00
Total, 4.00

We Offer All These for \$1.75 in Advances.

We will give an order on Peter Henderson & Co., for any one of the above collections, which is good until June 1, 1892.

N. B. BLAIN

Would respectfully announce to the public that he is still in the market with as fine an assortment of Dry Goods as can be found in town and at prices as low as the lowest. We have a few heavy goods that we are selling regardless of cost, to give place to New Goods that are now coming in. Our Cloaks are not quite closed out and we will sell them at our own prices. We placed our orders with the manufacturers of Carpets, Oil Cloths and Linoleums, early, and they are now arriving for the spring trade and we shall be in better shape than ever before to supply the wants of all in those lines. We shall have a large assortment of the justly celebrated LOWELL CARPETS, which will outwear any other makes in the market. We have a few short ends that will do for Halls and Bed Rooms, which we will sell cheap to give room for

NEW GOODS.

Our stock is large, our prices low and we are BOUND TO SELL. Don't forget the place, on the corner opposite Lowell State Bank.

CHINA EGG

WON'T HATCH OUT A CHICKEN!

Neither will proclamations of dead walls revive languishing trade.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

Is the great

INK-UBATOR

FOR HATCHING OUT BUSINESS.

You Need a Tonic

for that weak feeling you have after getting over the Grip.

THE GIRL BACHELOR.

How she secures the luxury of an Invalid.

It is getting to be much the fashion for unmarried women now to have homes, rather than live in hotels or boarding houses, says Boston correspondent of the New Orleans Times-Democrat. Apartments of all kinds and at all prices are to be had in the two rooms and bath to the house-keeping suite, but it develops the home feeling to have one's own suite, one's own furniture and arrangements. Nearly all the new apartments, hotels, provide small suits for one or two persons, with steam heat and hot water gas with the rooms. The rent for his own gas and services for himself (or herself) furniture, and food. The expense of copiers varies with the locality. For instance, in one of the hotels located on Copley square, the finest part of the city, a lady has a suite of two rooms and bath, with private hall and two very large closets for trunks, etc., at the rent of five hundred dollars a year.

Having her own books, pictures, bric-a-brac, bookcases, mirror and writing-desk, she required only furniture for her bedroom and her own trunk, for the little salon. Window draperies and portiers were put up out of the pretty and inexpensive "serim"—at twenty-five cents a yard. The total cost of furnishing was within one hundred dollars. The hotel had a dining-room on the European plan, and she also had a gas stove, on which it was easy to make tea or coffee in the morning, and with cream, rolls and fruit the dainty breakfast is very easily arranged. Her rooms are tasteful and charming, and the entire cost of living does not exceed eighteen dollars a week, with such a suite in a hotel on the American plan would not be less than fifty dollars a week.

Indian Articles.

All our North American Indians paint, and the patterns vary with the individual, with the family and with the occasion. From notes made upon Sacs and Foxes painted for the dance we will give but one or two cases. One man's face was painted black, except around the eyes and mouth, which were scarlet. His forehead was a neat checked pattern of yellow on the black background. Another face was divided by a vertical line in two parts, one of which was bright yellow, the other equally bright green.

His Hair Was True.

Twenty-eight years ago a young Irish girl of Downpatrick refused to marry and accompany her father to New Zealand. For the reason that she could not leave her mother. The old woman entered the almshouse, where her daughter cared for her until she died a short time ago. The former lover, who had become rich in New Zealand, heard of her and sent a ticket to his sweetheart, who is now, at the age of fifty, on her way to New Zealand, and the first time beyond the limits of her native town.

THE MAN WHO BELIEVED A TROD WOMAN

There are two ways of doing everything. Two gentlemen standing on the corner of Fourth and Washington avenues noticed a young delicate, almost frail-looking woman come from the direction of the big bridge, says the St. Louis Republic. She was a girl of four years old, it was evident that she was fatigued and that her slender arms could scarcely bear the burden of the skirts she was fretful and so tired that her legs could hardly toddle. Both gentlemen noted the weary woman as she passed them, and heard her remark that she had "only six more blocks" to walk.

"I would help that woman if I dared," said one of the gentlemen, "but if I should speak to her she would resent it and I would only have my trouble for my pains." I tried that kind of thing once and the woman called an officer and I narrowly escaped arrest.

"Well, I'm going to help her and I don't think I'll be arrested," said his friend.

"Walking up to the tired little woman the gentleman said in a low tone: "You are about to drop that baby; it is too heavy for you, let me carry it."

Without saying a word she lifted the child out of her arms, and she was so glad to be relieved of the load that she forgot to be frightened. As the little pale-faced girl was held in the gentleman's arms she said "I had done that and there would have been a search and there would have been a search and there would have been a search."

Notice.

Hereafter the Meat Markets will be closed Sundays, all day, beginning with Sunday, Jan. 9th.

J. E. LEE, BLAKELEY & MURPHY, J. J. McCAHON.

SICK HEADACHE.

Loose's RED CLOVER PILLS CURE SICK HEADACHE, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, COLIC, CONSTIPATION, etc. per Box, 3 Boxes for \$1. Sold by all druggists.

That Tired Feeling

Is a dangerous condition due directly to depleted or impure blood. It should not be allowed to continue, as in its debility the system is especially liable to serious attacks of illness. It is remarkable how beneficial Hood's Sarsaparilla is in this morning state.

Presented to the public by the system Hood's Sarsaparilla needs and readily secures, this medicine purifies the blood, and imparts a feeling of clean strength, which is comforting and satisfying. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best remedy for that weakness which prevails at the close of season, climate or life.

"I have been convinced that Hood's Sarsaparilla is one of the greatest medicines in the world. I say this for the benefit of all who are over-tired, run down, hard-working men. Hood's Sarsaparilla is not only excellent as a blood purifier, but for all other female complaints, even of long standing." Mrs. M. S. Sarsaparilla, Northville, P. O., Mich.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold at all druggists. Price 25c per bottle. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

ATTEND THE WEST MICHIGAN BUSINESS UNIVERSITY AND NORMAL SCHOOL.

WE TEACH

Actual Business Shorthand and Typewriting AND TELEGRAPHY.

IN OUR NORMAL DEPARTMENT

WE HAVE A THOROUGH TEACHERS COURSE, SCIENTIFIC, CLASSICAL, MUSIC, CIVIL ENGINEERING, FINE ART AND ELOCUTION COURSES.

We Board and Room our Students for \$2.50 per week. Expenses less here than anywhere else. Address

A. E. YEREX, Pres.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM

THE BEST COUGH CURE

It cures Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all other respiratory ailments. It is a powerful expectorant and soothes the inflamed mucous membrane. It is the best remedy for all coughs, whether acute or chronic.

It is sold by all druggists and is the most reliable cough cure ever known.

DETROIT TIME TABLE IN EFFECT

Dec. 6th, 1891.

STATIONS.

STATION	7:00 A.M.	8:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	1:00 P.M.	2:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	5:00 P.M.	6:00 P.M.	7:00 P.M.	8:00 P.M.	9:00 P.M.
Detroit	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	6:00	7:00	8:00	9:00
Grand Rapids	7:15	8:15	9:15	10:15	11:15	12:15	1:15	2:15	3:15	4:15	5:15	6:15	7:15	8:15	9:15
Lowell	7:30	8:30	9:30	10:30	11:30	12:30	1:30	2:30	3:30	4:30	5:30	6:30	7:30	8:30	9:30
Grand Rapids	7:45	8:45	9:45	10:45	11:45	12:45	1:45	2:45	3:45	4:45	5:45	6:45	7:45	8:45	9:45
Lowell	8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	6:00	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00
Grand Rapids	8:15	9:15	10:15	11:15	12:15	1:15	2:15	3:15	4:15	5:15	6:15	7:15	8:15	9:15	10:15
Lowell	8:30	9:30	10:30	11:30	12:30	1:30	2:30	3:30	4:30	5:30	6:30	7:30	8:30	9:30	10:30
Grand Rapids	8:45	9:45	10:45	11:45	12:45	1:45	2:45	3:45	4:45	5:45	6:45	7:45	8:45	9:45	10:45
Lowell	9:00	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	6:00	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00
Grand Rapids	9:15	10:15	11:15	12:15	1:15	2:15	3:15	4:15	5:15	6:15	7:15	8:15	9:15	10:15	11:15
Lowell	9:30	10:30	11:30	12:30	1:30	2:30	3:30	4:30	5:30	6:30	7:30	8:30	9:30	10:30	11:30
Grand Rapids	9:45	10:45	11:45	12:45	1:45	2:45	3:45	4:45	5:45	6:45	7:45	8:45	9:45	10:45	11:45
Lowell	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	6:00	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00	12:00
Grand Rapids	10:15	11:15	12:15	1:15	2:15	3:15	4:15	5:15	6:15	7:15	8:15	9:15	10:15	11:15	12:15
Lowell	10:30	11:30	12:30	1:30	2:30	3:30	4:30	5:30	6:30	7:30	8:30	9:30	10:30	11:30	12:30
Grand Rapids	10:45	11:45	12:45	1:45	2:45	3:45	4:45	5:45	6:45	7:45	8:45	9:45	10:45	11:45	12:45
Lowell	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	6:00	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00
Grand Rapids	11:15	12:15	1:15	2:15	3:15	4:15	5:15	6:15	7:15	8:15	9:15	10:15	11:15	12:15	1:15
Lowell	11:30	12:30	1:30	2:30	3:30	4:30	5:30	6:30	7:30	8:30	9:30	10:30	11:30	12:30	1:30
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Lowell	12:00	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	6:00	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00
Grand Rapids	12:15	1:15	2:15	3:15	4:15	5:15	6:15	7:15	8:15	9:15	10:15	11:15	12:15	1:15	2:15
Lowell	12:30	1:30	2:30	3:30	4:30	5:30	6:30	7:30	8:30	9:30	10:30	11:30	12:30	1:30	2:30
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Lowell	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	6:00	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	3:00
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Lowell	2:00	3:00	4:00	5:00	6:00	7:00	8:00	9:00	10:00	11:00	12:00	1:00	2:00	3:00	4:00
Grand Rapids	2:15	3:15	4:15	5:15	6:15	7:15	8:15	9:15	10:15	11:15	12:15	1:15	2:15	3:15	4:15
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Grand Rapids	3:15	4:15	5:15	6:15	7:15	8:15	9:15	10:15	11:15	12:15	1:15	2:15	3:15	4:15	5:15
Lowell	3:30	4:30	5:30	6:30	7:30	8:30	9:30	10:30	11:30	12:30	1:30</				

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A. N. KELLON, NEWSPAPER CUM VICE.

It is well known that Mr. Hardestie returned home with the promise that in a couple of weeks Mr. Arundel and his faithful servant would follow him and make their home under his hospitable roof.

Then the genial old gentleman wrote to each of the ladies imploring them to sacrifice their summer happiness to George Arundel's interest and be guests of his until the result of the operation was known.

"Of course we will go," Wanda cried with flashing eyes.
"We might be service to poor Mr. Arundel," Kate confessed with blushing cheeks.

Mrs. Evesham hesitated. She did not think it was quite proper to invade a Bachelor's residence in this matter.

"Oh, mamma, Kate is right," said she. "I would not wish to be a burden on the good people of the house."

"Really, Kate, you speak of Mr. Hardestie as if he were a patient. I am sure to hear him talk you quite forgotten this year, which after all are not so many."

Mrs. Evesham corrected herself. "I am sure to hear him talk you quite forgotten this year, which after all are not so many."

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took down a massive volume, carefully dusted it, rapidly turned over its leaves, and having found what he was searching for, placed the ponderous tome on the table in front of Harry and said: "Read it. Four eyes are younger than mine."

Refresh was at a glance that the volume was "Darke's Poems," and at once proceeded to do as he was bid, at first listlessly, then with rapidly increasing interest.

"Antinous, Earl of Oak," George Arundel's Baron Arundel of the peerage of England; and a baronet, late Capt. Royal Horse guards, lines of Wellington Hill, Devonshire, Torbay castle, Devonshire, & May 1, 1833, succeeded his father as first Earl Arundel in 1839. He died in 1851. Title of courtesy Lord Arundel.

"His lordship's name is Wanda Vincent, of Italy, and she is the daughter of the late Earl of Arundel, by his second wife, Mrs. Evesham, May 29, 1834, by whom he had issue George Arundel, & April 10, 1834, and Wanda, & October 11, 1835."

"And do you think, Dr. Forrester, that the Wanda named here is our friend's?" Harry asked with his lips trembling with emotion.

"Think? Why, man, I am sure of it. Dr. Forrester explained, sweeping the paper with his hand. "By the way, I had the honor of meeting his lordship the Earl of Arundel."

"Not, indeed," Harry replied. "You speak very confidently."

"I am confident, An, to show you how assured I am, let me inform you that I mean to start for Wellington hall this evening."

"You do?" Harry cried, not believing him. "You do?" Harry cried, not believing him.

"I do," Harry replied. "I am confident, An, to show you how assured I am, let me inform you that I mean to start for Wellington hall this evening."

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with amazement for there before him was the most perfect likeness of the idol of his heart—his darling Wanda.

"Ah," Forrester exclaimed, "you are captivated. It is rather a good picture of her, taken at her birth when in my opinion she was the prettiest woman in England."

"Where is she living now?" Harry asked, trying to conceal his emotion.

"At Wellington hall in Derbyshire. For some years she has been a confirmed invalid and sees none but a confidential friend who shares her ladyship's life."

"Why no, a gentleman named Mr. Arundel's life is above the breath of suspicion. Paul Harvey has been a long friend and is about the last man in the world you would associate with a scandal."

"Oh, I was not even hinting at such a thing as that with all this show of light on the riotousness of my young friend, for you see it was a boy, not a girl, which Lord Arundel abhorred."

"Wait a moment," Dr. Forrester continued, "you are more than half in the dark yet, for when the card disappeared with your name on it, I was scarcely on every side of it, but I was motionless, dark bodies drift out of water, appearing like pieces of drift wood."

"Well, Mr. Forrester, I know in America a young man who would be likely to correspond to the lost little blind boy."

"Indeed, sir?" Harry asked, many surrounding circumstances pointed to his identification. The young man I speak of is just the age Earl Arundel's son would be if he were living."

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I lived there man and boy for close on forty years. I've known it ever since I've known anything."

"About three miles, over the prettiest country the eye of man ever rested on."

"Why no, a gentleman named Mr. Arundel's life is above the breath of suspicion. Paul Harvey has been a long friend and is about the last man in the world you would associate with a scandal."

"Oh, I was not even hinting at such a thing as that with all this show of light on the riotousness of my young friend, for you see it was a boy, not a girl, which Lord Arundel abhorred."

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SKINNING SEALS.

The Wonderful Performance of a Seal Captain and His Wife.

News comes from that shipping port that were recently surprised to see the big G. H. Douglas, master of the bark, with a crew of about thirty men, and a crew in the last stage of exhaustion from overwork and hunger.

The bark, the master of the bark, with a crew of about thirty men, and a crew in the last stage of exhaustion from overwork and hunger.

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A HEROIC PUMPER.

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NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

South Boston.

Last Sunday was very warm for the good of the sleighing.

The grip has not let up much since the cold weather came, although we are very fortunate, as there has not been a fatal case in its immediate vicinity.

There is sickness at the homes of G. L. Stannard, Frank Morton, Geo. Thurlby, Len Fletcher and others.

Mr. J. W. Arney assisted in revival meetings at Freeport last week and did not attend the entertainment at the Hall, as it was hoped he would, which was a success in every way. The net proceeds were \$42.24 and that amount has been increased since we knew Mr. Arney was on the way to Freeport to remain this week.

Henry Nelson went to Ovid on Sunday.

An oyster supper at N. F. Gould's Tuesday evening. Proceeds for mission's purposes.

Morse Lake and North Aito.

Married Saturday evening, Jan. 23d, at the residence of the bride's parents, Albert B. Houghton and Fanny E. Brannan. Rev. Barnhart performed the ceremony in the presence of a large gathering of friends and relatives. Our best wishes accompany the happy couple as they start out on life's voyage together.

Mr. Kizer, the marble man of Lowell, is erecting a very fine granite monument on Mr. Yrber's lot in South Lowell cemetery.

T. Stuart lost a fine two year old colt last Monday.

Mr. Wallcott of Grand Rapids, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Henderson.

Geo. Parro died Saturday forenoon. He has been ill for over a year. His funeral services will be conducted by Lowell Post G. A. R., at Morse Lake, Wednesday, at one o'clock p. m.

The brick and stone are on the ground for Mr. Henry's new block at Alto.

All the members of Mathew Hunter's family are sick with the grip; the

WE ARE MOVED AND SETTLED IN OUR NEW QUARTERS

IN THE

Store Recently Vacated by J. L. Hudson, W. Side, And Are Already Up to Our Eyes in Business.

WE HAVE RECEIVED, AND ARE RECEIVING DAILY,

LOTS OF NEW SPRING GOODS.

That We Would Like to Have Everyone See and Notice the Extraordinary Prices on Them.

A. W. WEEKES.

FROM ALL AROUND US.

West Lowell Links.

Noah Allen has moved to Ada, where he has purchased a saw mill, and a piece of timber. He will drive business, for he is an enterprising man.

The house of John Robinson caught fire, Jan. 22nd, and came near burning, but for the prompt arrival of help.

W. O. Jury traded one of his places with Mr. King, for an 80 acre farm near Stanton. He afterward sold the Stanton farm to John Page, taking Mr. Page's place here as part payment.

Mrs. Fletcher's mother is making her visit and will stay until the first of March. She is eighty years of age.

Mr. Bortoff has returned from a visit to Stanton. Seneca Jay, who went with him, will make an extended visit.

The Rev. D. L. Sterling preached at Bowne last Friday. The Rev. Stauffer is carrying on a series of meetings.

We are glad to hear that our teacher, Mrs. Minnie Martin, is on the gain, and hope she will soon be able to go on with our school.

M. D. Court has the grip or the grip has him. Which is it, Mark?

Milton Sterling has returned from a visit to Rockford. By the way, Rockford has some very attractive young ladies, but we don't want to throw out any hints.

Vergennes Visitor.

Miss Fannie Daniels and brother Halie, of Grand Rapids, spent Saturday and Sunday with their aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Crosby.

Eustace Anderson, Miss Stella Gott, and Miss Ora Weeks, of Lowell, visited their friend, Allie Bennett, last Saturday.

A party of about fifteen came up from Grand Rapids last Saturday afternoon and spent the evening with their friends, Mr. and Mrs. Randolph, at Fox's Corners, and returned home on the late train.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Powers, of Grand Rapids, visited Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Merriman last week.

The good sleighing that we have had for the last three weeks has left us. We are sorry.

There was a big load of the young people around here went to Grattan Friday evening to an entertainment and afterwards to a dance.

Miss Ina Findley commenced school here Monday morning.

The grip has made its appearance on our street, D. S. Blanding has been having a tussle with it. He is improving.

All the sick ones on the street north of us are getting along nicely and no new cases, as we can hear of.

Mrs. Elias Collar had the misfortune to fall, recently and was quite seriously hurt, no bones were broken and she is getting along nicely. We can sympathize with her, by sad experience.

The most enjoyable event of the season was last Friday evening when Charles Merriman came up from Grand Rapids with a big load of his young friends, to spend the evening with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Merriman. There were thirty in the load, besides two drivers, they coming with a four horse team. A jolly sleighride and a jolly time was enjoyed by all, an excellent supper was prepared for them, of oysters and all the other goodies that Mrs. Merriman is so capable of preparing. After enjoying themselves until the wee small hours, they started for the city, where they arrived in safety about five o'clock Saturday morning.

Will the members of the Vergennes Detective Association please remember there will be a meeting held at the school house the first Saturday evening of next month, which will be Feb. 6th and it is very essential that all members be present.

Elijah W. Morgan, of Ann Arbor, the oldest attorney of the Washtenaw bar and the donor of one fifth of the land upon which the University of Michigan is situated, died Thursday of old age at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Franklin L. Parker.

Freeport.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Tyler were grip sufferers last week.

W. S. Bouck and wife spent Sunday in the village.

Buel Wolcott and family spent Sunday at the farm with Wm. Moulton and wife.

John Parker gave up the struggle on Sunday and the doctor calls him a very sick man. Grip.

The Herald Editor will please accept our sincere thanks for the free advertising he gave us last week.

Mrs. L. Phillips, of Bowne, started last week for a visit with her daughter in the northern part of the state.

Mrs. Whitcome, of Toledo, O., an old school-fellow of Mrs. Geo. Kelley, was the guest of the latter last Saturday.

Mrs. Jno. Parker, of Campbell, had to succumb to the prevailing disease last week, although she made a brave fight before yielding.

Mr. N. Terry, of Harbor Springs, came to Freeport, last Thursday to be present at the funeral of his father-in-law. He was the guest of Jos. Brunner.

Mrs. Frank Henry (nee Taylor) was taken seriously ill at the home of her husband's parents in Bowne last week and on Sunday her father took her home; her great desire was to be with her mother.

The Marquette incendiary who has been firing bars in that vicinity for several months past, started operations anew Thursday by burning J. Atfield's barn. He has already laid in waste \$4,000 worth of property and is still uncaught.

A fire at Gladwin Wednesday night destroyed two stores—Strong, Lee & Co's and Howard Seely's, Smith & Wilcox, lawyers, and the Gladwin Democrat each lost \$400 from the fire and water. Strong, Lee & Co's loss on stock is \$1,000 and Seely's \$3,500.

Rev. Arney still continues to draw large audiences; meetings continue this week. If he succeeds in uniting the christian people of this place he will have done a greater work than any other before him. Freeport has the name of being a hard one to handle in saving souls and but little success has attended any effort for years; the whole secret being the antagonism shown to each other by professing christians.

Youthful burglars broke a glass out of the door to the store occupied by Jno. Norman and J. Branner. Nothing seemed to have been disturbed. On the same night a repetition of the act was performed on the store door of Riegler's grocery; here candy was missed. Was your boy at home last Thursday night and if not, do you know where he was?

LATER—One pair of shoes have been missed by J. Branner and several pair by S. Albright.

Died—on Wednesday, Jan. 20th, '92, Conrad Schmidt, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. J. Brunner, of this place.

The deceased was born in Bavaria, Germany, Jan. 15th, 1810. He came to America 51 years ago and settled at Potter, Yates Co., N. Y. He was one of the first men who settled in Lowell township, having been a resident there for 38 years. He was married at the age of 28 years and all his joys and sorrows were shared with his devoted companion until five years ago the Lord called her home. Two sons and four daughters revered their father and mother until death chose two from among them, leaving two sons and daughters to cheer their father's declining years. His last days have been full of peace and comfort at the home of his daughter and his son John was untiring in his attentions at his bedside. Sickness kept his daughter in Harbor Springs and his son William from being with him, but they mourn with others the death of a loved father. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Speicher, of Bowne, and he was laid to rest by the side of her who had gone before, where to day they are united once more, singing praises to Him who "doeth all things well."

TROUBLE IN THE CHURCH.

Now, to commence at the beginning, we will have to go back to the past summer when ice cream socials were held every two weeks by the M. E. society;

but the Congregationalists had a solid cream on one of the nights set by the other society and what a breeze was raised in consequence. On the Sunday following the M. E. pastor arrested the matter in the pulpit concerning like this—"The Congregational folks stole our ice cream night and carried off the booty!" To a first time his words were repeated they did not sound just the same, until over this section the word went that "the ladies stole their ice cream." This is what the grip will do. The matter culminated last week Wednesday when Rev. G. A. Myers was tried before P. E. Baell and the members of his three charges, for uttering falsehood. Each side told their story and several bright aspirations were uttered in the huddle by the presiding officer; when the vote was taken it stood 10 against and 22 for retaining the reverend gentleman until the end of the conference year. Rev. Myers has the sympathy of the people and they are glad to see him vindicated. The church has had trouble with every pastor who has been sent here for many years, with the exception of Rev. Eddy. Where does the trouble lie?

RUSSIA'S NATIONAL HYMN.

How It Was Adopted by the Czar Nicholas.

The great part which the Russian national hymn has played in western Europe since the French fraternization with Russia has started much inquiry about its origin. According to the Frankfurter Zeitung the hymn is not yet sixty years old, and was first used for its present purpose under Czar Nicholas. When he made his tour of Prussia and Austria in 1833 he was accompanied by Adjt.-Gen. Axtel Feodorowitsch Luoff, a passionate violinist and a composer of some skill. The czar was impressed by the fact that every regimental band in Berlin and in Vienna greeted him by playing the national hymn of their own country, and this was apologized for by the known absence of any recognized national hymn in the great empire which he ruled. Nicholas was much impressed by the deficiency, and during his return journey toward St. Petersburg had much talk with Luoff upon the subject, and at last ordered him to compose a hymn for the Russian military bands. Luoff hereupon set music to Scholowsky's "God be the Czar's Protector." The Scholowsky-Luoff hymn was first played publicly before the czar on November 23, 1833, and so pleased the sovereign that by a ukase of December 4 of the same year he ordered it to be adopted as the national hymn of Russia. Luoff was not only rewarded by the gift of a gold snuff-box set with diamonds, but permission was given to him and his heirs to adopt the first line of the hymn as the family motto.

Destruction of a Famous Chateau.

The most magnificent chateau in Belgium, or indeed anywhere in the north-west of Europe, has just been almost entirely destroyed by fire. Its name is the Chateau de Dave. It stands on the banks of the River Meuse and belongs to the duke of Fernan Nunez, the father-in-law of the duke of Alba. The castle is surrounded by a forest park of two thousand acres and enclosed by a massive wall, which the duke greeted some twenty years ago after a dispute with the Belgian police, who had attempted to prevent both himself and his guests, among whom was the prince of Wales, from shooting, in consequence of their being without gun licenses. The chateau, says the New York Recorder, was crowded from cellar to garret with all kinds of wonderful works of art, valuable pictures and magnificent tapestries, only a small portion of which were saved. The cellars of the chateau in particular were famed for the brand of hermitage preserved there, which is stated to be the very finest in Europe.

Baron Munchausen.

Baron Munchausen, the father in literature of prodigious stories, whose name is a synonym for exaggeration and wild creation of misinformation, was Karl Friedrich Hieronymus, a member of an ancient and noble family of Hanover, was born May 11, 1730, at Bodenwerder, served as a cavalry officer in the Russian campaign against the Turks, and died in February, 1797. A collection of his marvellous stories, or stories attributed to him, was first published in London in 1785, the compiler being Erich Raspe, an expatriated countryman of the baron's. In 1788 the German poet Berger published a German

version. Several of the adventures ascribed to the baron are known to have appeared previously in Bebel's "Faceties," in the sixteenth century, and others in Lange's "Delicia Academicæ" of 1765.

Populations Compared.

We have in this country twenty persons to the square mile, says a writer in the New York Sun. France has over 200, Great Britain and Ireland 320, the Netherlands 300, Belgium 500. If we had 200 people to the square mile our population would be 720,000,000. If the same as Great Britain and Ireland, 1,152,000,000. If the same as Belgium, 1,800,000,000. If we had 100 persons to the square mile, our total population would be 360,000,000. We certainly can support half as many persons per square mile as France does now. She never imports anything like one-half of her food supply. If our natural increase continues in the future as great as in the past, and we have the same average increase from emigration, it will require until the year 2000 to reach a population of even 100 per square mile.

Kept His Shirt Dry.

The Fairlie (Me.) Journal heard of a man the other day who took a novel method of keeping dry when caught in a shower. He was cutting bushes far from shelter when a shower came up, and as he was greatly opposed to working all day in wet clothes something had to be done. Quietly removing his shirt, he rolled it up snugly and tucked it into a hollow log and went on with his work. The rain came down on his bare back with great acceptance, refreshing him wonderfully. The sun soon appeared and he resumed his flannel protector greatly invigorated.

Telling Time at Night.

The time can be approximately told at night by the position of the dipper. If the position of the "pointers" is taken at any given hour, say six o'clock in the evening in winter time and as soon as it is dark in the summer, the hour can thereafter be pretty accurately measured by the eye during the night. Frequent observations of positions will have to be made at the given hour, as, owing to the constant changing of the earth's position in space, the position of the "pointers" in relation to our point of observation and the star also changes.

Netting Pheasants.

One of the most ingenious methods practiced by poachers for the purpose of netting pheasants is that in which a game cock is fitted with artificial spurs and then carried to the preserres. Then the game bird crows, one or two more of the cock pheasants immediately respond and advance to fight. In this way sometimes five or six pheasants are taken, while the game cock remains unharmed.

HE COULDN'T DEADHEAD.

Bartley Wrote the Play, But He Didn't Get Into the Theater.

The late Bartley Campbell, the playwright, one day found himself in a small but "hustling" mining town in the far west, says the New York Telegram. He saw that a play of his that had been pirated was to be presented at the theater that night. He went to the play house and told the ticket taker that he would like to see the "show."

"Who are you?" asked the manager. "My name is Bartley Campbell," was the reply.

"I don't know you," returned the manager. "Oh, yes you do," said Campbell. "I am Bartley Campbell, the author of this play, and I want to see how you are doing it."

"How do I know you are Bartley Campbell?" surily demanded the pirate manager.

"Why," answered Campbell, pointing to a horrible picture of the author on a poster, "there's my portrait." "Come off," said the manager. "You can't play that game on me. That portrait ain't a bit like yer, and if it was we don't let no deadheads into this show."

Peaceful Arbitration.

The best known of the peaceable settlements of international controversies was that between the United States and Great Britain, in 1873, on account of the "Alabama claims," which matter was referred to five arbitrators named by the United States, England, the Swiss republic, the king of Italy and the emperor of Brazil, respectively. In a dispute between England and France in 1843 the king of Prussia acted as arbitrator. A controversy between the United States and Portugal in 1850 was referred to Louis Napoleon, who was at that time president of France.

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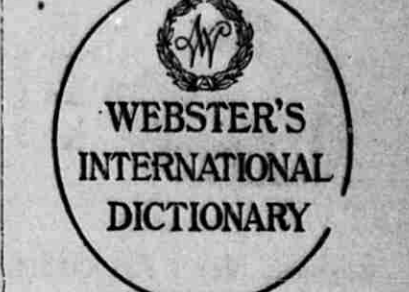
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