LOWELL JOURNAL,
PUBLISHED WEEKLY,
At Lowell, Michigan, by
JAS. W. HINE.

TERMS $1.50 A YEAR.

CHIEFLY DEVOTED TO
LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

LOWELL JOURNAL.

OFFICE IN GRAHAM'S BLOCK—2d FLOOR. "DUM VIVIMUS, VIVAMUS." $1.50 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

VOLUME XIV. LOWELL, MICHIGAN, WEDNESDAY AUGUST 7, 1878. NUMBER 6

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Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds o Harness, Collars, Saddles, Trunks, Travelling Bags, Sheets, Nets, Whips, Combs, Brushes, Harness Oil, Soaps, etc., at Fuller's old stand, nearly opposite the Bank, Lowell, Mich.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
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This House [formerly known as the Rhine's House] has been thoroughly overhauled, renovated and repainted, and now provides first-class accommodations for its guests.

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Successor to S. S. Ruggles, Boots & Shoes, 14 Canal St. opp. Sweets Hotel. People who formerly traded with Mr. Ruggles will perhaps remember Mr. Spalding's waiting upon them in times gone by.

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H. D. Wallen, Jr. Proprietor. Cor. Louis and Campau Sts. Near the jail, Grand Rapids, Mich. Machinery Depot. brass and iron founders, Machinists and Blacksmiths, and manufacturers of Austin's patent Shingle Machinery, Engines and Circular Mills, Brass goods of all Descriptions, Steam Gauges, Blake Steam Pumps, Gardner Stop Governor, and Disey's Gang Edger, on Hand at Lowest Rates. Repairs of all kinds done on Short Notice. Orders Solicited.

CHESHIRE & HOPPINS Tea STORE.
If you want extra good Tea, Coffee Spices, Sugars, Rice, Soaps, etc. at the very lowest prices, go to Cheshire & Hoppins Tea Store, corner Campau Place and Monroe Street, sign of big "T" flag on the corner. They have just received a large invoice of new Japan Teas, First Picking, (crop of 1878) which they are selling at fifty cents per pound, and it is the best for the money in the city. One trial will convince you.

W. A. PALMER.
Merchant Tailoring and Gent's Furnishing Goods,
79 Monroe St. Grand Rapids.

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105, Ottawa St. Wm. B. Loveland, manager. All communications should be addressed to the Singer manufacturing Co,
GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN.

Houseman & May,
Manufacturers and dealers in
Clothing, Cloths, Furnishing Goods, etc. Clothing made to order a specialty.
4 Monroe Street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

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DEALERS IN
Groceries, Fresh meats, etc, for cash only, 52 and 54 Pearl St, Opera House Block,
Grand Rapids, Michigan.

American Dry GOODS, and CARPET HOUSE.
Spring and Company.
6 and 8 Monroe St. Grand Rapids

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Dealer in Boots and Shoes, 72 Canal Street, Corner Bronson, Grand Rapids,

Men's A. Kip Boot	$2,00
Boys De, Boots	$1,50
Ladies Side lace shoes,	$1,25
Ladies Custom made Kid Button	$2,00

and other goods in same proportion

T. J. LUCAS.
55 Monroe Street, Grand Rapids,
Keeps constantly on hand a full and complete Stock of the celebrated Reynolds Bros. Shoes, for Ladies which are conceded by everybody to be the best fitting Shoes made. men's Boots and Shoes of all sizes and styles, of the best make and material, also a full line of goods for youths and Children.

KORTLANDER & GRADY
are distillers agents for the following well known brands of goods. W. S. Hume, S. P. Lancaster, Sam Copper Whiskies, and Kentucky Club, and N. Y. V, monarch the best sour mash whiskies in the world. They handle largely the Old Tom and Royal Cabinet Gin. To The Trade: We handle no continuous spirits in any shape whatever. Ten years of successful business assure us that the high standard of our Goods their superior quality and reliable uniformity have been and will continue to be appreciated by first-class dealers everywhere,

SECRET SOCIETIES

H. A. M.
REGULAR Convocation of Hooker Chapter No 13, at Masonic Hall, on Wednesday evenings on or before the full moon in each month.
E. F. DOTY H. P
H. A. SUNDERLIN, Sec.

Harmony Lodge,
NO 146 I. O. O. F. Meetings every Saturday Evening in Bank Block,
H. M. TRAFER N. G.
A. B. BLAKE, Sec'y

A. E. GESLER, M. D., Homeopathic Physician Office over Bank, Saranac Mich. Country practice solicited.

F. D. M. DAVIS, Attorney and Solicitor Circuit Court Commissioner. Commercial collections a specialty, Saranac, Mich.

Hereafter all notices must reach this office not later than Tuesday noon, to insure publication the same week. Notices of considerable length should be sent in as early as Tuesday morning.

Home & Vicinity.

Rarus is King of the turf. Time 2:13¼

Hiram Wiley got 846 bushels of wheat from 23 acres.

Mr. & Mrs. J. S. Dougall returned from the east Sunday morning.

The Campaign Post and Tribune is the best campaign paper published.

They say Burlingame has a slate fixed up for the National convention to-day.

Common Council proceedings will not be ready for publication until next week.

The work of raising the sidewalk on the bridge across Flat river was commenced yesterday morning.

Worden's party at Train's Hall comes off to-morrow night. The music will be first class and a good time is expected.

The Congregationalists will give a supper on the Island Friday evening, and invite everybody to come and partake thereof.

Rev. S. E. Busser returned from the east last week. Hereafter during the hot season, services will be held at his church in the evening only.

Charles E. Huxley, son of E. R. Huxley formerly of this village, died of typhoid fever in Grand Rapids, July 23. His age was 10 years, 8 mos. and 19 days.

All the musical ones of Lowell are earnestly requested to meet at the Baptist Church this, (Wednesday) evening, Why? The Cantata of Esther. Be there.

There are twins in the house that Mack built. Mr. Shaw, will you now stand complacently by and hear men say it is healthier on the east side than on the west side?

The following proclamation *verbatim et lit.*, has been issued and posted up in this township:

"I forbid eny one of geten eny more sand on this side of the rode."

The Lowell Nationals held their caucus Saturday afternoon and elected five delegates to the National County Convention as follows: A. Peck, W. Pullen, C. Morse, E. D. Parker, F. T. King.

Mr. John Giles has bought out Mitchell & Donovan, grocers of this village, and will again become a resident of Lowell. His many friends here are glad to welcome back so good a former citizen.

About thirty log-runners quit work last Friday on Flat river at this point, because their employers would not allow them "full time." They couldn't afford to lose their time every time the stream went back on them.

Charles Cole, of Keene, had two barns burned one day last week. A large amount of hay and grain destroyed. Partly covered by insurance. It is believed that the barns were set on fire by somebody who is not a friend of Mr. Cole.

The trotting race Saturday between Charley Watters' "Transit" and Honest John, was won by Transit. Time 2:44. Purse $25.

The Lieut. Governor of the Marquette Journal is probable as good a poker player as any man on the Democratic State ticket. As President of the Senate he would perhaps prove himself a bigger man than old Schneck

The editor of the JOURNAL is indebted to the Reading, (Pa.) Hardware Company and that Company's efficient travelling agent, Mr. Orton Hill, for a very handsome present, the same being a complete desk out-fit of nickel plated goods. There are six separate pieces, and every piece is a beauty. We hereby roll up a big vote of thanks to the donors.

"E. R. Rattle" writes from Grattan that Roch. Masons harvest party last Friday night was a grand success. There were 80 couples present and participating. Supper immense and music ditto by Stocking & Co. Same band will play Wednesday afternoon and night Aug. 14, at Bostwick Lake Bowery—F. G. Cornell's harvest party.

Two Murphys and one O'Neil from Grattan imbibed too extravagantly while in town last Saturday, became very disorderly, and were put in the cooler. Marshal Calkins was obliged to tame the Murphy boys with his fists before they were ready to let him alone and move along toward that bourne from which no d. d. returns until he's let out. O'Neil, without cause, hit John Bergin a clip, during his antic performances and also attempted to change the location of things in Strauder's barber shop. On Monday morning they were brought before Justice Weeks, fined $5 each and costs, and allowed to go hence.

The Nationals of Kent hold their county convention to-day. At no time since we have lived in Michigan has a political convention been held in this county that had so many candidates for office to deal with as this National convention has to day. For weeks the logrolling has been going on and the innumerable, hungry aspirants for office have been urging their claims, (?) patting the poor, laboring man on his back, and asking him to be sure and send the right delegates, etc., etc. And among these hungry aspirants are several played out political hacks of the old parties, who went into the new party movement for no other purpose than to get office. Some of them must necessarily be shelved to day, as there are not enough offices to go round. Instead of being a party composed of men who are not office seekers, it is plain to be seen that the contrary is true, and many greenbackers have already expressed their disgust at the conduct of those who have been manifesting such a deep anxiety to secure a place on the county ticket. It is an interesting spectacle. There is a heap of reform (?) coming out of it. Great chunks of it.

Dr. Elsworth is an anxious aspirant for the office of Register of Deeds. Jas. H. Weeks, it is also understood, is a candidate, both greenbackers. There are several other greenback candidates in the county for the same office. The Convention will decide to-day who shall be the chosen one. There are conflicting reports as to who the Lowell delegation will present. Elsworth has been working hard to work himself in and if he fails it won't be his fault 'Twas ever thus. If he can't be nominated for Register and the convention should force (?) the State Senatorship upon him he would undoubtedly take it. Yes, we think he would take it. He sits violently down on Weeks for presuming to stand in his way for Register and well—'twas ever thus, hitherto, heretofore, you know. "Old Bose," as he calls himself, must have his own way or the devil's to pay. Don't infer from this that he is an office seeker—don't. Hasn't he been all over town during the last two weeks pointing out the unconstitutionality of the dog tax, or calling the attention of the greenbackers to the eclipse! or—well, it was a large caucus. But durned be he who says there is an office seeker in the greenback party.

The Thermometer rising.

The Lowell JOURNAL is fourteen years old, and its live editor "Jimcrax," not only finds time to keep his paper full of interesting matter but also does the Nasby (which is P. M.) at "them cross roads," and furnishes a column of funnygrams for the Detroit Post and Tribune, every week. Lookout! "Jimcrax," thermometers are getting higher every day.—*Grand Rapids Journal.*

Notice.

E. V. Wilson, owing to the accident under which he was suffering while in Lowell was compelled to return to his home in Lombard, Ill. He now writes that he has started again on his trip east, this time accompanied by his daughter a wonderful medium like her father. She, under control of spirit musicians plays the piano and sings with marvelous skill and power. While she sings four voices or parts are heard. They will give a concert seance next Monday eve. Aug. 12th at Train's Hall. E. A. CHAPMAN.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at Lowell, Kent Co., Mich. Aug. 7, 1878.

LADIES LIST—Miss Bella Crumback, care of James Lampman. Mrs. Jennie Deremes, Mrs. Emma Jammison, Mrs. Hattie Lee, Mrs. Jane Parker, Miss Lucinda Vanderlip.

GENT'S LIST.—Levi Carr, Harry Carver, Wm. D. Lyon or Caroline Lyon, Douglas Olin. Wm. Olmstead, Leonard White.

Persons calling for these letters will please say "ADVERTISED" and give the date of this notice.

JAS. W. HINE, P. M.

Old Residents' Reunion.

One week from to-day, Wednesday, Aug. 14, the old residents will hold a reunion and picnic on the Island in this village. It is hoped that all the old residents of the Grand River Valley will be present. All are cordially invited. Come and bring your dinners. Judge Withey of Grand Rapids and other prominent speakers are expected. The Lowell Cornet Band will furnish music. Secretary Nash informs us that the prospect is favorable for a large meeting.

Notes by an Outsider.

The following items have been handed to us by a citizen of this village:

Elsworth has undertaken to purify the republican party, he has left it. He says it *was* d—d corrupt.

Doc. says there is not a man in the National party who wants office—but modestly adds "some of them expect to be compelled to take office." With upturned eyes his hand upon his heart, he will exclaim in agony: "It is right that I should suffer."

Elsworth says "Chandler is a rotten-hearted old—old—old kuss." *I have known and associated with him for twenty years.*"

Fire.

The house occupied by Martin Cogswell on the East side, and owned by E. F. Doty, was destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon. Most of the contents were also lost. The fire broke out about 4 o'clock and soon laid the building in ashes. The firemen were promptly on hand but there was no water near the house and if there had been the house could not have been saved. There was $600 insurance in the Watertown N. Y. (F. D. Stocking, Agt.) on the house and contents; $350 on house, $150 on furniture, and $100 on clothing &c. How the fire originated is not definitely known but is supposed to have come from the kitchen stove in which there had been a rousing fire—ironing. A subscription paper for Cogswell's benefit was circulated the same evening and a goodly sum was contributed to his relief.

QUERY: "Why will men smoke common tobacco, when they can buy Marburg Bros Seal of North Carolina' at the same price?"

Notes and Nudges.

BY JIMCRAX.
(In Detroit Post & Tribune.)

A little lemonades digestion.

Spotted Tail isn't very "*reserved*."

Kickapoo Indian? Yes, kick him, hang him.

Prof. Watson, what shall we do with our Vulcan?

"Our duty to England." Well, we pay it, don't we?

The phonograph can't reproduce Long Island Sound.

"How to keep a piano." Pay for it before the sheriff seize it.

This is a free country. You can eat pie with a knife if you want to.

If Spetted-Tail attempts to haul down the flag, shoot him on the Spot.

"Ignorance is a lock on the human understanding" that needs picking.

The more haste the less velocipede, as poor Richard would say if he were here.

In St. Louis they have to blow their ice cream until it gets cool before they can eat it.

Beware of the man with a cloven foot; also beware of the man with a clove in his mouth.

He drove up in front of a saloon and said: "Whoa! Every one that thirsteth—here's the place."

It were better if some writers would beat their quills into tooth picks and sell them for five cents a bunch.

It is a long layin' that has no turn—when a man is sick abed with a row of boils up and down his back.

The Nationals call Communist Kearney a statesman. This will encourage the ass to try and roar like a lion again.

Citizen Schwab, of New York may not be a "son of a gun," but his name is suggestive of something of that sort.

We know a man who won't have a gimlet or an auger in the house, because they remind him of life insurance agents.

Eating arsenic may improve your complexion, fair sister, but you can't expect us to remove your coffin lid and attempt to justify the means.

Faith is implicitly believing that the boil on your nose will entirely disappear in time for you to take your girl to the circus next week.

Dan Voorhees will tell what he knows about Thomas Jefferson. When he gets through nobody will recognize Mr. Jefferson, not even his own relatives.

Did you ever hear a man attempt to pronounce Belshazzar when he was shaking with the ague? Sounds like a rip-saw going through an old board full of nails.

Eat your green corn as if you were playing a flute.—*N. Y. Herald.* That isn't the way they do it, though. They play a flute as if they were eating green corn.

A greenback editor accuses the Republicans of this State of throwing dirt. Guess he's mistaken—we don't believe the Republicans of this State are losing any ground at present.

The young man from the city has been with his cousins in the country just long enough to find out that every bottle in the barn doesn't contain castor oil to grease the wagon with.

The average reader has given just about as much attention to the Potter investigation during the past few weeks as he would be expected to give to a Dutch translation of Tupper's poems.

Mr. Shupe, the editor of the Advocate is just the right kind of man to conduct a greenback paper. In asking the Government to repudiate its obligations, he only asks the Government to follow his example. But it won't, you know, and there is where the Shupe pinches.

An exchange says that the handsomest young lady in Brooklyn recently married a wealthy merchant in New York, named Wright. We have always said we'd rather be right than President haven't we, Mr. Clay?

Bryant says that a literary man's genius never does its best so long as it is the mere drudge of his necessities. To use a homelier phrase—if it were not for his back stomach, his genius could play as free and frisky as a young colt in a ten acre lot.

Hon. B. F. Butler. My Dear Benjamin. Yours received and contents noted. Would say in reply that I am not a candidate for re-election—positively decline a second term. I have no doubt that my city will roll up a vote for your equal to that which I received two years ago. What that vote was I am unable to say; the papers made no mention of it.—*P. Cooper.*

Jeremy Taylor says it is foolish to think that all this rare fabric of heaven and earth could come by chance when all the skill of art is not able to make an oyster. We must agree with the profound writer and yet, the skill of art can make a Taylor. (It rests entirely with the printer to bring out the point of this. If he spells it "tailor" with a small t he busts the symmetry of the thing, that's all.

'One more unfortunate
Rashly importunate.
Gone."—what's the rest? He had been in business 24 years and had worked on every prominent daily paper in the United States. Just now he said he'd been traveling all over Canada with nothing but a sore heel to show for it. He struck Port Huron in the night, and became so disgusted at Vanderbilt's hoggish propensities, and the conductors that he walked right out of town in front of two policemen and footed it to Durand without a cent in his pocket. Had been without food for about 48 hours every day since he left Montreal where he disguised himself as an Organgeman just to learn how to "walk." Had he been drinking? No; hadn't touched a drop of liquor of any kind since Wilkes Booth shot Lincoln; then, he frankly admitted, that he and Sam Randall and a few others did indulge a little. No, hadn't touched a drop since then, but said that walking fast always made his breath smell that way. Three days without a mouthful to eat, not a cent in his pocket, nobody's child! Said he had never begged and hated to "beg-in" now. "O, that's nothing," he remarked, as we dodged the pun. "I'd like to be as full of vittles as I am of them puns. Catlin was a good fellow wan't he? Know him well." * * * Mercury was up to 100 in the shade with a rising tendency. It was one of Mercury's best days.—somebody had a corner on it. There wasn't air enough astir to fan the brow of an infant canary Said he, "I used to write some, myself—used to write poetry. I once wrote a little poem entitled 'Beautiful Snow!'" * * * It is an awful thing for even a tramp to die with those words on his lips, but, poor fellow, his sore heel doesn't hurt him now. When we took that obligation we took it to keep. Brethren, advance the signs.

NIJNE NOVGOROD FAIR.—The great market of the eastern world has been held at this junction of the Volga and Olga Rivers, in Russia, every summer for hundreds of years. Here the nations of Europe and Asia meet with their products for trade. Gossack, Chinese, Turk and Persian meet the German and the Greek with every variety of merchandise that mankind employs, from sapphires to grindstones, tea, opium, fur, food, tools and fabrics and last but not least, medicines J. C. Ayer & Co's celebrated remedies from America were displayed in an elegant Bazaar. where the Doctor himself might sometimes be seen. They are known and taken on steppes of Asia as well as the prairies of the West and are an effectual antidote for the diseases that prevail in the vaouts of the north as well as the huts and cabins of the Western continent.—*Lincoln Ill, Times.*

Money to Loan.

At eight and one half per cent. on good farms.
WM. M. ROBINSON,
2w Grand Rapids.

Bread at Chase's Bakery for 6 cents a loaf. 4t2

For headache, Constipation, Liver Complaint and all bilious derangements of the blood, there is no remedy as sure as Ellert's Daylight Liver Pills. They stand unrivalled in removing bile, toning the stomach and in giving healthy action to the liver. Sold by all druggists.

Save your Harness by oiling it with Uncle Sam's Harness Oil, which will keep it soft and pliable. This is is the best Oil ever made for leather. Sold by all Harness Makers.

Uncle Sam's Condition Powder prevents disease, purifies the blood improves the apetite, gives a smooth, glossy coat, and keeps the animal in good condition. All druggists sell it.

PHOTOGRAPHING!
HILER'S old photograph rooms are again reopened and ready for
Photographing in all its Branches.
Nothing but first class work will be made at my gallery. Give us a call.
41m3 MILO HILER.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.—State of Michigan, Seventeenth Judicial Circuit, in Chancery.
Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Kent, in Chancery, at the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, on the Twentyeighth day of June, A. D. 1878.
DAVID MILLER, Complainant.
vs.
JOHN VANDERLIP, MARTHA VANDERLIP AND THE VICTOR SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, Defendants.
In this cause, it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendant, The Victor Sewing Machine Company, is a foreign corporation created by and existing under the laws of the State of Connecticut and not under the laws of said State of Michigan and is not a resident of said State of Michigan, but is a resident of said state of Connecticut. On motion of Milton M. Perry, Complainant's solicitor, it is ordered that the appearance of said non-resident defendant the Victor Sewing Machine Company be entered herein within three months from the date of this order, and in case of its appearance it cause its answer to the Bill of Complaint to be filed and a copy thereof to be served on the complainant's Solicitor within twenty days after service on it of a copy of said Bill and notice of this order; and in default thereof said bill taken as confessed by said non-resident defendant. And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the Complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Lowell Journal a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said County, and that said publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for its appearance.
EDWARD M. ADAMS,
Circuit Court Commissioner, Kent County, Mich.
MILTON M. PERRY,
Complainant's Solicitor.
A true copy of the original order on file with me in the above entitled cause.
Attest: PAUL S. CLARK, Register.
By WESLEY W. HEW, Deputy. 1w6

Dr. Winchell's Teething Syrup has never failed to give immediate relief when used in cases of Summer Complaint, Cholera-infantum or pains in the stomach. Mothers when your little darlings are suffering from these or kindred causes do not hesitate to give it a trial. you will surely be pleased with the charming effect. Be sure to buy Dr. Winchell's Teething Syrup. Sold by all Druggists only 25 cts per bottle.

Dr. Jacques German worm Cakes are an effectual and safe remedy for worms. They are pleasant to take and not only destroy the worms, but remove all traces of them from the system leaving the child healthy and strong. They are warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Sold by all Druggists.

Mortification.—Nothing will mortify a good housewife more than to set before her company heavy soggy biscuits. By using Smith's saleratus she avoids all this. It is made by a new process and is always pure and uniform in strength and is 100 per cent cheaper than baking powder. Manufactured by
HENRY S. SMITH & Co.,
Grand Rapids, Mich.

LAWSON'S CURATIVE is not a disagreeable oily liniment, but a clessly limpid fluid, clear as water, without odor—a mild perfect scientific preparation—and can be relied upon to remove pain or soreness in any part of the human frame. Send for a pamphlet if your druggists has not got teem. J. C. West, Agt.

The increased demand for Dr. Smith's Cough Syrup has been so great the last few months that the laboratory for its manufacture has been taxed to its utmost. We congratulate Dr. Smith upon the discovery of this remedy and the great success he is attaining in its wide-spread introduction, affording relief to suffering humanity, and expect at no distant day to see him erect a large building—more commodious than the one now occupied—for the manufacture of his various remedies.—[Erie Advertiser. Dr. B. A. Smith's Cough Syrup is sold by druggists at 50¢ cents. Four bottles sent express paid, for $1. Dr. B. A. Smith & Co., proprietors, Erie, Pa.

From Roswell Kinney, M. D., of Mannsville, N. Y.
"I do not hesitate to say that the PERUVIAN SYRUP has claims to confidence equal if not superior to those of any medicine that has ever come to my knowledge. I have used it with great success for Dyspepsia and Epilepsy." Sold by dealers generally.

RING'S VEGETABLE AMBROSIA.—This old and popular hair preparation, like its effects upon the heads of those who use it, shows a perpetual youth,
It restores gray hair to its natural color.
It eradicates dandruff from the head.
It cures humors of the scalp.
It prevents falling of the hair, and frequently restores hair to the head when it has become bald.
See advertisement in to-day's paper.—J. Q. Look, Agent.

Free of Cost.

The most wonderful remedy of the age is now placed within the reach of all. "Be he rich or be he poor" it costs nothing to give this great remedy a trial. Dr. King's California Golden Compound for Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Low spirits, Loss of appetite, Sour Stomach, Coming up of Food, Yellow Complexion, General Debility, Inactivity and Drowsiness, Liver Complaint, Jaundice and Billiousness, for which they are a certain and speedy cure. No person should be without it. In order to prove that it will do all we claim for it, you are given a trial bottle free of cost. which will convince you of its truly wonderful merits and show what a regular one dollar size bottle will do. For sale by Hunt & Hunter.

Don't Be Deceived.

Many persons say "I haven't got the consumption" when asked to cure their cough with Shiloh's Consumption cure. Do they not know that coughs lead to consumption and a remedy that will cure consumption will certainly and surely cure a cough or any lung or throat trouble. We know it will cure when all others fail and our faith in it is so positive that we will refund the price paid if you receive no benefit. Is not this a fair proposition. Price 10 cts, 50 cts, and $1 00 per bottle. For lame back or side use Shiloh's porous Plaster, Price 25 cts. For sale by J. C. West.

Well's Persian Perfume "HACKMETACK" is rich and fragrant. Try it, sold by J. C. West.

Uncle Sam's Nerve and Bone Liniment is efficient in Rheumatism, Bruises, Burns, Scratches and many other ills incident to man and beast. Sold by all Druggists.

Read what the people say in regard to the Great Shoshoneese Remedy and Pills.

Levi Jones, Markham, says. I had a severe attack of Bronchitis. I was so bad that I could hardly get my breath. I sought for a quick remedy, and seeing the Shoshonees Remedy so highly recommended I procured a bottle, and am happy to say that, by the time it was taken, I was entirely well and have remained so, although I was much exposed throughh the winter in traveling.

Rev. F. B. Statton, Demorestville, writes. I have found youo remedies particularly beneficial for Liver Complaint Dyspepsia and Bronchial Affections and would adulse all similarly affected to give them a trial.

Mrs. A. D. Pierce, Moberly, N. Y. says. It affords me much pleasure to express my heartfelt gratitude for the benefit I have received from using the great Shoshonees Remedy. I was sorely afflicted with Dyspepsia and disease of the Lungs: After having used six bottles, I have become hearty and well, I never knew a medicine to have such wonderful effects. I cannot speak too highly of its merits.

John Finlayson, Athol, says. When traveling one of my feet got sore and broke out. I could not cure it and had to return home. It became better and afterwards much worse. I finally purchased a bottle of the Remedy and a box of Pills, and before they were finished my foot was completely cured. It is now seventeen months since, but have had no further attack. Price of the Remedy in pint bottles, $1; Pills, 25 cents a box.

Prepared only by Foster, Milburn & Co. Buffalo, N.Y. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Uncle Sam's Harness Oil fills and closes the pores of leather effectually preventing the entrance of dampness and dust, and rendering the harness soft and pliable while at the same time increasing its durability. Sold by all Harness Makers and dealers in leather.

Why will you suffer with dyspepsia and liver complaint, Constipation, and general debility when you can get at our store Shiloh's System Vitalizer which we sell on a positive guarantee to cure you.
Price 10cts and 75cts. For sale by J. C. West.

CHASE'S BAKERY AND RESTAURENT The place to get a Good Square Meal All kinds of Baking done to order. Oysters served on short notice and for sale by the can. Taffy candy a speciality. Please give me a call. Remember the place, Chase's Bakery, Lowell, Mich. 25 tf

Do not neglect a Cough or Cold, Ellert's Extract of Tar and Wild Cherry is a standard remedy in all throat asthmatic and bronchial affections, and has saved many valuable lives, It never fails to give satisfaction. Sold by all druggists.

We are day by day receiving quantities of New Goods and our various departments are just as well stocked at present as they were a month ago.

We are buying every description of Dry Goods very cheap, and selling them for lower prices than such goods have been offered at since 1860.

We do business on a square, honest principal, having every article marked in plain figures, and never deviating from the fixed price under any circumstances, thus doing away with the necessity of wearisome bantering, and insuring to each and every customer an equal share of honest value. We never advertise trash, and when we quote a price for goods of any kind, the public may feel assured that the articles are quite up to our representation.

We treat everybody with polite attention and mark our goods at such prices as cannot fail to please.
F. W. WURZBURG,
Canal-st. cor. Bronson, (Grannell's Block) Grand Rapids.

BRICK BRICK. On and after the 4th of July the subscriber would respectfully give notice that he will furnish good well Burned Brick for Walls, Wells and Chimneys. Parties contemplating building will find a first class Brick and at reasonable prices.
Saranac, June 15th, 1878.
50m6. JOHN C. PRATT.

I. E. STRONG,
Watchmaker
and Engraver.
DEALER IN
American and Swiss Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silver Ware.
Lowell, Mich.
1m3 1st door east of P. O.

BOSTON
99 Cent Store!
LOWELL, MICH,
Go there for Everything!
Great varieties of Rich and Elegant Goods for 99c, among them you can find:
Gold Rings, Watch Chains, Gold Buttons, Studs, Buttons, Sets and Charms, Silver Plated Spoons and Forks--Roger's, Dessert Spoons, Table Spoons, Dessert Forks, Butter Knives Children's Sets, Castors, Butter Dishes, Napkin

The Lowell Journal,

J.K.W. HINE, Editor and Publisher.

LOWELL, MICHIGAN.

The majority of the real property in this country is held by the farmers. There are more farmers and their sons who own the land they cultivate than there are farm laborers who own property; and if the rights of property are to be assailed by the Labor Reform Communists, the farmers of the country are to be the great sufferers.

Who shall guarantee the perpetuity of this Republic when tens of thousands of loyal citizens in the Southern States are bullied out of their right to vote, and representatives are sent to make laws for the country whose election was secured by fraud, intimidation, arson, and wholesale murder?

The country was promised good times if it would only consent to give the Democracy control of the House of Representatives. The country consented some days ago. Note the result. The country is less prosperous than before. Everything appears out of joint. Is it not about time to return to the old Republican flag?

"Butcher" Butler, South Carolina's Senator, in a recent speech at Edgefield Court House, said "I will now understood that South Carolina was a white man's government, not the negro but in practice, and means to remain so. It is all sentimental twaddle to say that the two races must have equal rights. The black race must live in the state, but whatever their majority, they shall not rule it."

There is comprehensive force in these remarks of the Adrian *Times*: "A soft money Democrat supporting Butler for Governor, and voting for his Copperhead record, and indignantly purifying the city downs! plain there is in the State platform of his party, is a great deal more than he can pray the beauty and consistency of modern Democracy."

United States Marshals are kept in jail in South Carolina by the State authorities for doing their duty, and the Government hesitates to act. Gen. Andrew Jackson is getting uneasy about it.—*Detroit Republican.*

The farmers in Iowa are having great difficulty in harvesting their crops on account of the scarcity of labor. They have offered $2.50 a day, and can not get sufficient help at that, while the State is over-run with lazy fellows howling about hard times and crying "more greenbacks."

We demand cheap capital and well paid labor in place of dear capital and cheap labor.—*Columbus (Ohio) Ledger, Thursday, July 22.*

Both capital and labor are marketable commodities, and they are of that nature, which are the laws of God, and which no law of man can control or repeal, evil which command a price, according to the demand, and the supply, the price which has labor to sell, leaves it to work in just what it will, and in the market, and no "combinations" can change its value, the better.

A very funny episode occurred in one of Jackson Democratic processions. He had just been dilating on the beauties of old Jeffersonian democracy, when he paused a moment, drew a bottle of Jackson whiskey from his pocket, took a pull at it, and, returning the bottle to his pocket, resumed the latter of his argument with the remark, "Yes, fellow-citizens, *this* is the true Democracy." It is a good question the regularity of Mr. Stephen's democracy.

The coolest brees of impudence during the heated term came from South Carolina. When Judge Kerr's grand jury was indicting the four four revenue officers for defending themselves from the murderous assaults of the moonshiners whom they were attempting to arrest, when the Judge blamed the moonshiners, saying *irritation and consequences greatly to be deprecated,*" if there should be a resort to the compulsory lower claimed for the French Revolution, when the whole Democratic press of the State were printing this threat in bitter and howling vengeance against United States Courts and officers, they were at the same time, with Wade Hampton at their head, petitioning for money and for the pardon of some illicit distillers who had been arrested and who belong to a class which has long defied the Government, and who have not hesitated to shoot down revenue officers engaged in the discharge of their duties.

Whatever she may be said of President Hayes, it cannot be claimed that he sought the use of unfair means to secure his position. Tilden, or Bayard, or Thurman, by skulk:

"We are not to allow our friends to defeat our outrage and fraud by another. Then must be sufficient moral force in our part. Let Mr. Tilden have the place by violence, intimidation and fraud rather than undertake to prevent it by means that will not be the correct means."

This is what was written by Rutherford B. Hayes, at the time when the result of the presidential canvass was hung trembling in the balance. It was written in strictest confidence, without the slightest idea of making personal or political capital. Had Hayes could not have dreamed that the letter from which we have the quoted would ever be published. As an honest man, he wrote to one of his staunchest champions that it must be a fair fight, or he would take no part in it. That was written, bear in mind, at the time when the infamous "Ohio idea" dispatches were passing between the Democratic managers in Oregon and those who were living under Tilden's own roof in Gramercy Park—dispatches wherein the plan was discussed, for deliberately stuffing the Democratic candidate the vote of a State that had given a fair and undisputed majority against him.

How is It Now?

With our annual exports of domestic products $200,000,000 in excess of imports, with $200,000,000 of coin in the United States Treasury, and the mints all running to the utmost to their capacity, thus adding daily to the aggregate tons on hand, in addition to the weekly receipts of coin and bullion coming into the country from abroad, how is it now in reference to the prospect for speedy resumption? Where are the anti-resumptionists and the resumption-at-repealers? And with resumption without the slightest shrinkage of property brought to a close, public confidence restored, and the country blessed by Providence with one of the largest returns of agricultural products ever recorded, who will doubt that our industries will immediately feel the effect? All things indicate that the dawn of a period of solid and wide spread prosperity is now looming above the horizon, and that ere long the nation will be in the full enjoyment of great industrial activity.

The Greenback Party.

The great Republican party is the original greenback party, and the only true greenback party of the present. Any other greenback party has no past, no stability, and no future, and only combines the ground. Undoubtedly the primary object of the greenback wings was the salvation of the country. It was to save the country from destruction. The object was accomplished, it was not intended, and we now have a country. It was accomplished by the aid of greenbacks as well as by the swords and valor and blood of Republicans. Thousands have now have a mission of reaching so far into the future as human foresight can scan. They are, together with coin, to constitute a currency for the people, a standard measure of values, and medium of exchange of property and commodities, of permanent and equal value for all people everywhere, in every State and every locality throughout the whole country. The purchasing power, or measuring the value, of this standard should be unfluctuating, invariably—*stable*—and therefore the volume of currency. The quantity of greenbacks must be elastic, to meet the demands of the trade and the commerce of the country, so that the value of all properties and commodities throughout the country will be steady, and not fluctuating by the supply and demand according to the productions and use of certain commodities in particular localities.

The Republican party is the only political party in the country entitled, by priority, to the name of greenback, and regulate this great paramount interest—the volume of currency.

THE PUBLIC FAITH.

[From the New York Times, a pamphlet issued by Harper Bros., N. Y.]

"More greenbacks," and "the repeal of the resumption Act," are, at the present time, the cries of those who we hear on all sides.

The issue of greenbacks, and cheap money generally, is frequently supported on the ground that it would thus have an instrument with which to discharge debts, and that the more plentiful this instrument the more readily will the debts be discharged. Those who think this seem to think paying a debt is a mere matter of form or of ceremony, and that, so long as there is an end of it. If we look at it a little closer we shall see that the payment of a debt is the fulfilment of a promise to pay, and that the promise will be gradually sent in. And we must never forget that the mere certain redemption is to be the promise of the Government, that taxes or revenues of currency will send for redemption. The great facts and principles of sound currency can in great part be condensed into three sentences.

1. The experience of the whole human race in all ages, shows that exchangeable value can reside only in things which men desire to possess, and that, among the various articles of desire, gold and silver are those best adapted to answer for use as money, the former for large payments, the latter for small ones.

2. In no circumstances should any paper tokens be allowed to circulate as money, but only such as shall be the holder can obtain their face value in gold and silver whenever he shall demand.

3. So long as the payment of all paper money in gold at the pleasure of the holder is well secured, there is no necessity of placing a fixed limit upon its volume.

THE CAUSE AND THE REMEDY.

THE CAUSE.

That the present state of the labor of the country exhibits some distressing features, no one denies. No one will refuse to assent to any measure which will really and permanently relieve the sources of great and real evils in the future. If we can form a clear idea of the cause of the present state of things, we shall be better able to judge of the remedy.

No doubt, one of the principal causes is the frequent and sudden fluctuations of business and of industry which have always been the common experience of mankind. At one time business is brisk; every one is employed; wages are high; and men generally are happy. In the course of a few years an era of depression sets in; capital ceases to make any profit; wages are lowered, and laborers find themselves suffering for want of the necessaries of life. These periods, I say, are simply inevitable, and there is no remedy against them except by patiently fight them through, in the full consciousness that as times have improved after every such depression heretofore, they will improve in the future.

But in our own case the depression is no doubt, aggravated by two other causes; the first of these is, we fought a great war very largely on borrowed money, and for more then ten years we have been largely living and developing our resources by borrowing. It is estimated that a large proportion of the public debt of the country is held in Europe. Every bond that we sent to Europe has been used to pay for some service or commodity received for us to aid of our resources. In other words, we have practically been living in debt to Europe, and living beyond our income for a period of some 15 years. Now, this practice of living beyond one's income is something which must inevitably come to a stop, whether practised by a nation or an individual; and it is another cause of the evil which is always accompanied by disaster.

The second cause to which I allude, is a more temporary cause perhaps. The history of paper money in this and other countries, when issued in excessive quantities, shows that it is deemed, exhibits some common features. The first effect is to introduce an era of seeming prosperity. Notwithstanding that it has never been issued except in times which would otherwise be considered times of great national distress, such as an invasion, it has always produced an amount of extravagant excitement which otherwise would be impossible. The blood seems to course the body politic at a rate never before known, and a kind of delirium seems to seize on the minds of the people. It was so in the French Revolution; it was so in the Revolution of 1776, and so to a certain extent, during and following our Civil War, when the issue of paper money was less felt, because the issue were not made with the extravagance which generally characterizes this policy. Still there was some of it, and it was, I say, due to the almost entire absence of depression during the war, and immediately following the war. The depression in business which followed the war was by diminished by the constant export and sending of bonds to Europe in payment for goods. But the depression must come, sooner or later, when men will see that the money acts exactly on the principle of a game of cards, and that, if it is played long enough, the difficulties which beset it must be gradually worked away. The more ready the changeable value can reside only in the things which men desire to possess, and that, among the various articles of desire, gold and silver are those best adapted to answer for use as money, the former for large payments, the latter for small ones.

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In no circumstances should any paper tokens be allowed to circulate as money, but only such as shall the holder can obtain their face value in gold and silver whenever he shall demand, and why the policy of resumption should be carried out.

1. All experience shows that gold and silver form the only stable basis for any system of currency, that always has been, now is, and for generations to come will continue to be, the standard of value for the whole world, no matter how many paper dollars we may issue.

2. The laws of Congress have pledged the national faith to all creditors that its legal tender notes should be paid in coin, and the repeal of those laws would be an act of the greatest national dishonor, having no other result than the legalized robbery of one class of the community for the benefit of another class.

3. The only way to permanently relieve ourselves from the present financial difficulties is to take such measures that every laborer in the land shall receive his wages, be they low or high, in honest gold and silver, or in notes convertible into gold.

4. By continued resumption, we shall be saved from having again to suffer the evils of a depreciated currency; whereas, to now take a backward step would be to plunge them again, and by once more through all the difficulties we are now encountering.

5. The principle features of interest in connection with the weather for July, as shown by the records in the hands of the signal corps service, are:

1. The average high temperature upon certain days, the temperatures on which have been higher than at any time during the past seven years, at almost, or nearly, all the signal stations, is only to 1871.

2. The wide range in daily temperature, as shown by the means for these periods, a rapid radiation of heat from the earth at night, is 1871.

3. The excessive rainfall, which is now so well known, resulting from the establishment of the station and almost the death of the amount that has in the course of a whole year.

4. The unusually light winds, the total movement of the wind being but 66 per cent of what it usually is, as 1 to 2 of 177 observations taken during the month the air was still; 2 calms is more than are usually recorded in the course of a whole year.

In other respects, as well, the month has been meteorologically, a most remarkable one.

The Democratic convention of the second congressional district, held at Adrian on the 21st, nominated Ira B. Card, of Hillsdale.

The Kent county cod seiners have a number of greater than could be deemed, exhibits some common features. The first effect is to introduce an era of seeming prosperity. Notwithstanding that it has never been issued except in times which would otherwise be considered times of great national distress, such as an invasion, it has always produced an amount of extravagant excitement which otherwise would be impossible. The blood seems to course the body politic at a rate never before known, and a kind of delirium seems to seize on the minds of the people. It was so in the French Revolution; it was so in the Revolution of 1776, and so to a certain extent, during and following our Civil War, when the issue of paper money was less felt, because the issue were not made with the extravagance which generally characterizes this policy. Still there was some of it, and it was, I say, due to the almost entire absence of depression during the war, and immediately following the war. The depression in business which followed the war was by diminished by the constant export and sending of bonds to Europe in payment for goods. But the depression must come, sooner or later, when men will see that the money acts exactly on the principle of a game of cards, and that, if it is played long enough, the difficulties which beset it must be gradually worked away. The more ready the changeable value can reside only in the things which men desire to possess, and that, among the various articles of desire, gold and silver are those best adapted to answer for use as money, the former for large payments, the latter for small ones.

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No doubt, one of the principal causes is the frequent and sudden fluctuations of business and of industry which have always been the common experience of mankind. At one time business is brisk; every one is employed; wages are high; and men generally are happy. In the course of a few years an era of depression sets in; capital ceases to make any profit; wages are lowered, and laborers find themselves suffering for want of the necessaries of life. These periods, I say, are simply inevitable, and there is no remedy against them except by patiently fight them through, in the full consciousness that as times have improved after every such depression heretofore, they will improve in the future.

But in our own case the depression is no doubt, aggravated by two other causes; the first of these is, we fought a great war very largely on borrowed money, and for more then ten years we have been largely living and developing our resources by borrowing. It is estimated that a large proportion of the public debt of the country is held in Europe. Every bond that we sent to Europe has been used to pay for some service or commodity received for us to aid of our resources. In other words, we have practically been living in debt to Europe, and living beyond our income for a period of some 15 years. Now, this practice of living beyond one's income is something which must inevitably come to a stop, whether practised by a nation or an individual; and it is another cause of the evil which is always accompanied by disaster.

The second cause to which I allude, is a more temporary cause perhaps. The history of paper money in this and other countries, when issued in excessive quantities, shows that it is deemed, exhibits some common features. The first effect is to introduce an era of seeming prosperity. Notwithstanding that it has never been issued except in times which would otherwise be considered times of great national distress, such as an invasion, it has always produced an amount of extravagant excitement which otherwise would be impossible. The blood seems to course the body politic at a rate never before known, and a kind of delirium seems to seize on the minds of the people. It was so in the French Revolution; it was so in the Revolution of 1776, and so to a certain extent, during and following our Civil War, when the issue of paper money was less felt, because the issue were not made with the extravagance which generally characterizes this policy. Still there was some of it, and it was, I say, due to the almost entire absence of depression during the war, and immediately following the war. The depression in business which followed the war was by diminished by the constant export and sending of bonds to Europe in payment for goods. But the depression must come, sooner or later, when men will see that the money acts exactly on the principle of a game of cards, and that, if it is played long enough, the difficulties which beset it must be gradually worked away. The more ready the changeable value can reside only in the things which men desire to possess, and that, among the various articles of desire, gold and silver are those best adapted to answer for use as money, the former for large payments, the latter for small ones.

In no circumstances should any paper tokens be allowed to circulate as money, but only such as shall the holder can obtain their face value in gold and silver whenever he shall demand.

3. So long as the payment of all paper money in gold at the pleasure of the holder is well secured, there is no necessity of placing a fixed limit upon its volume.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

MICHIGAN.

Cornelius A. Gower, at present Superintendent of Schools in Saginaw City, has been placed on the Republican State ticket as candidate for the position of Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Palamon Mrs. Wm. Hulbert, near Buchanan, died from the effects of a bite received while playing with her husband, Wilson Reuner, living three miles west of Colon, which it appears, has since died in the hydrophobia.

Government assistance will be found in the establishment of the station and almost the death of the amount that has in the course of a whole year.

4. The unusually light winds, the total movement of the wind being but 66 per cent of what it usually is, as 1 to 2 of 177 observations taken during the month the air was still; 2 calms is more than are usually recorded in the course of a whole year.

In other respects, as well, the month has been meteorologically, a most remarkable one.

The Democratic convention of the second congressional district, held at Adrian on the 21st, nominated Ira B. Card, of Hillsdale.

The Kent county cod seiners have a number of greater than could be deemed, exhibits some common features. The first effect is to introduce an era of seeming prosperity. Notwithstanding that it has never been issued except in times which would otherwise be considered times of great national distress, such as an invasion, it has always produced an amount of extravagant excitement which otherwise would be impossible. The blood seems to course the body politic at a rate never before known, and a kind of delirium seems to seize on the minds of the people. It was so in the French Revolution; it was so in the Revolution of 1776, and so to a certain extent, during and following our Civil War, when the issue of paper money was less felt, because the issue were not made with the extravagance which generally characterizes this policy. Still there was some of it, and it was, I say, due to the almost entire absence of depression during the war, and immediately following the war. The depression in business which followed the war was by diminished by the constant export and sending of bonds to Europe in payment for goods. But the depression must come, sooner or later, when men will see that the money acts exactly on the principle of a game of cards, and that, if it is played long enough, the difficulties which beset it must be gradually worked away. The more ready the changeable value can reside only in the things which men desire to possess, and that, among the various articles of desire, gold and silver are those best adapted to answer for use as money, the former for large payments, the latter for small ones.

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THE CAUSE AND THE REMEDY.

THE CAUSE.

That the present state of the labor of the country exhibits some distressing features, no one denies. No one will refuse to assent to any measure which will really and permanently relieve the sources of great and real evils in the future. If we can form a clear idea of the cause of the present state of things, we shall be better able to judge of the remedy.

No doubt, one of the principal causes is the frequent and sudden fluctuations of business and of industry which have always been the common experience of mankind. At one time business is brisk; every one is employed; wages are high; and men generally are happy. In the course of a few years an era of depression sets in; capital ceases to make any profit; wages are lowered, and laborers find themselves suffering for want of the necessaries of life. These periods, I say, are simply inevitable, and there is no remedy against them except by patiently fight them through, in the full consciousness that as times have improved after every such depression heretofore, they will improve in the future.

But in our own case the depression is no doubt, aggravated by two other causes; the first of these is, we fought a great war very largely on borrowed money, and for more then ten years we have been largely living and developing our resources by borrowing. It is estimated that a large proportion of the public debt of the country is held in Europe. Every bond that we sent to Europe has been used to pay for some service or commodity received for us to aid of our resources. In other words, we have practically been living in debt to Europe, and living beyond our income for a period of some 15 years. Now, this practice of living beyond one's income is something which must inevitably come to a stop, whether practised by a nation or an individual; and it is another cause of the evil which is always accompanied by disaster.

The second cause to which I allude, is a more temporary cause perhaps. The history of paper money in this and other countries, when issued in excessive quantities, shows that it is

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JOHN LANDON
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ROCKFORD, MICHIGAN.

As the Beacon Light

Is to the mariner on the stormy coast so is

LAWSON'S CURATIVE

to the distressed and suffering subject of

Rheumatism or Neuralgia!

We cannot be too grateful for the discovery of any remedy which will alleviate the sufferings of humanity, not only in the pangs of pain which the patient alone suffers, but in the distress which it entails upon others. Most every sufferer from his own personal experience is aware that the ordinary methods of treating Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica and kindred diseases by internal medicine, is of no avail, and so fast is this impression gaining hold upon intelligent patients that they demand a more potent remedy. The discovery of Lawson's Curative was a priceless boon to thousands who have been cured, and the thousands who are now being relieved of their terrible agonies bear willing testimony to its virtues.

Here we have a Curative agent which though applied externally exerts a powerful and beneficent influence on the whole nerve system—a remedy of indisputable efficacy—seldom failing to afford prompt relief in cases of acute or chronic pains in the nerves or muscles.

For every kind of Rheumatism, for Neuralgia in every Form, for nervous or Sick Headache, for Nervousness, for Lame Back or Side, for Erysipelas, for Diphtheria and Sore Throat, for Chilblains, for Sprains Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, for Burns and Scalds, for Toothache in fact for all Pains, Inflammations and Swellings no remedy is known which possesses the remarkable healing and soothing qualities, which is so universal in its character and scope or so simple and safe in its application. For these reasons Lawson's Curative should have a place in every family. It will there prove its value in innumerable cases to prevent lingering diseases and should be kept at hand ready for instant use.

Sold by all Druggists.

PRICE, One Dollar per Bottle.
6 Bottles for $5.00.
Prepared by
Lawson Chemical Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

J. C. WEST Agent.

OF OUR ENTIRE SPRING STOCK

M. JACOBSON & CO.,

Largest Stock of Fall Goods ever received in this County, at Prices Lower than Ever before.

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE AT THE BOSTON STORE

CLOSES OF COST TO MAKE ROOM FOR THE

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LOWELL JOURNAL

LOWELL - MICH.

Republican State Ticket.

Governor—CHARLES M. CROSWELL.
Lieutenant Governor—ALONZO SESSIONS.
Secretary of State—WILLIAM JENNY, Jr.
Treasurer—BENJAMIN D. PRITCHARD.
Auditor General—W. IRVING LATIMER.
Land Commissioner—JAMES M. NEASMITH.
Attorney General—OTTO KIRCHNER.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—CORNELIUS A. GROVER
Member of the State Board of Education—GEORGE F. EDWARDS.

Rep an County Convention.

A Republican County Convention will be held at the Circuit Court Room, in the city of Grand Rapids on TUESDAY, the 20th DAY of AUGUST, A. D. 1878 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the several county offices and a candidate for Senator in the State Legislature for the 29th Senatorial District, also for the election of delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention for the 5th Congressional District, to be held at Luce's Hall, in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 22d day of August A. D. 1878 and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the Convention.

Each township and ward in the county will be entitled to three (3) Delegates.

B. A. HARLAN, Chairman.

H. B. Fallass, Secretary
A. B. Watson, H. G. Holt,
W. P. Andrus, Milton M. Perry,
Salisbury Mason.
Kent County Republican Committee

Congressional Convention.

The Republican Congressional Convention for the Fifth District will be held at Luce's Hall, in the city of Grand Rapids, Thursday Aug. 22, 1878, at 11 M. to nominate a candidate for Member of Congress

The committee have adopted the following apportionment of Delegates. Allegan 11, Ionia 11, Kent 19, Muskegon 8, Ottawa 8.

Grand Rapids Mich. July 25 1878

R. B. SMITH chairman.
M. S. CROSBY
B. D. PRITCHARD
C. D. NELSON
D. B. VAN RAALTE
Committee.

Grattan Gatherings.

The eclipse was successfully viewed.

Farmers have commenced harvesting oats. The sound of the threshing machine is heard in every quarter.

Albert Smith had nine acres of wheat that yielded thirty-five bushels to the acre.

In the northern part of Grattan, wheat has not yet averaged more than twenty five bushels to the acre.

Mr. Abram Smith has a wheatfield that yielded something more than any of his neighbors. In harvesting and drawing the wheat, the men killed five rattlesnakes.

Mr. George Acker and W. D. Ward are both on the sick list.

Mr. Pixley now gets around with the aid of crutches.

Grattan and Otisco granges are thinking of taking an excursion to Lansing the middle of this month. The Agricultural Farm is the chief attraction.

Grattan grange is in a prosperous condition. Thirteen candidates are to be initiated in the first degree next Thursday night.

Charles Cole, living east of Smyrna, had two large barns burned last Wednesday. They contained his hay and wheat crop excepting two stacks of wheat. Conflicting reports as to the origin of the fire. MAND.

Wholesale Assumption.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—That article in a recent issue of your paper, by E. A. Chapman, entitled "The Truth shall make you free," would not deserve notice were it not for the fact that a few persons who may be equally misinformed with the writer of said article, are liable to be misled by such wholesale assumption. Allow me to quote—"Spiritualism flourishes and is rapidly becoming popular with every nation of the earth—in every land and in every clime the universal religion." Now if the writer of said article will only give us some statistics of the growth of his denomination, sect, society or organization, if he belongs to or is identified with any such organization, with any well defined creed or articles of faith or belief, for anything tangible, and then place such statistics by the side of the well known facts and statistics of the growth of Orthodox denominations, showing a favorable comparison on the part of Spiritualism, it would perhaps then be time to inquire whether "Spiritualism is fast becoming the universal religion." But for the present is not this assumption a little bit *brassy?* But hear him again. "It (Spiritualism) embraces *all truth, all knowledge, all science.*" Now will Mr. Chapman be kind enough to tell us how many educational institutions there are in the United States or any other country endowed or supported by Spiritualists, where *all truth, all knowledge, all science*" are taught, so that we can again institute a comparison and see if such institutions will outnumber the hundreds of Schools, Academies and Colleges endowed and supported by Orthodox christianity, and thickly scattered all over this land—besides the dozens of educational institutions for the benefit of the "Freedmen of the South, supported by voluntary gift.

Again. Perhaps Mr. Chapman can refer us to some community of Cannibals where degraded humanity has been "elevated" from that condition, to a state of civilization and refinement through the teaching of Spiritualism, thus demonstrating the capacity of Spiritualism in this direction. Also, once more. The writer of said article starts out with a quotation from the Bible, as though that book were worthy of consideration and respect, and then turns round and kicks that book out of the house by telling us that "the Bible teaches us that God mocks at our calamities," etc. Thus makes the cloven foot quite visible. But I did not start out for an argument against Spiritualism. It is a thing so undefinable, and is scattered around in such a loose manner that it is a thing hard to get at. But if people will bear in mind somethings suggested by the foregoing, it will be easy to discover the brazen assumption of such an article as the one in question. M. A. H.

The Fifth District.

From The Allegan Journal.

The truth is there is not a surer Republican District in the State at the ensuing contest than this district. Two years ago the Democrats and Greenbackers combined in the support of one Myron Harris for Congress and he was beaten by Judge Stone by 3,362. In 1876 only one other district, (the 9th) in this State gave a larger majority than the fifth district, the Hon. J. A. Hubbell being elected by 3,443 majority.

It is true Kent County elected a Greenbacker board of Supervisors. But Allegan county stands unaffected by Greenbackism, at the spring election, electing sixteen Republicans to eight Democratic and Greenback Supervisors. Ionia and Muskegon are true as steel in their Republicanism, while our friends in Ottawa, promise to carry that county by a handsome majority. Greenbackism and Communism are synonymous in their character. We have cheering intelligence from Kent County, and that is outside of the city of Grand Rapids that the caus of Greenbackism and communism is on the wane. We are promised an old time Republican majority in Kent in November, notwithstanding the Greenback irruption of last spring which has almost died off since April.

The Grand Rapids correspondent of the Chicago Tribune forgets that the Democratic vote of the fifth district is an important factor to be considered in the November contest. This vote, was cast with the Greenback for Supervisors and town officers. Such will not be the case in November, when the old liners will be in the field with candidates from State officers down to coroner's, including a Congressional nominee.

Whats nauame?

It is called the national-Greenback Labor party; "National," because it proposes to abandon all the principals of finance which have heretofore characterized us as a Nation; "Greenback," because it demands that the country abolish the Greenback and substitute the fraud of "fiat" money in its place; "Labor" party because its leaders are men who, as a class, never work except to get nominations for office, but who would like to live off people who do work. The party name has a deep significance.—*G. R. Eagle.*

PROBATE ORDER.

State of Michigan, County of Kent,—ss.

At a session of the Probate Court, for the County of Kent, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Rapids, on Tuesday, the Twenty-third day of July in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy eight.

Present Cyrus E. Perkins, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Gerge L. Montague and Charles H. Montague, Minors.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified of Maria Grindell, Guardian of said Minors praying for license and authority to sell the real estate of said minors in said petition described for the reasons and purposes therein expressed.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday, the twenty sixth day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the next of kin of said Minors and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Grand Rapids in said county and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered. That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Lowell Journal, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Kent three successive weeks, previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) CYRUS E. PERKINS.
John R. Smith, Register. Judge of Probate. 5w3.

Impounded.

By the undersigned, one black gelding horse, having a white face between the eyes and extending to the nose, and of medium size. On the 26th day of June, 1878, broke and entered the close of Adelbert Krum, situated and being the east half of the north-west quarter of section thirty-one of the township of Vergennes, Kent county, Michigan, then and there doing damage, for which cause I then and there impounded the same. The owner is requested to pay damage and take the same away.

Dated, July 16th, 1878.
5w2 ADELBERT KRUM.

LOWELL MARKETS.

Corrected on Monday of each week by
MITCHELL and DONOVAN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,

Apples dried per lb.	5
Beef per b.	4@5
Beans, per bu	1.00 to 1.25
Bran per ton.	10,00
Butter, per lb.	8
Buckwheat pe bu.	50
Cheese, per lb.	10
Corn, per b	40 45
Calfskins, dry,	12c
Calfskins, green,	9@10
Eggs, per doz	8
Flour, per cwt.	$2.75
Hay, per ton,	$6:00 to 8.00
Hides dry,	9 to 10
Hides green,	5
Lard per lb	7
Oats	30
Pork per lb.	4
Potatoes, per bu.	50 (0
Tallow, per lb.	6
Sheep pelts	10 to 50
Wheat extra white, per bu	95
Wool per lb	25 to 30

THE CASH STORE—PRICE LIST. SEE THESE PRICES.

SUGARS.

Standard A.	10c per lb.
Ex. White C.	9 1-2 "
White "	9 "
Yellow "	8 1-2 "
New Orleans	8 "

TEAS.

Green Tea	25, 40 60, 80c pr lb
Black,	80c,
Gunpowder,	80c.
Japan,	25, 40, 50, 60, 70c.
Jap, Tea Dust,	35c.

SYRUPS.

Syrups,	50, 60, 75c, per gal.
Molasses,	40c,
New Orleans,	50, 60c.

CANNED GOODS

Tomatoes 3 lbs.	15c.
Peaches, 3 "	20c.
Peaches,	2 lbs. 15c
Pineapple,	2 " 25c.
Blackberries,	2 " 15c.
Corn,	2 " 20c,
Salmon,	1 " 20c,
Cove Oysters,	1 " 10c.
"	2 " 15c.

COFFEES.

Rio,	20, 23, 25c, per lb.
Marcaibo,	28c.
Java,	30,

ROASTED COFFEES.

Rio, 20, 25c, Mocha, 40c,
Marcaibo, 30c, Java, 35c.

All other Goods correspondingly cheap. These are cash prices and are from five to twenty-five per cent lower than former prices. I have the finest stock of CROCKERY and GLASSWARE in this part of the State, which will be sold at a discount of 15 per cent from former prices.

M. C. BARBER, Graham's Block, Lowell, Mich.

Agricultural Implement Depot

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the farming community that they are purchasing for the season of 1878 the largest and best selected stock of farm tools and machinery ever brought to this section of the state. We mention a few of the leading articles. A full line of

JOHNSTON WROUGHT IRON HARVESTERS, JOHNSTON MOWERS, REAPERS & COMBINED MACHIN,

all improved for the season of 1878, a full line of

WALTER A. WOOD'S REAPERS AND MOWERS AND SELF BINDERS,

The new Improved Royce Reaper and the New Improved Meadow King Mower, The Justy Celebrated Wiard Plows Greatly Improved for this Season Gale Chilled Plow. Chubbs Sventy Six Plow, Remington Steel plow.

OLIVER CHILLED PLOW and many other kinds of Plows, the new Improved

ROBBINS RIDING CULTIVATOR, BUCKEYE RIDING CULTIVATOR, SUPERIOR and BUCKEYE GRAIN DRILLS, THE BEST IN USE A FULL LINE OF TOLEDO PUMPS AND BUCKEYE FORCE PUMPS, CORN CULTIVATORS and other small tools.

NICHOLS & SHEPARD VIBRATOR, PEN YAN BIRDSELL THRESHER.

BIRDSELL CLOVER HULLER WITH NEW IMPROVEMENTS.

NEW SELF OPERATING TIGER RAKE AND COATS RAKE.

Reaper and Mower Sections for nearly every machine made. We are agents for A. M. Elsworth machine for killing potato bugs and scattering fertilisers, we sell repairs for nearly everything in our line, we sell the celebrated

COURTLAND PLATFORM SPRING WAGON

Something new in Farm Bells, the very best Steel Shovels, plow blades, cultivator Blades, and many other things too numerous to mention. Come and see our goods and get prices before purchasing elsewhere. Everything at Bottom Prices. With many thanks for your liberal patronage in the past we would respectfully ask you to call and examine our new goods.

ATKINS & ADAMS.

The best Salve in the World.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE, for Cuts, Bruises Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of skin eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded, Price 25 cents per box. Sold by Hunt & Hunter. 41m8

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Good FARMS and LOTS for sale or exchange.

HOUSES TO RENT on reasonable terms.

Ice Cream,
THE BEST IN TOWN
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Also warm meals and cold lunch Lemonade &c., &c. Call in.

CROUP cured and lives saved with Universal croup remedy. Send stamp for treatise on croup and Diphtheria to Universal Croup Remedy Company, Freeport, Mich.

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Desirable Property for sale and to rent.

Resident Agent for
Insurance Co. of North America
Assets, over $6,000,000.
Surplus over all liabilities $3,300,000
rates as low a any first-class comny.

Special attention given to
Collections,
And prompt returns made.

LOANS EFFECTED ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY.

OFFICE IN TRAIN'S BUILDING, WEST SIDE UP STAIRS.

This standard article is compounded with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderful and as satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color.

It removes all eruptions, itching and dandruff. It gives the head a cooling, soothing sensation of great comfort, and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing, nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

A. A. Hayes, M. D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Price, One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown or black, at discretion. It is easily applied, being in one preparation, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color, which will neither rub nor wash off.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.
Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.

J Q. Look, Agent.

[ESTABLISHED 1861.]

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Harlan & Perkins,
PENSION AND BOUNTY AGENTS.

All persons now disabled either by disease or wounds received in the service of the United States are entitled to pension, and should at once make application therefor. Write to us. Many now receiving pension are entitled to increase. We can secure the same if case is deserving.

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AL KINDS OF GAME IN SEASON
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PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF
Live Stock, Salt Pork, Hides
Pelts &c
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CHICAGO CASH HOUSE!
FOR
BOOTS & SHOES,
211 & 213 Madison St.
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Don't fail to examine Goods and Prices when in Chicago. Stock New and bought for Cash, Great inducements to Cash Buyers.
H. K. BUEL, Late with M. Sels & Co.
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The Old Reliable Route to all points East and West.
Trains leave Lowell
GOING EAST.

Det. Express	7:25 A. M
Through Mail	11:30 A. M
Evening Express	5:35 P. M
Mixed to Owosso	2:00 P. M
Through Freight	6 20 P. M

GOING WEST.

Monday Morning Mixed	7 25 A M
Through Freight	4 40 A M.
Night Express	5 20 A M
Through Mail	4 55 P M
Mixed.	12 25 P M
Fast Steamboat Express.	11 12 P M

Through tickets to all principal points East For sale at the company's office Lowell.
Ladies and Smoking cars on day trains.
Pullman's Sleeping cars on night trains.

F. O. TAFT, Lowell Agent, S. H. CALLAWAY, Supt. Detroit Mich

MORTGAGE SALE—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by Alexander McBride and Harriett McBride to Rowland Thomas, bearing date February 4th, A D 1871 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Kent county, Michigan on the 8th day of February A D 1871, at half past eight o'clock in the forenoon, in Liber 26 of mortgages, on page 261 and 262, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date of this notice of principal and interest the sum of Two Thousand six hundred and thirteen dollars and fifty-three cents, besides an attorney fee of Fifty dollars expressly provided in said mortgage to be paid should any proceedings be taken to foreclose the same. And no suit or proceeding at law having been had to recover the debt remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the front door or entrance to Powers, Norris & Blair's block, so called in the city of Grand Rapids, in the county of Kent, State of Michigan, that being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said county, on Thursday the 15th day of August next A. D. 1878, at twelve o'clock noon to satisfy the amount of principal and interest of said mortgage together with the costs and expenses allowed by law and a said attorney fee of fifty dollars, said premises being described in said mortgage as follows: All of the south five-eighths (5/8) of the south west quarter (¼) of section thirteen (13) town six (6) north of range nine (9) west same being in the county of Kent and State of Michigan, containing one hundred acres of land.

Date1 May 23d, 1878.

ROWLAND THOMAS, Mortgagee.
ELLSWORTH, LEWIS & SAPP, Attorneys for Mortgagee.
47w13

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

State of Michigan County of Ionia —ss.

In the matter of the estate of Juliana M. Fish, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of license and authority to me granted by the probate Court of the County of Ionia, and State of Michigan, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder on the premises on Saturday, the 29th day of June, 1878, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, all the right, title and interest of said deceased of, in and to the real estate described as follows, to-wit.

The South east quarter of the south east quarter of section number thirteen (13), in township number eight, (8), north of range nine, (9), west, in the county of Kent and State of Michigan.

JOHN M. BROWN.
47w6. Administrator

The above sale is hereby adjourned until Saturday September 28th A. D. 1878 at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN M. BROWN,
5w3 Administrator.

MORTGAGE SALE.—Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage bearing date the nineteenth day of April, A.D. 1870, made and executed by Augustus M. DeGraw and Evelina L. Degraw his wife, of the township of Oakfield, Kent county, Michigan, to John Morley, of Lima, Livingston county New York, and recorded in Liber 26 of Mortgages on page 408, in the Registers office for Kent County Michigan on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1870, at 6 o'clock P. M. upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date of this notice of principal and interest the sum of six hundred and fifteen dollars and fifty cents besides an attorney fee of fifty dollars agreed in said mortgage to be paid should any proceeding be taken to foreclose the same and no proceedings at law having been instituted to recover the debt secured to be paid by said mortgage or any part thereof: Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided there will be sold on Friday the 30th day of August 1878, at twelve o'clock noon at public Auction to the highest bidder at the front door or entrance of Powers, Norris and Blair's Block, in the city of Grand Rapids, Kent County State of Michigan that being the place wherein the circuit Court for the County of Kent is held, the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage, together with the costs and expenses of foreclosure and sale allowed by law and an attorney fee of Fifty Dollars as provided for in said mortgage, which said premises are described as follows to-wit: The north sixty-seven rods of the west half of the south west quarter of section two (2), in township nine (9), north of range nine (9) west except a piece of land twenty rods north and south by eight rods east and west in the north east corner of said description, being in the county of Kent and State of Michigan.

Dated Lowell, Mich June 5th, 1878.

JOHN MORLEY, Mortgagee.
A. J. ECKER Agt.
ELLSWORTH, LEWIS & SAPP, Atty's for Mortgagee.
9w13

Home Testimony.

FREEPORT, Mich. March 18, 1878.

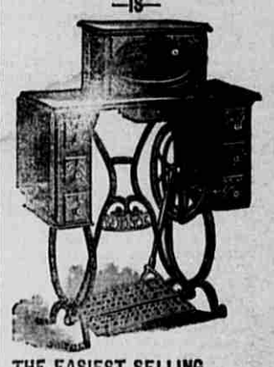
I hereby certify that my little boy eight years of age, had a severe attack of croup in the night March 13, '78, and three doses of the Universal Croup Remedy given according to directions, promptly broke up the attack. This valuable remedy certainly supplies a long felt want.

Signed, DAVID OLIVER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of March 1878,

JOHN E. REXTER, Justice of the peace.
44-3mos.

The White
—IS—



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THERE ARE NO SECOND-HAND WHITE MACHINES IN THE MARKET.

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THE WHITE IS THE PEER OF ANY SEWING MACHINE NOW UPON THE MARKET.

IT IS MUCH LIGHTER THAN THE FAMILY MACHINES OF THE SINGER, HOWE AND WEED MAKE.

IT COSTS MORE TO MANUFACTURE THAN EITHER OF THE AFORESAID MACHINES.

ITS CONSTRUCTION IS SIMPLE, POSITIVE AND DURABLE.

ITS WORKMANSHIP IS UNSURPASSED.

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Prices and Terms Made Satisfactory.

AGENTS WANTED!

White Sewing Machine Co.,
CLEVELAND, O.

C. D. Pease, Agent,
WITH CHAS. ALTHEN, LOWELL.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

State of Michigan, County of Ionia.—ss.

In the matter of the Estate of Joshua Fish, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of license and authority to me granted by the Probate Court of the County of Ionia, and State of Michigan, will sell at Public auction to the highest bidder on the premises, on Saturday, the 29th day of June, 1878, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, all the right, title, and interest of said deceased, of, in and to the real estate described as follows, to-wit:

The south thirty-four ,34, acres of the North east quarter of the south east quarter of section number thirteen ,13, in township number eight ,8, north of range nine ,9, west, in the county of Kent, and State of Michigan.

Dated May 13, 1878.

JOHN R. BROWN,
47w6 Administrator.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Saturday September 28th, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock a. m

JOHN M. BROWN.
5w3 Administrator.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.—State of Michigan, The Circuit Court for the County of Kent, In Chancery. At a session of said court, held at the Court House, in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, on the thirteenth day of May, A. D. 1878. Present, Hon. Birney Hoyt.

Farren O. Tatt, Complainant,
vs.
Edwin R. Peck, Harriet B. Peck, Alexander W Dodge, Sylvester P. Hicks, and Noah Peck Defendants.

In this cause, it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendents Edwin R. Peck, Harriet B. Peck and Noah Peck, are not residents of this State, but are residents of Dowd in County, in the state of Virginia. On motion of Milton M. Perry, Complainant's solicitor it is ordered that the appearance of said non-resident defendants Edwin R Peck Harriet B. Peck and Noah Peck be entered herein within three months from the date of this order, and in case of their appearance they cause their answer to the bill of Compaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the Complainant's Solicitor within fifteen days after service on them of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and in default thereof, said bill will be taken as confessed by said non-resident defendants. And it is further ordered that within twenty days the Complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the LOWELL JOURNAL, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued therein once in each week for six weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendants at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for their appearance.

BIRNEY HOYT,
Circuit Judge.
MILTON M. PERRY,
Complainant's Solicitor
O. H. LOOP, of Counsel.
A true copy of the original on file in said cause.
Attest: FRED S. CLARK, Register.

The Great English Remedy—Gray's Specific Remedy.

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Before Taking. After Taking.

Is especially recommended as an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a sequence on Self Abuse; as a loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.

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