

# HINE'S DOLLAR WEEKLY LOWELL JOURNAL



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LOWELL, MICHIGAN, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2, 1884

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## LOWELL JOURNAL

By JAS. W. HINE.

### ADVERTISING RATES

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ALL MATTER intended to benefit the personal or business interests of any individual, presented to the Journal for publication, if unobjectionable will be published at regular advertising rates. These terms to be strictly adhered to.

The Journal office is connected by telephone with Grand Rapids and all its exchanges.

Union Party Prohibition Caucus.

There will be a caucus of the Union Party of the Township of Lowell, held at Music Hall, in THE VILLAGE OF LOWELL, ON THURSDAY THE 30th DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1884, at 2 o'clock P. M. to put in nomination a township ticket and transact any other business properly brought before the meeting. All in favor of separate party action on the great issues of the day are invited.

N. B. HAIN, Chairman of Com.

Citizens Caucus.

A Caucus of the Citizens of Lowell will be held at Music Hall on Saturday, April 26th, 1884, at 2 o'clock P. M. to nominate Township Officers, elect delegates to the County Convention, and transact any other business that may come before the meeting. All are cordially invited.

Lowell, March 31, 1884.

By order of the Committee.

Republican Caucus.

A Republican Caucus will be held at Music Hall, Lowell, Mich. on Friday, April 4, 1884, at 2 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of placing in nomination Township Officers and the election of delegates to the coming Republican County Convention to be held at Grand Rapids. Also to transact such other business as may properly come before said Caucus.

S. P. HICKS, Chairman.

Republican County Convention.

A Convention of the Republicans of Kent County is hereby called to meet at the Circuit Court Room in the City of Grand Rapids, on Thursday, April 17, 1884, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of electing 200 delegates to the Republican State Convention to be held at Chicago, Ill., on the 28th day of June, 1884. Delegates to be elected to represent Kent County are called to meet at the Lowell National Convention on Thursday, April 24, 1884, at 10 o'clock A. M. to elect delegates to the Republican State Convention to be held at Chicago, Ill., on the 28th day of June, 1884.

JAMES M. PERKINS, Chairman.

CYRUS E. PERKINS, Secretary.

C. W. GARDNER, Chairman.

C. E. BELKNAP, Secretary.

H. G. HOLL, Chairman.

L. M. SELLERS, Secretary.

J. W. HOLCOMB, Chairman.

J. A. S. VERDIER, Secretary.

### EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Gov. Begole, it seems, refuses to cause an investigation to be made of the charges against the Iowa House of Correction. He kindly permits Warden Waters to "vindicate" the management. The JOURNAL doesn't claim to know whether the charges are true or not, but if they are not true a thorough investigation would result in placing the managers in a much better light than they now stand in. Because the accused pleads "not guilty" it doesn't generally follow that the court dismisses the case. It is better to be tried and acquitted (if one is innocent) than to be always confronted by unanswered charges.

Notwithstanding the vigorous "belonging" against Begole by many democratic and greenback papers all indications seem to point to his re-nomination by the greenbackers and to the endorsement of such re-nomination by the democrats. And having openly identified himself with the Union (prohibition) party of course that party will be expected to endorse Begole. If the prohibitionists and democrats shall thus be found working together this fall will it be proper to inquire if the cause of temperance is to be benefited thereby? Think it over.

Prof. Dickie, chairman of the Union Party State Committee, says: "Vote squarely against the Republican party, even if it places the Democratic party in power." Who is Prof. Dickie addressing? He will admit that 90 per cent of the temperance vote is found in the Republican party. Therefore he must be talking to the Republicans when he says "Vote squarely against the Republican party, even if it places the Democratic party in power." What a remarkably brilliant political star this Albion professor is!

There is a Union Party and also a Union Party. Union Party No. 1 was formed two years ago by a fusion of the democrats and greenbackers. They ran a "Union" ticket and—what's in a name? Union Party No. 2 was born at Jackson a few weeks ago. This is a new prohibition party "by some other name." Union Party No. 1 is not a prohibition party. It is far from it—as far from Maine to Oregon from it. And now are you a member of the "Union" party? If so, which and how? And will there be another "Union Party" this fall?

Statistics show that during the twenty years of protection, from 1860 to 1880, the farm values of this country have increased 212 per cent. Our exports of wheat in 1880 were 3,603 per

cent more (in value) than in 1860; our corn exports 2,862 per cent more. In wool produced the increase in value is 286 per cent; barley 179 per cent; oats 136 per cent. The value of live stock in this country in 1880 was \$1,107,500,000; in 1860 \$5,000,000,000. These are statistical facts. Does the farmer want the tariff removed?

—Union party men say a new party is needed because the Republicans in the legislature refused to submit the prohibitory amendment and therefore the Republican party is not in favor of submission. How do the Union party men judge as to a party's position—by the action of a majority or a minority of that party? In the last legislature 59 Republicans voted in favor of submission and 18 Republicans voted against submission. Comment is unnecessary.

—The late President Garfield's last work as a congressman was a report in favor of a retention of the duty on wool. He was engaged in this work up to the hour of starting for the Chicago convention where he was nominated for President. Mr. Garfield was a tariff man that few free traders cared to meet in debate.

—The fact that W. G. Thompson of Detroit has left the Republican party does not necessarily imply that the call for the National Republican Convention will be withdrawn. Our advice would be, if asked, to go ahead and hold the convention.

—Free traders want the duty on salt removed. The average price of salt barrel at Saginaw for the year 1883 was \$1.85; for the year 1882, 74 cents! Don't have a fit on account of the duty on salt.

—Once in a great while you will find a free trade editor who asserts that labor wages are no higher in this country than in England. Such talk is truly edifying. Paralyze any attempt to describe the mental condition of such a fiction scribbler.

—Men employed in the Michigan lumber camps and saw mills get from 25 to 40 per cent more wages than men receive in Canada for the same work. Put lumber on the free list and in order to compete with Canada lumber our lumbermen would have to pay Canada wages.

—In 1860 our cotton manufactures reached \$116,000,000 in value. In 1880, with twenty years of "protection," their value was \$192,773,960, employing 175,187 hands and paying \$42,000,000 wages, at rates 40 per cent higher than in 1860.

—In the Michigan mines the workmen get double the wages paid to miners in free trade England. Does protection protect the laborer? It does.

—Oh, we understand you now. It won't be "fusion"; it will be simply a "combination," that is all. The explanation is perfectly satisfactory.

### JOURNAL JOTTINGS.

Kirk & Stark are in their new store. Jud Crouch and Dan Holcomb were held for trial.

Fred Beckwith of Vergennes has gone to Concordia, Kansas, to stay.

Miss Carrie and Winnie Stiff are visiting friends at East Saginaw.

A full report of the terrible riot in Cincinnati in the JOURNAL this week.

Election slips printed on gummed paper at the JOURNAL office, while you are waiting.

Bring in your election tickets and get them printed within an hour after leaving the order.

The Star Clothing House, Grand Rapids, sings a new song in this week's JOURNAL.

A special meeting of the L. L. C. at Mrs. Jas. Douglass' Friday afternoon, this week, at 3 o'clock.

Republicans, attend the township caucus at Music Hall, on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Temperance meeting at Music Hall Sunday evening. Mr. John M. Pratt is expected to speak.

The high water has been rapidly receding and yesterday the way was open across the upper bridge.

The "Union party" of Lowell hold a township caucus at Music Hall to-morrow afternoon to nominate a township ticket.

A "Citizens' Caucus" is called for Saturday afternoon at Music Hall, to nominate a township ticket, elect delegates, etc.

Miss Allie Stearles of Grand Rapids is at E. R. Craw's, and Miss Orinda Barkley and Miss Mary Owen, teachers, are home from that city.

ried out. All are cordially invited.

The M. E. Social will be held at the residence of D. Oliver this (Wed.) evening. Warm sugar to be served. All are cordially invited to come and have a good social time.

Mrs. Rork, Mrs. C. D. Hodges, Mrs. Chapman, Mrs. H. Stark, Mrs. Vandehule and Mrs. Geo. Parker represent the Lowell W. C. T. U. at the District Convention held at Portland this week.

Yesterday closed E. A. Sunderlin's fifteenth year in the Lowell National Bank. He has been a true and faithful servant, both as book keeper and cashier, and we propose to take him to the fair this fall as a model man.

Mr. Treglown is east buying goods and says he will soon have a finely assorted and selected stock at bottom prices. Although a new merchant here, Mr. T. is evidently a live business man and has come to stay.

Medler's new dining hall was opened to the public last Saturday and is well patronized. The fare is excellent and the place will be a popular resort for hungry stomachs.

C. E. Bush vacated Train's Hotel, as its host, Monday morning and that house at present is closed to the public. How long it will remain so we are not prepared to say. It is a fine house and will probably not remain vacant very long.

The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. Chas. Althen, Friday, Apr. 4, at 2:30 p. m. Programme: 1st, Response at roll call with a verse of scripture. 2d, Reading on beer, Mrs. Brower. 3d, Life sketch of some eminent woman, Mrs. Chapman. 4th, Essay, Mrs. Rork.

Gone to Dakota: F. D. Adams, H. S. West, John Kopf. Going this week: W. J. Atkins, E. O'Harrow, Lowell; Will and Thomas Cutler, of Keene; Ed Stocking of Grattan; Will and Marshall Brown, of Otisco; Abner Richardson, of Vergennes. Going next week: Will Cole and several others from Otisco.

Since the last issue of the JOURNAL Mr. Chandler Johnson has received notice that the McGibney family will not be here until MONDAY EVENING APRIL 14, when the celebrated family will give one of their brilliant musical entertainments at Music Hall. Remember the date and place and secure your seats early.

Mrs. P. J. Coppens, who has been spending some months in the studios of prominent New York artists, has returned to her home in Grand Rapids. Mrs. Coppens has art talent equal to her enthusiasm and has already done some pieces that have been much admired by the profession and other connoisseurs.

The suit against George Beecher charged with keeping his saloon open on Sunday, etc. begins to-day. Mr. J. M. Mathewson appears for the prosecution and Messrs. S. D. Clay and J. A. Fairfield, of Grand Rapids, for the defense. The suit against H. Tobias, charged with violation of certain provisions of the liquor law, comes up Friday.

Whiffets are sometimes kept in a well regulated family, but no attention is ever paid to their barking.—Hastings Journal.

You did a great deal of barking, though, before coming to that conclusion. To dispute your assertion, therefore, would be putting your guess-work against ripe experience. Ever kill any sheep? That might attract the attention you hunger for.

With the compliments of W. A. Brown, of Markdale, Ont., the JOURNAL has received a copy of the "Carnival" number of the Montreal Star, profusely and beautifully illustrated with scenes of the great carnival held at Montreal. The mammoth ice palace, the snow-shoers, arch and many other features presented make it the finest illustrated edition we have ever seen.

The following from the Hillsdale Standard fits Lowell with a mighty fit. "Yes," she said to her escort as they glided around the rink, "I do love roller skating. When we are sailing around this way my soul seems to be floating away toward heaven and— By some mistake in the program at this point both of her soles floated away toward heaven, while the rest of her smote the earthly floor with a mighty smite."

The Barry County Democrat says: "Kalamazoo has raised four-fifths of the money required for the proposed Chicago, Kalamazoo & Saginaw railroad. It is evident that Kalamazoo will do her full duty in the matter, and Barry county should 'make the scratch' at once and make the railroad an assured fact."

That's all right, but for seventeen or twenty years yet Hastings people will probably go to Kalamazoo via the old route.

All voters of this township should turn out on election day. The proposition to bond the town in the sum of \$10,000 (see special notice in another column) for the purpose of building a bridge across Grand River will be voted on by ballot and all voters are or should be interested in this if not in any other question involving appropriations. Let there be a full vote at the township election April 7.

It is one of the free-trade assumptions that our protective tariff robs the workman of a large share of his proportion of the costs of manufactures, which goes to his employer. Testimony to refute this comes from the London Times,

That great English Journal shows that taking the cost of production at 100, in England 56 per cent goes to labor, 21 per cent to capital, and 23 per cent to the government. In France labor gets 41 per cent, capital 56 per cent, and the government 23 per cent. In the United States 72 per cent goes to labor, 23 per cent to capital, and 5 per cent to government. This is from a free-trade British journal, and shows that much the largest share of the price of manufactured products in this country goes to the workmen in wages, labor here getting a proportion 56 per cent more than in England. This is not an admission to be passed by lightly. Suppose D. A. Wells or some other theorist put it into his next batch of assertions—just for the sake of variety.—Pitt & Tribune.

To Correspondents. Please send election returns from your respective townships TUESDAY MORNING, as early as possible.

Rink-tuns. In the sack race Wednesday night Ernest Graham won the prize.

The two-mile race Saturday night was won by Charley Wilson. It was quite exciting. Time 13½ minutes.

The new rink will be 50x130 feet big on the ground.

E. A. Crozier has bought Montague's interest in the rink and will keep the skates rolling in Train's Hall until May 8.

Republican Township Caucus—Adjourned. Pursuant to call quite a number of the Republicans of Lowell met in caucus at Music Hall, Thursday afternoon and organized by electing M. M. Ferry chairman and E. A. Sunderlin secretary.

Owing to the high water preventing the attendance of many Republicans living south of Grand River, an adjournment was deemed advisable and on motion the caucus was adjourned to FRIDAY, APRIL 4, at 2 o'clock P. M. at the same place—Music Hall. All voters in sympathy with the principles of the Republican party are requested to be present.

A New Rink. The "Lowell Skating Rink Association" have secured a five years' lease of a piece of ground just south of Mrs. C. E. Bush's residence and will immediately proceed to erect thereon a suitable building for a skating rink. The rink will be 50x139 feet on the ground; the floor of hard maple, to be made as nearly perfect as possible. A gallery across the east end, a balcony in front and other needed conveniences will be added. The association is composed of the following stockholders: King, Quick & King, Chas. Althen, C. E. Bush, B. G. Wilson, F. B. Hine, J. W. Hine, F. T. King is president, and F. B. Hine secretary and treasurer, of the association. The New Rink will probably be ready to use by the 20th of April. The date of the "grand opening" will be duly announced.

Charter Election. The regular village caucus was held at Music Hall Monday evening and the following nonpartisan ticket was nominated: President, S. C. Bradford; trustee, F. B. Hine; assessor, Chandler Johnson; treasurer, M. N. Hine; marshal, Henry Mitchell. The Union prohibition party subsequently put up a ticket as follows: President, N. B. Blain; trustee, H. H. Shepard; assessor, Chandler Johnson; treasurer, C. O. Sunderland; marshal, Henry Mitchell. The election yesterday resulted as follows:

	Vote	Majority
For President—S. C. Bradford, [Reg.]	205	118
N. B. Blain, [Pro.]	87	
For Trustee—Fred B. Hine, [Reg.]	210	125
H. H. Shepard, [Pro.]	84	
For Assessor—Chandler Johnson, [No opp.]	289	
For Treasurer—M. N. Hine, [Reg.]	209	124
C. O. Sunderland, [Pro.]	85	
For Marshal—Henry Mitchell, [No opp.]	292	

A Correction. Editor Journal—In the last issue of the Journal I find this statement: "The plan adopted by the greenbackers (the plan of securing pledges to vote only for men placed on that ticket) is now being worked by the Union party advocates." As Sec. of the Union Club of Lowell, and being familiar with the "forms" used for the organization of Clubs by the Union party, allow me to say that the statement referred to is an entire misapprehension. No such pledge is solicited or taken. We are willing any party should be free regarding the Union party movement consistent with the facts, but of course we do not wish to be misrepresented.

M. A. HEWETT. And we do not wish you to be misrepresented. If the pledge does not bind the signers to support the Union party candidates then we have certainly been misinformed and very gladly make the correction. But will Mr. Hewitt tell us if Prof. Dickie, chairman of the Union party state committee, speaks for the Union party when he says: "The nomination of a man on either of the old tickets is of itself enough to bury him so far as your support is concerned." And again: "I don't care how good their best men are none of them are good enough for me." (The above extracts are from Prof. Dickie's printed address at Jackson, March 15.)

Music by the Band. The Hon. William L. Webber, of East Saginaw, one of the Democratic war horses of Michigan, has written an elaborate and careful review of the tariff question, and places himself squarely on the Ohio platform. He declares that free traders who attempt to make any other declaration on the tariff a test of party fealty will find themselves in the minority. The Washington correspondent of the Free Press also reports the

Hon. O. M. Barnes, of Lansing, another Democratic war horse, as strongly in favor of Payne's nomination. With these old-time leaders coming to the front at this time in opposition to the free trade fallacy there is likely to be some music in the Democratic party of this State this fall.—Det. Journal.

As to Tactics. To sign a written pledge to support only such men as are put upon a certain ticket, or are committed to a fixed policy on one particular issue, strikes the Lowell JOURNAL as being nothing more or less than assigning individual rights to bosses. "While in many places it may bring temporary success," the JOURNAL says, "it is a plan that has in every instance proved a failure in the end." The greenbackers and unionists who have tried this scheme would probably not contend that it is worth repeating for many successive campaigns; but they are satisfied, apparently, with any temporary success to be obtained thereby for the sake of the impetus it gives them toward future victories. Different tactics should be employed in a skirmish from those relied on in a pitched battle.—Detroit Times.

Perhaps, but the point doesn't seem to be visible to the naked eye. To fight together in a "skirmish" and then to fight each other in a "pitched battle," wouldn't look like good tactics, would it?

From The People. El. Journal.—In your issue of March 19, I notice a communication from S. E. Hull in which he says "if there are any productions of the farm interest protected by tariff, excepting wool and a small amount of sugar, farmers wish to know it." He says he "has been a farmer and knows all about it." I am also a farmer and I find that the farmer's wool, wheat, oats, hay, barley, peas, beans, flax, broom corn, his cattle, sheep, and hogs, with his beef, pork and mutton, are all protected by tariff and that almost every thing the farmer produces is so protected. Now, friend Hull I did not defend the Republican party with a musket, as you say you did, but I did try to defend our glorious Union with one and I thank God we succeeded. And now in order to further serve my country I am in favor of a TARIFF as a shield to American industry and labor.

With our system of protection we have outstripped all other countries in the development of our agricultural, mineral and other resources and we cannot today afford to take any step backward. True, the tariff question is a weighty one and one who should study well, not only as regards the present but the future, also. The fine sounding theory that we should be allowed to buy where we can get the most for our money I believe to be a fallacy, for while free trade might for a time give us cheaper goods, at the same time our manufacturing interests would become crippled, competition reduced and a monopoly granted to foreign manufacturers who would then hold us at their mercy. To ever compete with free trade England on a free trade basis we must pay England's pauper wages to our laboring men, the result of which would be discontent, strikes and war all over the country.

No friends, let us stick to the old and tried system of protection, which means protection to all classes. D. O. SHEAR.

Lowell, Mich. March 29.

Friend Hine:—In reading last week's JOURNAL, I was very much surprised to see the article from S. E. Hull, of Albion, lately of West Lowell. Sorry to hear him speak so grudgingly of the laborer who, the Bible says, "is worthy of his hire." And there are many of his friends who remember but a few short years since, when he was struggling alone to clear up his farm, that when working at his trade as stone mason there was no question in his mind about his earning \$2.50 to \$3.00 per day, and if he could not get rich at that, how can he begrudge a man his eighteen or twenty dollars per month to support a family on? Were he a producer now as he once was he would to-day ask for protection as loudly as any man, and the little thirty dollars per year, which he says is about all the difference free trade would make with the average farmer, would be as dear to him as to any of us.

A FARMER.

Doses for Dickie. The Coldwater Republican, edited by Mr. A. J. Aldrich, who is a staunch temperance man and a strong pillar in the Baptist church, is out with a ringing editorial on "Dickie's Denunciation" of the Republican party, severely chastising the conceited "Professor" for his glaring falsehoods and indecent treatment of thousands of the best men in the state. We republish herewith a few extracts from Mr. Aldrich's editorial:

When a man sets himself up so far above his fellows that he cannot be seen except as an Elijah-like saint borne aloft in his chariot of fire he becomes of no more use to the world only as his spirit, his aim and purposes, live in the hearts of others. It looks as though Sam Dickie, the political saint of the Union party, were disposed to put himself in that attitude before the citizens of Michigan. In a speech, opening the campaign for 1884 in favor of his party, he declared of both the Republican and Democratic parties: "I don't care how good their best men are, none of them are good enough for me." Where, O where is the Union party to gain any strength if Dickie is the only one saintly enough to belong to it? This bundle of conceit has been so vigorously pat-

tered upon the back by a few that he has come to believe himself a hero with a following. The good people of other parties will be likely to watch this inflated balloon go up. He will probably land in the desert alone.

In this same speech Mr. Dickie so willfully and maliciously falsified the facts of political history that it would seem to us that with such falsehoods on his lips he could not expect to win a following except from that class who prefer to bug a lie to admitting an error. He declares that the Kalamazoo Republican State Convention was insincere in endorsing the plank favorable to the submission of the proposed amendment. That there may have been some opposed to the plank is undoubtedly true; but the editor of this paper was a witness to the fact that that very plank in the platform was received by the convention with tremendous applause while all others occasioned no demonstration whatever. The convention was honest in the adoption of that plank. Further Mr. Dickie says that Gov. Jerome was insincere and said that he would not endorse that plank. On the contrary, Gov. Jerome in his speech of acceptance placed himself boldly and unequivocally upon the platform, and stood there during the campaign.

The State Central Committee was charged by Mr. Dickie with instructing their campaign speakers by ignoring the amendment. This the Committee has itself denied by a published statement over their own signatures and they are men equally to be believed with Mr. Dickie. So that Mr. Dickie's assertion that he would not endorse that plank, on the contrary, Gov. Jerome in his speech of acceptance placed himself boldly and unequivocally upon the platform, and stood there during the campaign.

If the Union party can not win without falsifying facts it were better that it had never been born; for rest assured that such a course will be but a millstone about its neck with which society will drown it beneath the foaming billows. Mr. Dickie, in the meantime, will rub in his chariot of fire, and see home rest in glory from all his labors. He must not, however, forget the Pharisee, "I thank thee I am not as other men are," etc.

The Lansing Republican and other state papers have also tanned Dickie's jacket in good shape and invite the im-maculate professor to step forward and even make the attempt to substantiate a single one of his many dastardly falsehoods. Being chairman of the Union party state committee Prof. Dickie is of course authorized to speak for his party. He can have ample space in the JOURNAL in which to defend his position and nothing would please us more than to have him accept the offer. We want him to make an attempt to verify what he has said. Will Prof. Dickie accept the invitation?

STATE GLEANINGS. Traverse City will have a new national bank.

St. Johns is having quite a building boom.

Crop prospects in Clinton county are excellent.

Henry Ward Beecher will give Battle-Creek a lecture April 16.

Maria Winger, an old lady of White Oak, Ingham county, is said to be cutting her third set of teeth.

The "ten weeks course" at the Somerville school, St. Clair, opens April 9 and continues until June 17.

During the week ending March 22, diphtheria was reported at 15 places in Michigan, and scarlet fever at 23.

The Grand Rapids telephone exchange now boasts of 600 subscribers. A new office will be occupied in two weeks.

Petoskey, Harbor Springs, Charlevoix and Elk Rapids will be connected by telephone as soon as the construction gangs can get round to it.

Grand Rapids congregationalists have decided to call Rev. Alex. R. Merriam, of east Hampton, Mass., to fill the place of the late Rev. J. Morgan Smith.

The F. & P. M. will make Evert the western division of the road, and will build extra switches, round house, turn table, etc., as soon as the frost is out of the ground.

No traces have been found of Sheffer or De Nooyer, the men supposed to have been burned in the Bissell building, Grand Rapids, and it is believed they were entirely consumed.

H. J. Hollister and M. L. Sweet, of Grand Rapids, want to donate a piece of land for a Y. M. C. A. building in that city, on condition that \$10,000 be collected for the erection of the building.

L. F. Mumford, Kalamazoo agricultural implement man, who was sued by D. M. Osborn & Co., for \$1,000 owed them at the time of his failure, has brought suit against them, and Thos. Ritter, their agent, for \$10,000 damages for false imprisonment and malicious prosecution.

Fire at Hershey, four miles east of Reed City, destroyed several buildings shortly after midnight, Thursday morning, causing a loss of \$10,000.

To Whom It May Concern. Whereas, Certain parties having circulated the report that the contract for building the Pier and Abutments for the Grand River Bridge has become void, therefore this is to certify that the Township Board in Session this 1st day of April 1884 had the said matter under consideration and were unanimously in the belief that the said contract was entirely legal and binding and that no changes had been made affecting its legality.

Dated April 1st, 1884.

M. C. BARBER, Supervisor. I agree in the above statement.

Geo. H. CAHOON, Com. of Highways.

FOR SALE. At a bargain, a Grand Rapids spiral spring open buggy; been used but a few months. Also fine set of harness, home made.

J. M. VAN WAGNER.

## COLLAR & WEEKES

COLUMN.

Having Removed to our elegant new 350 re in the Lyon Block, on account of insufficient room in our late quarters, we cordially invite the public to come and see us.

LOWELL JOURNAL, LOWELL, MICHIGAN. THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Tuesday, March 23. The centerfold 50-cent advertisement... Mr. H. W. Zachry, of Grand county, Georgia... A. D. Oliver, of Lowell, Mich., has been arrested...

At the Capitol. Doings of the Senate and House of Representatives. The Honored Whiskey Bill—An Educational Measure—Potent Law... A. D. Oliver, of Lowell, Mich., has been arrested...

How Watch Cases are Made. Most persons have an ambition to carry a gold watch case, and yet few people know a watch case is made, or the vast difference in quality of work... Lowell Markets. Corrected on Tuesday of each week. By John G. Cox, Lowell, Mich.

Lowell National Bank. CAPITAL, \$50,000. SURPLUS, \$5,000. DIRECTORS: C. T. WOODING, J. H. WALKER, G. T. STOKES, J. A. W. STANBARD, J. W. H. HENNING, C. G. CASHEER.

GET THE BEST. Myron H. Walker, Attorney and Solicitor. J. W. Young, Physician and Surgeon. Green & Daniels, Dry Lumber for Sale.

LOWELL BUSINESS CARDS. P. C. ANDREWS, Real Estate and Insurance. J. G. SCOTT, Hardware, Shells, Doors and Sashes. J. O. LOOK, Druggist and Stationer.

TERROR'S REIGN. Three Nights of Riot and Arson at Cincinnati. An All-Night's Battle Closes the Week—Fearful Slaughter. Renewal of Hostilities on Sunday—The Mob Dispersed at Last.

STROKE'S NEURALGIA DROPS. A sure cure for Neuralgia, Rheumatism and Kidney diseases. Also a preventive against Inflammatory Rheumatism and Nervous diseases.

DO NOT KNOW. That the Horse and cattle Poppers prepared by Dr. E. Parsonas are considered the best and most successful remedy for all kinds of ailments.

JOHNSTON'S Sarsaparilla. The most reliable and powerful medicine for all ailments. It is the best for Rheumatism, Gout, and all other ailments.

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TUTT'S HAIR DYE. A reliable and powerful medicine for all ailments. It is the best for Baldness, Greyness, and all other ailments.

WOMEN. A. D. OLIVER, THE BEST TIME KEEPERS IN THE MARKET. Photographs are now made by the Instantaneous Process at Smith's Gallery.

